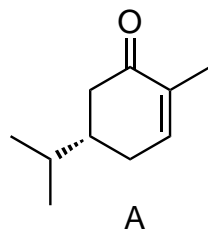
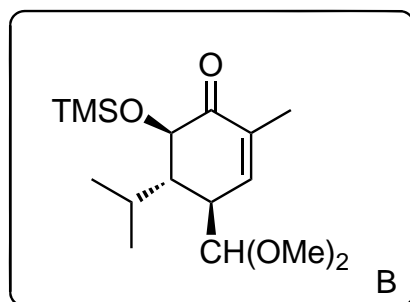


# Total Synthesis of (–) Dendrobine via $\alpha$ -Carbonyl Radical Cyclization

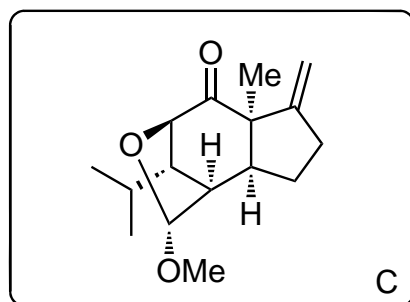
Sha, C. K.; Chiu, R. T.; Yang, C. F.; Yao, N. T.; Tseng, W. H.; Liao, F. L.; Wang, S. L. .  
*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1997**, 119, 4130–4135.



1–4



5–9



- 1) MeMgCl, FeCl<sub>3</sub>, TMSCl, Et<sub>3</sub>N
- 2) CH(OMe)<sub>3</sub>, BF<sub>3</sub>•OEt<sub>2</sub>
- 3) LDA, TMSCl
- 4) *m*-CPBA, NaHCO<sub>3</sub>

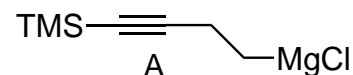
Hint: No 1,2 or 1,4 addition happened in step 1

Name of step 3 and 4.

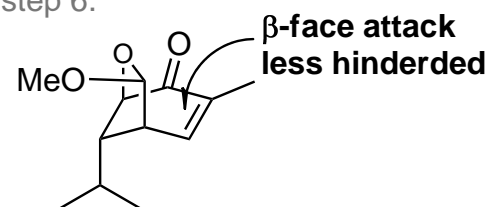
Provide another alternative method for this transformation.

**Rubottom Oxidation**  
**Davis Oxaziridine**

- 5) PTSA, CHCl<sub>3</sub>
- 6) CuI, **A**, then TMSCl, Et<sub>3</sub>N
- 7) NaI, *m*-CPBA, THF
- 8) Bu<sub>3</sub>SnH, AIBN, PhH
- 9) TFA, PhH



Explain the stereochemistry outcome of step 6.

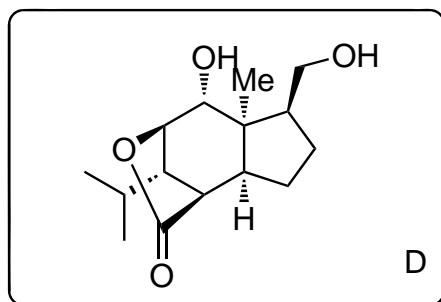


For step 7, the author proposed an "I<sup>+</sup>" was generated from *m*-CPBA and NaI.

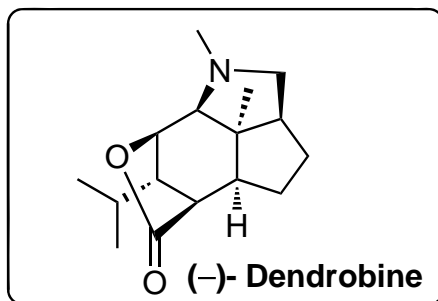
Sha, C.K. et.al. *J. Org. Chem.* **1987**, 52, 3919-3920.

For a similar concept using NaIO<sub>4</sub>/NaHSO<sub>3</sub> system, see, Shen, Z. et. al. *Tetrahedron. Lett.* **2014**, 55, 1339-1341.

10–12



13–18



- 10) *m*-CPBA,  $\text{BF}_3 \cdot \text{OEt}_2$ , DCM
- 11) DBU
- 12)  $\text{BH}_3 \cdot \text{SMe}_2$ , then  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ , NaOH

For step 10 and 11,

Related Reference:

One-step conversion of protected lactols to lactones

Grieco, P. A.; Oguri, T.; Yokoyama, Y. *Tetrahedron. Lett.* **1978**, 19, 419-420.

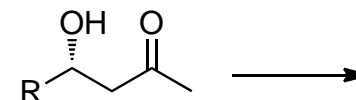
- 13)  $\text{MsCl}$ ,  $\text{Et}_3\text{N}$
- 14)  $\text{NaN}_3$ , 18-Crown-6, DMF
- 15)  $\text{CrO}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , acetone
- 16)  $\text{PPh}_3$ , THF
- 17)  $\text{NaBH}_3\text{CN}$ , HOAc, MeOH
- 18)  $(\text{HCHO})_n$ ,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{HCO}_2\text{H}$

For the step 10 and 11, give the mechanism of the related Kornblum-DeLaMare rearrangement

Provide a reaction mechanism of step 12.

Try to give the outcome of related name reactions.

- (1) Evans-Saksena reduction
- (2) Narasaka-Prasad reduction
- (3) Evans-Tishchenko reaction



- (4) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
- (5) Cannizzaro reaction

What the nucleophilicity parameter of azide in DMSO **20**

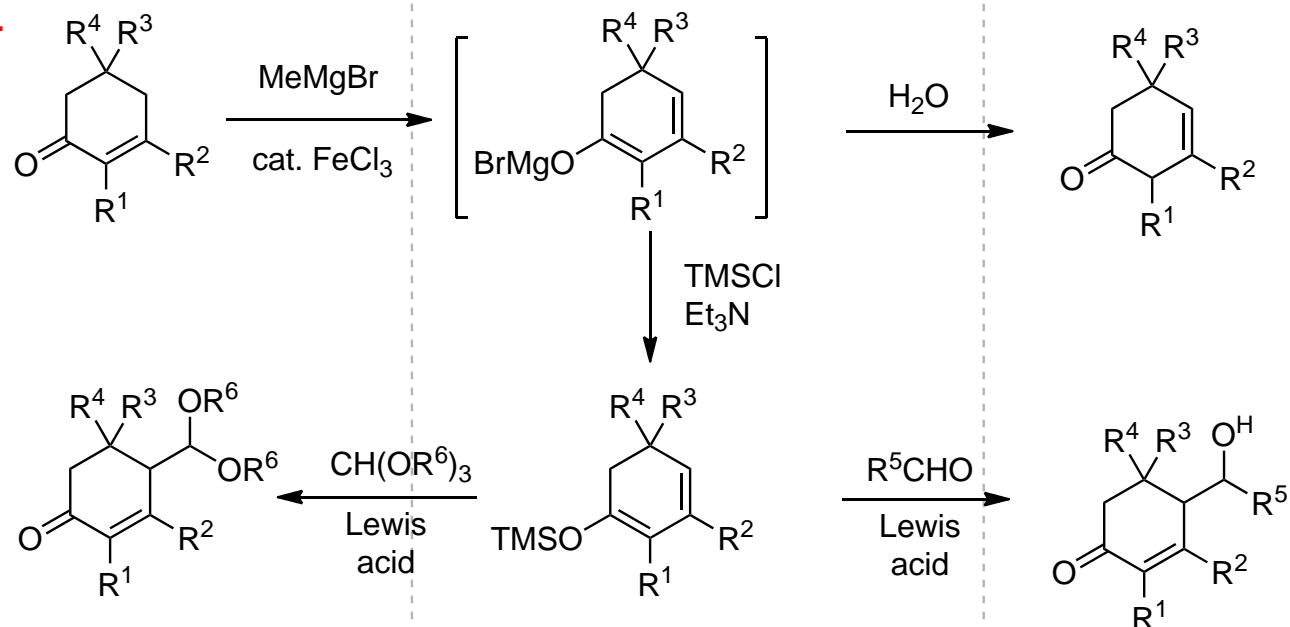
What name reaction is step 16 and formulate a reaction mechanism

**Staudinger Reaction**

**Step 18**

**Eschweiler-Clarke reaction**

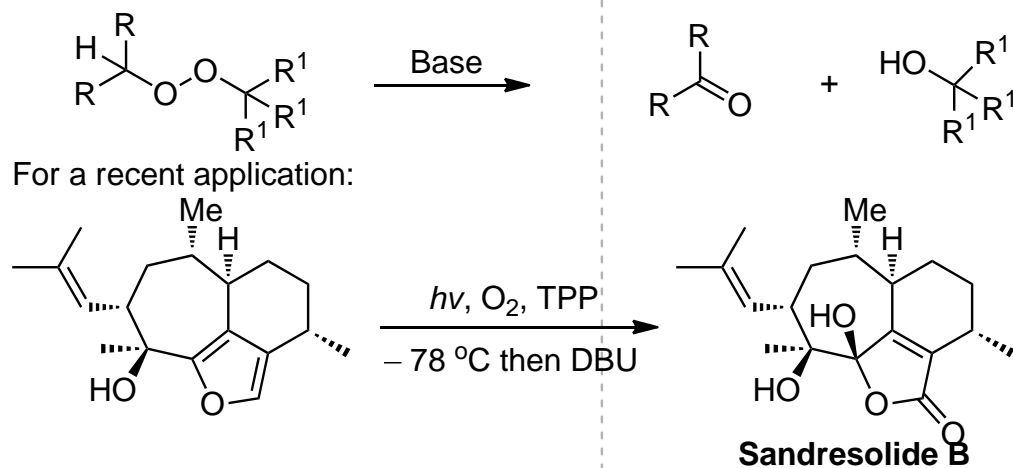
**Step 1 and 2.**



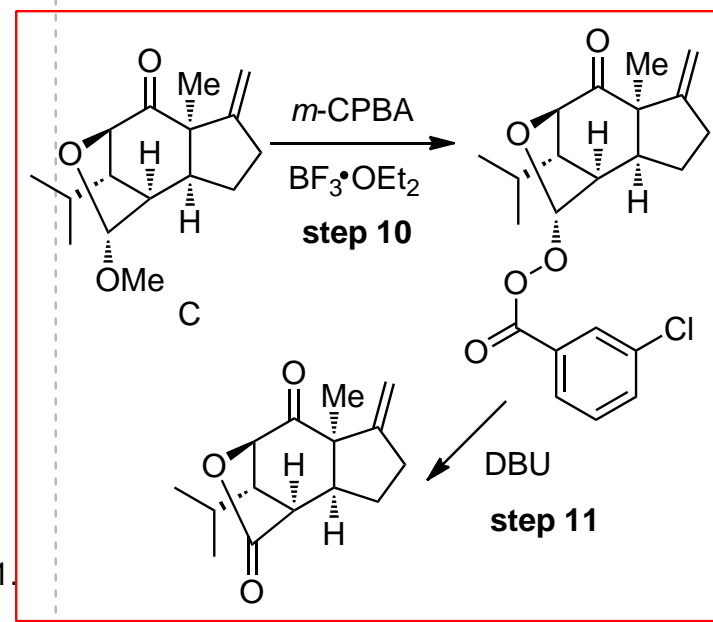
References: Kharasch, M. S.; Tawney, P. M. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1941**, 63, 2308-2316.  
Takazawa, O.; et. al. *Bull. Chem. Soc, Jpn.* **1982**, 55, 1907-1911.

**Step 10 and 11.**

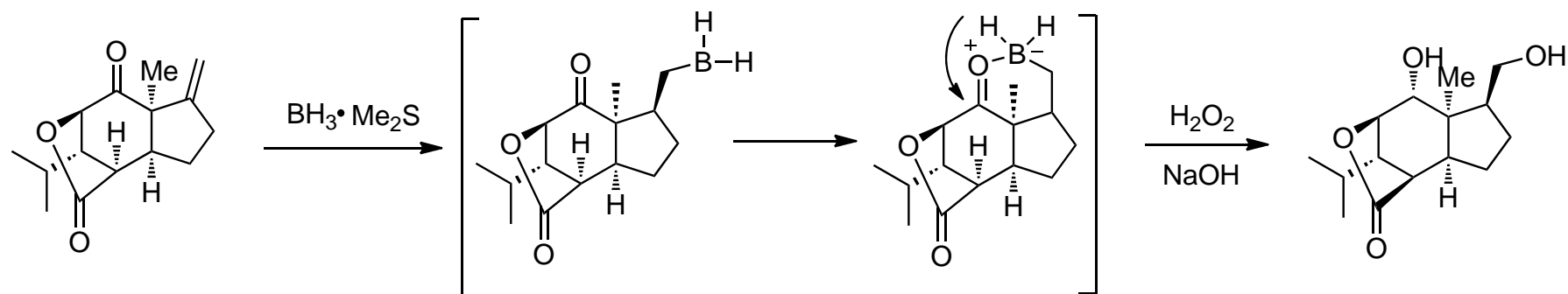
**Kornblum-DeLaMare rearrangement:**



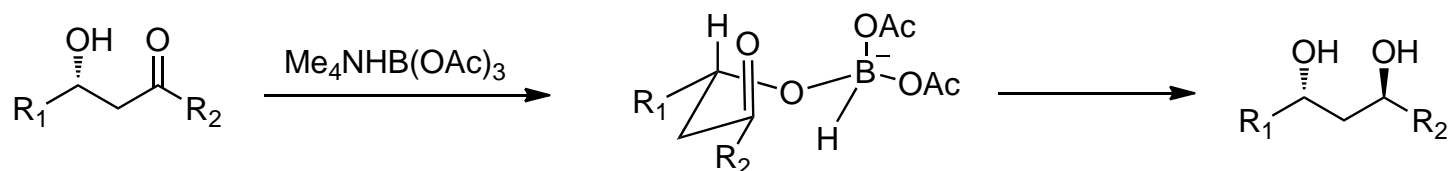
References: Kornblum, N.; DeLaMare, H. E. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1951**, 73, 880-881.  
Trauner, D.; et. al. *Org. Lett.* **2014**, 16, 166-169



### Step 12.



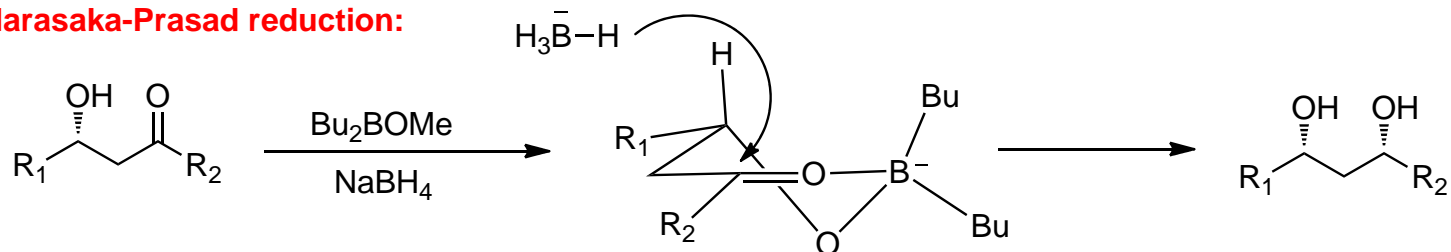
### Evans-Saksena reduction:



Saksena, A. K.; Mangiaracina, P. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1983**, 24, 273-276.

Evans, D. A.; Chapman, K.; Carreira, E. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1988**, 110, 3560-3578.

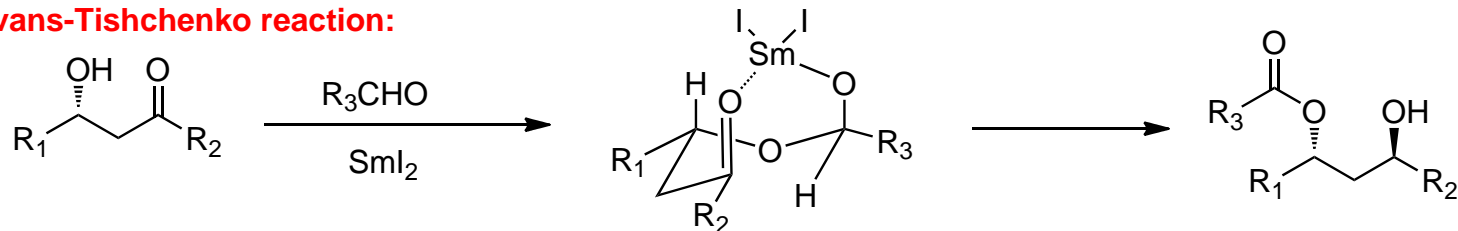
### Narasaka-Prasad reduction:



Narasaka, K.; Pai, F. C. *Tetrahedron*. **1984**, 40, 2233-2238.

Prasad, K. et. al. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1987**, 28, 155-158.

### Evans-Tishchenko reaction:



Evans, D.; Hoveyda, A. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1990**, 112, 6447-6449.

### Staudinger Reaction Mechanism:

