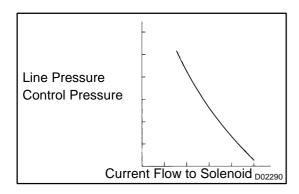
DTC

P2716

PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID "D" ELECTRICAL (SHIFT SOLENOID SLT)



ON BE4056

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The linear solenoid valve (SLT) controls the transmission line pressure for smooth transmission operation based on signals from the throttle position sensor and the vehicle speed sensor. The ECM adjusts the duty cycle of the SLT solenoid valve to control hydraulic line pressure coming from the primary regulator valve. Appropriate line pressure assures smooth shifting with varying engine outputs.

(*): Duty Ratio

The duty ratio is the ratio of the period of continuity in one cycle. For example, if A is the period of continuity in one cycle, and B is the period of non-continuity, then

Duty Ratio= $A/(A + B) \times 100$ (%)

DTC No.	DTC Detection Condition	Trouble Area
	Condition (a) or (b) below is detected for 1 sec. or more: (1–trip detection logic) (a) SLT– terminal: 0V (b) SLT– terminal: 12V	Open or short in shift solenoid valve SLT circuit Shift solenoid valve SLT ECM

MONITOR DESCRIPTION

When an open or short in the linear solenoid valve (SLT) circuit is detected, the ECM interprets this as a fault. The ECM will turn on the MIL and store the DTC.

MONITOR STRATEGY

Related DTCs	P2716: Shift solenoid valve SLT/Range check
Required sensors/Components	Shift solenoid valve SLT
Frequency of operation	Continuous
Duration	1 sec.
MIL operation	Immediate
Sequence of operation	None

TYPICAL ENABLING CONDITIONS

The monitor will run whenever this DTC is not present.	See page 05–1253
Solenoid current cut status	Not cut
Battery voltage	11 V or more
Ignition switch	ON
Starter	OFF
CPU commanded duty ratio to SLT	19% or more

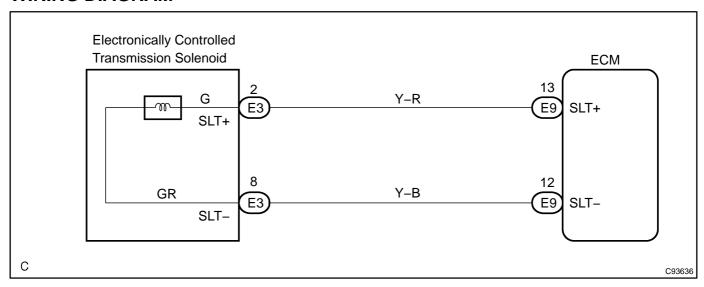
TYPICAL MALFUNCTION THRESHOLDS

Solonoid status from IC	Eail (Open or short)
I SOIEHOIG SIAIUS HOITI IC	I Fail (Open or Short)

COMPONENT OPERATING RANGE

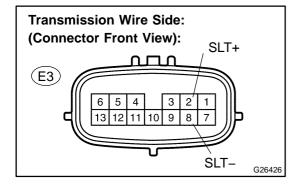
Shift solenoid valve SLT Resistance: 5.0 to 5.6 Ω at 20°C (68°F)

WIRING DIAGRAM



INSPECTION PROCEDURE

1 INSPECT TRANSMISSION WIRE(SLT)



- (a) Disconnect the transmission wire connector from the transaxle.
- (b) Measure the resistance according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard:

Tester Connection	Specified Condition 20°C (68°F)
2 (SLT+) – 8 (SLT–)	5.0 to 5.6 Ω

(c) Measure the resistance according to the value(s) in the table below.

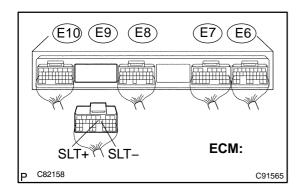
Standard (Check for short):

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
2 (SLT+) – Body ground	10 kΩ or higher
8 (SLT-) - Body ground	↑

NG Go to step 3

OK

2 CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR(TRANSMISSION WIRE – ECM)



- (a) Connect the transmission wire connector to the transaxle.
- (b) Disconnect the ECM connector.
- (c) Measure the resistance according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard:

Tester Connection	Specified Condition 20°C (68°F)
E9 - 13 (SLT+) - E9 - 12 (SLT-)	5.0 to 5.6 Ω

(d) Measure the resistance according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard (Check for short):

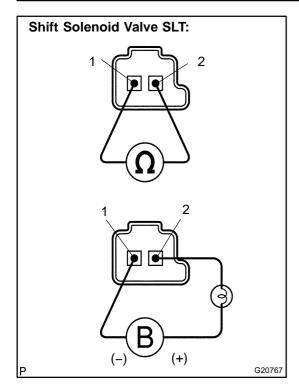
Tester Connection	Specified Condition
E9 – 13 (SLT+) – Body ground	10 k Ω or higher
E9 – 12 (SLT–) – Body ground	↑



ОК

REPLACE ECM (SEE PAGE 10-25)

3 INSPECT SHIFT SOLENOID VALVE(SLT)



- (a) Remove the shift solenoid valve (SLT).
- (b) Measure the resistance according to the value(s) in the table below.

Standard:

Tester Connection	Specified Condition 20°C (68°F)
1 – 2	5.0 to 5.6 Ω

(c) Connect the positive (+) lead with a 21 W bulb to terminal 2 and the negative (-) lead to terminal 1 of the solenoid valve connector, then check the movement of the valve.

Standard:

The solenoid makes an operating noise.

NG)

REPLACE SHIFT SOLENOID VALVE(SLT)

OK

REPAIR OR REPLACE TRANSMISSION WIRE (SEE PAGE 40-31)