

Correction to Multiplex Microfluidic Paper-based Immunoassay for the Diagnosis of Hepatitis C Virus Infection

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T he authors note that the position of "NS4" and "NS5" at the heading row of Table 1 in the original paper were

Table 1. Multiplex Paper-Based Immunoassay for Anti-HCV in Patient Serums

	S/Co (2.1) ^a		reaction pattern $(0.7)^c$				
serum	NC	ELISA ^b	Core	NS5	NS4	>0.7	$\operatorname{results}^d$
patient A	97.61	56.60	6.91	0.90	1.71	3	positive
patient B	0.30	0.19	0.16	0.11	0.33	0	negative
patient C	0.40	0.22	0.48	0.24	0.26	0	negative
patient D	26.24	14.1	0.72	4.12	0.67	2	positive
patient E	0.9	1.04	0.21	0.14	0.20	0	negative
patient F	1.5	1.13	0.19	0.20	0.63	0	negative
patient G	42.61	34.6	5.57	1.69	1.58	3	positive
patient H	0.76	0.83	0.18	0.11	0.17	0	negative

 a S/Co = the signal to cutoff ratio. The threshold is shown in brackets. NC is nitrocellulose. b The results of the commercial ELISA kit. c The result is the ratio of signal to H1; a value larger than 0.7 is marked in bold and counted. d The diagnostic results of paper-based immunoassay and ELISA are consistent.

mistakenly placed. After switching their positions, the corrected Table 1 is attached. The authors would like to apologize for any inconvenience and misunderstanding caused by the error.