#### Finite Automata

What Are They?

An Example: Scoring in Tennis

#### What is a Finite Automaton?

- A formal system.
- Remembers only a finite amount of information.
- Information represented by its state.
- State changes in response to inputs.
- Rules that tell how the state changes in response to inputs are called *transitions*.

#### Informal Explanation

- Finite automata are finite collections of states with transition rules that take you from one state to another.
- Original application was sequential switching circuits, where the "state" was the settings of internal bits.
- Today, several kinds of software can be modeled by FA.

#### Representing FA

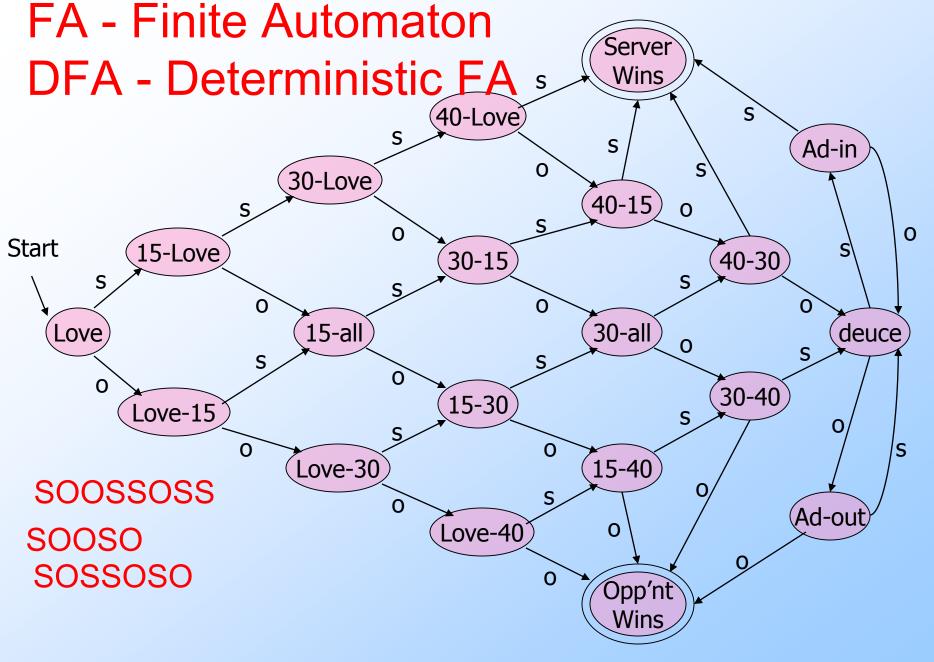
- Simplest representation is often a graph.
  - Nodes = states.
  - Arcs indicate state transitions.
  - Labels on arcs tell what causes the transition.

#### **Tennis**

- Like ping-pong, except you are very tiny and stand on the table.
- $\bullet$  *Match* = 3-5 sets.
- $\bullet$  *Set* = 6 or more games.

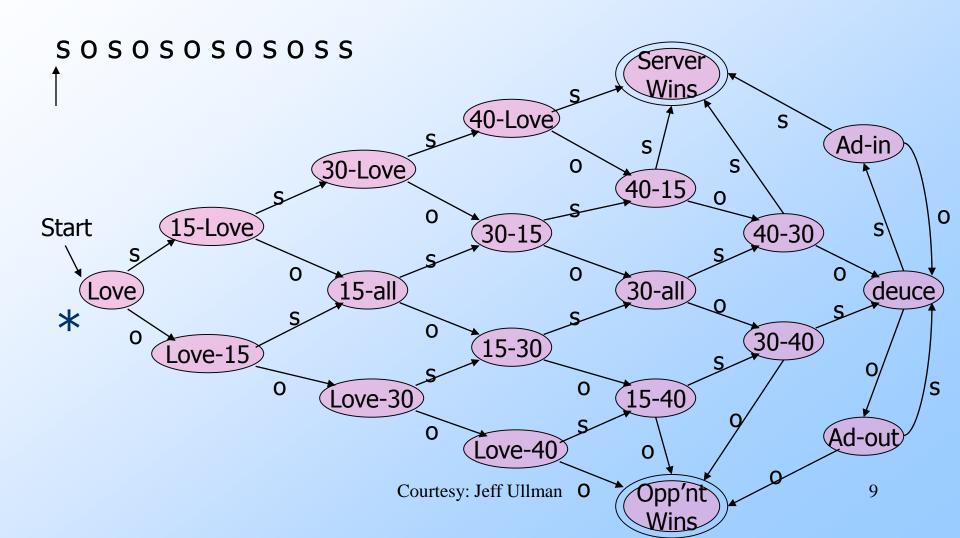
#### Scoring a Game

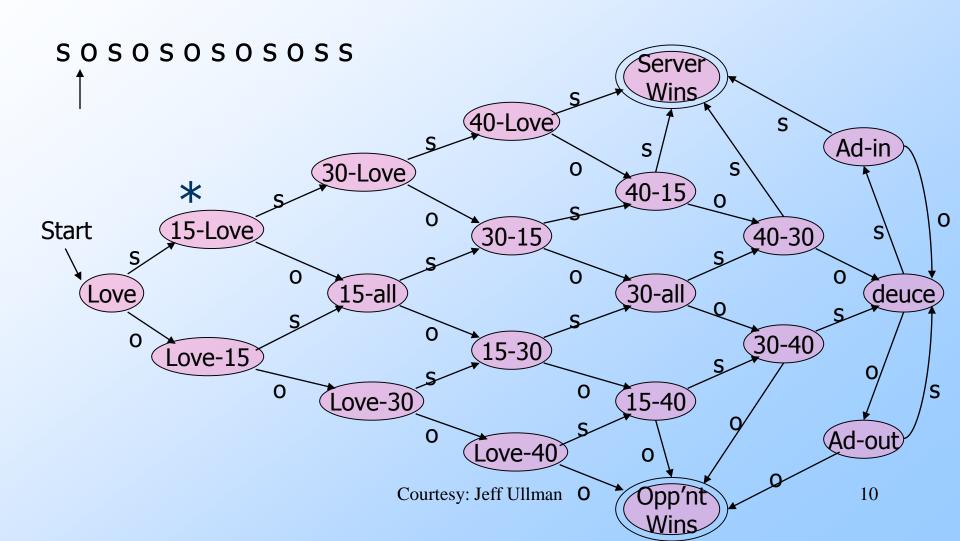
- One person serves throughout.
- To win, you must score at least 4 points.
- You also must win by at least 2 points.
- Inputs are s = "server wins point" and o = "opponent wins point."

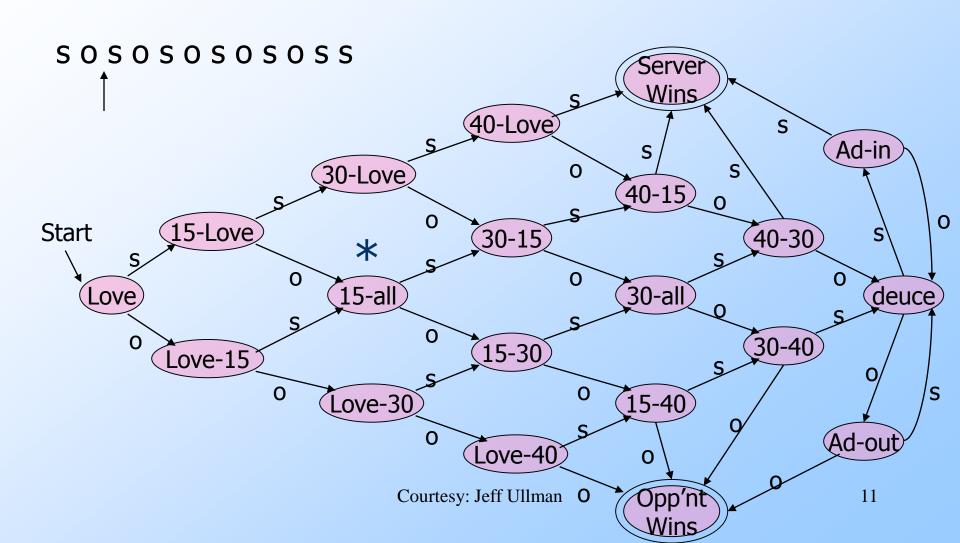


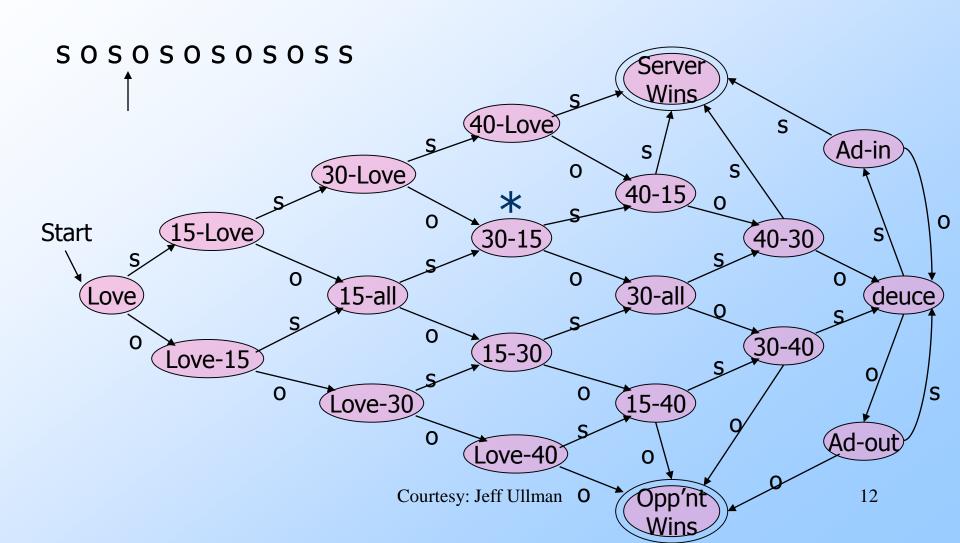
#### Acceptance of Inputs

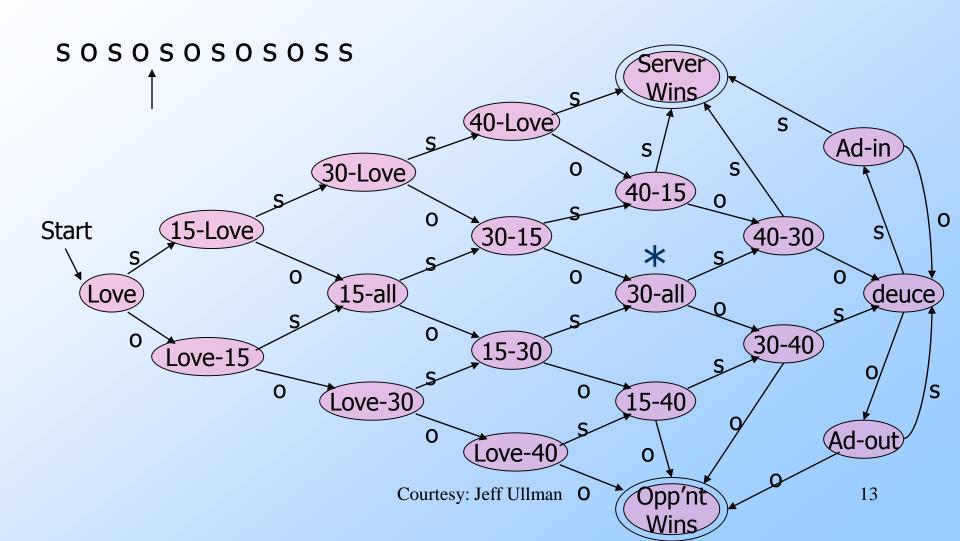
- Given a sequence of inputs (input string), start in the start state and follow the transition from each symbol in turn.
- Input is accepted if you wind up in a final (accepting) state after all inputs have been read.

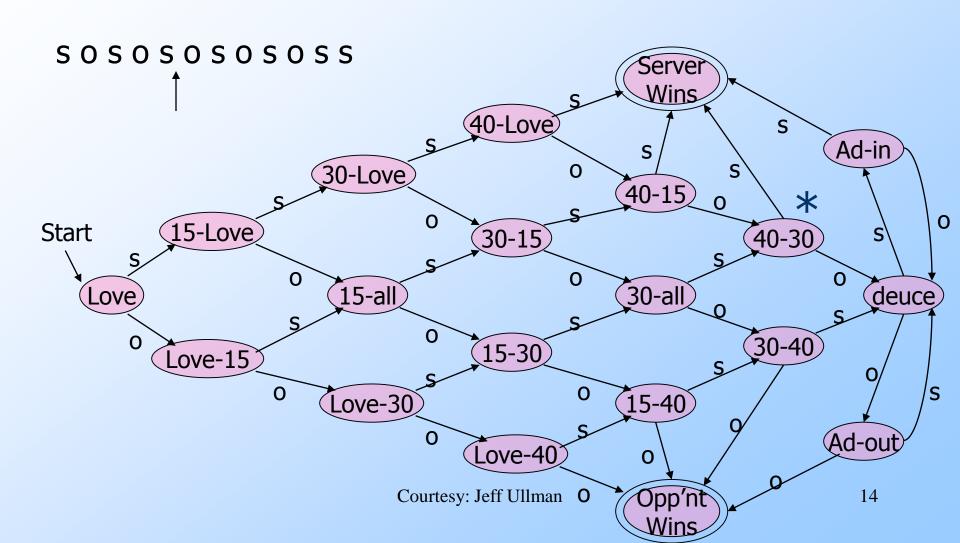


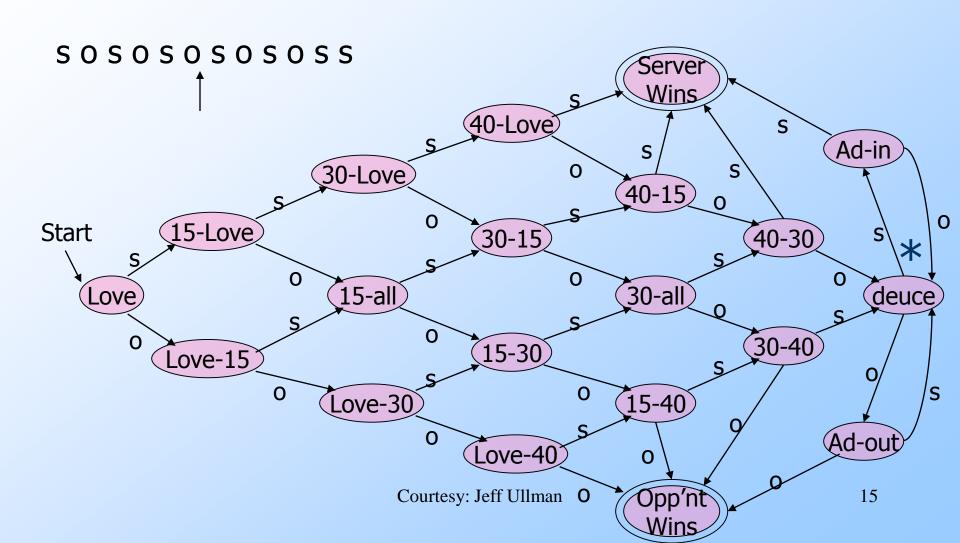


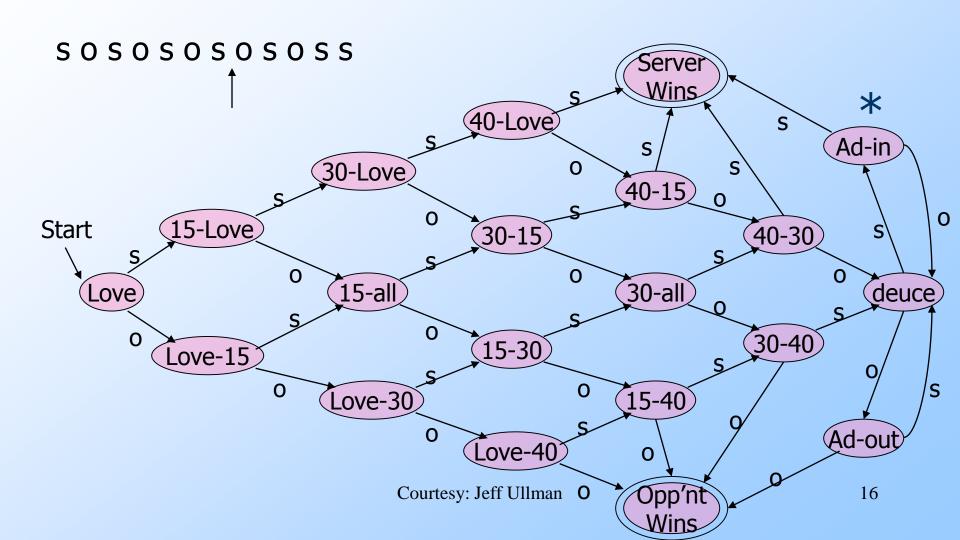


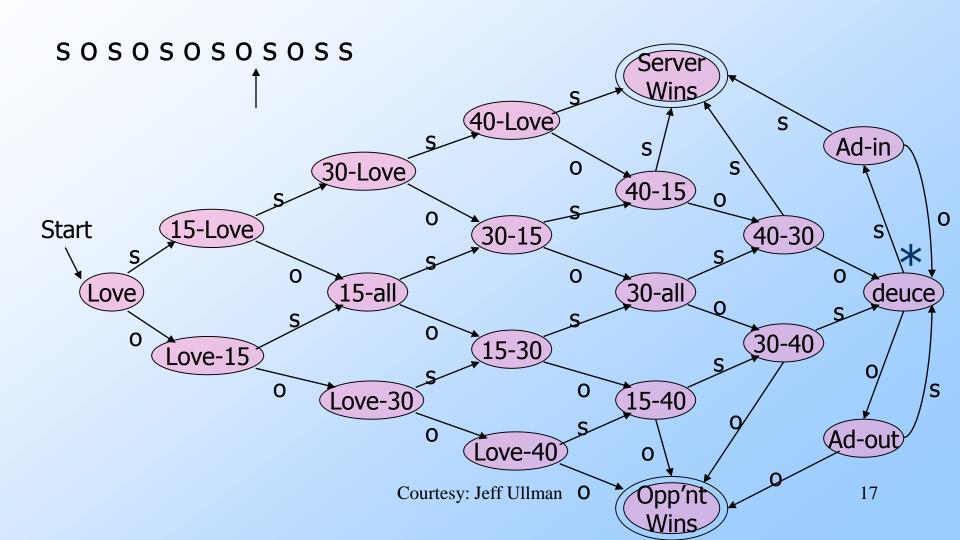


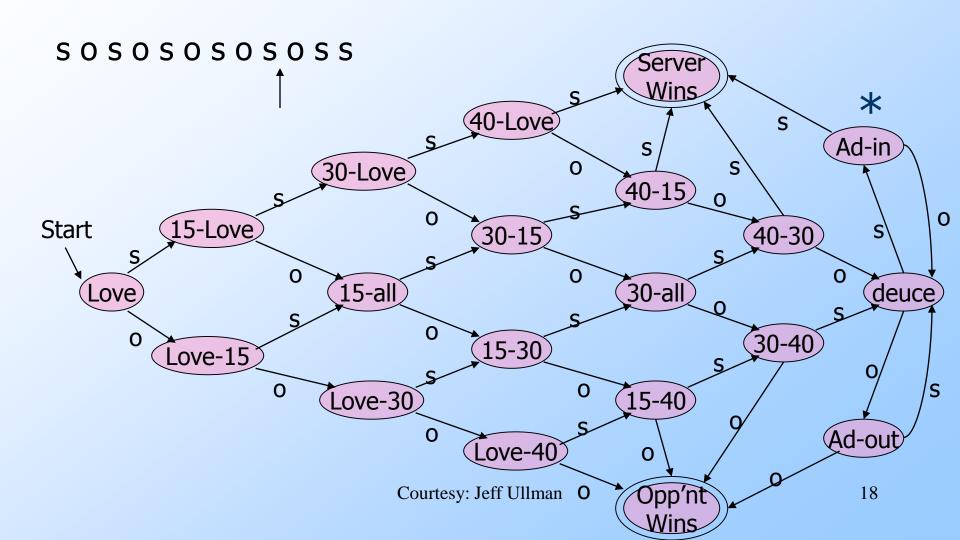


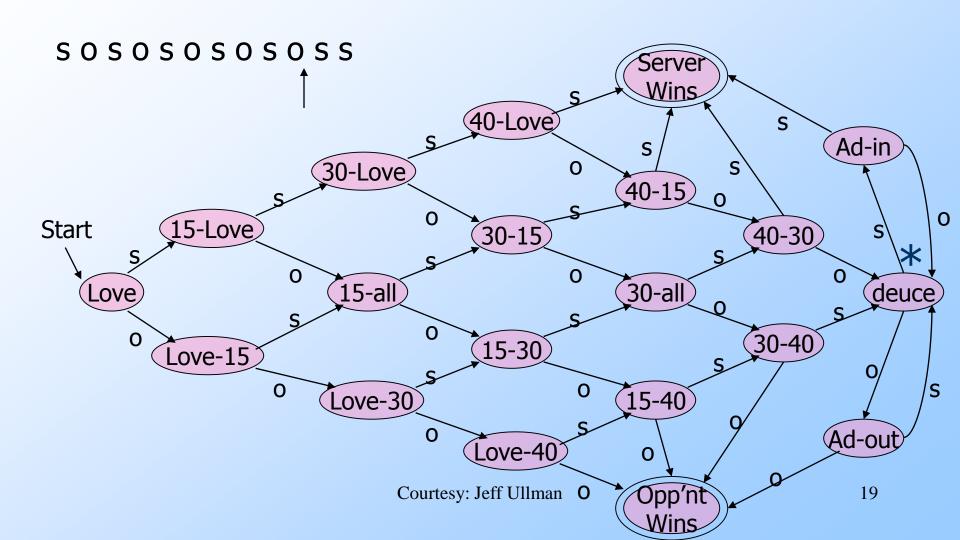


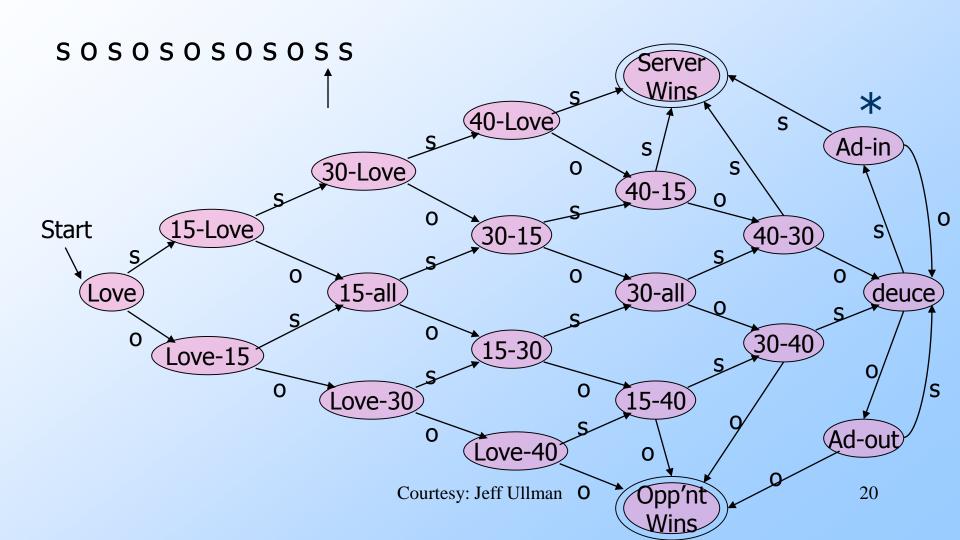


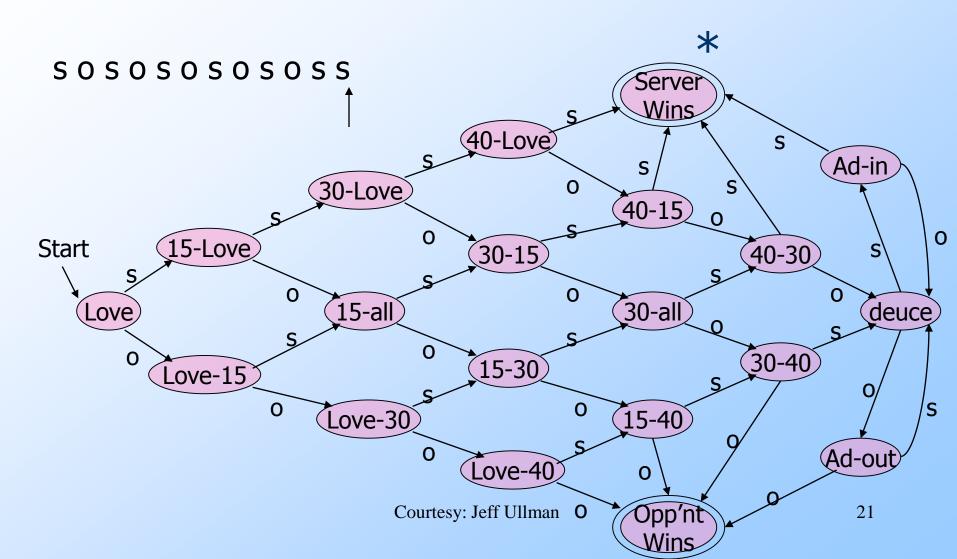




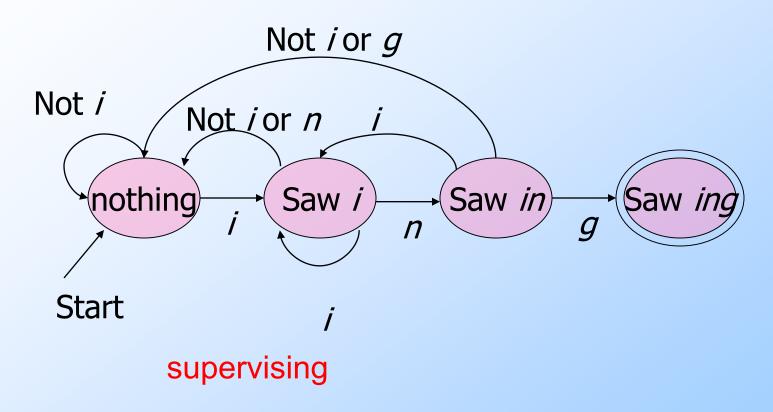








# Example: Recognizing Strings Ending in "ing"



#### Automata to Code

- In C/C++, make a piece of code for each state. This code:
  - 1. Reads the next input.
  - 2. Decides on the next state.
  - 3. Jumps to the beginning of the code for that state.

#### Example: Automata to Code

```
2: /* i seen */
 c = getNextInput();
 if (c == 'n') goto 3;
 else if (c == 'i') goto 2;
 else goto 1;
3: /* "in" seen */
```

#### Language of an Automaton

- The set of strings accepted by an automaton A is the *language* of A.
- Denoted L(A).
- Different sets of final states -> different languages.
- Example: As designed, L(Tennis) = strings that determine the winner.