Step2: Building The Parser



- We will use ANTLR to automatically obtain the code of the parser
- To complete step 2, you need to:
 - 1. Use the grammar file (Micro.g4) to write the full grammar of Micro (the language grammar is available on the course webpage)
 - 2. Use ANTLR to obtain the parser code (MicroParser.java)
 - 3. Integrate MicroParser.java with your code project
 - Modify Driver.java to invoke the parser and check for syntax errors

Micro.g4



```
grammar Micro;

KEYWORD: ......

These are the regular expressions that you wrote in step 1

program: 'PROGRAM' id 'BEGIN' pgm_body 'END';
id: IDENTIFIER;

Now, write the grammar rules
```



Using ANTLR Tool

- Use the following command
 java –jar antlr.jar –no-listener Micro.g4
- The scanner code is found in MicroLexer.java
- The parser code is found in MicroParser.java

Integrating Parser Code



▼ Compilers-Step1 ~/IdeaProjects/Compilers-Step1

▶ idea

▶ out
▼ src
ⓒ Driver
ⓒ MicroLexer
ⓒ MicroParser
ⓒ MicroParser
ⓒ Compilers-Step1.iml
▼ Illi External Libraries
▶ antlr-4.8-complete.jar library root
▶ < 1.8 > /Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/jdk1.8.0_191.jdk/Conten
ⓒ Scratches and Consoles

Add the parser code to the project you already created in step1

Driver.java



```
import org.antlr.v4.runtime.CharStream;
import org.antlr.v4.runtime.CharStreams;
import org.antlr.v4.runtime.CommonTokenStream;
import java.io.IOException;
public class Driver {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        MicroLexer <u>lexer</u> = null;
        try{
            String srcFile = args[0];
            CharStream charStream = CharStreams.fromFileName(srcFile);
            lexer = new MicroLexer(charStream);
        catch(IOException e){
            System.out.println("Error: incorrect input file");
            System.exit( status: 0);
                                                                                      This code
        MicroParser parser = new MicroParser(new CommonTokenStream(lexer));
                                                                                      invokes the
        parser.program();
                                                                                      parser
        if(parser.getNumberOfSyntaxErrors() == 0)
                                                               This code will check
            System.out.println("accepted");
        else
                                                               for syntax errors
            System.out.println("not accepted");
}
```



Step 2 Output

- By the end of this step, your compiler should be able to take a source Micro code, parse it and produce an "accepted" message if no syntax error is found
 - Otherwise, the compiler produces a "not accepted" message
- I uploaded a set of input *MICRO* code examples on the course website, as well as the expected output for each code example
- Due: One week from today