DTC P0115/22 WATER TEMP. CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

A thermistor built into the water temperature sensor changes the resistance value according to the water temperature.

The structure of the sensor and connection to the ECM is the same as the ones of the air temperature sensor.

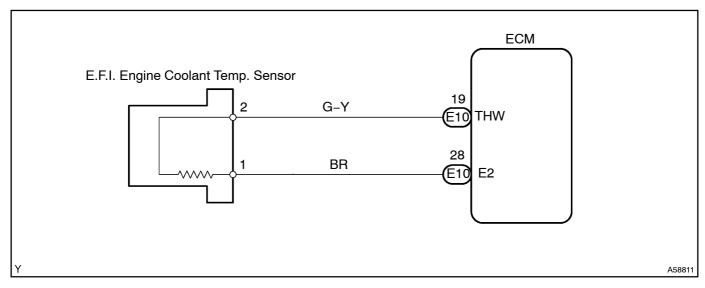
DTC No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area
P0115/22		Open or short in water temp. sensor circuit E.F.I. engine coolant temp. sensor ECM

HINT:

After confirming DTC P0115/22, use the hand-held tester to confirm the engine coolant temperature from the CURRENT DATA.

Temp. Displayed	Malfunction
-40°C (-40°F)	Open circuit
140°C (284°F) or more	Short circuit

WIRING DIAGRAM



INSPECTION PROCEDURE

HINT:

- If DTCs P0100/31, P0110/24, P0115/22 and P0120/41 are output simultaneously, E2 (sensor ground) may be open.
- Read freeze frame data using the hand-held testerl, as freeze frame data records the engine conditions when the malfunction is detected. When troubleshooting, it is useful for determining whether the vehicle was running or stopped, the engine was warmed up or not, the air-fuel ratio was lean or rich, etc. at the time of the malfunction.

When using Hand-held Tester:

1 | READ VALUE OF HAND-HELD TESTER(WATER TEMPERATURE)

(a) Read temperature value on the hand-held tester.

Temperature: Same as actual water temperature Result:

A	В	С	
OK	-40°C (-40°F)	140°C (284°F)	

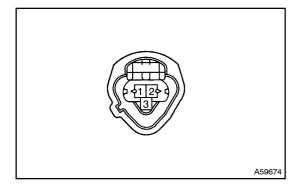
B | Go to step 2

C > Go to step 4



CHECK FOR INTERMITTENT PROBLEMS

2 | READ VALUE OF HAND-HELD TESTER(CHECK FOR OPEN IN HARNESS)



- (a) Disconnect the E.F.I. engine coolant temperature sensor connector.
- (b) Connect the terminals 1 and 2 of the water temperature sensor connector.
- (c) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- (d) Read temperature value on the hand-held tester.

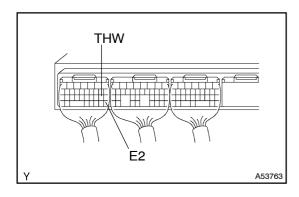
Temperature: 140°C (284°F) or more

OK \

REPLACE E.F.I. ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

NG

3 READ VALUE OF HAND-HELD TESTER(CHECK FOR OPEN IN ECM)



- (a) Connect the terminals THW of the ECM connector and E2 of the ECM connector.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- (c) Read temperature value on the hand-held tester.

Temperature: 140°C (284°F) or more

OK \

REPAIR OR REPLACE WIRE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR

NG

CHECK AND REPLACE ECM

4 | READ[VALUE]OF[HAND-HELD]TESTER(CHECK[FOR[\$HORT]IN[HARNESS)

- (a) Disconnect the E.F.I. engine coolant emp. sensor connector.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- (c) Read temperature value on the thand-held tester.

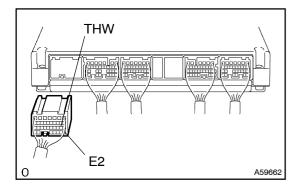
Temperature: -40°C (-40°F)

ок

REPLACE E.F.I. ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

NG

5 | READ[YALUE[OF[HAND-HELD[TESTER(CHECK[FOR[SHORT]]N[ECM)



- (a) ☐ Disconnect The ECM E10 Connector.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- (c) Read merature value on the hand-held tester.

Temperature: -40°C (-40°F)

OK[)

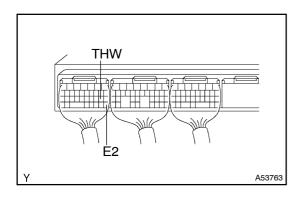
REPAIR OR REPLACE WIRE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR

NG

CHECK[AND[REPLACE[ECM]

When inot using Hand-held Tester:

1 INSPECT [ECM(CHECK[VOLTAGE)



- (a) Turnthe ignition witch ON.
- (b) Measure voltage between the terminals THA and E2 of the ECM connector.

VOLTAGE:

Intake[air[]emp. °Ը](°E]	Voltage
20[[68]	0.5 – [3.4[] /
60[[140]	0.2 -[] .0[JV

OK CHECK CHECK FOR INTERMITTENT PROBLEMS

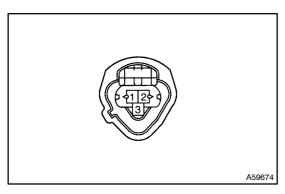
NG

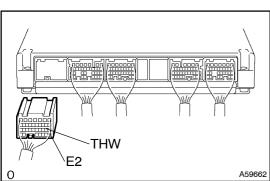
2 | CHECK[E.F.I.] ENGINE[COOLANT[TEMPERATURE[\$ENSOR[(See[page 10-2)

NG REPLACE E.F.I. ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

OK

3 CHECK WIRE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR(ECM-E.F.I. ENGINE COOLANT TEMP. SENSOR)



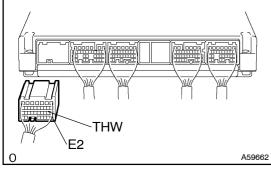


- Disconnect the E.F.I. engine coolant temperature sensor (a) connector.
- Disconnect the ECM E10 connector. (b)
- Check for open between the terminals 2 of the water tem-(c) perature sensor connector and THW of the ECM connector.

Resistance: 1 Ω or less

Check for short between the terminals THW and E2 of the (d) ECM connector.

Resistance: 1 $M\Omega$ or more



NG

REPAIR OR REPLACE WIRE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR

OK

CHECK AND REPLACE ECM