## ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS

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**Bhupinder Madan and Kim Sharp\*:** Heat Capacity Changes Accompanying Hydrophobic and Ionic Solvation: A Monte-Carlo and Random Network Model Study

Page 7713. In this work<sup>1</sup> we described the application of the Random Network (RN) model of Henn and Kauzmann<sup>2</sup> to the calculation of hydration heat capacities of solutes. An equation of state for the heat capacity in this model may be derived from the temperature derivative of either the enthalpy or entropy

$$C_p = \frac{\partial H}{\partial T} = T \frac{\partial S}{\partial T} \tag{1}$$

We presented an expression for the heat capacity derived from Henn and Kauzmann's expression for enthalpy  $(C_p^H)$ . An expression for the heat capacity may also be derived from their equation of state for entropy as

$$C_p^{S} = \frac{0.2783kT}{(\theta^2 + \theta_o^2)} + \frac{(1.648 - 0.5538d) \times 10^{-3}kT}{(s_o^2 + s^2)} - k\sum_{i=1}^{6} \frac{h\nu_i}{2kT} \left( \frac{h}{2k} \frac{\partial \nu_i}{\partial T} - \frac{h\nu_i}{2kT} \right) / \sinh^2 \left( \frac{h\nu_i}{2kT} \right)$$
(2)

where

$$v_i = v_i^0 / \exp(3.777 \times 10^{-4} \theta^2 + 1.015(d - 2.75))$$
 (3)

$$\frac{\partial \nu_i}{\partial T} = -3.86 \times 10^{-4} \nu_i \tag{4}$$

The three terms in eq 2 describe contributions from hydrogen bond (H-bond) bending, stretching, and vibrations, respectively, k is the Boltzmann constant, *T* is temperature, and *h* is the Planck constant. The H-bond structural parameters d (mean H-bond length), s (standard deviation in H-bond length), and  $\theta$  (root mean square H-bond angle) are obtained from explicit water simulations. Henn and Kauzmann's values for the reference point standard deviation and rms angle,  $s_0$  and  $\theta_0$ , are 0.09 Å and 2.93°, respectively, and for the six reference point water vibrational frequencies,  $v_i^0$ , are 555, 660, 840, 60, 230, 315 cm<sup>-1</sup>.<sup>2</sup> The numerical constants in the first two terms of eq 2 and in eq 4 account for the temperature dependence of d, s, and  $\theta$  as determined in ref 1. The expression for heat capacity contributions from H-bond stretching, bending, and vibration derived from the entropy,  $C_p^S$ , is somewhat simpler than that obtained from the enthalpy,  $C_p^H$ . Hence we used  $C_p^S$  rather than  $C_p^H$  to extract numerical values of hydration heat capacities of solutes from the simulation data. It subsequently came to our attention that because S and H are derived independently in the random network model, rather than from a single expression for the partition function or  $\Delta G$ , the numerical values of  $C_p^S$  and  $C_p^H$ may differ significantly. To reproduce the published values of hydration  $C_p$  from our simulation results, the reader must have the expression for  $C_p^S$ , which we provide here.

## References

- (1) Madan, B.; Sharp, K. A. J. Phys. Chem. 1996, 100, 7713-21.
- (2) Henn, A. R.; Kauzmann, W. J. Phys. Chem. **1989**, 93, 3770–3783.

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