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# Design and Synthesis of Pyrido[2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazine Library via 2 Uncatalyzed Mannich-Type Reaction

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- Supporting Information

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ABSTRACT: This Research Article describes the synthesis of an over 700-member library of (8R/8S)-3-R-8-aryl-6-oxo-3,4,7,8-tetrahydro-2H,6H-pyrido [2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazin-9-carbonitriles by uncatalyzed Mannich-type reaction of Nmethylmorpholinium (4R/4S)-4-aryl-3-cyano-6-oxo-1,4,5,6tetrahydropyridin-2-thiolates with a set of primary amines



and excessive HCHO. The scope and limitations of the reaction were studied. Starting thiolates were obtained in yields of 53-82% by multicomponent reaction of aromatic aldehydes, cyanothioacetamide, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione (Meldrum's acid), and N-methylmorpholine, followed by heterocyclization of the resulting Michael adducts.

**KEYWORDS:** uncatalyzed Mannich-type reaction, cyanothioacetamide, Meldrum's acid, tetrahydropyridine-2-thiolates, aminomethylation, pyrido[2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazines

#### INTRODUCTION

21 1,3,5-Thiadiazines have attracted considerable attention over 22 the years because of their biological activities and applications 23 in medicine and agriculture (for reviews on the 1,3,5-thiadiazine 24 chemistry, see refs 1-3). 1,3,5-Thiadiazines are known as 25 antidermatophites, 4,5 antifungal and fungistatic agents, 6-14 antimicrobials and bactericides, <sup>15-23</sup> antifibrinolytic agents, <sup>24-27</sup> tuberculostatics, <sup>28-31</sup> etc. Thiadiazines are widely used as insecticides. <sup>32</sup> 2-tert-Butylimino-3-isopropyl-5-phenyl-29 3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2*H*-1,3,5-thiadiazin-4-one, also known as 30 buprofezin or Applaud (Figure 1), was found to be the most 31 active growth regulator on the greenhouse whitefly (Trialeur-32 odes vaporariorum) and the brown planthopper (Nilaparvata 33 lugens), which is regarded as one of the most serious insect 34 pests in rice fields.<sup>33</sup> Buprofezin acts on the insects by strong 35 suppression of oviposition because of the inhibition of

> Buprofezin Dazomet/DMTT Dibenzthion NIP-200

Figure 1. Biologically active 1,3,5-thiadiazines.

prostaglandin E2 biosynthesis<sup>34</sup> and by inhibition of chitin 36 biosynthesis and integumentary cuticule deposition. 35,36 Re- 37 cently, buprofezin has been found to be an acetylcholinesterase 38 inhibitor in B-biotype Bemisia tabaci.<sup>37</sup> Another widely used 39 compound is tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thi- 40 one, also known under names Dazomet, Basamid, Mylone, 41 Thiazone, Carbothialdine, or DMTT (Figure 1), which is a soil 42 fumigant and used as a powerful insecticide, papermaking 43 slimicide and nematicide, fungicide, and herbicide for cabbage, 44 cucumber, maize, potato, and tomato plants. 38-44 Dazomet also 45 behaves as a monodentate ligand toward some metal 46 carbonyls. 45 In addition, Dazomet have been reported to 47 possess an ovicidal effect on helminths eggs. 46 Another 48 bioactive 1,3,5-thiadiazine, NIP-200 (3,5-dimethyl-4,6-diphen-49 yl-tetrahydro-2H-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione, Figure 1) is a 50 potent hypolipidemic agent increasing the synthesis of bile 51 acids as a result of the activation of cholesterol  $7\alpha$ -hydroxylase, 52 the rate-limiting enzyme in the conversion of cholesterol to bile 53 acids.<sup>47</sup> 3,5-Dibenzyltetrahydro-2*H*-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione 54 (D47, Dibenzthion) is an antimycotic agent useful for 55 treatment of dermatomycoses.48-51

One of the most effective approaches to 1,3,5-thiadiazines is 57 based on the double Mannich-type reaction of thioamides, 58 dithiocarbamates or related S,N-binucleophilic species with 59 primary amines and formaldehyde.  $^{1-3}$  Cyclic thioamides ( $\gamma$ - 60 and  $\delta$ -thiolactams, 2-mercaptoazoles, -azines, or their 2-61

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62 thioxotautomers) can also be successfully employed in this 63 reaction, giving rise to a variety of ring-condensed 1,3,5-64 thiadiazines. In fact, the related syntheses of 1,2,4-triazolo[3,4-65 b][1,3,5]thiadiazines,  $^{52-60}$  imidazo[2,1-b][1,3,5]-66 thiadiazines,  $^{61,62}$  1,2,4-triazino[3,2-b][1,3,5]thiadiazines,  $^{61}$  67 thiazolo[3',4':1,5][1,2,4]triazolo[3,4-b][1,3,5]thiadiazines,  $^{63}$  68 1,3,5-thiadiazino[3,2-a]benzimidazoles,  $^{64}$  cyclopenta[g]pyrido-69 [2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazines,  $^{65}$  bis(pyrido[2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazines,  $^{67}$  and pyrimido[4,3-b][1,3,5]thiadiazines,  $^{68}$  have been reported 72 (Scheme 1).

# Scheme 1. Diversity of Ring-Condensed 1,3,5-Thiadiazines

However, despite the diversity and availability of ring74 condensed 1,3,5-thiadiazines, their use and applicability is much
75 less studied. Thus, pyrazolo [1,5-c] [1,3,5] thiadiazine-2-diones
76 1 (Figure 2) have been reported as effective fungicides  $^{71-73}$  and
77 photosynthetic electron transport inhibitors.  $^{74,75}$  1,2,4-Triazolo78 [3,4-b] [1,3,5] thiadiazines 2 were recognized as antibacterial
79 agents,  $^{52-55}$  while their oxo-analogs 3 showed moderate
80 insecticidal activity. In addition, 3-azacephalosporins 4
81 showed antibacterial activity,  $^{77}$  and imidazo- and pyrimido82 [2,1-b] [1,3,5] thiadiazines 5 were recognized as insecti-

Figure 2. Biologically active ring-condensed 1,3,5-thiadiazines.

cides.<sup>78–80</sup> Recently we found that pyrido[2,1-b][1,3,5]- 83 thiadiazine **6** and related compounds showed significant 84 inhibition against tick-borne encephalitis virus and Powassan 85 virus.<sup>81</sup> Encouraged by this success, we turned our attention to 86 the synthesis of related pyrido[2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazines in 87 regard to library construction.

As we have shown in preliminary communications, <sup>82,83</sup> these <sup>89</sup> pyrido[2,1-*b*][1,3,5]thiadiazines could be easily prepared by <sup>90</sup> Mannich-type reaction of *N*-methylmorpholinium 4-aryl-6-oxo- <sup>91</sup> 3-cyano-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-2-thiolates 7 with primary <sup>92</sup> amines and excess formaldehyde (Scheme 2). This effective and <sup>93</sup> <sup>82</sup>

#### Scheme 2. Synthesis of Pyrido [2,1-b][1,3,5] thiadiazines 8

time-saving protocol is based on the use of inexpensive, readily 94 available building blocks. In contrast to related double Mannich 95 reactions,  $^{52-60}$  no catalyst is required for this process. In most 96 cases, the obtained pyrido[2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazines 8 were 97 pure enough for analytical purposes that allowed us to exclude 98 any purification steps. These results prompted us to study the 99 scope and limitations of the reaction.

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# ■ RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In the current study, we report an optimized protocol for the 102 synthesis of 700+ membered library of 3-R-8-aryl-6-oxo-3,4,7,8- 103 tetrahydro-2*H*,6*H*-pyrido[2,1-*b*][1,3,5]thiadiazine-9-carboni- 104 triles  $8\{1-47,1-31\}$ , employing a small library of N- 105 methylmorpholinium 4-aryl-6-oxo-3-cyano-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro- 106 pyridine-2-thiolates 7{1-47} (Table 1), 37% aq. HCHO and 107 tl a set of various primary amines  $9\{1-31\}$  (Figure 3). The 108 f3 required thiolates  $7\{1-47\}$  are easily accessible by one-pot 109 condensation of aromatic aldehydes, cyanothioacetamide 10 110 and Meldrum's acid (2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione) 11 in 111 the presence of N-methylmorpholine following the consequent 112 cyclization of the isolable Michael adduct, N-methylmorpholi- 113 nium 5-(3-amino-1-aryl-2-cyano-3-thioxopropyl)-2,2-dimethyl- 114 4-oxo-4H-1,3-dioxin-6-olate 12, as outlined in Scheme 3. 81-90 115 s3 As the starting 1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-2-thiolates 7 have 116 been prepared as racemic mixtures of (4R)- and (4S)- 117 enantiomers, all the pyrido[2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazine-9-carbon- 118 itriles 8 also were obtained as mixtures of (8R)- and (8S)- 119 isomers.

We found that 1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-2-thiolates  $7\{1-12147\}$  easily react with primary amines  $9\{1-31\}$  and excess 37% 122 aqueous formaldehyde under short-term heating in EtOH to 123 give 3-R-8-aryl-6-oxo-3,4,7,8-2H,6H-pyrido[2,1-b][1,3,5]-124 thiadiazine-9-carbonitriles  $8\{1-47,1-31\}$  (Scheme 3). Presum-125 ably, the reaction proceeds through the formation of non-126 isolable intermediate 13. The order of mixing of the reactants 127 does not exert a noticeable influence on the yields of the final 128 products. Thus, when a suspension of thiolate  $7\{2\}$  in EtOH 129 was treated consecutively with 4.2 equiv of 37% HCHO and 1.1 130 equiv of PhCH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> 9 $\{3\}$ , thiadiazine  $\{2,3\}$  was obtained in 131 83% yield. Alternatively, when a hot solution of thiolate  $7\{2\}$  in 132 aq. EtOH was added to the mixture of HCHO and 133 benzylamine in EtOH, thiadiazine  $\{2,3\}$  yielded in 77%. 134 EtOH is the solvent of choice since thiolates 7 were found to be 135

Table 1. Diversity and Yields of 4-Aryl-6-oxo-3-cyano-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-2-thiolates 7

	•	•	• • • •	•	1,		
entry	compound	Ar	yield	entry	compound	Ar	yield
1	7{1}	Ph	67 <sup>a</sup>	24	7{24}	$2-NO_2C_6H_4$	57 <sup>d</sup>
2	7{2}	$2\text{-MeC}_6H_4$	71 <sup>b</sup>	25	7{25}	$3-NO_2C_6H_4$	64
3	7{3}	$4-MeC_6H_4$	71 <sup>a</sup>	26	7{26}	$4-NO_2C_6H_4$	73
4	$7{4}$	$4-EtC_6H_4$	68	27	7{27}	4-MeSC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	83
5	7{5}	$4$ - $i$ -PrC $_6$ H $_4$	70	28	7{28}	3-PhCH <sub>2</sub> OC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	68 <sup>g</sup>
6	$7{6}$	2-ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	73 <sup>c</sup>	29	7{29}	4-PhCH <sub>2</sub> OC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	$78^{g}$
7	<b>7</b> {7}	4-ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	79	30	7{30}	$5$ -Br- $2$ -MeOC <sub><math>6</math></sub> H $_3$	76
8	7{8}	$2\text{-FC}_6\text{H}_4$	76	31	7{31}	$3$ -Br- $4$ -MeOC <sub><math>6</math></sub> H $_3$	73
9	7{9}	$3-FC_6H_4$	69	32	7{32}	2-furyl	55 <sup>f</sup>
10	7{10}	$4-FC_6H_4$	71 <sup>d</sup>	33	7{33}	5-Me-2-furyl	53
11	7{11}	3-BrC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	61	34	7{34}	2-thienyl	$71^e$
12	7{12}	2-Cl-6-FC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub>	75	35	7{35}	3-Me-2-thienyl	57
13	7{13}	$2,6-Cl_2C_6H_3$	62	36	7{36}	4-HO-3-MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub>	76
14	7{14}	2-MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	78 <sup>h</sup>	37	7{37}	4-HO-3-EtOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub>	82
15	7{15}	4-MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	$72^e$	38	7{38}	$4$ -EtO- $3$ -MeOC <sub><math>6</math></sub> H $_3$	69
16	7{16}	2-EtOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	80 <sup>f</sup>	39	7{39}	3-Br-4-HO-5-MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	74
17	7{17}	$3,4-(MeO)_2C_6H_3$	70 <sup>a</sup>	40	7{40}	3-Br-4-HO-5-EtOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	69
18	7{18}	$2,5-(MeO)_2C_6H_3$	70 <sup>a</sup>	41	7{41}	1-naphthyl	72 <sup>a</sup>
19	7{19}	$2,4-(MeO)_2C_6H_3$	$82^d$	42	7{42}	2-MeO-1-naphthyl	65
20	7{20}	$2,3-(MeO)_2C_6H_3$	70	43	7{43}	4-(4-ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O)C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	77 <sup>g</sup>
21	7{21}	$3,4-(OCH_2O)C_6H_3$	79 <sup>a</sup>	44	7{44}	4-PhCH <sub>2</sub> O-3-MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub>	75 <sup>g</sup>
22	7{22}	$2,4,5-(MeO)_3C_6H_2$	71	45	7{45}	4-(2-ClC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O)C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	57
23	7{23}	$3,4,5-(MeO)_3C_6H_2$	67 <sup>a</sup>	46	7{46}	4-EtOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	65 <sup>a</sup>
		· · · · · · ·		47	7{47}	$3-MeOC_6H_4$	68

<sup>a</sup>Ref 89. <sup>b</sup>Ref 82. <sup>c</sup>Ref 84. <sup>d</sup>Ref 83. <sup>e</sup>Ref 85. <sup>f</sup>Ref 90. <sup>g</sup>Ref 81. <sup>h</sup>Ref 86.

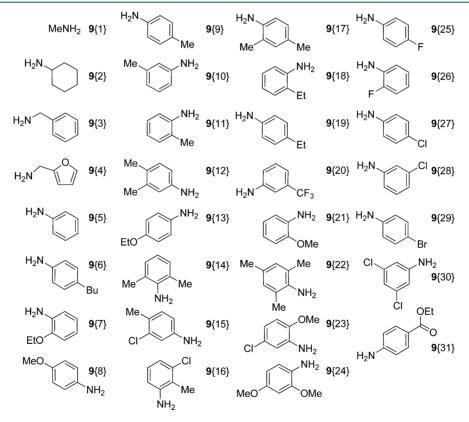


Figure 3. Diversity of primary amines 9.

 $_{136}$  less soluble in higher alcohols, whereas lower yields of  $_{137}$  thiadiazines 8 were obtained with MeOH. Both aliphatic and  $_{138}$  aromatic primary amines reacted under these conditions. 139 However, we did not succeed to obtain pyridothiadiazines 8

from anilines bearing strong electron-withdrawing substituents  $_{140}$  (e.g.,  $NO_2$ , CN, Ac, PhC(O)) in ortho- or para-position to  $_{141}$  amino group, heterocyclic amines (e.g., Gewald's 2-amino-  $_{142}$  thiophenes, 2-aminopyridines, 2-aminothiazoles) and amino  $_{143}$ 

144 acids ( $\alpha$ - and  $\beta$ -alanines). Unsatisfactory results were also 145 obtained in the case of most sterically hindered amines, such as 146 2,6-dimethylaniline 9{14}, 2-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> 9{21}, 5-Cl-2-147 MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> 9{23}, 2-CF<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, tert-butylamine, and 2-148 ethyl-6-methylaniline. Meanwhile, 2-EtOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> 9{7}, mesi-149 dine 9{22}, and 2-alkylanilines 9{11,16,17,18} showed good 150 reactivity.

The scope of the reaction is limited to the use of formaldehyde only. Under these conditions, aliphatic aldehydes are known to react in different ways: thus, as we have shown the before, the reaction of thiolates 7 with primary amines 9 and iso isobutyraldehyde leads to thiazolo[3,2-a]pyridines 14 (Scheme 156 4). The reaction of thiolate 7{6} with acetaldehyde and alkyl

Scheme 4. Reaction of Thiolates 7 with Amines 9 and Various Aldehydes

RNH<sub>2</sub>, *i*-PrCHO
EtOH, reflux
Ref. 91

Ar

$$Ar$$
 $Ar$ 
 $Ar$ 

157 amines led to appearance of cherry red coloration and resulted 158 in the formation of tars, probably due to aldol-type 159 condensations of  $\mathrm{CH_3CHO}$  promoted by amines. The product 160 of the reaction of thiolate  $7\{15\}$  with p-toluidine and 161 benzaldehyde consists of a red tarry mass, while the reaction 162 with benzylamine and  $4\mathrm{-ClC_6H_4CHO}$ ,  $4\mathrm{-MeOC_6H_4CHO}$  or 163 furfural afforded colorless crystalline solids, which appeared to 164 be the same compound, benzylammonium salt 15. The 165 prolonged heating did not result in the formation of any 166 Mannich-type products with thiolates 7.

The structure of thiolate component is another key factor which has strong influence on the reaction outcome. As we have reported earlier,  $^{92-94}$  those 1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-2-170 thiolates that bear an electron-withdrawing group (C $\equiv$ N, 171 CO<sub>2</sub>R) at C-5 position under the same conditions gave no 172 1,3,5-thiadiazine derivatives but readily underwent the double 173 Mannich-type reaction at C-3 and C-5 to afford 3,7-174 diazabicyclo[3,3,1]nonanes 16 (Scheme 5). In contrast, the 175 aminomethylation of thiolates 7 proceeds with high regiose-176 lectivity to give no C-3 attacked products, even in trace

Scheme 5. Aminomethylation of C-5 Substituted 1,4,5,6-Tetrahydropyridine-2-thiolates

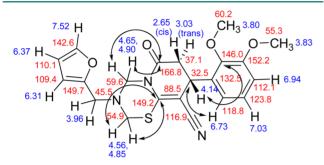
amounts. We were a bit surprised by the fact that the yields of 177 pyrido[2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazines 8 are dependent on the nature 178 of an aromatic substituent at C-4 position of starting thiolate 7. 179 The worst results were obtained with thiolates  $7\{24-26,32,34\}$  180 (Ar = 2-NO<sub>2</sub>Ph, 3-NO<sub>2</sub>Ph, 4-NO<sub>2</sub>Ph, 2-furyl, 2-thienyl).

Overall, pyridothiadiazines 8 were obtained in yields ranging 182 from poor to excellent, depending mostly on the nature of 183 primary amine and thiolate. Table S1 (Supporting Information) 184 gives a few representative examples of how the yields of 185 pyridothiadiazines 8 depend on the nature of the reagents.

N-Methylmorpholinium 4-aryl-6-oxo-3-cyano-1,4,5,6-tetrahy- 187 dropyridine-2-thiolates  $7\{1-47\}$  are yellow or orange crystal- 188 line solids, soluble in hot aqueous EtOH but insoluble in 189 acetone and cold EtOH. Pyridothiadiazines 8 are colorless or 190 slightly yellowish crystalline solids, stable in neutral media, 191 soluble in hot acetone, EtOAc, DMF or DMSO, but sparingly 192 soluble in ether or alcohols. Compounds 8 are quite stable but 193 decompose when treated with AcOH or diluted strong acids to 194 form a complex mixture of *retro*-Mannich products. On the 195 other hand, 1,3,5-thiadiazine ring may be cleaved with 196 hydrazine hydrate to give after further heterocyclization the 197 known 95 pyrazolopyridines of general structure 17. Thus, when 198 compound  $8\{6,9\}$  was reacted with excessive  $N_2H_4\cdot H_2O$  in hot 199 EtOH, pyrazolopyridine 17a (Ar = 2-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>) was obtained in 200 36% yield (Scheme 6).

Scheme 6. Reactions of Pyridothiadiazines 8

Starting 1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-2-thiolates 7 and pyrido203 [2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazines 8 were characterized by ¹H NMR
204 and IR spectroscopy. In the IR spectra of compounds 8, strong
205 absorptions at 1675−1690 and 2190−2205 cm⁻¹ were detected
206 because of the C≡O and conjugated C≡N groups,
207 respectively. 1D NMR (¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, ¹³C DEPT
208 NMR) and 2D NMR experiments (¹H⁻¹H COSY, ¹H,¹³C209 HMBC, and ¹H,¹³C-HSQC) were used for the complete and
210 unambiguous ¹H and ¹³C chemical shift assignments for
211 selected compound, 3-(2-furylmethyl)-8-(2,3-dimethoxyphen212 yl)-6-oxo-3,4,7,8-tetrahydro-2H,6H-pyrido[2,1-b][1,3,5]213 thiadiazine-9-carbonitrile 8{20,4} (Figure 4). Full set of data of
214 homo- and heteronuclear correlations is given in the
215 Supporting Information, Table S2.



**Figure 4.** Assignment of signals and key <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC correlations for compound **8**{20,4}.

In conclusion, an efficient and simple method for the preparation of  $3\text{-}R\text{-}8\text{-}\text{aryl-}6\text{-}\text{oxo-}3,4,7,8\text{-}\text{tetrahydro-}2H,6H-18 pyrido}[2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazine-9-carbonitriles <math>8\{1-47,1-31\}$  using readily available starting materials by Mannich-type reaction is reported. A small library of N-methylmorpholinium 221 4-aryl-6-oxo-3-cyano-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-2-thiolates  $7\{1-47\}$ , 37% aq. HCHO and primary amines  $9\{1-31\}$  were used as starting compounds. The developed method requires no catalyst and usually gives acceptable yields of pure pyridothiadiazines.

#### EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURES

227 The <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of thiolates 7 and 228 pyridothiadiazines 8 were performed on Bruker DRX-500 229 instrument (500.13 and 125.76 MHz for <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C, 230 respectively) in DMSO- $d_6$  using residual solvent peak ( $\delta$  2.49 231 ppm; 39.50 ppm for <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C, respectively) as reference or 232 with Me<sub>4</sub>Si as the internal standard. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of 233 benzylammonium salt 15 were recorded on a Bruker DRX-400 234 instrument (400.40 MHz) and <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 235 pyrazolopyridine 17a was recorded on a Varian Gemini 200 236 instrument (199.975 MHz) in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>. NMR experiments 237 for compound 8{20,4} were performed on a Bruker Avance II 400 instrument (400.13 and 100.62 MHz for <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C 239 respectively) in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> or CCl<sub>4</sub>-DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> with Me<sub>4</sub>Si as 240 the internal standard. Data are reported as follows: chemical 241 shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, br. s = broad singlet, d = doublet, 242 dd = doublet of doublets, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = 243 multiplet), coupling constants (Hz), integration and assign-244 ment of peak.

FT-IR spectra of thiolates 7 were recorded in KBr pellets 246 using Thermo Nicolet Avatar 370 FT-IR Spectrometer. IR 247 spectra of thiadiazines 8, benzylammonium salt 15, and pyrazolopyridine 17a were recorded on an IKS-29 IR- 248 spectrometer (LOMO, USSR).

LCMS analyses were obtained on a PE SCIEX API 150EX 250 mass spectrometer (API-ES) following separation on a 251 Shimadzu LC-10AD liquid chromatography system with 252 Waters XBridge C18 3,5  $\mu$ m (4.6  $\times$  150 mm) column, 253 equipped with Shimadzu SP D-10A UV—vis detector (220 and 254 254 nm) and Sedex 75 ELSD detector.

Elementary analyses were taken on a Carlo Erba 256 Strumentazione 1106 Analyzer.

Melting points were measured on a Koefler hot stage and are 258 uncorrected. The purity of the compounds were checked by 259 TLC (thin layer chromatography) on Silufol UV 254 plates 260 (sorbent, Silpearl, large-pore silicagel after Pitra with 261 luminiscent indicator for UV 254 on the aluminum foil; binder, 262 starch) in the acetone—hexane (1:1) system; spots were 263 visualized with iodine vapors and UV light.

Synthesis of Starting N-Methylmorpholinium 4-Aryl- 265 3-cyano-6-oxo-1,4,5,6-tetrahydropyridine-2-thiolates 266 **7{1–47}.** General Procedure. The thiolates  $7\{1-47\}$  were 267 obtained in a manner analogous to reported procedures  $^{81-90}$  as 268 follows: A 0.5 L round-bottom flask fitted with an overhead 269 stirrer was charged with the corresponding aromatic aldehyde 270 (0.1 mol), cyanothioacetamide 10 (10.0 g, 0.10 mol) and EtOH 271 (100 mL). N-Methylmorpholine (0.8-1.0 mL) was added, and 272 the mixture was stirred for 1 h at 20 °C (yellow/orange 273 crystalline 3-aryl-2-cyanoprop-2-enethioamides may precipitate 274 from the solution). Then Meldrum's acid (2,2-dimethyl-1,3-275 dioxane-4,6-dione) 11 (15.0 g, 0.104 mol) and N-methyl- 276 morpholine (16.5 mL, 0.15 mol) were added, and the solution 277 was stirred vigorously until the mixture became pale yellow and 278 a white solid of the Michael adduct 12 precipitated. (If the 279 precipitate does not appear within 20 min, the mixture was 280 refluxed for 2-4 h and worked up as shown below.) The 281 obtained slurry was stirred for 0.5 h. Then the flask was fitted 282 with a reflux condenser. The mixture was refluxed to complete 283 dissolution of the Michael adduct 12 and until evolution of 284  $CO_2$  ceased ( $\sim 2-4$  h). The solution was evaporated to a 285 syrupy consistency and treated with dry acetone (100 mL). The 286 crystalline precipitate of the corresponding thiolate 7 separates 287 upon cooling to 15 °C and stirring (or seeding). The mixture 288 was allowed to stand overnight, after which the solid was 289 filtered off, washed with cold EtOH and acetone to give N- 290 methylmorpholinium 4-aryl-3-cyano-6-oxo-1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-291 pyridine-2-thiolates  $7\{1-47\}$  in 53-83% yields. The com- 292 pounds were used without further purification.

Synthesis of (8R/8S)-3-R-8-Aryl-6-oxo-3,4,7,8-tetrahy- 294 dro-2H,6H-pyrido[2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazin-9-carbonitriles 295 **8{1–47,1–31}.** *General Procedure.* Pyrido[2,1-*b*][1,3,5]- 296 thiadiazines 8 were prepared as follows: the corresponding 297 thiolate  $7\{1-47\}$  (2.5 mmol) was dissolved in 15-20 mL of 298 warm EtOH; water (3-5 mL) may be added if appropriate. 299 The obtained solution may be filtered through a paper filter to 300 remove trace solids. To the solution, a primary amine  $9\{1-31\}$  301 (2.6-2.7 mmol, 1.04-1.08 equiv) and an excess of 37% aq. 302 HCHO (5.0 mL, d = 1.08 g/mL, 66.6 mmol) were added, and 303 the mixture was refluxed for 2-4 min under vigorous stirring 304 until the product began to separate from the boiling solution. If 305 no solid separated, the solution was allowed to cool to room 306 temperature and left for 24-72 h. The crystalline solid was 307 collected and washed with water, cold EtOH, ether, and then 308 purified (if appropriate) by recrystallization. Selected data on 309 the yields of pyrido[2,1-b][1,3,5]thiadiazines 8 are given in 310

311 Table S1 (Supporting Information). Spectra of selected 312 pyridothiadiazines 8 are given as PDF files in the archive 313 (Supporting Information).

#### 314 ASSOCIATED CONTENT

# 315 Supporting Information

316 Further details on the experimental procedures and spectra. 317 This material is available free of charge via the Internet at 318 http://pubs.acs.org.

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#### 322 Author Contributions

323 The study was initiated and designed by V.V.D. Compounds 324 were synthesized and characterized by V.V.D. and K.A.F. NMR 325 study was performed by S.Y.S., T.M.P., and O.S.P.; V.V.D. 326 wrote the manuscript and Supporting Information. The study 327 was supervised by S.G.K. All authors discussed and approved 328 the publication of the manuscript.

#### 329 **Note**

330 The authors declare no competing financial interest.

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