

**Erratum: Structural characterization of C60 and C70 fullerenes by smallangle neutron scattering [J. Chem. Phys. 99, 9224 (1993)]**

K. A. Affholter, S. J. Henderson, G. D. Wignall, G. J. Bunick, R. E. Haufler, and R. N. Compton

Citation: *The Journal of Chemical Physics* **103**, 8783 (1995); doi: 10.1063/1.470738

View online: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.470738>

View Table of Contents: <http://scitation.aip.org/content/aip/journal/jcp/103/19?ver=pdfcov>

Published by the [AIP Publishing](#)

---

**Articles you may be interested in**

Erratum: "Small-angle neutron scattering in materials science: Recent practical applications" [J. Appl. Phys. 102, 021101 (2007)]

J. Appl. Phys. **103**, 039902 (2008); 10.1063/1.2840127

Small-angle neutron scattering measurements for the characterization of lithographically prepared structures

AIP Conf. Proc. **550**, 357 (2001); 10.1063/1.1354424

Characterization of fullerenes and fullerene derivatives by small-angle neutron scattering and transmission measurements

J. Chem. Phys. **111**, 4724 (1999); 10.1063/1.479234

Erratum: Fluxionality and lowlying transition structures of the water trimer [J. Chem. Phys. 99, 5228 (1993)]

J. Chem. Phys. **100**, 1780 (1994); 10.1063/1.467292

Structural characterization of C60 and C70 fullerenes by smallangle neutron scattering

J. Chem. Phys. **99**, 9224 (1993); 10.1063/1.465538

---



# LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

The Letters to the Editor section is divided into four categories entitled Communications, Notes, Comments, and Errata. Communications are limited to three and one half journal pages, and Notes, Comments, and Errata are limited to one and three-fourths journal pages as described in the Announcement in the 1 July 1995 issue.

## ERRATA

### Erratum: Structural characterization of C<sub>60</sub> and C<sub>70</sub> fullerenes by small-angle neutron scattering [J. Chem. Phys. 99, 9224 (1993)]

K. A. Affholter

Chemical Technology Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, P.O. Box 2008, Oak Ridge, Tennessee 37831

S. J. Henderson

Biology Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, P.O. Box 2008, Oak Ridge, Tennessee 37831

G. D. Wignall

Solid State Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, P.O. Box 2008, Oak Ridge, Tennessee 37831

G. J. Bunick

Biology Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, P.O. Box 2008, Oak Ridge, Tennessee 37831

R. E. Haufler and R. N. Compton

Health and Science Research Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, P.O. Box 2008, Oak Ridge, Tennessee 37831

The first paragraph of Sec. V "Discussion," "Table II," and the Abstract in this paper contain errors so are reproduced below in their correct form. We thank Herbert Smoren for bringing these errors in the original manuscript to our attention.

In the Abstract, change "similar" on line 10 to "8% higher."

In Sec. V "Discussion," replace the first paragraph with this paragraph as well as Table II:

The weighted rms distance of all scattering elements from the center of gravity ( $R_g$ ) can be calculated for simple geometrical bodies such as hollow spheres and ellipsoids with known inner and outer radii. We used the atomic dimensions given in Refs. 18 and 19 in conjunction with a Monte Carlo (MC) shape modeling program,<sup>20</sup> which calculates  $I(Q)$  profiles for any geometrical shape. The C<sub>60</sub> is modeled as spherical shells and the C<sub>70</sub> is modeled as a combination of hemispherical shells and cylindrical shells. This led to model values of 3.48 and 3.75 Å for C<sub>60</sub> and C<sub>70</sub>, respectively, at  $q=0$ . These model values increase when calculated for the actual  $q$ -range used in the experimental measurements to 3.55 and 3.82 Å, respectively. Thus, the observed dimensions are close, yet systematically higher (+8%) to those estimated from the known structure of fullerenes (see Table II). This lends support to the idea that SANS can characterize the dimensions of such particles, along with any changes introduced by atomic substitution, polymerization, addition reactions, etc.

TABLE II. A comparison of measured and calculated dimensions and cross sections for C<sub>60</sub> and C<sub>70</sub> fullerenes.

	C <sub>60</sub> 7.75 mg/ml	C <sub>60</sub> 5.45 mg/ml	C <sub>70</sub> 7.59 mg/ml	C <sub>70</sub> 4.78 mg/ml
$R_g$ (Å) (experiment)	3.80	3.85	4.14	4.10
$R_g$ (Å) (model)	3.55	3.55	3.82	3.82
$10^3 d\Sigma/d\Omega$ (cm <sup>-1</sup> ) (expt)	7.20	4.61	8.11	4.18
$10^3 d\Sigma/d\Omega$ (cm <sup>-1</sup> ) (mod)	7.21	5.07	8.26	5.20

In the References, change Ref. 20 to:

<sup>20</sup>S. J. Henderson, Biophys. J. (to be published).