## ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS

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Paula Jaramillo, Kaline Coutinho, and Sylvio Canuto\*: Solvent Effects in Chemical Processes. Water-Assisted Proton Transfer Reaction of Pterin in Aqueous Environment

Russell M. Pitzer Festschrift (DOI: 10.1021/jp903638n). In an article in this issue<sup>1</sup> we have considered the tautomeric reaction (A–B) of pterin shown below (Figure 1) using two

$$K_a(B)$$
 $K_a(A)$ 
 $K_a(A)$ 

Figure 1

possible reaction paths. One involving a direct proton transfer and the other assisted by a solvent water molecule. Using these two processes in thermodynamic perturbation theory, we obtained the free energy  $\Delta G_{\rm B\rightarrow A}$ . From the calculated free energies we obtained the tautomeric constant  $K_{\rm T}$  for the two paths using  $\Delta G_{\rm B\rightarrow A}({\rm solv}) = -RT \ln(K_{\rm T})$ . Then one can immediately obtain p $K_{\rm T} = \log(K_{\rm T})$ .

The theoretical determination of acid-basis  $pK_a$  has seen increasing interest in recent years and some conceptual aspects have been under intense discussion,  $^{2-5}$  and a stronger conceptual basis for theoretical calculations is emerging. Although the tautomeric constant can be related to the acidity constant (Figure 1)  $pK_T = pK_a(A) - pK_a(B)$ , in our publication we have used our calculated  $pK_T$  as a numerical value for the acid-basis  $pK_a(A)$  value. This is a good approximation in the assumption that  $pK_a(B)$  is very small, which seems reasonable but cannot be assured in general. Thus our reported value should be taken as a  $pK_T$  constant. More work in this direction is now in progress.

## References and Notes

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