Looping in Fortran

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Looping



Indexed Do loops

```
integer :: i
do i=1,10
  ! code with i
end do
```

You can include a step size (which can be negative) as a third parameter:

```
do i=1,10,3
  ! code with i
end do
```



While loop

The while loop has a pre-test:

```
do while (i<1000)
  print *,i
  i = i*2
end do</pre>
```



Exit and cycle

```
do
    call random_number(x)
    if (x>.9) exit
    print *,"Nine out of ten exes agree"
end do

Skip rest of iteration:
do i=1,100
    if (isprime(i)) cycle
    ! do something with non-prime
end do
```



Implied do loops

```
print *,(2*i,i=1,20)
```

You can iterate multiple expressions:

```
print *,(2*i,2*i+1,i=1,20)
```

These loops can be nested:

```
print *,( (i*j,i=1,20), j=1,20 )
```

Exercise 1

Use the implied do-loop mechanism to print a triangle:

```
2 2
3 3 3
4 4 4 4
```

up to a number that is input.

