CS-224 Object Oriented Programming and Design Methodologies

Homework 04

CS224 Fall 2022

1 Guidelines

You need to submit this homework on 30th October at 11:59pm, on LMS. Late submissions are allowed until 31st October 11:59pm, which will be penalized by 20%. Your work will not be accepted once the submission is closed on LMS.

- You need to do this assignment in a group of two students.
- You will submit your assignment to LMS (only one member of the group will submit).
- Clearly mention the group composition in submitted file name e.g. AhmadHassan_ah01345_BatoolAiman_ba03451.zip.
- You need to follow the best programming practices
- Submit assignment on time; late submissions will not be accepted.
- Some assignments will require you to submit multiple files. Always Zip and send them.
- It is better to submit incomplete assignment than none at all.
- It is better to submit the work that you have done yourself than what you have plagiarized.
- It is strongly advised that you start working on the assignment the day you get it. Assignments WILL take time.

- DO NOT send your assignment to your instructor, if you do, your assignment will get ZERO for not following clear instructions.
- You can be called in for Viva for any assignment that you submit

2 HUMania

A sample code is given in HUMania folder, if you run it you can see a pigeon is drawn. This example creates just one object of Pigeon to show how things are drawn in SDL. Refer to Pigeon.hpp/cpp and HUMania.cpp \Rightarrow drawObjects().

You are required to:

- Create a Pigeon class (see the pigeon.hpp/cpp), that will contain attributes and functions (fly, draw) related to a pigeon. The fly function flies the pigeon gradually to right side, and rotates through the screen.
- Create a Butterfly class (create butterfly.cpp/hpp files), that will contain attributes and functions (fly, draw) related to butterfly. The fly function should take the butterfly right-down direction. Once a butterfly reaches to bottom of the screen, it starts flying right-up direction. Once it reaches top of the screen it moves right-down. Similar to the pigeon, it should rotate through the screen.
- Create a Bee class (Create bee.cpp/hpp files), that will contain attributes and functions (fly, draw) related to a bee. The fly function should make it fly towards right only. During fly it should hover (doesn't move forward) for a while over a random interval. You may choose 5% probability in every frame to decide whether it starts hover, and it keeps hovering for 10 frames. As a bee reaches to right most border of screen, it exits from the game, hence the object must be removed from the bees vector.
- Every object animates three of the images provided in the assets file. The draw function is only drawing the object.
- As you click on the screen, one of the above objects is created randomly. You'll maintain three vectors (pigeons, butterflies, bees) in HUMania.hpp/cpp to store objects of different classes. The object that you create on the click will be pushed into corresponding vector. Refer to HUMania.cpp ⇒ createObject(), where you get mouse coordinates.

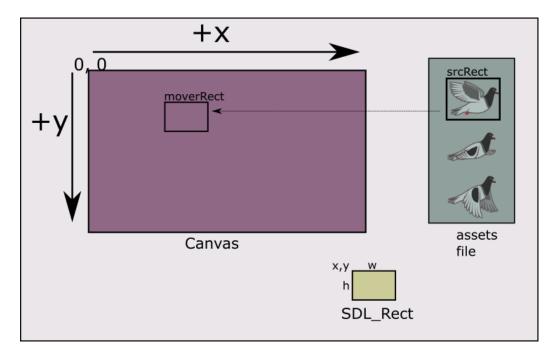


Figure 1: SDL Drawing Basics

- You have to create objects dynamically with new operator, hence the vectors should hold pointers to all of the objects. Remember to delete the objects when game is ended, and when the bee objects are removed from vector.
- Finally, you iterate over all the elements of vectors, and call their fly and draw functions.
- Please refer to Solution.exe file to see it all in action.
- Bonus: Try to implement it in such a way that any two objects must not collide, and when they are about to collide they should change their directions.
- Are you having fun?? You are more than welcome to add more stuff to make this game interesting, e.g. some natural random movement of butterflies, sitting them on ground, pigeons sweeping etc. [It doesn't carry any marks]

2.1 SDL Drawing Basics

The basic drawing function in SDL is very simple, you need two SDL_Rect variables to draw a portion of image from assets file to the canvas. SDL_Rect is a simple structure containing {x, y, w, h} attributes. (x, y) is the top-left corner, and w, h are width and height of rectangle. You define a srcRect for desired object in assets file, and define a moverRect for this image to be drawn on desired location on canvas. Refer to Figure 1 for all this process. Finally you call

SDL_RenderCopy(gRenderer, assets, &pigeonSrc, &pigeonMover); that displays this image to the canvas, voila!!!. Refer to assets.png file for all the required image assets.

You can draw as many objects in the HUMania.cpp \Rightarrow drawObjects(), as you want. Since this function is called infinitely, you can change the x, y attributes of moverRect to move the objects on screen, and you can change the srcRect values to get a flying animation.

3 std::vector Tutorial

Following is a basic example to work with vector. Complete reference for C++ vector is given here https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/container/vector

```
#include<iostream>
#include<vector>
using namespace std;
class Distance{
   int feet, inches;
  public:
  Distance(int ft, int inch): feet(ft), inches(inch){}
   void show(){
     cout<<feet<<"'"<<inches<<"\""<<endl;</pre>
   }
};
int main(){
   vector<Distance*> dst; // It's a vector that can store Distance
      type objects
   dst.push_back(new Distance(3, 4)); // create an object, and push
      it in vector
```

```
dst.push_back(new Distance(5, 2));
  dst.push_back(new Distance(2, 7));
  dst.push_back(new Distance(7, 8));
  dst.push_back(new Distance(13, 1));
  for(int i=0;i<dst.size();i++)</pre>
     dst[i]->show(); // call show method of dst[i] object
  // deleting the objects, need to delete every single object
      created dynamically
  for(int i=0;i<dst.size(); i++)</pre>
     delete dst[i];
  dst.clear(); //clears all the items from vector
}
3'4"
5'2"
2'7"
7'8"
13'1"
```

4 Some important points:

- Sample code is there for your benefit. If you are going to use it, understand how it works.
- You do not need to follow the code given exactly. You can make changes where you see fit provided that it makes sense.
- Make the class declarations in hpp files, and provide function implementations in cpp files. Don't use hpp files for implementation purposes.
- A tutorial given here to remove the elements from vector, you might need it to remove bees as they exit the screen.
- As a general rule, class's deta is private, and functions are public. Don't use getter/setter functions to manipulate data, rather think in object oriented directions and provide all the functionality in the class.

- Complete reference for C++ vector is given here https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/container/vector
- You need to define separate *.hpp and *.cpp files for all the classes.
- Exact x,y,w,h values for images in assets file can be found by http://www.spritecow.com/.
- A tutorial for file I/O is given http://www.cplusplus.com/doc/tutorial/files/.
- You should take www.cplusplus.com and www.cppreference.com as primary web source to search about C++
- You have to follow best OOP practices as discussed in lectures.

5 How to compile

Open the given Seeplusia folder in vscode by choosing File \Rightarrow Open Folder. The game can be run by simply pressing F5 from vscode. If due to some reason it doesn't work, then go compiling and running it from terminal, as explained in how to compile.txt

6 Rubric

Coding	The code followed best practices guideline	1
OOP Concepts	The code followed best OOP practices	2
Memory	Dynamic memory management is done properly	2
Functionality	All the functionality is implemented as described above	5
Total		10

Table 1: Grading Rubric