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Synthesis and X-Ray Structure of μ-Carbonyl-bis-μ-hexafluoroisopropylidenamido-hexacarbonyldimanganese. An Analogue of Enneacarbonyldi-iron having Unsymmetrically Bridging Ligands

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Summary We report the synthesis of μ -carbonyl-bis- μ -hexafluoroisopropylidenamido-hexacarbonyldimanganese, a structural analogue of enneacarbonyldi-iron having unsymmetrically bridging ligands.

There is considerable current interest in the methylen-amido-derivatives of transition metals. The $\mathrm{CH_2=N}$ group can behave either as a formally three-electron donor, in which it can take both terminal^{1,2} and bridging^{1,3} roles, or as a formally one-electron donor.^{4,5} The hexafluoroisopropylidenamido ligand has previously been reported in the role of a terminal ligand,⁵ and we now report the bridging mode of this ligand along with the first methylenamido-complexes of manganese.

 $Me_3Sn-N=C(CF_3)_2$, $extit{e}$ Et₃Sn-N=C(CF₃)₂, and LiN=C(CF₃)₂ $extit{e}$, each react with $[Mn(CO)_5Br]$ to form a binuclear complex which contains bridging methylenamido-ligands.

 $(M = Me_3Sn, Et_3Sn, and Li)$

The molecular geometry of $[Mn_2\{(CF_3)_2(C=N)_2(CO)_7]$ has been determined unambiguously by a single-crystal X-ray diffraction study.

Crystal data: $C_{13}F_{12}Mn_2N_2O_7$, $M = 634\cdot0$, monoclinic, space group $P2_1/c$ [C_{2h}^5 ; No. 14]; cell dimensions (at $20\cdot6$ °C): $a = 9\cdot298(5)$, $b = 26\cdot614(19)$, $c = 9\cdot543(8)$ Å,

 $\beta = 121\cdot00(5)^{\circ}$, $U = 2022\cdot2$ ų, $D_{\rm m} = 2\cdot06$, $D_{\rm c} = 2\cdot08$ g cm³, Z = 4, μ (Mo- K_{α}) = $14\cdot67$ cm¹.

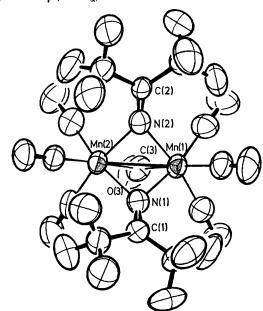


FIGURE. The molecular geometry of [Mn₂{(CF₃)₂C=N₂ (CO)₇]

Intensity data to $2\theta = 45^{\circ}$ (Mo- K_{α} radiation) were collected with a Picker FACS-1 automated diffractometer and the structure was solved by Patterson, Fourier, and least-squares refinement techniques. All atoms have been accurately located, the final R-values being 10.9% for all 2630 reflections and 5.2% for the 1512 reflections for which $I > 3\sigma(I)$.

The molecular geometry, shown in the Figure, resembles that of enneacarbonyldi-iron⁸ insofar as the complex is a member of the $(OC)_3M(\mu-X)_3M(CO)_3$ family. The two methylenamido-bridges presumably behave as formally three electron donors. This, along with the donation of two electrons from each carbonyl ligand, and a manganesemanganese bond [Mn(1)-Mn(2) = 2.518(2) Å], allows each metal atom to attain the appropriate 'noble-gas' configuration.

However, the molecule contains a unexpected feature in that the bridging carbonyl ligand is grossly unsymmetrical $[Mn(1)-C(3) = 1.944(9), Mn(2)-C(3) = 2.173(9) \text{ Å}; \angle Mn(1)-C(3) = 2.173(9) \text{ Å}; \angle Mn(1)$ $\angle Mn(2)-C(3)-O(3) = 133\cdot8(7)^{\circ}$]. $C(3)-O(3) = 151\cdot 0(8)$ The unsymmetrical bridging carbonyl group is apparently balanced electronically by a smaller and opposing distortion of the μ -amido-ligands, viz., Mn(1)-N(1)=2.021(7) and Mn(1)-N(2) = 2.036(7) Å, vs. Mn(2)-N(1) = 1.999(7) andMn(2)-N(2) = 1.972(7) Å. Angles at the nitrogen atoms are consistent with this interpretation, with those from $Mn(1) \left[/ Mn(1) - N(1) - C(1) \right] = 142.7(6)^{\circ} \text{ and } / Mn(1) - N(2) - C(1) = 142.7(6)^{\circ}$

 $C(2) = 141.8(6)^{\circ}$ being larger than those from Mn(2) [\angle $Mn(2)-N(1)-C(1) = 139.7(6)^{\circ}$ and /Mn(2)-N(2)-C(2) = $140 \cdot 3(6)^{\circ}$]. Bridging angles are: / Mn(1) - N(1) - Mn(2) =77.6(3), $\angle Mn(1)-N(2)-Mn(2) = 77.9(3)$, and $\angle Mn(1)-C(3) Mn(2) = 75 \cdot 2(3)^{\circ}$.

We note that 'grossly unsymmetrical' or 'semi-bridging' carbonyl groups have been reported previously.9 However, in no previously reported case has the asymmetry of a bridging carbonyl group been compensated by a contrary asymmetry in another type of bridging ligand.

The unsymmetrical location of C(3)-O(3) is further reflected in the Mn-CO distances trans to it. Thus, Mn(1)-CO(trans) = 1.869(10) Å while Mn(2)-CO(trans) = 1.800(9) Å; also $/C(3)-Mn(1)-CO(trans) = 169.7(4)^{\circ}$ as opposed to $\angle C(3)$ -Mn(2)-CO(trans) = $166.4(4)^{\circ}$. For comparison, we note that the remaining Mn-CO distances range from 1.789(10) to 1.833(10) Å.

Distances within the ligands are as expected, with N(1)-C(1) = 1.259(9) and N(2)-C(2) = 1.258(9) Å; the C(3)-O(3)bond length is 1.154(9) Å.

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