

RNA-Mediated Control of Metal Nanoparticle Shape [*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2005**, *127*, 17814–17818]. Lina A. Gugliotti, Daniel L. Feldheim,* and Bruce E. Eaton*

In 2005, we reported on the selection of RNA sequences that mediate the formation of hexagonal and cubic particles from aqueous solutions containing the organometallic precursor $[Pd_2(DBA)_3]$ (DBA = dibenzylideneacetone). The use of aqueous solutions containing organic cosolvents is common when performing RNA in vitro selections for RNA catalysts of organic reactions. The aqueous solutions used in our work may contain 1-10% THF as cosolvent. Another report claims that it is not possible to prepare aqueous/organic solutions of $[Pd_2(DBA)_3]$ without observing the formation of a precipitate. However, as shown in Figure 1, our solutions are clearly free from gross precipitates. Indeed, others have reported the preparation of aqueous solutions of $[Pd_2(DBA)_3]$ using only 0.05% v/v of the cosolvent Triton X.



Figure 1. Photograph of a 400 μM solution of [Pd₂DBA₃] in a 90% H₂O/ 10% THF mixture.

Literature Cited

- Prudent, J. R.; Uno, T.; Schultz, P. G. Science 1994, 264, 1924– 1927
- (2) Franzen, S.; Cerruti, M.; Leonard, D. N.; Duscher, G. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2007, 129, 15340–15346.
- (3) Rodman, D. L.; Carrington, N. A.; Xue, Z. L. Talanta 2006, 70, 426–431.

JA9053477

10.1021/ja9053477 Published on Web 07/24/2009