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ARTICLE *in* THE JOURNAL OF CHEMICAL PHYSICS · DECEMBER 1987

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F. J. Bermejo, E. Enciso, J. C. Dore, P. Chieux, N. Garcia et al.

Citation: J. Chem. Phys. 88, 6680 (1988); doi: 10.1063/1.454760

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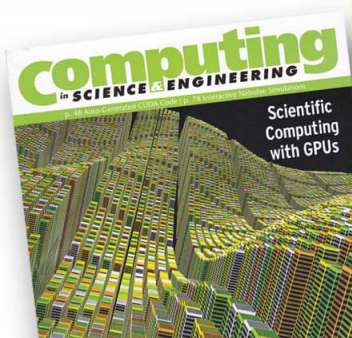
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# Erratum: The structure of liquid 1,2 dichloroethane by neutron diffraction. I. Molecular structure, full pair correlation function, and temperature effects [J. Chem. Phys. 87, 7171 (1987)]

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Due to an error in the data corrections and subsequent extrapolation to  $Q \rightarrow 0$  of the measured differential cross section ( $0.3 \leq Q \leq 23$ ), the (extrapolated) small-angle region was incorrectly treated. The low- $Q$  data region was rechecked using a cadmium-rod dataset taken for the same geometrical arrangement as well as an experimental value for the isothermal compressibility (at 298 K) of  $1.119 \times 10^{-19} \text{ m}^2 \text{ N}^{-1}$ .

A reanalysis of the structure factors affected by this correction was performed and the corrected estimates [total Fourier transforms and full pair correlation functions  $g(r)$ ] are shown in Figs. 1 and 2.

The abovementioned errors introduced a phase distortion in Figs. 7 of the paper which should be replaced by the two figures given here.

The predictions for the intramolecular structure and temperature-difference effects are not affected by the error in the small-angle data.

Most of the conclusions of the paper pertaining to intermolecular structure are still valid since they were taken on qualitative grounds and compared with a previously reported Monte Carlo simulation. The main effect of the mentioned correction is to shift the most prominent  $g(r)$  peak from 8 to  $\sim 6 \text{ Å}$ , with a second maximum  $\sim 10 \text{ Å}$ .

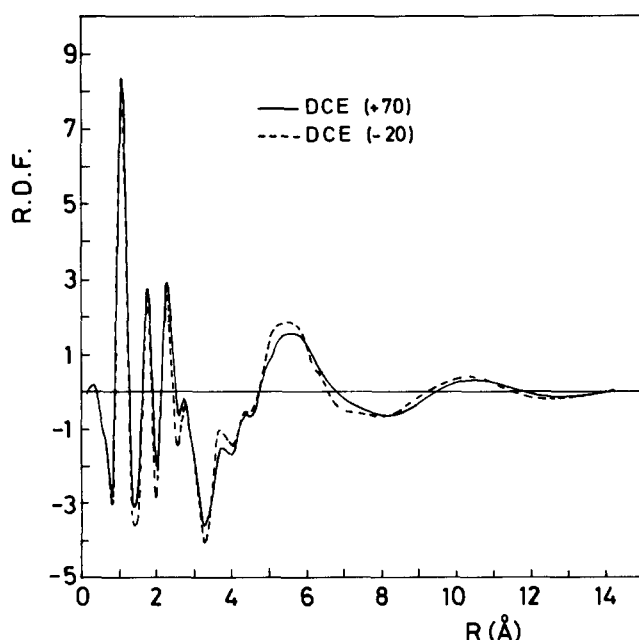


FIG. 1. Total Fourier transforms of the  $S_m(Q)$  structure factors at two extreme temperatures.

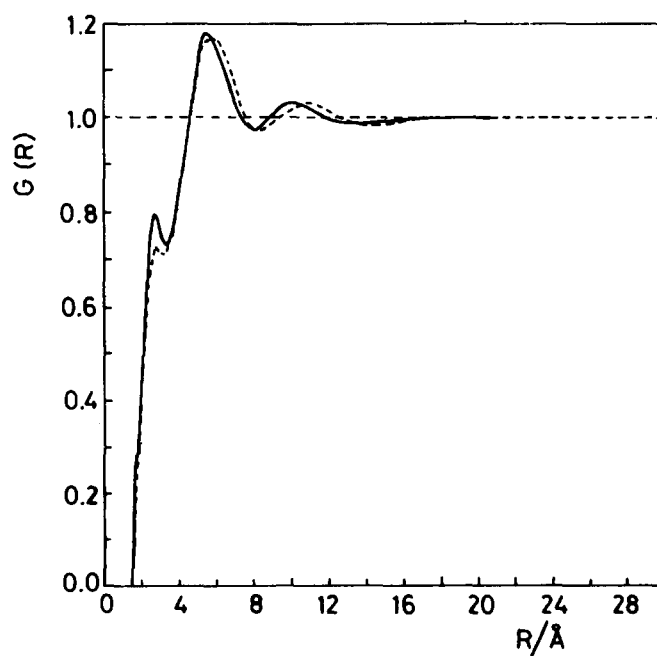


FIG. 2. Full pair correlation functions for  $-20^\circ\text{C}$  (full curve) and  $+70^\circ\text{C}$  (dashed curve).

Further work on decomposition of the total  $g(r)$  into its pair contributions using chlorine isotopes is, at present, in progress as well as the analysis of the measured correlation

function by means of new simulation data.

<sup>1</sup>D. M. Newitt and K. W. Weale, *J. Chem. Soc.* **1951**, 3092.

## Erratum: Accurate theoretical modeling of NaCl [*J. Chem. Phys.* **84**, 867 (1986)]

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Misprints have been uncovered in recent papers<sup>1-3</sup> reporting the interaction potentials between halogen anions and alkaline cations. Concerning Ref. 1, Table IV has a misprint: the  $F$  coefficient for the  $+ -$  interaction has a wrong sign and should read  $+ 3.994\ 29$ . Concerning Ref. 2, the potential function, Eq. (10) on page 500, should read

$$V(r) = Z_i Z_j e^2 / (4\pi\epsilon_0 r) + (A_{ij} r^{B_{ij}} + C_{ij} r) e^{-D_{ij} r} + E_{ij} r^{-F_{ij}}.$$

Concerning Ref. 3 the correct analytical expression for the  $+ +$  interaction is the one given above. Finally, the potential for the  $F^- F^-$  interaction is also incorrectly reported in Ref. 3. Using the analytical expression given above, the following parameters (in a.u.) should be used:

$$A = -28.010\ 22, B = -4.515\ 42, C = -0.054\ 46, \\ D = 0.637\ 66, E = 23.872\ 59, F = 5.552\ 92.$$

An alternative set is  $A = 1.037\ 33$ ,  $B = 0.010\ 24$ ,  $C = 0.324\ 10$ ,  $D = 0.798\ 16$ ,  $E = 0.0$ , and  $F = 0.0$ .

We thank Dr. F. Jenc (Philipps-Marburg University) and Dr. V. K. W. Cheng (University of Hong Kong) for having called our attention to problems in Refs. 1, 2, and 3.

<sup>1</sup>P. K. Swaminathan, A. Laaksonen, G. Corongiu, and E. Clementi, *J. Chem. Phys.* **84**, 495 (1986).

<sup>2</sup>A. Laaksonen and E. Clementi, *Mol. Phys.* **56**, 495 (1986).

<sup>3</sup>P. K. Swaminathan and E. Clementi, *J. Phys. Chem.* **91**, 1020 (1987).