President's Ponderings

It is good to know, as we approach our fifth convention, that the world is so much wiser for our existence. As we assemble in Boston and talk among ourselves, we can pat ourselves on the back for the effectiveness of our communications with the world beyond our fraternity.

Have you noticed the flurry of activity in the educational system? No teacher can now enter the school as a certified practitioner until she has demonstrated on a rigorous test that she can take any statement of broad educational goals and translate these goals into observable activities. At the best colleges, of course, student teachers must demonstrate proficiency in translating into observable



Susan M. Markle

behaviors not only "THE STUDENT WILL Susan M. Markie
KNOW" and "THE STUDENT WILL UNDERSTAND" and other such simple tasks, but also "THE STUDENT WILL GRASP THE SIGNIFICANCE OF" and "THE STUDENT WILL CRITICALLY EVALUATE". It is truly marvelous to contemplate the effect we have had on the training of teachers. Of course, the schools of education have recognized the importance of this proficiency for their own professors as well. The professors themselves are experts. In chaining the decision points for effective instructional practices, they are teaching this step last because it is the first and basic skill for instructional planning,

You say your child's teacher can't specify what your child should be able to do?

There used to be a strange attitude toward education. Administrators counted the number of students who sat in the same room with an instructor for a certain number of hours. A certain amount of this sitting activity earned the student a degree. It was sort of an award for persistence. In fact, the students generalized the reinforced response. Whenever they wanted to achieve an end, they would sit somewhere until it happened. We changed all that, of course. Nowadays a student can sit as long as he likes — learner-control, you know — but he doesn't pass his courses until he exhibits certain competencies. When a student says he has completed a course, you can tell what he can do.

You say you just hired a high-school graduate who couldn't read simple instructions?

It wasn't too long ago that we achieved the distinction of being among the new media. Audiovisual people were prone to this classification scheme, but I remember a few frame writers who thought that way too. There was a certain ironic satisfaction in being so classified, of course. To most of the people who talked that way, only a programed text was truly a program. So the oldest of the conventional media — print — discovered it was still a new medium. We can point with pride to the success of our plea for validating instructional sequences for all media. No television producer will now allow a professor to face the camera before he has faced a student or two with the instruction. It's just too expensive to use videotape on the first draft. And educational films are packaged with criterion tests.

You say that someone tried to sell you a filmstrip last week that had no objectives?

Do you remember the question people used to ask in the good old days? It went something like this: "Can programed instruction be used to teach X?" It was hard to tell what they meant, of course. Some of them seemed to be asking whether paper and pencil was an appropriate medium. Others seemed to be asking whether you could communicate in thirty words or less. A few, we suspect, were asking whether, if they became programers, they could finally figure out how to get students to learn the X they had been teaching for years. I remember one or two who insisted that "programed instruction" couldn't teach what they wanted to teach. They were really surprised when a program came along that produced the results they wanted. Their only defense was that this new thing wasn't really programed instruction. Yes, it's marvelous to think how effective we've been in persuading people not to ask the question that way.

You say you heard someone say yesterday that programed instruction is all right for teaching facts but it can't teach students to think?

Yes, it has been a good five years. They used to talk of the fifty-year cultural lag in educational techniques. But we've changed all that. This is the year of the tiger - fast, smooth performance. Anyone for a snail?

NSPI JOURNAL

Vol. VI, No. 4

April, 1967

Elaine Miller Managing Editor

> M. Eldridge Editorial Assistant

Jerome P. Lysaught Chmn., Editorial Board

David Wark **Program Editor**

Lawrence Stolurow European Editor

Joe Harless Lloyd Homme Bob Nassau Gabriel Ofeish Marvin Roever Geary Rummler Lawrence Stolurow David Wark

Editorial Board

NATIONAL OFFICERS

Susan M. Markle President

Gabriel Della-Piana Vice President

G. E. Peter Pipe Secretary

Carlton B. Downing Treasurer

Robert M. Mager Past President

CURRENT SUSTAINING MEMBERS

John Wiley and Sons, Inc.

General Programmed Teaching a Division of Commerce Clearing House, Inc.

Trans World Airlines, Inc.

The Boeing Company

Educational Systems Division Litton Industries

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

The NSPI Journal is the official publication of the National Society for Programmed Instruction, Trinity University, 715 Stadium Dr., San Antonio, Texas 78212. Annual subscription — \$7.50 for non-members, \$3.75 for members as part of annual dues. Published monthly except June and August. Second-class postage paid at San Antonio, Texas. Foreign postage \$1.50.

ADVERTISING INQUIRIES

Send to the Editor, NSPI JOURNAL, Trinity University, 715 Stadium Dr., San Antonio, Texas 78212.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

We need six weeks notice for change of address and ZIP code numbers for both old and new addresses.

COVER: An event of special interest annually is the day when the grand old lady of the seas, The U.S. Frigate Constitution sails down the Boston Harbor. Not only to preserve her association with the sea, but also to keep her weathering even. She is taken for a short "cruise." Undefeated in battle she remains as the flagship of the first naval district and a reminder of the rugged days of the U.S. Navy. NSPI Convention members will see the U.S.S. Constitution and enjoy a harbor cruise.