

## Lab 8

### for Loop

Name-Surname.....Student No.....Section (LAB).....

#### Lab instruction

1. Open VS code or JAVA IDE in your computer.
2. Create a new java class name MultiplicationTable.java, then write the following code.

```
public class MultiplicationTable {
    /** Main method */
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Display the table heading
        System.out.println("          Multiplication Table");

        // Display the number title
        System.out.print("    ");
        for (int j = 1; j <= 9; j++)
            System.out.print("    " + j);

        System.out.println("\n-----");

        // Print table body
        for (int i = 1; i <= 9; i++) {
            System.out.print(i + " | ");
            for (int j = 1; j <= 9; j++) {
                // Display the product and align properly
                System.out.printf("%4d", i * j);
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

3. Compile and run program. See the output of the program.
4. Modify the program to generate output follow the picture.

	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
9	81	72	63	54	45	36	27	18	9
8	72	64	56	48	40	32	24	16	8
7	63	56	49	42	35	28	21	14	7
6	54	48	42	36	30	24	18	12	6
5	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5
4	36	32	28	24	20	16	12	8	4
3	27	24	21	18	15	12	9	6	3
2	18	16	14	12	10	8	6	4	2
1	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

\*\*\*\*\*CHECK POINT #1\*\*\*\*\*

5. Factorial calculator, Develop a java program to calculate the factorial of a given number. The program can accept the number from user and show the result to the user.

Example:

$$10! = 10 \times 9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 3628800$$

In general, we can write the formula for finding factorial as

$$n! = (n) \times (n - 1) \times (n - 2) \times (n - 3) \times \dots \times 1$$

\*\*\*\*\*CHECK POINT #2\*\*\*\*\*

6. Display Pyramid number, Write java program by using the nested loop to display the pyramid number in 7 rows and number inside pyramid are power by 2 (Math.pow(x,y)) following the example output.

							1							
						1	2	1						
				1	2	4	2	1						
			1	2	4	8	4	2	1					
		1	2	4	8	16	8	4	2	1				
	1	2	4	8	16	32	16	8	4	2	1			
1	2	4	8	16	32	64	32	16	8	4	2	1		
1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

\*\*\*\*\*CHECK POINT #3\*\*\*\*\*

7. Hexadecimals are often used in computer systems programming

(<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hexadecimal>). How do you convert a decimal number to a hexadecimal number? To convert a decimal number  $d$  to a hexadecimal number is to find the hexadecimal digits  $h_n$ ,

$h_{n-1}$ ,  $h_{n-2}$ , ...,  $h_2$ ,  $h_1$ , and  $h_0$  such that

$$d = h_n \times 16^n + h_{n-1} \times 16^{n-1} + h_{n-2} \times 16^{n-2} + \dots + h_2 \times 16^2 + h_1 \times 16^1 + h_0 \times 16^0$$

These hexadecimal digits can be found by successively dividing  $d$  by 16 until the quotient is 0. The remainders are  $h_0, h_1, h_2, \dots, h_{n-2}, h_{n-1}$ , and  $h_n$ . Use the for loop to receive the decimal number and convert to the hexadecimal by using the for loop. [Do not use [Integer.toHexString\(int\)](#) in the program]

\*\*\*\*\*CHECK POINT #4\*\*\*\*\*

-----End of Lab-----