

Fortran classes and objects

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Classes and objects

Fortran classes are based on type objects, a little like the analogy between C++ struct and class constructs.

New syntax for specifying methods.

Object is type with methods

You define a type as before, with its data members, but now the type has a contains for the methods:

```
Module multmod

  type Scalar
    real(4) :: value
    contains
      procedure,public :: print
      procedure,public :: scaled
  end type Scalar

contains ! methods
  /* ... */
end Module multmod
```

```
Program Multiply
  use multmod
  implicit none

  type(Scalar) :: x
  real(4) :: y
  x = Scalar(-3.14)
  call x%print()
  y = x%scaled(2.)
  print '(f7.3)',y

end Program Multiply
```

Method definition

```
subroutine print(me)  
  implicit none  
  class(Scalar) :: me  
  print '("The value is",f7.3)',me%value  
end subroutine print  
function scaled(me,factor)  
  implicit none  
  class(Scalar) :: me  
  real(4) :: scaled,factor  
  scaled = me%value * factor  
end function scaled
```

Class organization

- You're pretty much forced to use Module
- A class is a Type with a `contains` clause followed by procedure declaration
- Actual methods go in the `contains` part of the module
- First argument of method is the object itself.

Point program

```
Module PointClass
  Type,public :: Point
    real(8) :: x,y
  contains
    procedure, public ::
      distance
  End type Point
contains
  ! ....
End Module PointClass
```

```
Program PointTest
  use PointClass
  implicit none
  type(Point) :: p1,p2

  p1 = point(1.d0,1.d0)
  p2 = point(4.d0,5.d0)

  print *, "Distance:", p1%
    distance(p2)

End Program PointTest
```

Exercise 1

Take the point example program and add a distance function:

```
Type(Point) :: p1,p2
```

```
! initialize
```

```
dist = p1%distance(p2)
```

Exercise 2

Write a method `add` for the `Point` type:

```
Type(Point) :: p1,p2,sum  
! initialize  
sum = p1%add(p2)
```

What is the return type of the function `add`?