

Cycloaddition Reactions of Tropone with Enamines

By MASAJI ODA, MAKOTO FUNAMIZU, and YOSHIO KITAHARA*

(Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Tohoku University, Sendai, 980, Japan)

WE report on the reactions of tropone (I) with enamines. Reaction with 1-morpholinocyclohexene (II) without solvent (or in EtOH, C_6H_6 or tetrahydrofuran) at room temperature gave a 1:1 addition product (III) (77% yield), m.p. 103—104°, ν_{\max} (KBr) 3030, 3015, 1631, 1617, 1196, 1118, 790, and 702 cm^{-1} , λ_{\max} (cyclohexane) 213 (ϵ 21,900) and 307 (4140) nm. The i.r. and u.v. data are comparable with those of 1-ethoxycycloheptatriene,¹ indicating the presence of a 1-alkoxycycloheptatriene moiety in (III). The n.m.r. spectrum (Table) further confirmed the structure. The large coupling constant (9.2 Hz.) between 7-H and 8-H suggests a *cis*-relationship between these protons. 8-H and the

morpholino-group are probably *cis*, as the *trans*-form cannot be constructed from Dreiding models. Compound (III) was easily hydrolysed by dilute mineral acids to give a diketone 2-(2'-oxocyclohexyl)cyclohepta-3,5-dien-1-one (IV) (89% yield), m.p. 108—109°, ν_{\max} (KBr) 3025, 1705, 1597, and 705 cm^{-1} ; λ_{\max} (EtOH) 235 (ϵ 5350) and 285 (550) nm.; n.m.r. (100 MHz., $CDCl_3$) τ 3.76 (m, 4-H, 5-H), 4.22 (ddd, 11.0, 6.7, 3.8, 6-H), 4.52 (dd, 10.5, 5.2, 3-H), 6.4—7.1 (m, 7a- and 7b-H, 2-H, 1-H) and 7.5—8.9 (m, 8H). Hydrogenation (Pd/C) of (IV) gave a tetrahydro-compound (V); colourless liquid; i.r., carbonyl at 1715 (six-membered) and 1698 cm^{-1} (seven-membered). Hydrolysis of (III) with

Compound	Proton assignment	Chemical shift (τ)	Multiplicity	Coupling constants (Hz.)
(III)	2-H	4.40	dt	$J_{2,3} = 6.2$
	3—5-H	3.60—4.05	m	$J_{2,4} = J_{2,7} = 1.5$
	6-H	5.14	ddd	$J_{5,6} = 10.0$
	7-H	ca. 7.2	—	$J_{6,7} = 3.5$
	8-H	7.48	ddd	$J_{4,6} = 1.5$
	Morpholino-group	7.8—8.7	m (8H)	$J_{7,8} = 9.2$
		6.35	m (4H)	
		7.20	m (4H)	
(IX)	1-H	6.85	ddd	$J_{1,3} = 2.3, J_{5,9} = 3.0$
	3-H	4.25	ddd	$J_{3,4} = 11.3, J_{7,8} = 1.0$
	4-H	3.10	dd	$J_{4,5} = 8.7, J_{8,9} = 7.0$
	5-H	6.60	dddd	$J_{3,5} = 0.5, J_{8,Me} = 6.8$
	6-H	3.43	ddd	$J_{5,6} = 7.0$
	7-H	4.01	dddd	
	8-H	8.06	bq	
	9-H	7.56	dd	
	CH ₃	8.83	d	
	Morpholino-group	6.35	m(4H)	$J_{6,7} = 8.2$
		7.2—7.8	m(4H)	$J_{1,7} = 7.2$
				$J_{1,6} = J_{5,7} = 1.0$
				$J_{1,8} \text{ ca. } 0.5$

(I)

(II) $R^1, R^2 = -[CH_2]_4-, R^3 = H$

(VI) $R^1, R^2 = -[CH_2]_3-, R^3 = H$

(VIII) $R^1 = R^3 = H, R^2 = Me$

(IX) $R^1 = R^3 = H, R^2 = Me$

(III) $R^1, R^2 = -[CH_2]_4-, R^3 = H$

(VII) $R^1, R^2 = -[CH_2]_3-, R^3 = H$

HX (DX)

(D)

(IV) $R^1, R^2 = -[CH_2]_4-, R^3 = H$

Possible mechanisms for these addition reactions are shown in the Scheme.

² T. Nozoe, T. Mukai, T. Nagase, and Y. Toyooka, *Bull. Chem. Soc. Japan*, 1960, **33**, 1247.