Predicting the Future Sound of Music With LSTM Recurrent Neural Networks

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Using Data from the Spotify API

By Orin Conn

Overview

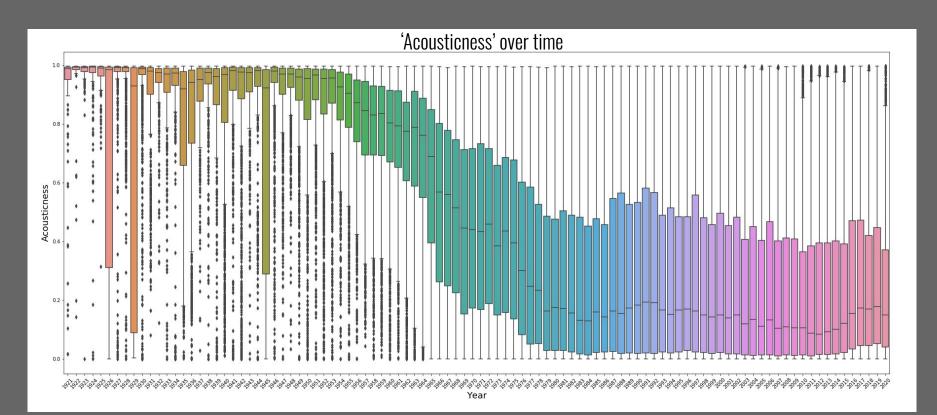
- Task Definition & Data
- 2. Exploratory Data Analysis
- 3. Modeling
- 4. Forecasting All Features into 2025
- 5. Filtering Data for Artists "Ahead of Their Time"
- 6. Conclusion and Further Recommendations

Task: Predict how average music will sound 5 years from now

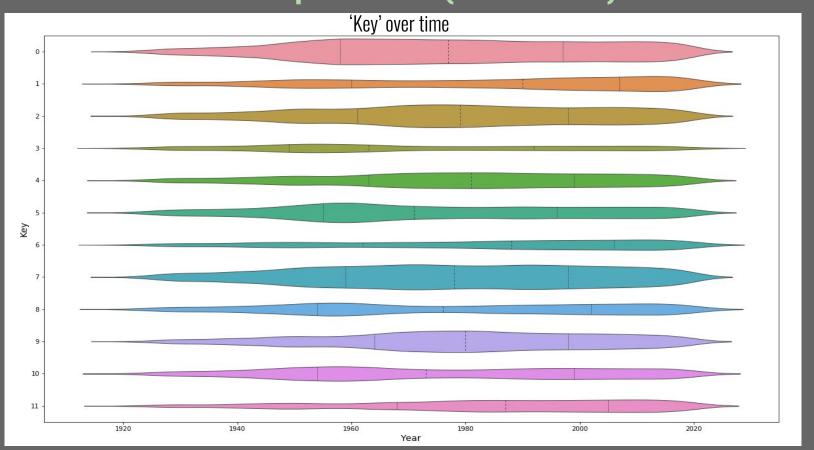
Data Utilized:

- Kaggle Dataset
 - Originally obtained from the Spotify API
 - +160,000 songs from1920-2020
 - Numerical features of each song

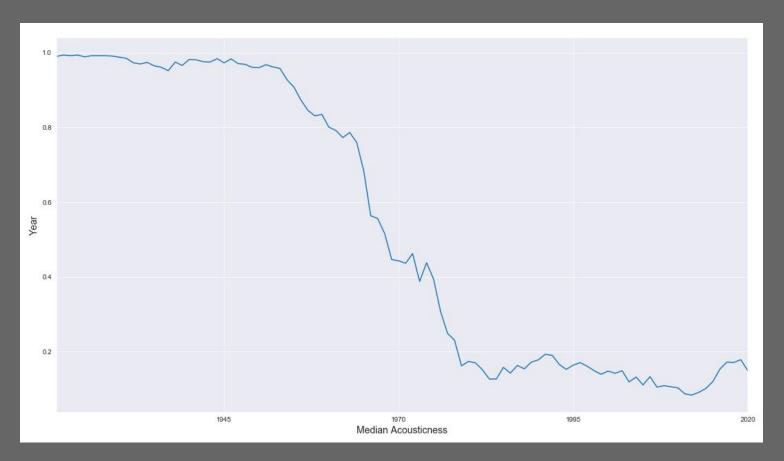
Data Exploration



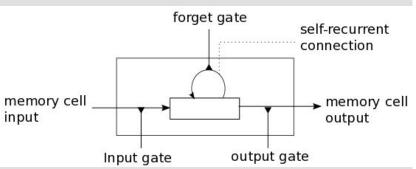
Data Exploration (continued)



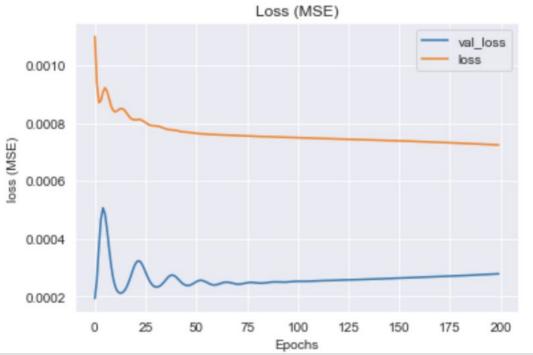
Median 'Acousticness' Over Time



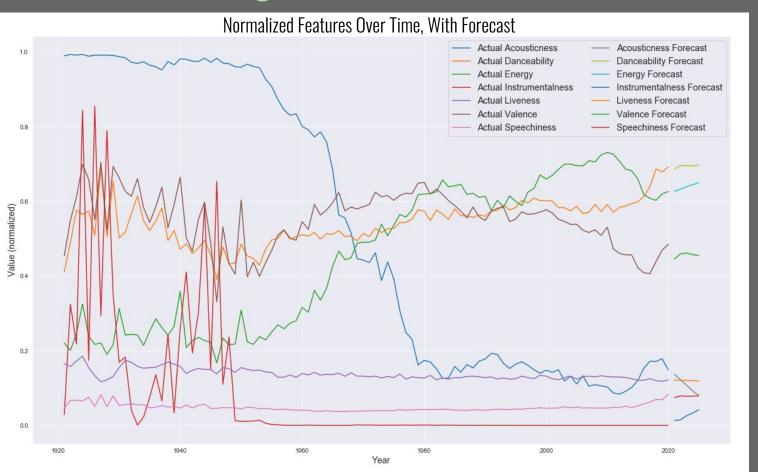
LSTM Modeling



Baseline MSE: 0.00024669139559041687 Baseline RMSE: 0.015706412562721535



Forecasting Feature Values into 2025



Artists Most 'Ahead Of Their Time'

Most "Ahead of Their Time" Artist: <u>Twenty One Pilots - Tear In My Heart</u>

Second Most "Ahead of Their Time" Artist: INXS - Beautiful Girl

Third and Fourth Most "Ahead of Their Time" Artists: Luh Kel, Lil Tjay - Wrong (feat. Lil Tjay) Remix

Clean Bandit, Zara Larsson - Symphony (feat. Zara Larsson)

Conclusions:

- Lower Acousticness
- Higher Energy
- Same Danceability
- Slightly Lower Valence
- Most "ahead" artists displayed 7/10 forecasted feature values
- Dataset not diverse enough to contain songs who match all future values

Further Recommendations:

- Access entire Spotify library, for better probability of complete match
- Extend forecast model to individual genres, see how each genre has evolved over time
- Clustering (if more songs are returned from forecast query)

Thank You!