



Thank you for taking the time to speak with us.  
The below tips are intended to enhance your candidate experience.

Amazon—a place where builders can build. We hire the world's brightest minds and give them room to invent and innovate to improve the experience for our customers. We want employees who will help share and shape our mission to be Earth's most customer-centric company. Amazon's evolution from Web site, to e-commerce partner, to development platform, is driven by the spirit of invention that is part of our DNA. We do this every day by solving complex technical and business problems with ingenuity and simplicity. We're making history, and the good news is that we've only just begun.

Work hard. Have fun. Make history.

Our engineers tackle some of the most complex challenges in large-scale computing. Software development engineers, technical program managers, test engineers, and user-interface experts work in small teams across the company to contribute to the e-commerce platform that's used by:

Over 150 million active Amazon customer accounts

Over 2 million active seller accounts

Hundreds of thousands of external developers

One obsession: our customers

## Interview Tips

### Technical Topics to Review

#### Programming Languages

We do not require that you know any specific programming language before interviewing for a technical position with Amazon, but familiarity with a prominent language is generally a prerequisite for success. Not only should you be familiar with the syntax of a language like Java, Python, C#, C/C++, or Ruby, you should be familiar with some of the languages' nuances, such as how memory management works, or the most commonly used collections or libraries, etc.

#### Data Structures

Most of the work we do involves storing and providing access to data in efficient ways. This necessitates a very strong background in data structures. You'll be expected to understand the inner workings of common data structures and be able to compare and contrast their usage in various applications. You will be expected to know the runtimes for common operations as well as how they use memory. Wikipedia is a great resource for brushing up on data structures.

"Random forests, naïve Bayesian estimators, RESTful services, gossip protocols, eventual consistency, data sharding, anti-entropy, Byzantine quorum, erasure coding, vector clocks ... walk into certain Amazon meetings, and you may momentarily think you've stumbled into a computer science lecture."

- Jeff Bezos

#### Algorithms

Your interview with Amazon will not be focused on rote memorization of algorithms; however, having a good understanding of the most common algorithms will likely make solving some of the questions we ask a lot easier. Consider reviewing traversals, divide and conquer, and any other common algorithms you feel might be worth brushing up on. For

example, it might be good to know how and when to use a breadth-first search versus a depth-first search, and what the tradeoffs are. Knowing the runtimes, theoretical limitations, and basic implementation strategies of different classes of algorithms is more important than memorizing the specific details of any given algorithm.

### Coding

Expect to be asked to write syntactically correct code—no pseudo code. If you feel a bit rusty coding without an IDE or coding in a specific language, it's probably a good idea to dust off the cobwebs and get comfortable coding with a pen and paper. The most important thing a Software Development Engineer does at Amazon is write scalable, robust, and well-tested code. These are the main criteria by which your code will be evaluated, so make sure that you check for edge cases and validate that no bad input can slip through. A few missed commas or typos here and there aren't that big of a deal, but the goal is to write code that's as close to production ready as possible. This is your chance to show off your coding ability.

### Object-Oriented Design

Good design is paramount to extensible, bug free, long-lived code. It's possible to solve any given software problem in an almost limitless number of ways, but when software needs to be extensible and maintainable, good software design is critical to success. Using Object-oriented design best practices is one way to build lasting software. You should have a working knowledge of a few common and useful design patterns as well as know how to write software in an object-oriented way, with appropriate use of inheritance and aggregation. You probably won't be asked to describe the details of how specific design patterns work, but expect to have to defend your design choices.

### Databases

Most of the software that we write is backed by a data store, somewhere. Many of the challenges we face arise when figuring out how to most efficiently retrieve or store data for future use. Amazon has been at the forefront of the non-relational DB movement. We have made Amazon Web Services such as DynamoDB available for the developer community that let them easily leverage the benefits of non-relational databases. The more you know about how relational and non-relational databases work and what tradeoffs exist between them, the better prepared you will be. However, we don't assume any particular level of expertise.

### Distributed Computing

Systems at Amazon have to work under very strict tolerances at a high load. While we have some internal tools that help us with scaling, it's important to have an understanding of a few basic distributed computing concepts. Having an understanding of topics such as service oriented architectures, map-reduce, distributed caching, load balancing, etc. could help you formulate answers to some of the more complicated distributed architecture questions you might encounter.

### Operating Systems

You won't need to know how to build your own operating system from scratch, but you should be familiar with some OS topics that can affect code performance, such as: memory management, processes, threads, synchronization, paging, and multithreading.

### Internet Topics

You're interviewing at Amazon. We do a lot of business online, and we expect our engineers to be familiar with at least the basics of how the internet works. You might want to brush up on how browsers work at a high level, from DNS lookups and TCP/IP, to socket connections. We aren't looking for network engineer qualifications, but a solid understanding of the fundamentals of how the web works is a requirement.

This was a relatively long list of topics to review, and might seem somewhat overwhelming. Your interviewers won't be evaluating your ability to memorize all of the details about each of these topics. What they will be looking for is your ability to apply what you know to solve problems efficiently and effectively. Given a limited amount of time to prepare for a technical interview, practicing coding outside of an IDE and reviewing CS fundamentals will likely yield the best results for your time.

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“Invention is in our DNA and technology is the fundamental tool we wield to evolve and improve every aspect of the experience we provide our customers.”

- Jeff Bezos

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## Interview Tips

- Be prepared to discuss technologies listed on your resume. For example, if you list Java or Python as technical competencies, you should expect technical question about your experience with these technologies. It's also helpful to review the job description before your interview to align your qualifications against the job's specific requirements and responsibilities.
- Please ask questions if you need clarification. We want the interview process to be collaborative. We also want to learn what it would be like to work with you on a day-to-day basis in our open environment. If you are asked a question, but not given enough information to solve the problem, drill down to get the information that you need. If that information isn't available, focus on how you would attempt to solve the problem given the limited information you have. Often times at Amazon, we have to make quick decisions based on some of the relevant data.
- When answering questions, be as concise and detailed in your response as possible. We realize it's hard to gauge how much information is too much versus not sufficient enough; an effective litmus test is pausing after your succinct response to ask if you've provided enough detail, or if the interviewer would like you to go into more depth.

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“Nothing gives us more pleasure at Amazon than “reinventing normal” – creating inventions that customers love and resetting their expectations for what normal should be.”

- Jeff Bezos

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- We want to hire smart, passionate people. Please reflect on how you think a career with Amazon would be mutually beneficial and be prepared to speak to it. Although “Why Amazon?” is a standard type of question, it's not a check-the-box type of formality for us. We genuinely want to understand how working together with you would be great, so we get a better sense of who you are. Our interviewers also appreciate an opportunity to share their thoughts and experiences, so take a moment to prepare a couple of questions for the interviewer.

## Our Leadership Principles

Amazon currently employs more than 100,000 people around the world. Our Leadership Principles are the foundation of our culture and guide each Amazonian. Whether you are an individual contributor or a manager of a large team, you are an Amazon leader.

### Customer Obsession

Leaders start with the customer and work backwards. They work vigorously to earn and keep customer trust. Although leaders pay attention to competitors, they *obsess* over customers.

### Ownership

Leaders are owners. They think long term and don't sacrifice long-term value for short-term results. They act on behalf of the entire company, beyond just their own team. They never say “that's not my job.”

### Invent and Simplify

Leaders expect and require innovation and invention from their teams and always find ways to simplify. They are externally aware, look for new ideas from everywhere, and are not limited by “not invented here.” As we do new things, we accept that we may be misunderstood for long periods of time.

### Are Right, A Lot

Leaders are right a lot. They have strong business judgment and good instincts.

#### Hire and Develop the Best

Leaders raise the performance bar with every hire and promotion. They recognize exceptional talent, and willingly move them throughout the organization. Leaders develop leaders and take seriously their role in coaching others.

#### Insist on the Highest Standards

Leaders have relentlessly high standards—many people may think these standards are unreasonably high. Leaders are continually raising the bar and drive their teams to deliver high quality products, services and processes. Leaders ensure that defects do not get sent down the line and that problems are fixed so they stay fixed.

#### Think Big

Thinking small is a self-fulfilling prophecy. Leaders create and communicate a bold direction that inspires results. They think differently and look around corners for ways to serve customers.

#### Bias for Action

Speed matters in business. Many decisions and actions are reversible and do not need extensive study. We value calculated risk taking.

#### Frugality

We try not to spend money on things that don't matter to customers. Frugality breeds resourcefulness, self-sufficiency, and invention. There are no extra points for headcount, budget size, or fixed expense.

#### Vocally Self Critical

Leaders do not believe their or their team's body odor smells of perfume. Leaders come forward with problems or information, even when doing so is awkward or embarrassing. Leaders benchmark themselves and their teams against the best.

#### Earn Trust of Others

Leaders are sincerely open-minded, genuinely listen, and are willing to examine their strongest convictions with humility.

#### Dive Deep

Leaders operate at all levels, stay connected to the details, and audit frequently. No task is beneath them.

#### Have Backbone; Disagree and Commit

Leaders are obligated to respectfully challenge decisions when they disagree, even when doing so is uncomfortable or exhausting. Leaders have conviction and are tenacious. They do not compromise for the sake of social cohesion. Once a decision is determined, they commit wholly.

#### Deliver Results

Leaders focus on the key inputs for their business and deliver them with the right quality and in a timely fashion. Despite setbacks, they rise to the occasion and never settle.

### Amazon Press

- Bezos Article 'I've made billions of dollars of failures': <https://fortune.com/2014/12/02/amazon-ceo-jeff-bezos-failure/>
- Meeting the robots making Amazon faster: <http://www.cnet.com/videos/meet-the-robots-making-amazon-even-faster/>
- Working at Amazon Video: <http://youtu.be/SpXMWRiR3iE>
- Most Reputable Company Award: <http://www.businessinsider.com/amazon-is-the-most-reputable-company-in-the-world-2011-4#ixzz1IfpPZ2jx>
- Bezos receives Harvard's Worlds best CEO <http://www.bostonglobe.com/business/2014/10/14/harvard-business-review-amazon-jeff-bezos-world-best-ceo/RMWEiZbwmhGoqGho5OfyJM/story.html>
- Amazon Prime | Another Record Breaking Holiday Season 2014 <http://phx.corporate-ir.net/phoenix.zhtml?c=176060&p=irol-newsArticle&ID=2002024>

**We appreciate your interest in Amazon.**