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JavaScript Events

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HTML events are **"things"** that happen to HTML elements.

When JavaScript is used in HTML pages, JavaScript can **"react"** on these events.

HTML Events

An HTML event can be something the browser does, or something a user does.

Here are some examples of HTML events:

- An HTML web page has finished loading
- An HTML input field was changed
- An HTML button was clicked

Often, when events happen, you may want to do something.

JavaScript lets you execute code when events are detected.

HTML allows event handler attributes, **with JavaScript code**, to be added to HTML elements.

With single quotes:

```
<element event='some JavaScript'>
```

```
<element event="some JavaScript">
```

In the following example, an `onclick` attribute (with code), is added to a `<button>` element:

Example

```
<button onclick="document.getElementById('demo').innerHTML = Date()">The time is?</button>
```

Try it Yourself »

In the example above, the JavaScript code changes the content of the element with `id="demo"`.

In the next example, the code changes the content of its own element (using `this.innerHTML`):

Example

```
<button onclick="this.innerHTML = Date()">The time is?</button>
```

Try it Yourself »

JavaScript code is often several lines long. It is more common to see event attributes calling functions:

Example

```
<button onclick="displayDate()">The time is?</button>
```

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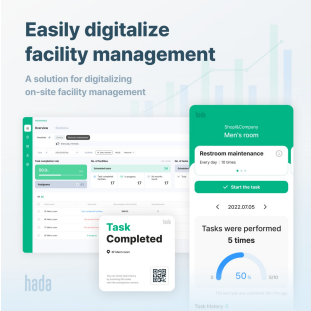


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Common HTML Events

Here is a list of some common HTML events:

Event	Description
onchange	An HTML element has been changed
onclick	The user clicks an HTML element
onmouseover	The user moves the mouse over an HTML element
onmouseout	The user moves the mouse away from an HTML element
onkeydown	The user pushes a keyboard key
onload	The browser has finished loading the page

The list is much longer: [W3Schools JavaScript Reference HTML DOM Events](#).

JavaScript Event Handlers

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- Things that should be done every time a page loads
- Things that should be done when the page is closed
- Action that should be performed when a user clicks a button
- Content that should be verified when a user inputs data
- And more ...

Many different methods can be used to let JavaScript work with events:

- HTML event attributes can execute JavaScript code directly
- HTML event attributes can call JavaScript functions
- You can assign your own event handler functions to HTML elements
- You can prevent events from being sent or being handled
- And more ...

You will learn a lot more about events and event handlers in the HTML DOM chapters.

Test Yourself With Exercises

Exercise:

The `<button>` element should do something when someone clicks on it. Try to fix it!

```
<button ="alert('Hello')">Click me.</button>
```

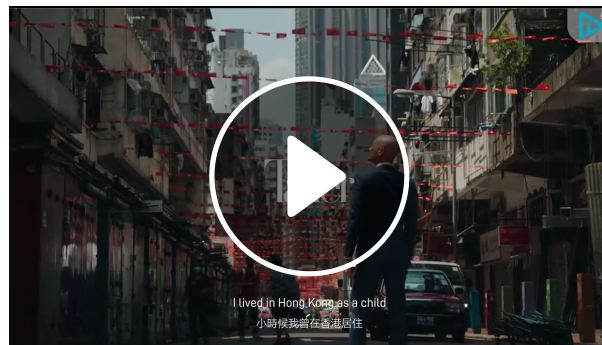
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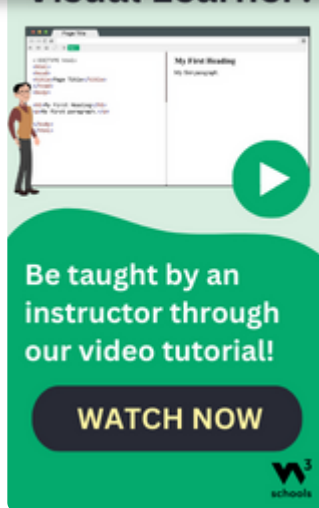
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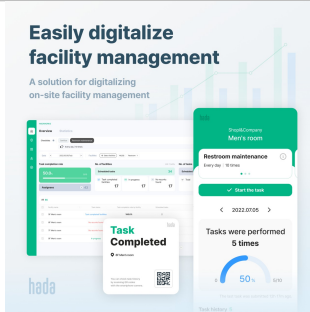
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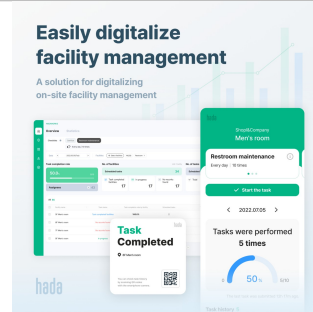


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