first_time_test

July 31, 2023

0.1 Sales Products Analysis

The sales product data between 2019-2020. Dataset source: Kaggle, username: KNIGHT-BEARR, dataset name: Sales Product Data

Questions:

- What was the best month for sales? How much was earned that month?
- What City had the highest number of sales?
- What time should we display adverstisement to maximize likelihood of customer's buying product?
- What products are most often sold together?
- What product sold the most? Why do you think it sold the most?

Key finding:

- Total number of sales by month, hour
- Total number of ordered quantity by city
- Total number of ordered quantity by products

[70]:
```
import pandas as pd
```

Merge the 12 months of sales data into a single CSV file

[71]:
```
# read single .csv file
df = pd.read_csv("D:/jupyter_directory/Sales_Data/Sales_January_2019.csv")
df.head()
```

[71]:

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Order Date	Purchase Address
0	141234	iPhone	1	700	01/22/19 21:25	944 Walnut St, Boston, MA 02215
1	141235	Lightning Charging Cable	1	14.95	01/28/19 14:15	185 Maple St, Portland, OR 97035
2	141236	Wired Headphones	2	11.99	01/17/19 13:33	538 Adams St, San Francisco, CA 94016
3	141237	27in FHD Monitor	1	149.99	01/05/19 20:33	738 10th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
4	141238	Wired Headphones	1	11.99		

```
4  01/25/19 11:59          387 10th St, Austin, TX 73301
```

[72]:
```
# create file list
import glob
file_list = glob.glob('D:/jupyter_directory/Sales_Data/*.csv')

# Read all CSV files and store them in a list comprehension
dataframes = [pd.read_csv(file) for file in file_list]

# Concatenate the list of DataFrames into a single DataFrame
df = pd.concat(dataframes, ignore_index=True)
df
```

[72]:

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Order Date	Purchase Address
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	04/19/19 08:46	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	04/07/19 22:30	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600	04/12/19 14:38	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
4	176560	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	04/12/19 14:38	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
…	…	…	…	…	…	…
186845	259353	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	3	2.99	09/17/19 20:56	840 Highland St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
186846	259354	iPhone	1	700	09/01/19 16:00	216 Dogwood St, San Francisco, CA 94016
186847	259355	iPhone	1	700	09/23/19 07:39	220 12th St, San Francisco, CA 94016
186848	259356	34in Ultrawide Monitor	1	379.99	09/19/19 17:30	511 Forest St, San Francisco, CA 94016
186849	259357	USB-C Charging Cable	1	11.95	09/30/19 00:18	250 Meadow St, San Francisco, CA 94016

[186850 rows x 6 columns]

[73]:
```
df.to_csv("all_sales_data.csv", index=False)
```

[74]:
```
# Read in updated dataframe
df = pd.read_csv("all_sales_data.csv")
df.tail()
```

[74]:
```
       Order ID                Product Quantity Ordered Price Each  \
186845   259353  AAA Batteries (4-pack)                3       2.99
186846   259354                 iPhone                1        700
186847   259355                 iPhone                1        700
186848   259356  34in Ultrawide Monitor                1     379.99
186849   259357    USB-C Charging Cable                1      11.95

            Order Date                         Purchase Address
186845  09/17/19 20:56   840 Highland St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
186846  09/01/19 16:00  216 Dogwood St, San Francisco, CA 94016
186847  09/23/19 07:39     220 12th St, San Francisco, CA 94016
186848  09/19/19 17:30   511 Forest St, San Francisco, CA 94016
186849  09/30/19 00:18   250 Meadow St, San Francisco, CA 94016
```

Question 1: What was the best month for sales? How much was earned that month?

Clean data

[75]:
```
# cheack missing values
df.isna().sum()
```

[75]:
```
Order ID            545
Product             545
Quantity Ordered    545
Price Each          545
Order Date          545
Purchase Address    545
dtype: int64
```

[76]:
```
# remove rows of missing values
df = df.dropna(how = 'all')
```

[77]:
```
# filter out text data that not related
print(df['Quantity Ordered'].unique())
print(df['Price Each'].unique())
```

```
['2' '1' '3' '5' 'Quantity Ordered' '4' '7' '6' '8' '9']
['11.95' '99.99' '600' '11.99' '1700' '14.95' '389.99' '3.84' '150' '2.99'
 '700' '300' '149.99' '109.99' '600.0' '999.99' '400' '379.99'
 'Price Each' '700.0' '1700.0' '150.0' '300.0' '400.0']
```

[78]:
```
#Filter out text data that not related

df[df['Quantity Ordered'] == 'Quantity Ordered']
```

[78]:
```
        Order ID  Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  Order Date  \
519     Order ID  Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  Order Date
```

```
1149    Order ID  Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  Order Date
1155    Order ID  Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  Order Date
2878    Order ID  Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  Order Date
2893    Order ID  Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  Order Date
…          …      …                …          …          …
185164  Order ID  Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  Order Date
185551  Order ID  Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  Order Date
186563  Order ID  Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  Order Date
186632  Order ID  Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  Order Date
186738  Order ID  Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  Order Date

        Purchase Address
519     Purchase Address
1149    Purchase Address
1155    Purchase Address
2878    Purchase Address
2893    Purchase Address
…                  …
185164  Purchase Address
185551  Purchase Address
186563  Purchase Address
186632  Purchase Address
186738  Purchase Address

[355 rows x 6 columns]
```

[80]:
```
# remove rows
df = df[df['Quantity Ordered'] != 'Quantity Ordered']
df['Quantity Ordered'].unique()
```

[80]:
```
array(['2', '1', '3', '5', '4', '7', '6', '8', '9'], dtype=object)
```

Change data type

[85]:
```
# check data type
df.dtypes
```

[85]:
```
Order ID                    object
Product                     object
Quantity Ordered             int32
Price Each                 float64
Order Date          datetime64[ns]
Purchase Address            object
dtype: object
```

[83]:
```
# Change data type
df['Quantity Ordered'] = df['Quantity Ordered'].astype(int)
df['Price Each'] = df['Price Each'].astype(float)
```

```
df['Order Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Order Date'])

# check data type
df.dtypes
```

[83]:
```
Order ID                    object
Product                     object
Quantity Ordered             int32
Price Each                 float64
Order Date          datetime64[ns]
Purchase Address            object
dtype: object
```

Add month column

[86]:
```
df['month'] = df['Order Date'].dt.month
df.head()
```

[86]:

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Order Date	Purchase Address	month
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	2019-04-19 08:46:00	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001	4
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	2019-04-07 22:30:00	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215	4
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600.00	2019-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4
4	176560	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	2019-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4
5	176561	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	2019-04-30 09:27:00	333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4

Create total sales column

[87]:
```
df['total_sales'] = df['Quantity Ordered'] * df['Price Each']
df.head()
```

[87]:

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Order Date	Purchase Address	month	total_sales
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	2019-04-19 08:46:00	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001	4	23.90
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	2019-04-07 22:30:00	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215	4	99.99
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600.00	2019-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	600.00
4	176560	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	2019-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	11.99
5	176561	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	2019-04-30 09:27:00	333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	11.99

```
5 2019-04-30 09:27:00     333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4

   total_sales
0        23.90
2        99.99
3       600.00
4        11.99
5        11.99
```

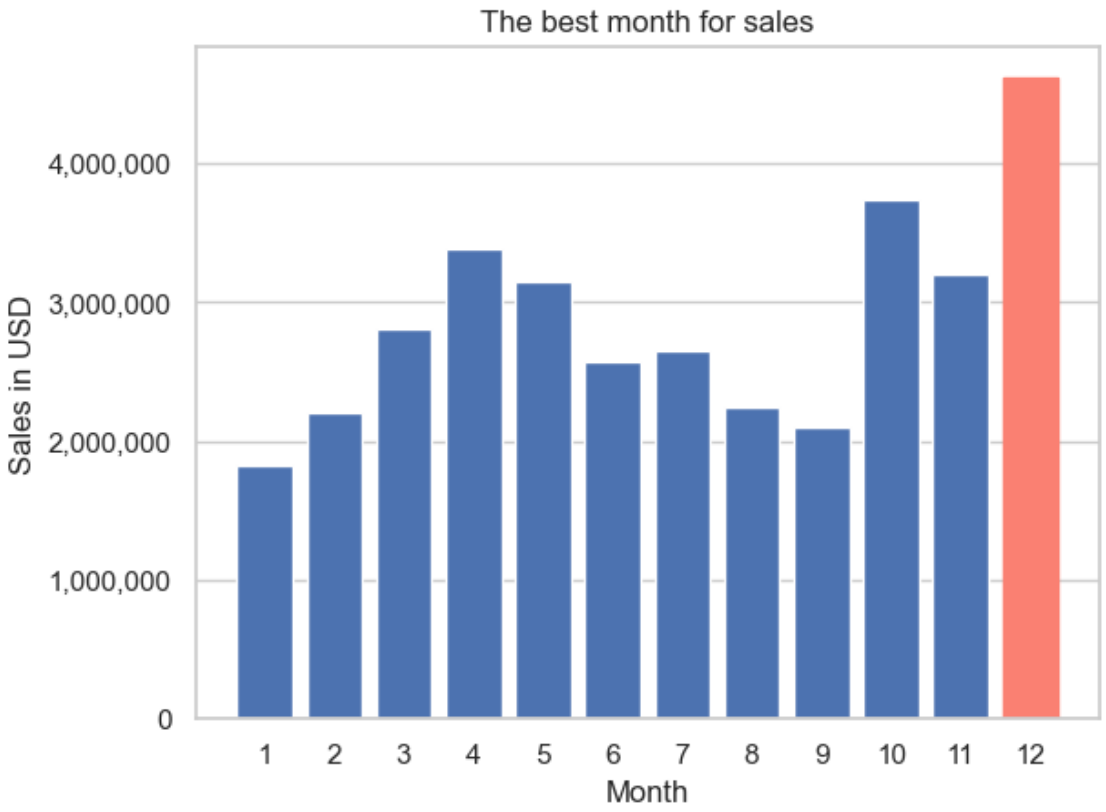
[183]:
```
best_month_sales = df.groupby('month')['total_sales'].sum().
 ↪sort_values(ascending = False).reset_index()
best_month_sales
```

[183]:
```
    month  total_sales
0      12   4613443.34
1      10   3736726.88
2       4   3390670.24
3      11   3199603.20
4       5   3152606.75
5       3   2807100.38
6       7   2647775.76
7       6   2577802.26
8       8   2244467.88
9       2   2202022.42
10      9   2097560.13
11      1   1822256.73
```

Question 1: What was the best month for sales? How much was earned that month?

Answer: December, 4613443.34

[184]:
```
# create bar chart
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

bars = plt.bar(best_month_sales['month'], best_month_sales['total_sales'])
plt.xticks(best_month_sales['month'])  # show a name of each bar
plt.ylabel("Sales in USD")
plt.xlabel("Month")
plt.title('The best month for sales')
bars[0].set_color('salmon')

plt.grid(axis='x')

plt.gca().yaxis.set_major_formatter('{:,.0f}'.format) # y axis number format

plt.show()
```



Question 2: What city had the higest number of sales?

[185]:
```
# preview
df.head()
```

[185]:

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	\
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600.00	
4	176560	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	
5	176561	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	

	Order Date	Purchase Address	month	total_sales
0	04/19/19 08:46	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001	4	23.90
2	04/07/19 22:30	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215	4	99.99
3	04/12/19 14:38	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	600.00
4	04/12/19 14:38	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	11.99
5	04/30/19 09:27	333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	11.99

Create city column

[186]:
```
# find city(Regular expression)
import re
pattern = r',\s*([^,]+),'      #  \s*  ->  Matches zero or more white space
                               #  [^,]+ -> match one or more characters except a␣
 ↪comma
                               #   ()  ->  capture

df['city'] = df['Purchase Address'].str.extract(pattern)
df.head()
```

[186]:

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	\
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600.00	
4	176560	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	
5	176561	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	

	Order Date	Purchase Address	month	total_sales	\
0	04/19/19 08:46	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001	4	23.90	
2	04/07/19 22:30	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215	4	99.99	
3	04/12/19 14:38	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	600.00	
4	04/12/19 14:38	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	11.99	
5	04/30/19 09:27	333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	11.99	

	city
0	Dallas
2	Boston
3	Los Angeles
4	Los Angeles
5	Los Angeles

[187]:
```
# Sum 'total_sales' group by 'city'
best_city_sales = df.groupby('city')['total_sales'].sum().
 ↪sort_values(ascending=False).reset_index()
best_city_sales
```

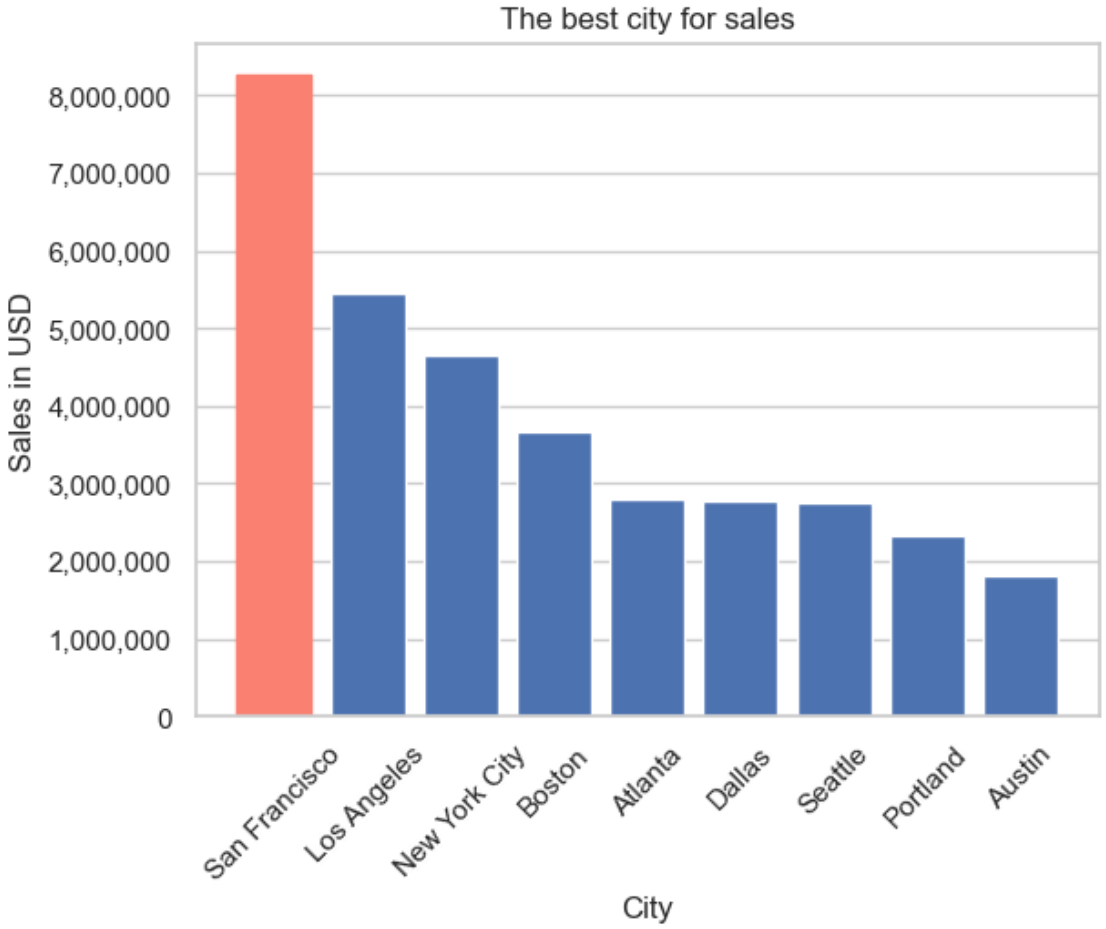
[187]:

	city	total_sales
0	San Francisco	8262203.91
1	Los Angeles	5452570.80
2	New York City	4664317.43
3	Boston	3661642.01
4	Atlanta	2795498.58
5	Dallas	2767975.40
6	Seattle	2747755.48
7	Portland	2320490.61
8	Austin	1819581.75

Question 2: What city had the higest number of sales?

Answer: San Francisco 8262203.91

[188]:
```
# create bar chart
bars = plt.bar(best_city_sales['city'], best_city_sales['total_sales'])

plt.xticks(rotation = 45)
plt.ylabel("Sales in USD")
plt.xlabel("City")
plt.title('The best city for sales')
bars[0].set_color('salmon')
#plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
plt.grid(axis='x')
plt.gca().yaxis.set_major_formatter('{:,.0f}'.format)  # y axis number format

plt.show()
```



Question 3: What time should we display advertisements likelihood of customer's buying product?

[189]:
```
df.head()
```

[189]:
```
  Order ID                     Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  \
0   176558        USB-C Charging Cable                 2       11.95
2   176559  Bose SoundSport Headphones                 1       99.99
3   176560                Google Phone                 1      600.00
4   176560            Wired Headphones                 1       11.99
5   176561            Wired Headphones                 1       11.99

       Order Date                      Purchase Address  month  total_sales  \
0  04/19/19 08:46          917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001      4        23.90
2  04/07/19 22:30     682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215      4        99.99
3  04/12/19 14:38  669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4       600.00
4  04/12/19 14:38  669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4        11.99
5  04/30/19 09:27     333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4        11.99

          city
0       Dallas
2       Boston
3  Los Angeles
4  Los Angeles
5  Los Angeles
```

Add 'time' column

[190]:
```
# change data type to dateime
df['Order Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Order Date'])
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 185950 entries, 0 to 186849
Data columns (total 9 columns):
 #   Column            Non-Null Count   Dtype
---  ------            --------------   -----
 0   Order ID          185950 non-null  object
 1   Product           185950 non-null  object
 2   Quantity Ordered  185950 non-null  int32
 3   Price Each        185950 non-null  float64
 4   Order Date        185950 non-null  datetime64[ns]
 5   Purchase Address  185950 non-null  object
 6   month             185950 non-null  int64
 7   total_sales       185950 non-null  float64
 8   city              185950 non-null  object
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(2), int32(1), int64(1), object(4)
memory usage: 13.5+ MB
```

[191]:
```
# Add hour and minute column
df['Hour'] = df['Order Date'].dt.hour
df['Minute'] = df['Order Date'].dt.minute
df.head()
```

[191]:

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Order Date	Purchase Address	month	total_sales	city	Hour	Minute
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	2019-04-19 08:46:00	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001	4	23.90	Dallas	8	46
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	2019-04-07 22:30:00	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215	4	99.99	Boston	22	30
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600.00	2019-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	600.00	Los Angeles	14	38
4	176560	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	2019-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	11.99	Los Angeles	14	38
5	176561	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	2019-04-30 09:27:00	333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	11.99	Los Angeles	9	27

[192]:
```
# Sum 'total_sales' group by 'Hour'
hour_sales = df.groupby('Hour')['total_sales'].sum().reset_index().
 ↪sort_values(by = 'Hour')
hour_sales
```

[192]:

	Hour	total_sales
0	0	713721.27
1	1	460866.88
2	2	234851.44
3	3	145757.89
4	4	162661.01
5	5	230679.82
6	6	448113.00
7	7	744854.12
8	8	1192348.97
9	9	1639030.58
10	10	1944286.77
11	11	2300610.24
12	12	2316821.34
13	13	2155389.80
14	14	2083672.73

```
15    15    1941549.60
16    16    1904601.31
17    17    2129361.61
18    18    2219348.30
19    19    2412938.54
20    20    2281716.24
21    21    2042000.86
22    22    1607549.21
23    23    1179304.44
```

[193]:
```
# create chart
plot = plt.plot(hour_sales['Hour'],hour_sales['total_sales'], color = 'salmon')
plt.xticks(hour_sales['Hour'])
plt.ylabel("Total Sales")
plt.xlabel("Hours")
plt.title('The best time for advertisements')

plt.gca().yaxis.set_major_formatter('{:,.0f}'.format)  # y axis number format
plt.grid(True)


plt.show()
```

Question 3: What time should we display advertisements likelihood of customer's buying product?

Answer: 11.00-12.00 and 18.00-20.00

Question 4: What products are most often sold together?

[194]:
```
df.head()
```

[194]:
```
   Order ID                     Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  \
0    176558        USB-C Charging Cable                 2       11.95
2    176559  Bose SoundSport Headphones                 1       99.99
3    176560                Google Phone                 1      600.00
4    176560            Wired Headphones                 1       11.99
5    176561            Wired Headphones                 1       11.99

            Order Date                      Purchase Address  month  \
0  2019-04-19 08:46:00          917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001      4
2  2019-04-07 22:30:00     682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215      4
3  2019-04-12 14:38:00  669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4
4  2019-04-12 14:38:00  669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4
5  2019-04-30 09:27:00     333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4

   total_sales         city  Hour  Minute
0        23.90       Dallas     8      46
2        99.99       Boston    22      30
3       600.00  Los Angeles    14      38
4        11.99  Los Angeles    14      38
5        11.99  Los Angeles     9      27
```

[195]:
```
# find duplicate id
df_dup = df[df['Order ID'].duplicated(keep=False)] # False -> keep all␣
 ↪duplicate rows
df_dup.head()
```

[195]:
```
    Order ID                     Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  \
3     176560                Google Phone                 1      600.00
4     176560            Wired Headphones                 1       11.99
18    176574                Google Phone                 1      600.00
19    176574        USB-C Charging Cable                 1       11.95
30    176585  Bose SoundSport Headphones                 1       99.99

             Order Date                      Purchase Address  month  \
3  2019-04-12 14:38:00  669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4
```

```
4  2019-04-12 14:38:00  669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4
18 2019-04-03 19:42:00     20 Hill St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4
19 2019-04-03 19:42:00     20 Hill St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4
30 2019-04-07 11:31:00     823 Highland St, Boston, MA 02215      4

    total_sales         city  Hour  Minute
3        600.00  Los Angeles    14      38
4         11.99  Los Angeles    14      38
18       600.00  Los Angeles    19      42
19        11.95  Los Angeles    19      42
30        99.99       Boston    11      31
```

[196]:
```
# add group_product column
df_dup['group'] = df.groupby('Order ID')['Product'].transform(lambda x: ','.
 ↪join(x))
# .transform() method applies this lambda function to each group of 'Product'

df_dup.head(10)
```

```
C:\Users\AVS_KTB\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_10652\1989000491.py:2:
SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-
docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
  df_dup['group'] = df.groupby('Order ID')['Product'].transform(lambda x:
','.join(x))
```

[196]:
```
    Order ID                    Product  Quantity Ordered  Price Each  \
3     176560               Google Phone                 1      600.00
4     176560           Wired Headphones                 1       11.99
18    176574               Google Phone                 1      600.00
19    176574       USB-C Charging Cable                 1       11.95
30    176585  Bose SoundSport Headphones                1       99.99
31    176585  Bose SoundSport Headphones                1       99.99
32    176586      AAA Batteries (4-pack)                2        2.99
33    176586               Google Phone                 1      600.00
119   176672    Lightning Charging Cable                1       14.95
120   176672       USB-C Charging Cable                 1       11.95

              Order Date                      Purchase Address  month  \
3   2019-04-12 14:38:00    669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4
4   2019-04-12 14:38:00    669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4
18  2019-04-03 19:42:00       20 Hill St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4
19  2019-04-03 19:42:00       20 Hill St, Los Angeles, CA 90001      4
30  2019-04-07 11:31:00       823 Highland St, Boston, MA 02215      4
31  2019-04-07 11:31:00       823 Highland St, Boston, MA 02215      4
```

```
32  2019-04-10 17:00:00  365 Center St, San Francisco, CA 94016      4
33  2019-04-10 17:00:00  365 Center St, San Francisco, CA 94016      4
119 2019-04-12 11:07:00   778 Maple St, New York City, NY 10001      4
120 2019-04-12 11:07:00   778 Maple St, New York City, NY 10001      4

     total_sales           city  Hour  Minute  \
3         600.00    Los Angeles    14      38
4          11.99    Los Angeles    14      38
18        600.00    Los Angeles    19      42
19         11.95    Los Angeles    19      42
30         99.99         Boston    11      31
31         99.99         Boston    11      31
32          5.98  San Francisco    17       0
33        600.00  San Francisco    17       0
119        14.95  New York City    11       7
120        11.95  New York City    11       7

                                              group
3                       Google Phone,Wired Headphones
4                       Google Phone,Wired Headphones
18                    Google Phone,USB-C Charging Cable
19                    Google Phone,USB-C Charging Cable
30   Bose SoundSport Headphones,Bose SoundSport Hea…
31   Bose SoundSport Headphones,Bose SoundSport Hea…
32                  AAA Batteries (4-pack),Google Phone
33                  AAA Batteries (4-pack),Google Phone
119       Lightning Charging Cable,USB-C Charging Cable
120       Lightning Charging Cable,USB-C Charging Cable
```

[197]:
```
# select 2 columns & remove duplicate
df_dup = df_dup[['Order ID','group']].drop_duplicates()
df_dup.head(10)
```

[197]:
```
    Order ID                                              group
3     176560                       Google Phone,Wired Headphones
18    176574                     Google Phone,USB-C Charging Cable
30    176585  Bose SoundSport Headphones,Bose SoundSport Hea…
32    176586                  AAA Batteries (4-pack),Google Phone
119   176672       Lightning Charging Cable,USB-C Charging Cable
129   176681            Apple Airpods Headphones,ThinkPad Laptop
138   176689  Bose SoundSport Headphones,AAA Batteries (4-pack)
189   176739                  34in Ultrawide Monitor,Google Phone
225   176774       Lightning Charging Cable,USB-C Charging Cable
233   176781                       iPhone,Lightning Charging Cable
```

[198]:
```
from itertools import combinations   # generates all possible combinations of a␣
 ↪list of items
```

```
from collections import Counter      # count a combinations

count = Counter()                    # store the counts of combinations.

for row in df_dup['group']:
    row_list = row.split(',')        # separated string (row) into a list of␣
 ↪individual products (row_list).
                                     # ex. 'AAA Batteries (4-pack),Google Phone'␣
 ↪-> ['AAA Batteries (4-pack)', 'Google Phone']
    count.update(Counter(combinations(row_list, 2)))
    # combinations(row_list, 3) -> generates all combinations of 3 products␣
 ↪without repetition.(creates tuples)
    # Counter(combinations(row_list, 3)) -> count the occurrences & converts␣
 ↪the combinations into a dictionary (key, values)
    # count.update(...) -> The update method of the Counter class is used to␣
 ↪update the count object

count.most_common(10)  # method of the Counter class sorts the combinations(10␣
 ↪combinations)
```

[198]:
```
[(('iPhone', 'Lightning Charging Cable'), 1005),
 (('Google Phone', 'USB-C Charging Cable'), 987),
 (('iPhone', 'Wired Headphones'), 447),
 (('Google Phone', 'Wired Headphones'), 414),
 (('Vareebadd Phone', 'USB-C Charging Cable'), 361),
 (('iPhone', 'Apple Airpods Headphones'), 360),
 (('Google Phone', 'Bose SoundSport Headphones'), 220),
 (('USB-C Charging Cable', 'Wired Headphones'), 160),
 (('Vareebadd Phone', 'Wired Headphones'), 143),
 (('Lightning Charging Cable', 'Wired Headphones'), 92)]
```

[199]:
```
# print only key & values
for key, values in count.most_common(10):
    print(key, values)
```

```
('iPhone', 'Lightning Charging Cable') 1005
('Google Phone', 'USB-C Charging Cable') 987
('iPhone', 'Wired Headphones') 447
('Google Phone', 'Wired Headphones') 414
('Vareebadd Phone', 'USB-C Charging Cable') 361
('iPhone', 'Apple Airpods Headphones') 360
('Google Phone', 'Bose SoundSport Headphones') 220
('USB-C Charging Cable', 'Wired Headphones') 160
('Vareebadd Phone', 'Wired Headphones') 143
('Lightning Charging Cable', 'Wired Headphones') 92
```

Question 4: What products are most often sold together?

Answer: iPhone & Lightning Charging Cable

Question 5: What product sold the most? Why do you think it sold the most?

[200]:
```
df.head()
```

[200]:

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	Order Date	Purchase Address	month	total_sales	city	Hour	Minute
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	2019-04-19 08:46:00	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001	4	23.90	Dallas	8	46
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	2019-04-07 22:30:00	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215	4	99.99	Boston	22	30
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600.00	2019-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	600.00	Los Angeles	14	38
4	176560	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	2019-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	11.99	Los Angeles	14	38
5	176561	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	2019-04-30 09:27:00	333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	4	11.99	Los Angeles	9	27

[201]:
```
quantity_ordered = df.groupby('Product')['Quantity Ordered'].sum().reset_index()
quantity_ordered
```

[201]:

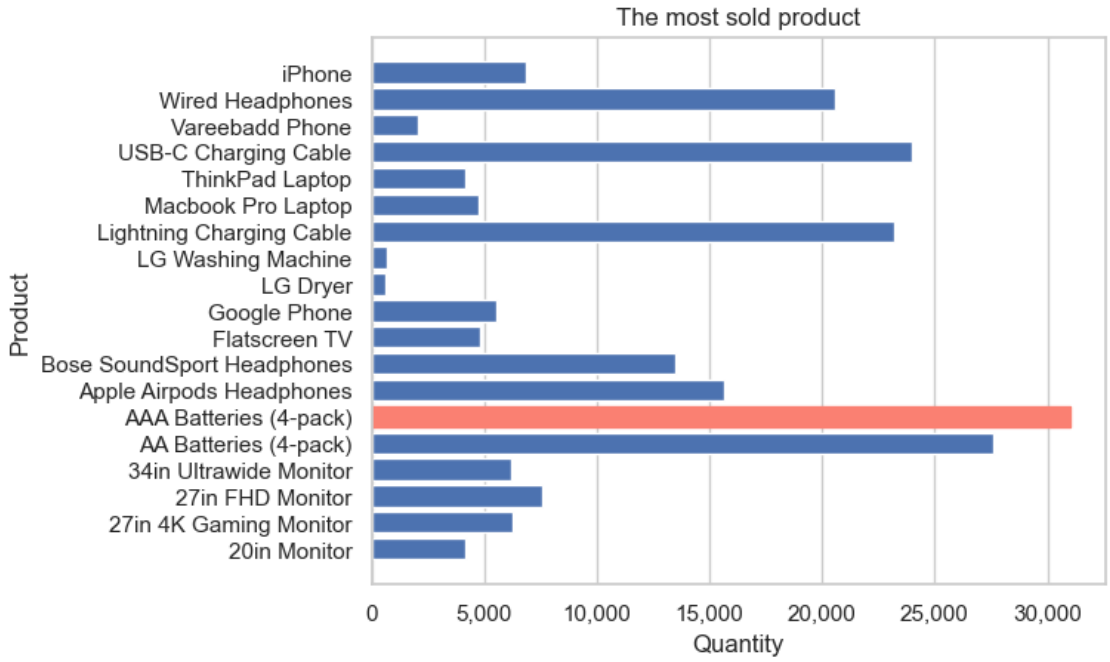
	Product	Quantity Ordered
0	20in Monitor	4129
1	27in 4K Gaming Monitor	6244
2	27in FHD Monitor	7550
3	34in Ultrawide Monitor	6199
4	AA Batteries (4-pack)	27635
5	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	31017
6	Apple Airpods Headphones	15661
7	Bose SoundSport Headphones	13457
8	Flatscreen TV	4819
9	Google Phone	5532
10	LG Dryer	646
11	LG Washing Machine	666
12	Lightning Charging Cable	23217
13	Macbook Pro Laptop	4728
14	ThinkPad Laptop	4130

```
15        USB-C Charging Cable             23975
16             Vareebadd Phone              2068
17           Wired Headphones              20557
18                     iPhone               6849
```

[90]:
```
# overview
df.groupby('Product')['Quantity Ordered'].sum().sort_values(ascending = False).
 ↪reset_index().head()
```

[90]:
```
                    Product  Quantity Ordered
0    AAA Batteries (4-pack)             31017
1     AA Batteries (4-pack)             27635
2      USB-C Charging Cable             23975
3  Lightning Charging Cable             23217
4          Wired Headphones             20557
```

[202]:
```
# create chart
products = plt.barh(quantity_ordered['Product'],quantity_ordered['Quantity␣
 ↪Ordered'])

plt.xlabel("Quantity")
plt.ylabel("Product")
plt.title('The most sold product')
products[5].set_color('salmon')

plt.gca().xaxis.set_major_formatter('{:,.0f}'.format)  # y axis number format

plt.grid(axis='y')

plt.show()
```

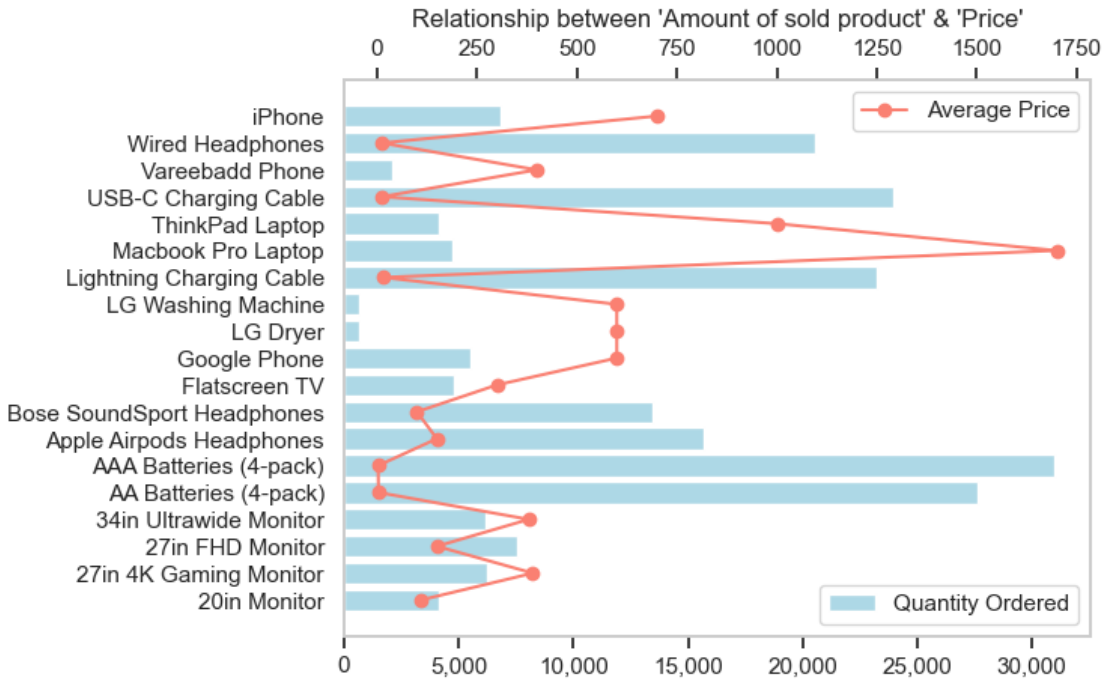


[203]:
```
prices = df.groupby('Product')['Price Each'].mean().reset_index()
prices
```

[203]:

	Product	Price Each
0	20in Monitor	109.99
1	27in 4K Gaming Monitor	389.99
2	27in FHD Monitor	149.99
3	34in Ultrawide Monitor	379.99
4	AA Batteries (4-pack)	3.84
5	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	2.99
6	Apple Airpods Headphones	150.00
7	Bose SoundSport Headphones	99.99
8	Flatscreen TV	300.00
9	Google Phone	600.00
10	LG Dryer	600.00
11	LG Washing Machine	600.00
12	Lightning Charging Cable	14.95
13	Macbook Pro Laptop	1700.00
14	ThinkPad Laptop	999.99
15	USB-C Charging Cable	11.95
16	Vareebadd Phone	400.00
17	Wired Headphones	11.99
18	iPhone	700.00

[208]:
```
# final version version
# Group the DataFrame by 'Product' and calculate the sum of 'Quantity Ordered'␣
 ↪for each product
quantity_ordered = df.groupby('Product')['Quantity Ordered'].sum().reset_index()

# Group the DataFrame by 'Product' and calculate the mean of 'Price Each' for␣
 ↪each product
prices = df.groupby('Product')['Price Each'].mean().reset_index()

# Create the figure and the first set of axes (for quantity ordered)
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()

# Create the horizontal bar chart for quantity ordered
products = ax1.barh(quantity_ordered['Product'], quantity_ordered['Quantity␣
 ↪Ordered'], color='lightblue', label='Quantity Ordered')

# Set labels for the first y-axis and a title for the chart
ax1.set_title("Relationship between 'Amount of sold product' & 'Price'")

# Format the first y-axis (quantity ordered) x-axis numbers to have commas for␣
 ↪thousands separator
ax1.xaxis.set_major_formatter('{:,.0f}'.format)



# Create the second set of axes (for average prices) using twinx()
ax2 = ax1.twiny()  # use the same x-axis for both chart

# Create the line plot for average prices on the second axes
ax2.plot(prices['Price Each'], prices['Product'], marker='o', color='salmon',␣
 ↪label='Average Price')

# Show the legend for both sets of data
ax1.legend(loc='lower right')
ax2.legend(loc='upper right')

# Remove grid lines
ax1.grid(False)
ax2.grid(False)

# Display the chart
#plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Question 5: What product sold the most? Why do you think it sold the most?

Answer: AA Batteries (4-pack) are the cheapest product with a short usage life cycle, making them a frequent choice for people to buy.

Conclusions

```
1. Advertising in December, October, and April, as the highest order generation revenues as fo
          - December ($4,613,443)
      - October ($3,736,726)
          - April ($3,390,670)

2.The top three cities with the highest total sales are as follows:
          - San Francisco ($8,262,203)
      - Los Angeles ($5,452,570)
          - New York City ($4,664,317)

3.The best times for advertising were between 11:00-12:00 and 18:00-19:00.

4.The frequently co-purchased products are as follows:
          - iPhone and Lightning Charging Cable - 1005 orders
          - Google Phone and USB-C Charging Cable - 987 orders
          - iPhone and Wired Headphones - 447 orders
```

5.The top 5 best-selling products are as follows:
- AAA Batteries (4-pack) 31017
- AA Batteries (4-pack) 27635
- USB-C Charging Cable 23975
- Lightning Charging Cable 23217
- Wired Headphones 20557

note: Products with lower prices are more likely to be sold in higher quantities

[1]:
```
# PDF export
!pip install Pyppeteer
!pyppeteer-install
```

```
Collecting Pyppeteer
  Downloading pyppeteer-1.0.2-py3-none-any.whl (83 kB)
                                              0.0/83.4 kB ? eta -:--:--
     ---------------------------------------- 83.4/83.4 kB 4.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: appdirs<2.0.0,>=1.4.3 in
c:\users\avs_ktb\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from Pyppeteer) (1.4.4)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2021 in
c:\users\avs_ktb\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from Pyppeteer) (2023.5.7)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata>=1.4 in
c:\users\avs_ktb\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from Pyppeteer) (6.0.0)
Collecting pyee<9.0.0,>=8.1.0 (from Pyppeteer)
  Downloading pyee-8.2.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (12 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm<5.0.0,>=4.42.1 in
c:\users\avs_ktb\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from Pyppeteer) (4.65.0)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<2.0.0,>=1.25.8 in
c:\users\avs_ktb\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from Pyppeteer) (1.26.16)
Collecting websockets<11.0,>=10.0 (from Pyppeteer)
  Downloading websockets-10.4-cp311-cp311-win_amd64.whl (101 kB)
                                              0.0/101.4 kB ? eta -:--:--
     ---------------------------------------- 101.4/101.4 kB ? eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in c:\users\avs_ktb\anaconda3\lib\site-
packages (from importlib-metadata>=1.4->Pyppeteer) (3.11.0)
Requirement already satisfied: colorama in c:\users\avs_ktb\anaconda3\lib\site-
packages (from tqdm<5.0.0,>=4.42.1->Pyppeteer) (0.4.6)
Installing collected packages: pyee, websockets, Pyppeteer
Successfully installed Pyppeteer-1.0.2 pyee-8.2.2 websockets-10.4
```

```
[INFO] Starting Chromium download.

  0%|          | 0.00/137M [00:00<?, ?b/s]
  0%|          | 20.5k/137M [00:00<11:56, 191kb/s]
  0%|          | 51.2k/137M [00:00<13:11, 173kb/s]
  0%|          | 81.9k/137M [00:00<13:23, 170kb/s]
  0%|          | 154k/137M [00:00<07:13, 316kb/s]
  0%|          | 215k/137M [00:00<05:43, 398kb/s]
  0%|          | 307k/137M [00:00<04:11, 544kb/s]
```

```
  0%|          | 492k/137M [00:00<02:30, 904kb/s]
  1%|          | 727k/137M [00:00<01:43, 1.31Mb/s]
  1%|          | 1.15M/137M [00:01<01:03, 2.14Mb/s]
  1%|1         | 1.76M/137M [00:01<00:41, 3.29Mb/s]
  2%|1         | 2.72M/137M [00:01<00:26, 5.13Mb/s]
  3%|3         | 4.19M/137M [00:01<00:16, 7.93Mb/s]
  5%|4         | 6.46M/137M [00:01<00:10, 12.3Mb/s]
  6%|6         | 8.84M/137M [00:01<00:08, 15.7Mb/s]
  8%|8         | 11.4M/137M [00:01<00:09, 12.6Mb/s]
 11%|#1        | 15.3M/137M [00:02<00:07, 16.2Mb/s]
 14%|#3        | 19.1M/137M [00:02<00:06, 18.3Mb/s]
 17%|#6        | 23.0M/137M [00:02<00:05, 20.0Mb/s]
 20%|#9        | 26.9M/137M [00:02<00:05, 21.2Mb/s]
 22%|##2       | 30.8M/137M [00:02<00:04, 21.9Mb/s]
 25%|##5       | 34.7M/137M [00:02<00:04, 22.6Mb/s]
 28%|##8       | 38.5M/137M [00:03<00:04, 22.9Mb/s]
 31%|###       | 42.4M/137M [00:03<00:04, 23.2Mb/s]
 34%|###3      | 46.2M/137M [00:03<00:03, 23.4Mb/s]
 37%|###6      | 50.1M/137M [00:03<00:03, 23.6Mb/s]
 39%|###9      | 54.0M/137M [00:03<00:03, 23.6Mb/s]
 42%|####2     | 57.8M/137M [00:03<00:03, 23.6Mb/s]
 45%|####5     | 61.7M/137M [00:03<00:03, 23.4Mb/s]
 48%|####7     | 65.5M/137M [00:04<00:03, 23.5Mb/s]
 51%|#####     | 69.4M/137M [00:04<00:02, 23.6Mb/s]
 53%|#####3    | 73.2M/137M [00:04<00:02, 23.6Mb/s]
 56%|#####6    | 77.1M/137M [00:04<00:02, 23.7Mb/s]
 59%|#####9    | 80.9M/137M [00:04<00:02, 23.7Mb/s]
 62%|######1   | 84.8M/137M [00:04<00:02, 23.7Mb/s]
 65%|######4   | 88.6M/137M [00:05<00:02, 23.6Mb/s]
 68%|######7   | 92.5M/137M [00:05<00:01, 23.8Mb/s]
 70%|#######   | 96.4M/137M [00:05<00:01, 23.8Mb/s]
 73%|#######3  | 100M/137M [00:05<00:01, 23.8Mb/s]
 76%|#######6  | 104M/137M [00:05<00:01, 23.8Mb/s]
 79%|#######8  | 108M/137M [00:05<00:01, 23.7Mb/s]
 82%|########1 | 112M/137M [00:06<00:01, 23.8Mb/s]
 84%|########4 | 116M/137M [00:06<00:00, 23.7Mb/s]
 87%|########7 | 119M/137M [00:06<00:00, 23.7Mb/s]
 90%|######### | 123M/137M [00:06<00:00, 23.7Mb/s]
 93%|#########2| 127M/137M [00:06<00:00, 23.7Mb/s]
 96%|#########5| 131M/137M [00:06<00:00, 23.8Mb/s]
 99%|#########8| 135M/137M [00:07<00:00, 23.7Mb/s]
100%|##########| 137M/137M [00:07<00:00, 19.2Mb/s]
[INFO] Beginning extraction
[INFO] Chromium extracted to:
C:\Users\AVS_KTB\AppData\Local\pyppeteer\pyppeteer\local-chromium\588429
```

[ ]: