

ENGINE ASSEMBLY (2AZ-FE)

1401E-01

INSPECTION

1. INSPECT COOLANT (See page 16-18)
2. INSPECT ENGINE OIL
3. INSPECT BATTERY

Standard specific gravity: 1.25 – 1.29 at 20°C (68°F)

4. INSPECT AIR CLEANER FILTER ELEMENT SUB-ASSY
5. INSPECT SPARK PLUG
(See page 18-3)
6. INSPECT V-RIBBED BELT

7. INSPECT IGNITION TIMING

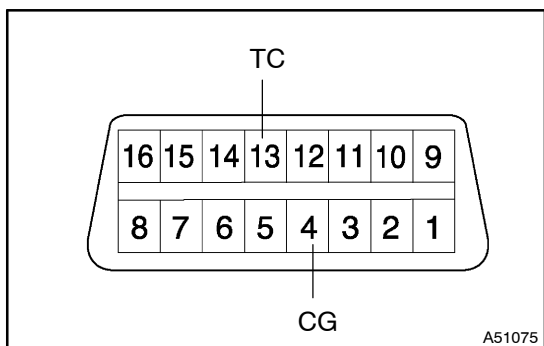
- (a) Warm up engine.
- (b) When using hand-held tester.
 - (1) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.

Ignition timing: 8 – 12° BTDC

HINT:

Please refer to the hand-held tester operator's manual for further details.

- (c) When not using hand-held tester.



- (1) Using SST, connect terminals 13 (TC) and 4 (CG) of DLC3.

SST 09843-18040

NOTICE:

- Be sure not to connect incorrectly. It causes breakage of the engine.
- Turn OFF all electrical systems.
- Operate the inspection when the cooling fan motor is turned OFF.

- (2) Remove the cylinder head cover No.2.
- (3) Pull out the wire harness as shown in the illustration. Connect the clip of the timing light to the engine.

NOTICE:

- Use a timing light which can detect the first signal.
- After checking, be sure to tape the wire harness.

- (4) Inspect ignition timing at idle.

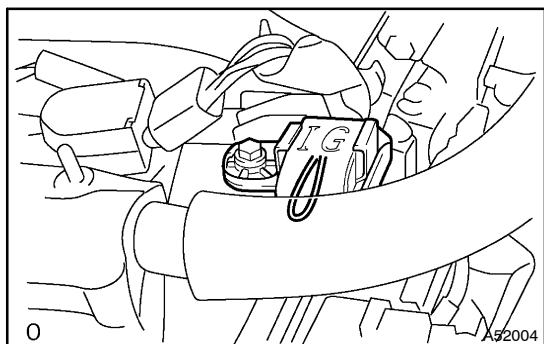
Ignition timing: 8 – 12° BTDC

NOTICE:

When checking the ignition timing, the transmission is at neutral position.

HINT:

After engine rpm is kept at 1,000 – 1,300 r/min. for 5 seconds, check that it returns idle speed.



- (5) Disconnect terminals 13 (TC) and 4 (CG) of DLC3.
- (6) Inspect ignition timing at idle.

Ignition timing: 5 – 15° BTDC

- (7) Confirm that ignition timing moves to advanced angle side when the engine rpm is increased.
- (8) Remove the timing light.

8. INSPECT ENGINE IDLE SPEED

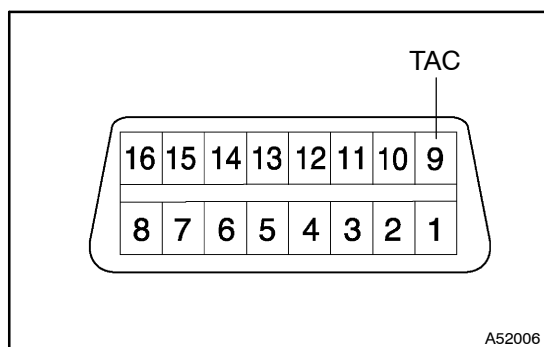
- (a) Warm up engine.
- (b) When using and-held tester.
 - (1) Connect the hand-held tester to the DLC3.

Idle speed:**A/T 610 – 710 r/min.****M/T 650 – 750 r/min.****NOTICE:**

- **Check idle speed with cooling fan OFF.**
- **Switch off all accessories and air conditioning.**

HINT:

Please refer to the hand-held tester operator's manual for further details.



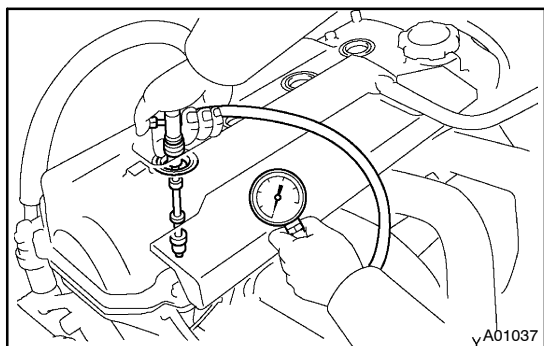
- (c) When not using hand-held tester.
 - (1) Using SST, connect tachometer test probe to terminal 9 (TAC) of DLC3.

SST 09843-18040

- (2) Check the idle speed.

Idle speed:**A/T 610 – 710 r/min.****M/T 650 – 750 r/min.****9. INSPECT COMPRESSION**

- (a) Warm up and stop engine.
- (b) Disconnect the injector connectors.
- (c) Remove ignition coils.
- (d) Remove spark plugs.
- (e) Inspect cylinder compression pressure.
 - (1) Insert a compression gauge into the spark plug hole.
 - (2) Fully open the throttle.



(3) While cranking the engine, measure the compression pressure.

Compression pressure:

1.360 MPa (13.9 kgf/cm², 198 psi)

Minimum pressure:

0.98 MPa (10 kgf/cm², 142 psi)

Difference between each cylinder:

100 kPa (1.0 kgf/cm², 14 psi)

NOTICE:

- Always use a fully charged battery to obtain engine speed of 250 rpm or more.
- Check other cylinder's compression pressure in the same way.
- This measurement must be done in as short a time as possible.

(4) If the cylinder compression is low, pour a small amount of engine oil into the cylinder through the spark plug hole and inspect again.

HINT:

- If adding oil increases the compression, it is likely that the piston rings and/or cylinder bore are worn or damaged.
- If pressure stays low, a valve may be sticking or seating improperly, or there may be leakage past the gasket.

10. INSPECT CO/HC

(a) Start the engine.

(b) Race engine at 2,500 r/min for approx. 180 seconds.

(c) Insert CO/HC meter testing probe at least 40 cm (1.3 ft) into tailpipe during idling.

(d) Immediately check CO/HC concentration at idle and/or 2,500 r/min.

HINT:

- Complete the measuring within 3 minutes.
 - When doing the 2 mode (idle and 2,500 r/min.) test, these measuring orders are prescribed by the applicable local regulations.
- (e) If the CO/HC concentration does not comply with regulations, troubleshoot in the order given below.
- (1) Check heated oxygen sensor operation. (See page 2-6)
 - (2) See the table below for possible causes, and then inspect and correct the applicable causes if necessary.

ENGINE MECHANICAL – ENGINE (2AZ-FE)

CO	HC	Problems	Causes
Normal	High	Rough idle	1. Faulty ignitions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incorrect timing • Fouled, shorted or improperly gapped plugs 2. Incorrect valve clearance 3. Leaky intake and exhaust valves 4. Leaky cylinders
Low	High	Rough idle (Fluctuating HC reading)	1. Vacuum leaks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PCV hoses • Intake manifold • Throttle body • ISC valve • Brake booster line 2. Lean mixture causing misfire
High	High	Rough idle (Black smoke from exhaust)	1. Restricted air filter 2. Plugged PCV valve 3. Faulty EFI systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Faulty pressure regulator • Defective water temperature sensor • DEFECTIVE Air-flow meter • Faulty ECU • Faulty injectors • Faulty throttle position sensor