

Working with ESP32

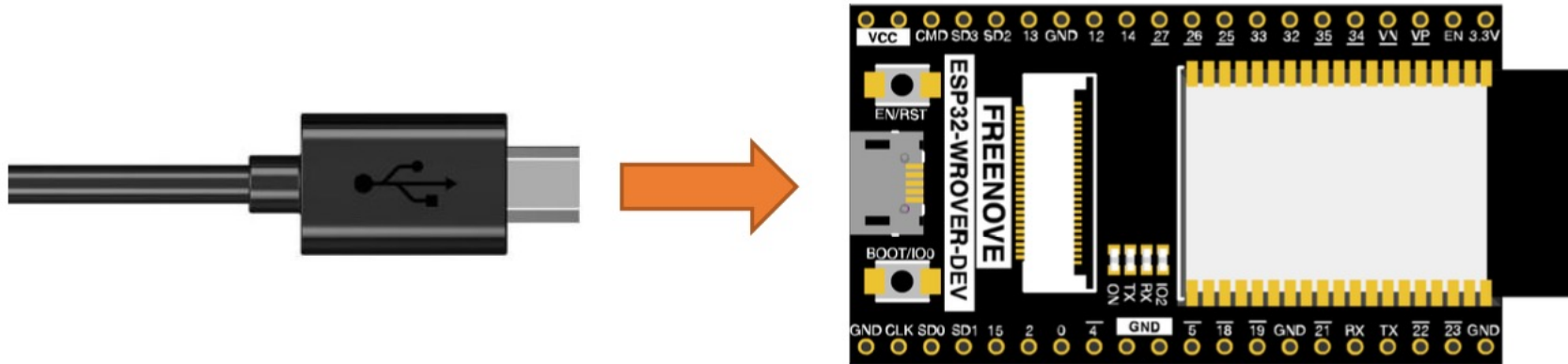
Haroon Lone

Feb 8, 2023

Step1: Install Thonny

- Use following link to download Thonny
 - <https://thonny.org/>

Step2: Connect ESP32 to computer with the USB cable

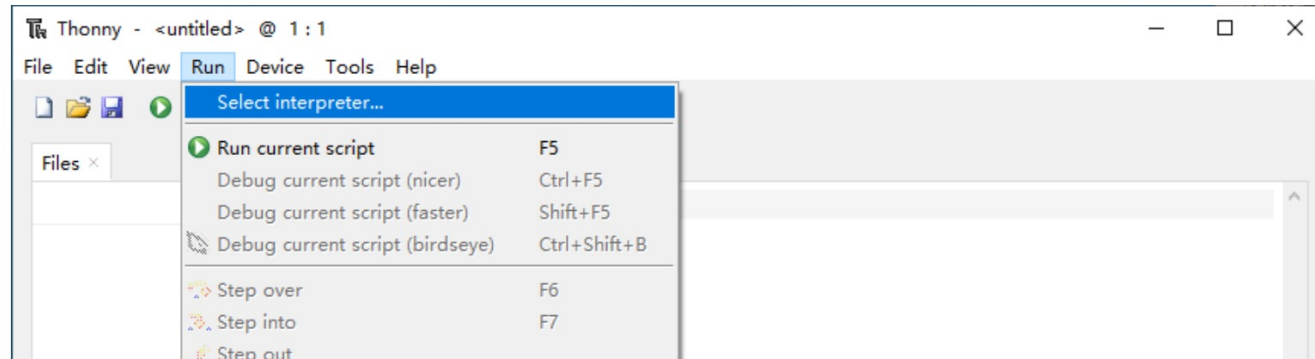


Step 2.1 Install Driver (optional)

- If your computer doesn't recognize the board, install required driver by going through the following link
 - <https://docs.espressif.com/projects/esp-idf/en/latest/esp32/get-started/establish-serial-connection.html#:~:text=Connect%20ESP32%20to%20PC,in%20internet%20and%20install%20them.>

Step 3: Install MicroPython on ESP32

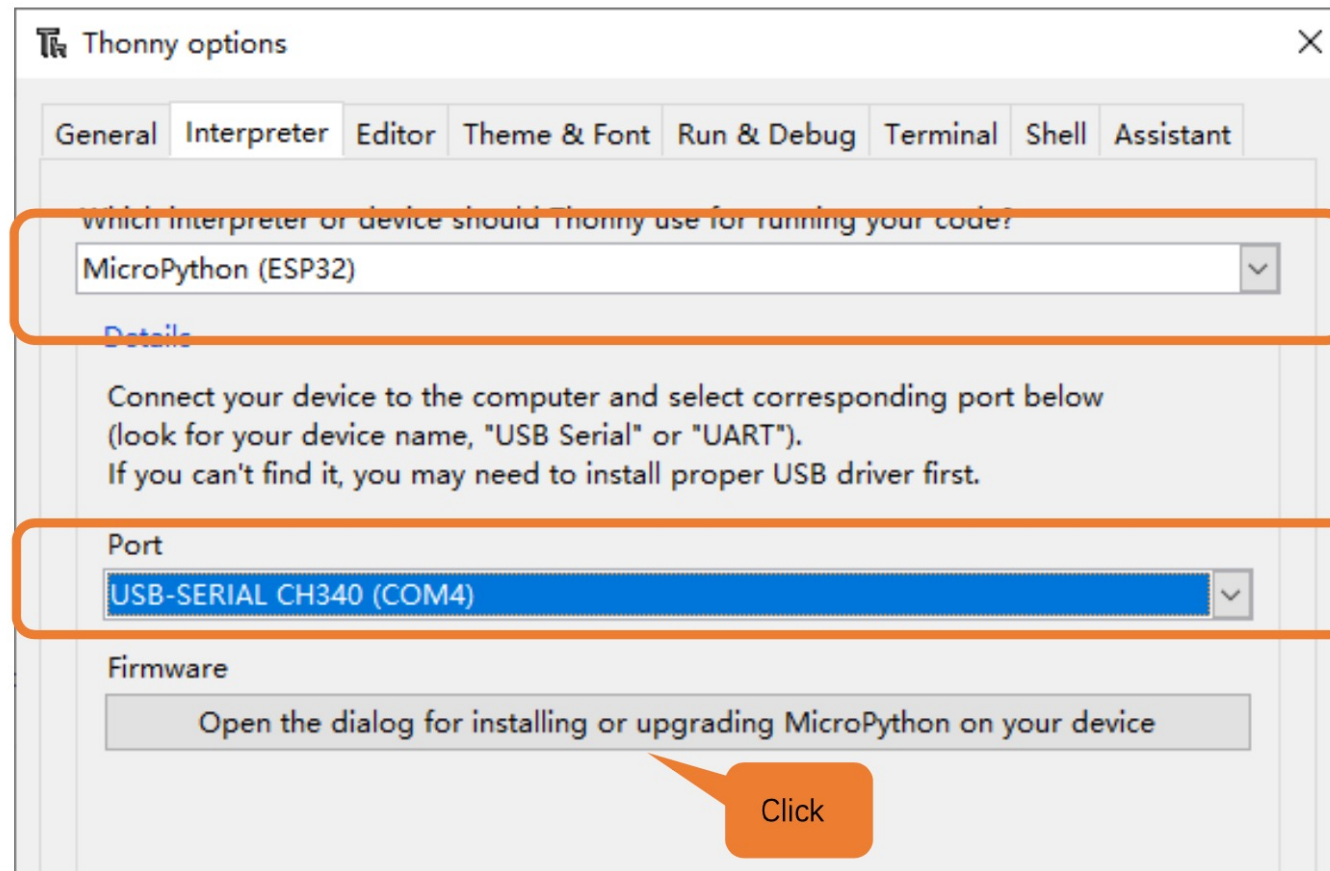
1. Connect ESP32 to computer via USB
2. Open Thonny and select “Select interpreter”



3. Browse for *xyz.bin* file [Micro-python] in the shared folder

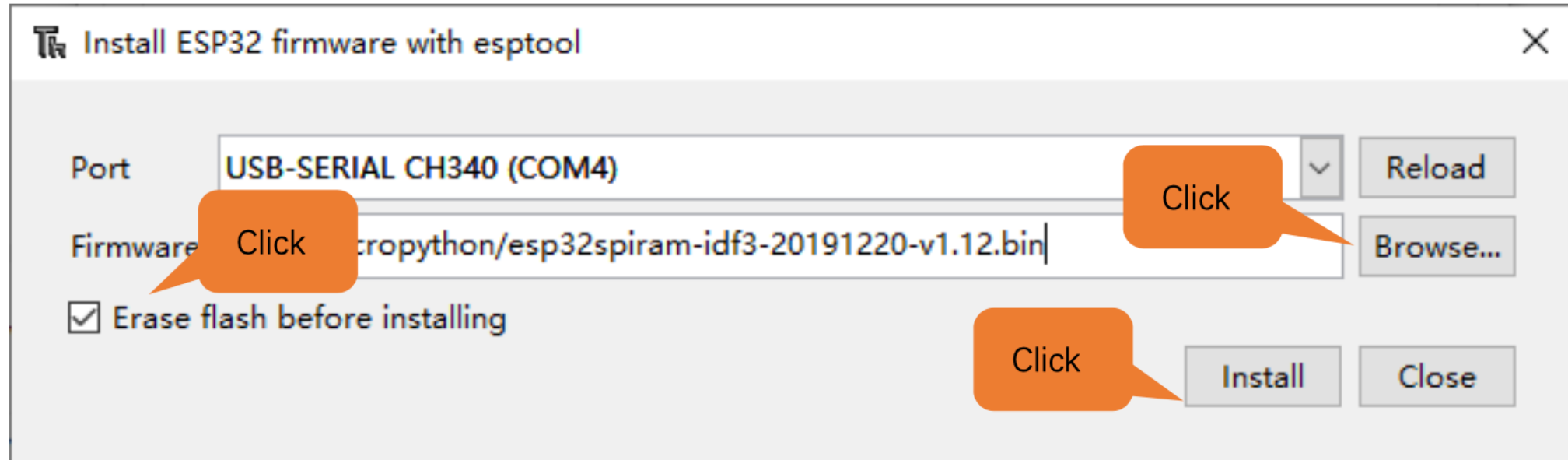
Step 3.1: Install MicroPython on ESP32

1. Select options as shown in the following window

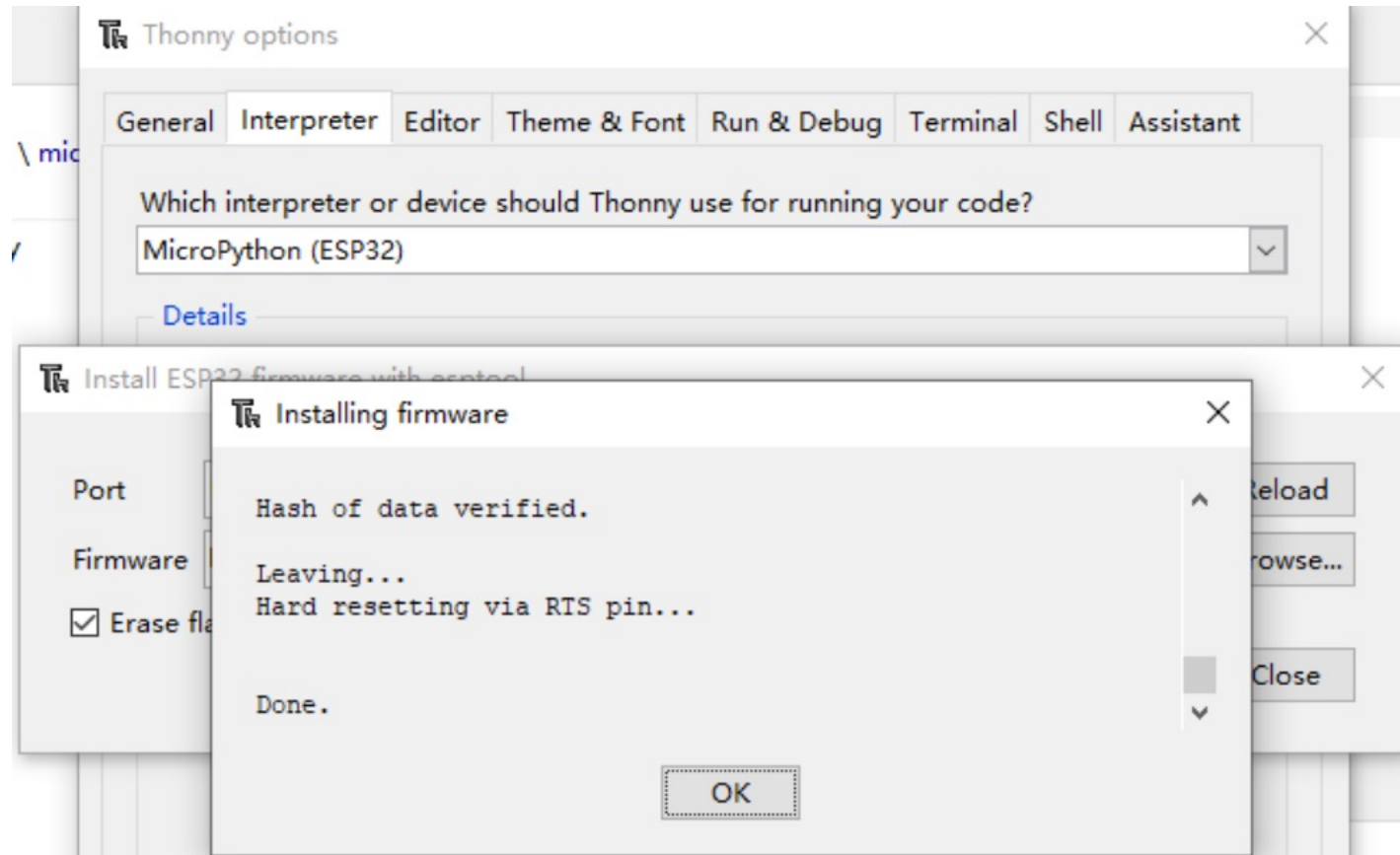


Step 3.1: Install MicroPython on ESP32

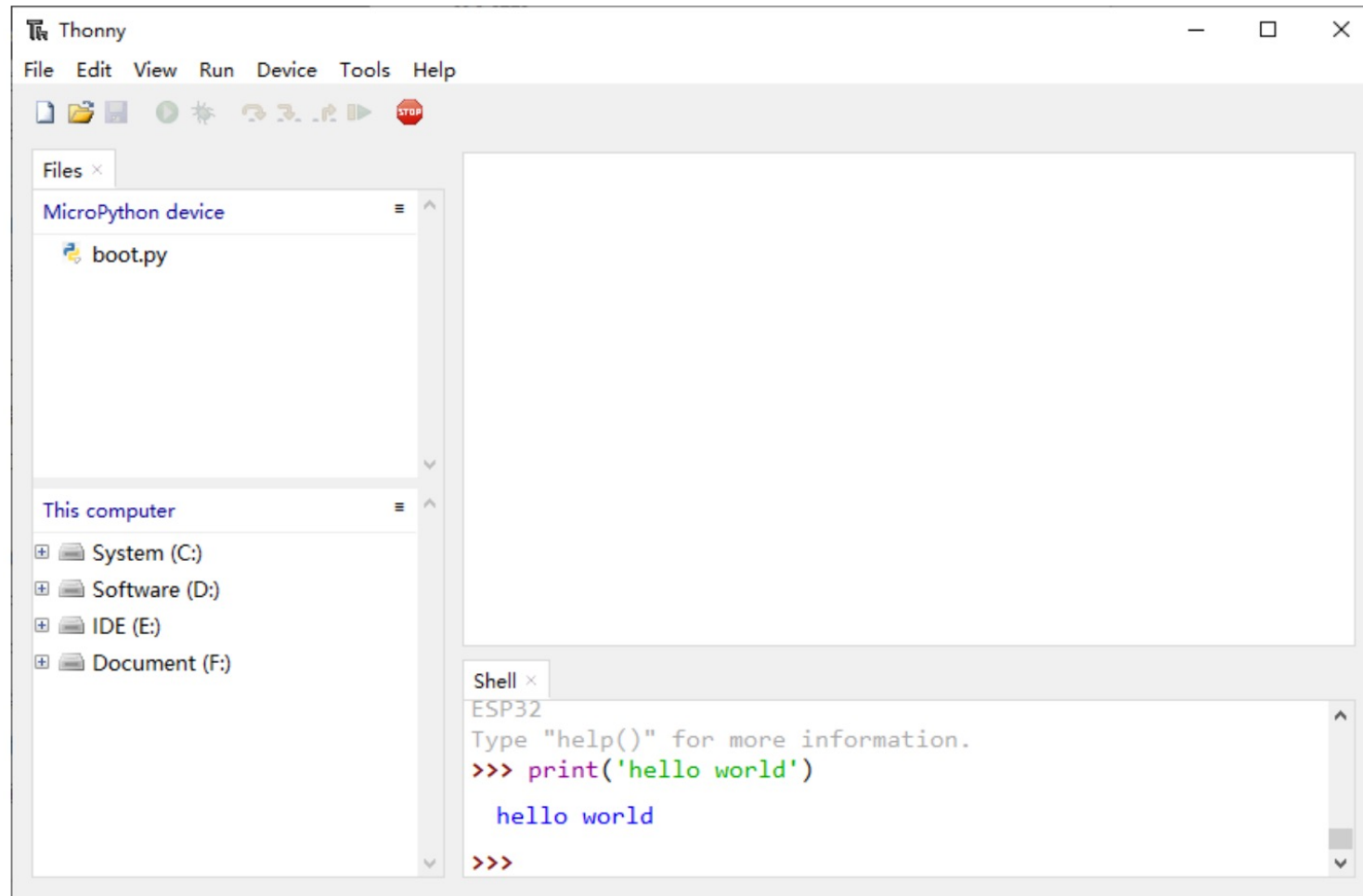
1. Select options as shown in the following window. The file can be found at *Lab-data/Python_Firmware/...*



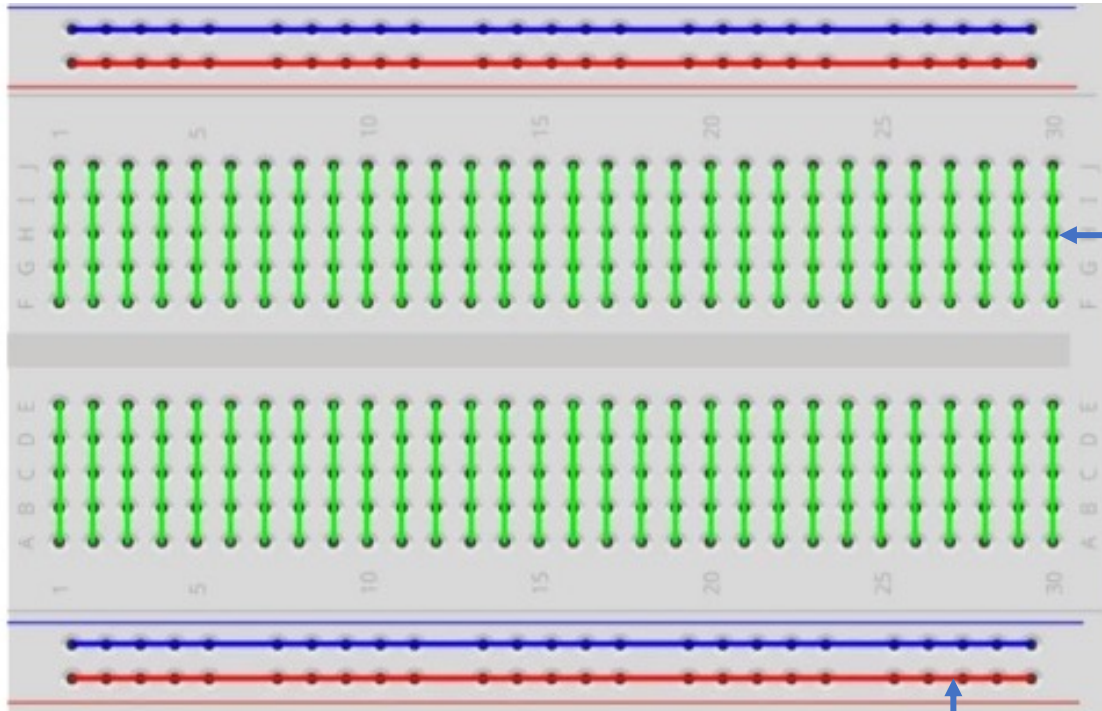
Step 3: Confirmation



Step 4: Print ``Hello world`` on ESP32 shell



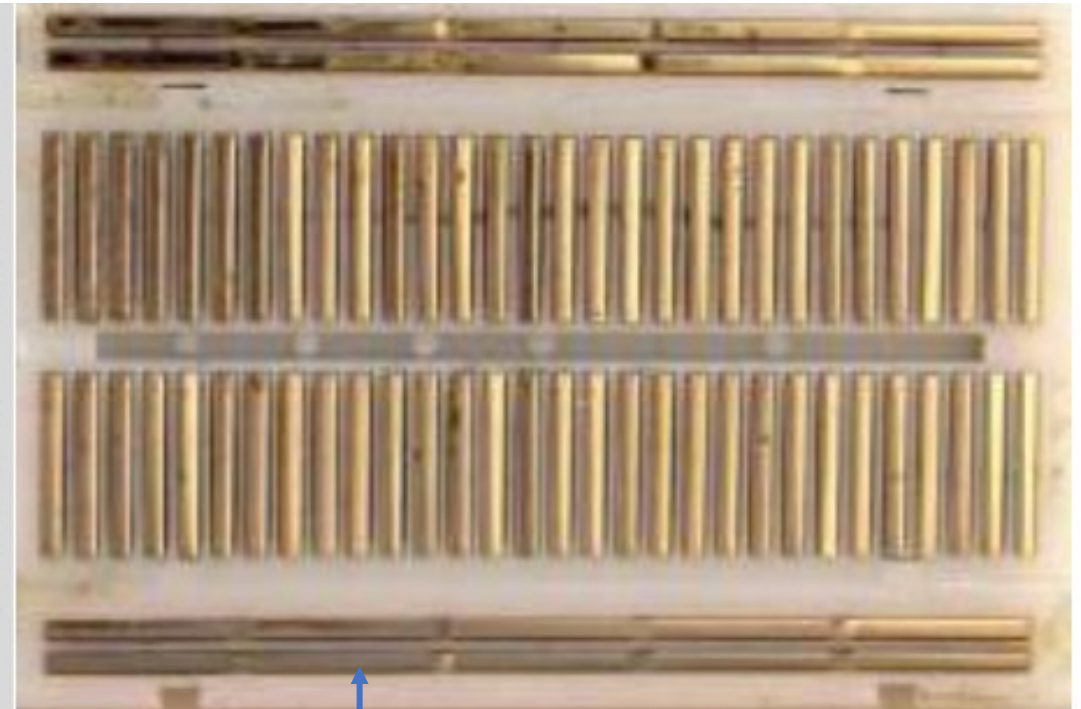
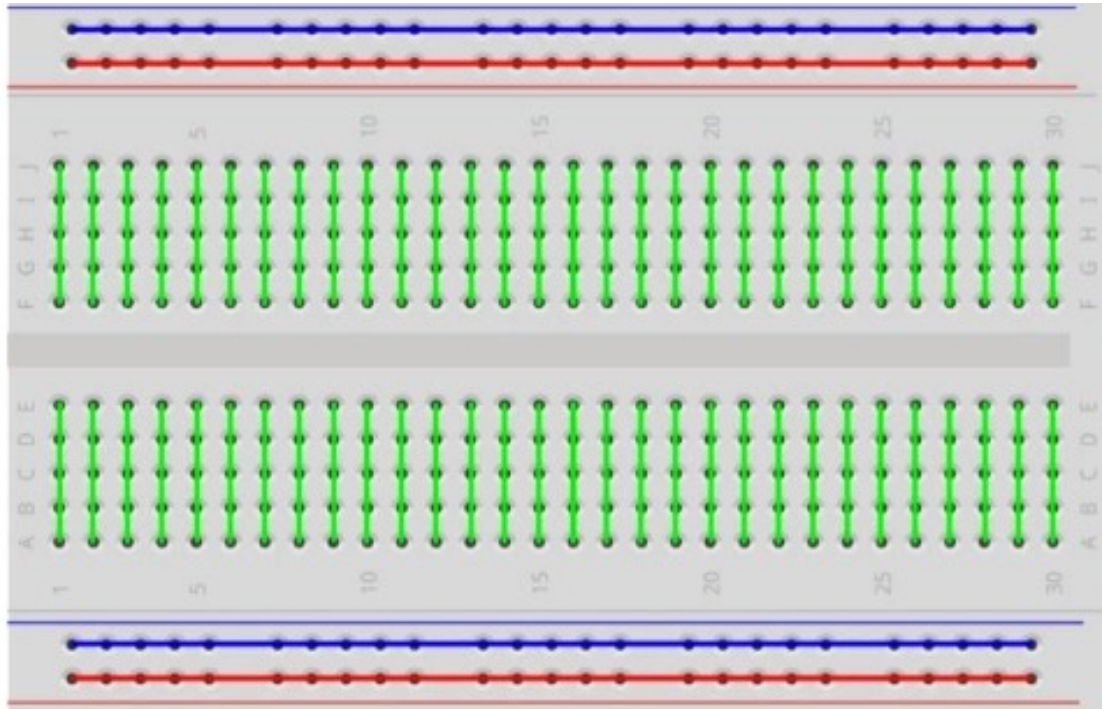
Breadboard Internal connections



Vertical rows (green colored) connected internally

Horizontal rows (red/blue colored) connected internally

Breadboard



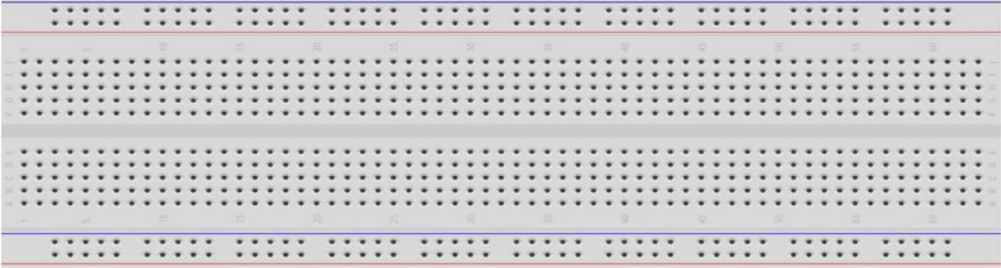



Internal structure

Blinking LED

Components required

- ESP32
- Breadboard
- Led (1)
- Resistor 220 ohm (1)
- Jumper wires (2)

Components required

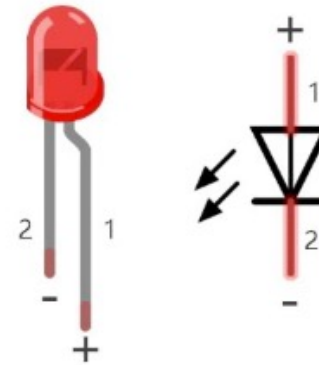
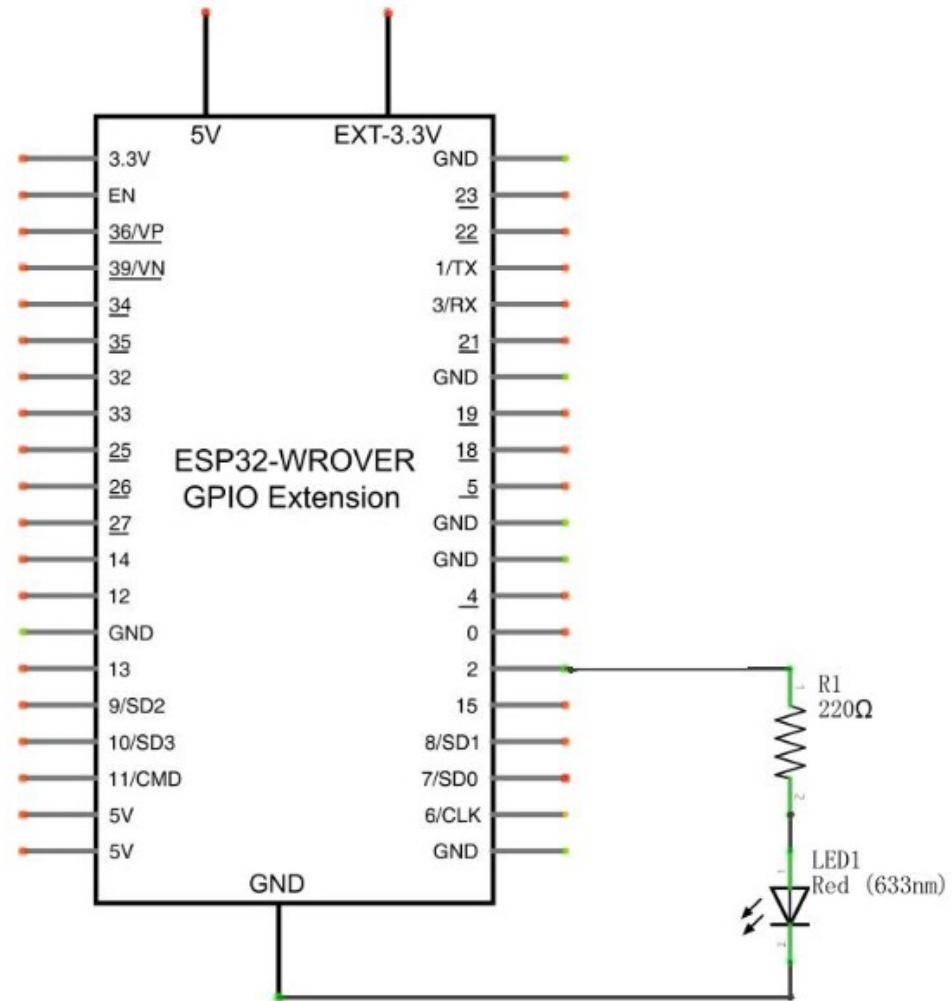
<p>Breadboard x1</p> 		
<p>LED x1</p> 	<p>Resistor 220Ω x1</p> 	<p>Jumper M/M x2</p> 

LED

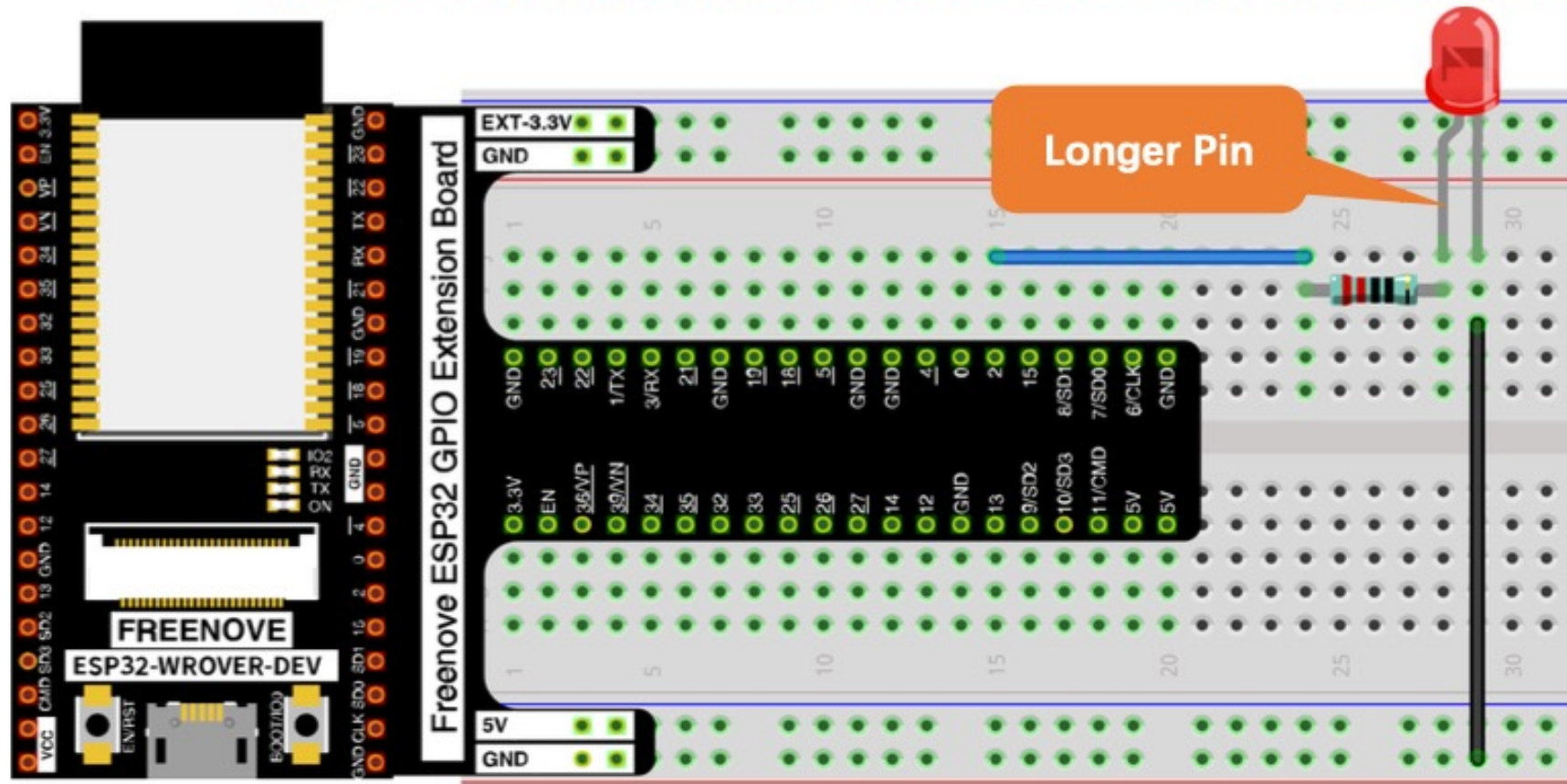
- It is a type of diode
- Longer leg (+ve), shorter leg (-ve).
- Negative leg, often called as GND (ground)
- LED's can't be connected to a power supply directly
- Often resistor is connected in series with a LED



Schematic



Hardware layout



Program

```
from time import sleep_ms
from machine import Pin

led=Pin(2,Pin.OUT) #create LED object from pin2,Set Pin2 to output
try:
    while True:
        led.value(1)          #Set led turn on
        sleep_ms(1000)
        led.value(0)          #Set led turn off
        sleep_ms(1000)
except:
    pass
```

How to blink LED?

1. Connect components as shown in Hardware layout slide. Make sure connections are correct
2. Open Thonny on your computer
3. Connect ESP32 to computer via USB
4. Upload boot.py first and then your program to ESP32 from Thonny
5. Run the program file. Now LED should blink

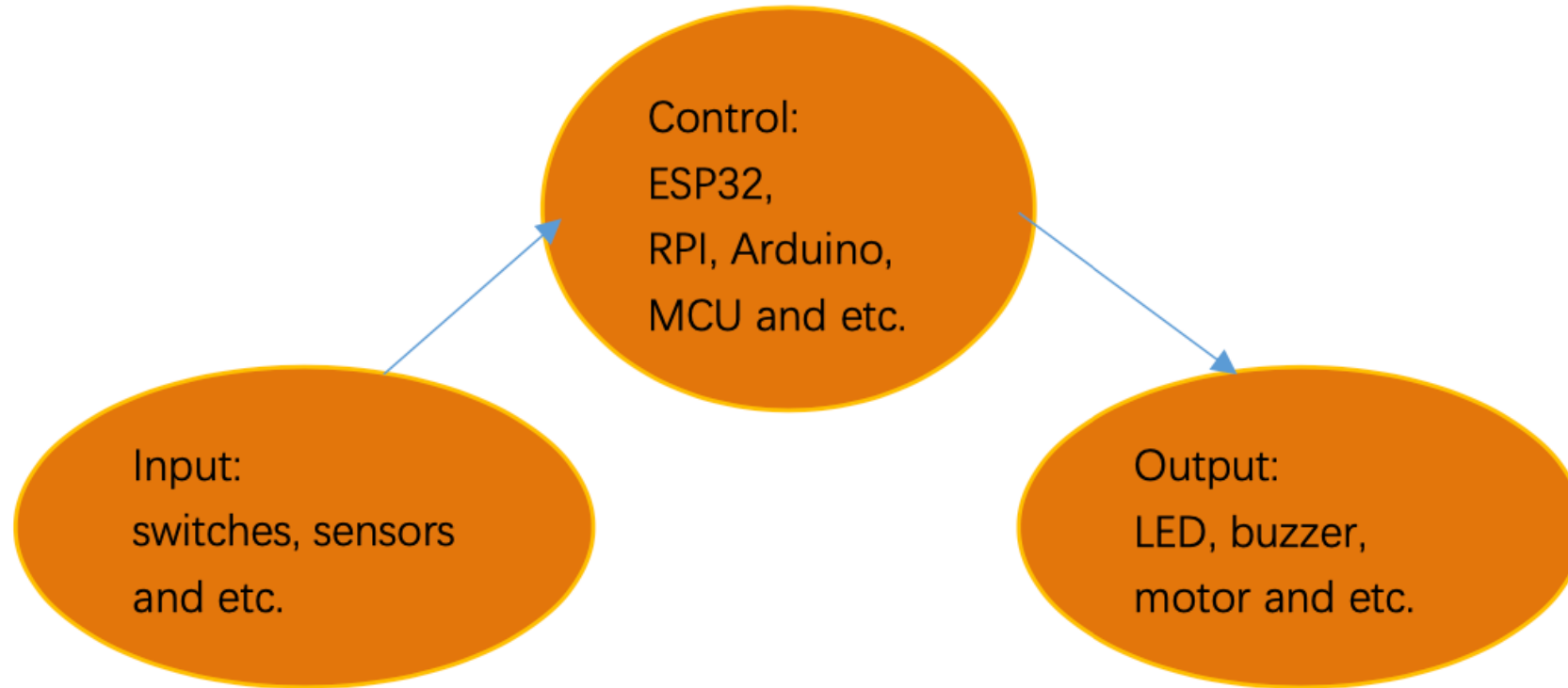
General Instructions

- Use **ctrl + C** (or ctrl +]) to gain control of ESP32. Sometimes it gets busy
- Run the program after uploading to ESP32
- Run program by pressing reset button on ESP32

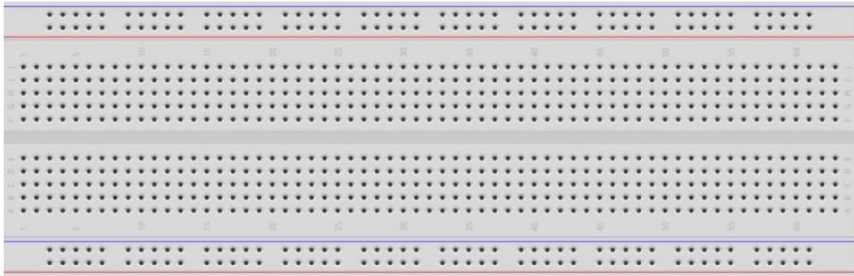





Don't put any other component in the board other than the mentioned components.

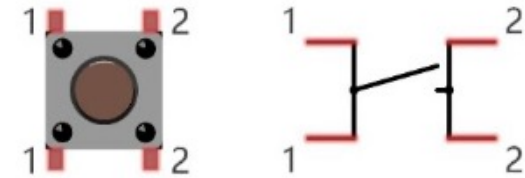
Controlling LED with a button

Input and Output

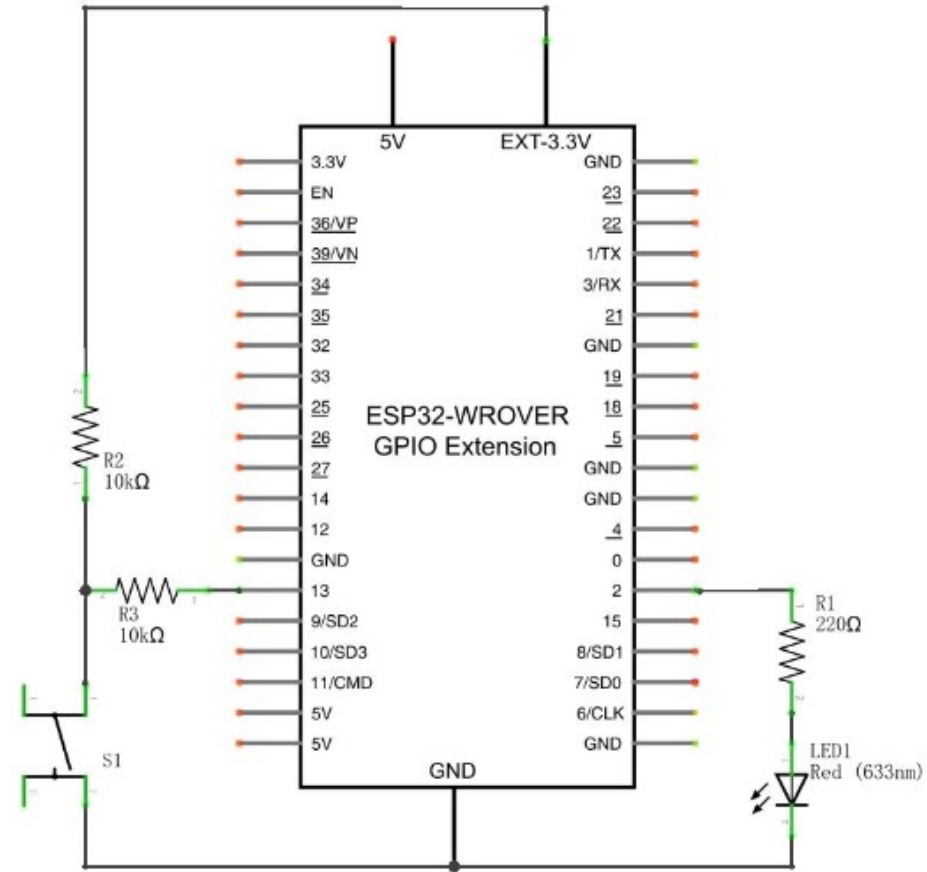


Components

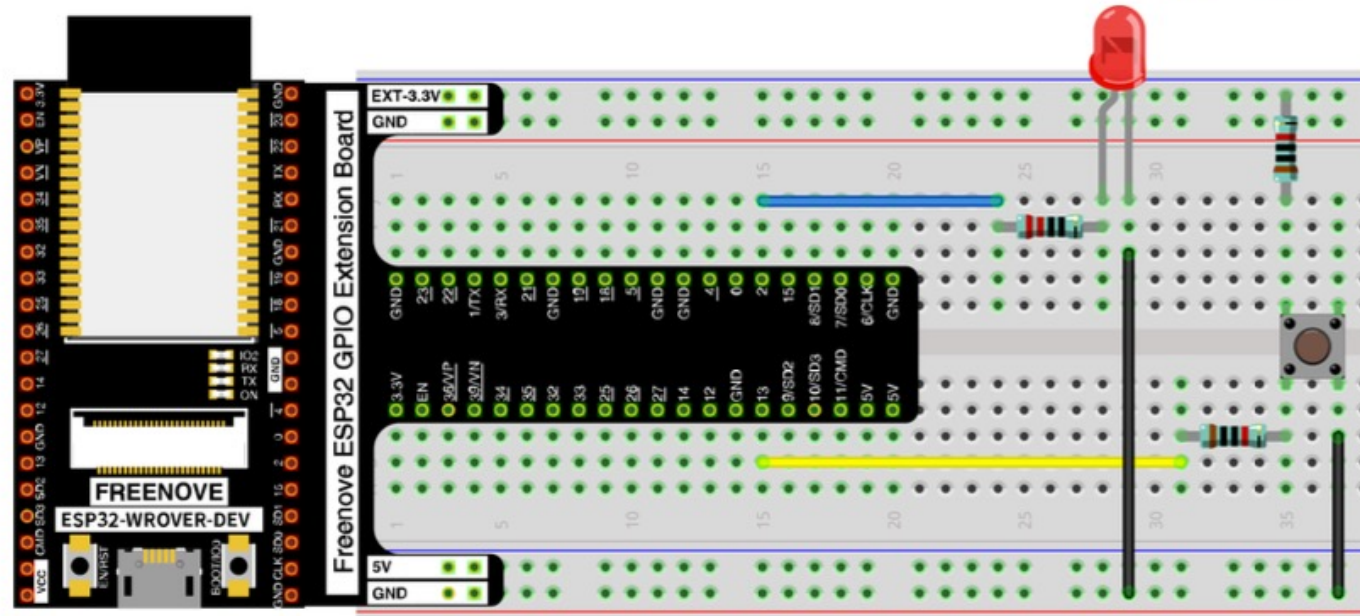
Breadboard x1				
				
Jumper M/M x4	LED x1	Resistor 220Ω x1	Resistor 10kΩ x2	Push button x1
				



Schematic

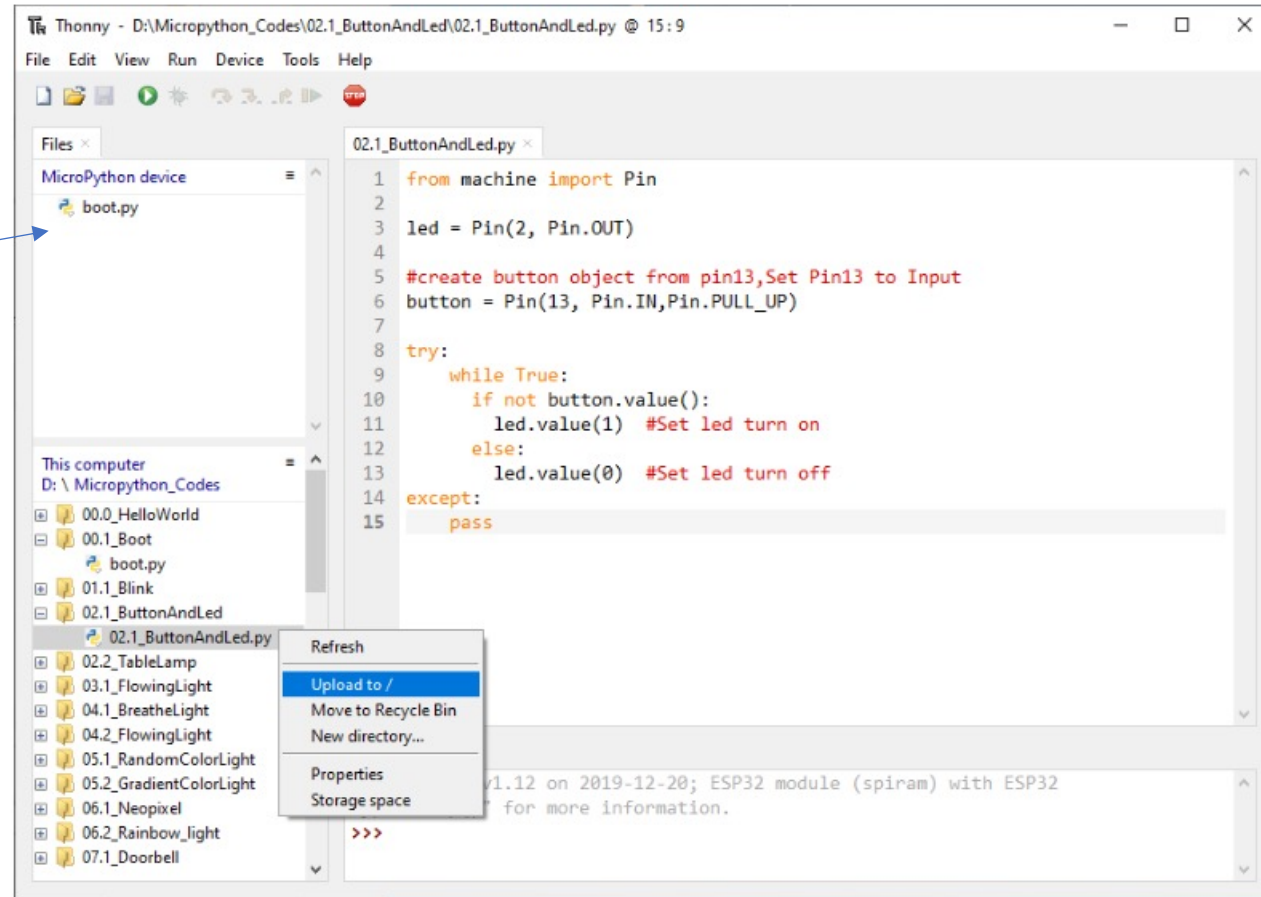


Connections



Code

Both files should
show here



Make sure that both boot.py and program file are on ESP32

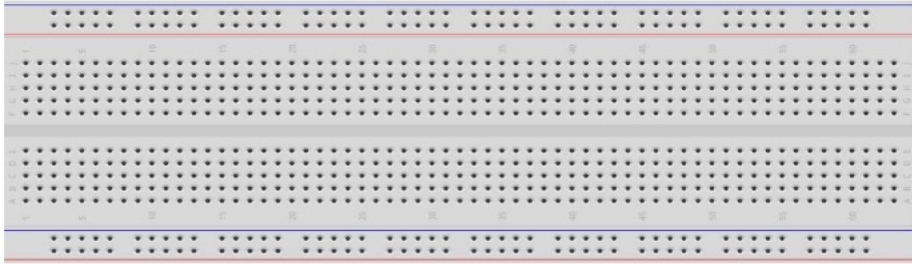
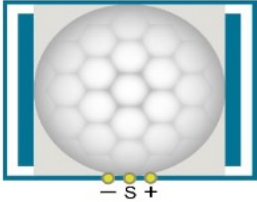



How to run your code?

- Connect components to ESP32 (**Double check the order**)
- Powerup ESP32 by connecting to laptop
- Open Thonny and upload *boot.py* and *program file* to ESP32. Delete remaining files on the ESP32
- Reset ESP32 (**by clicking a small button near the USB input**)
- Now your project should work. Test by pressing and releasing the button on the breadboard

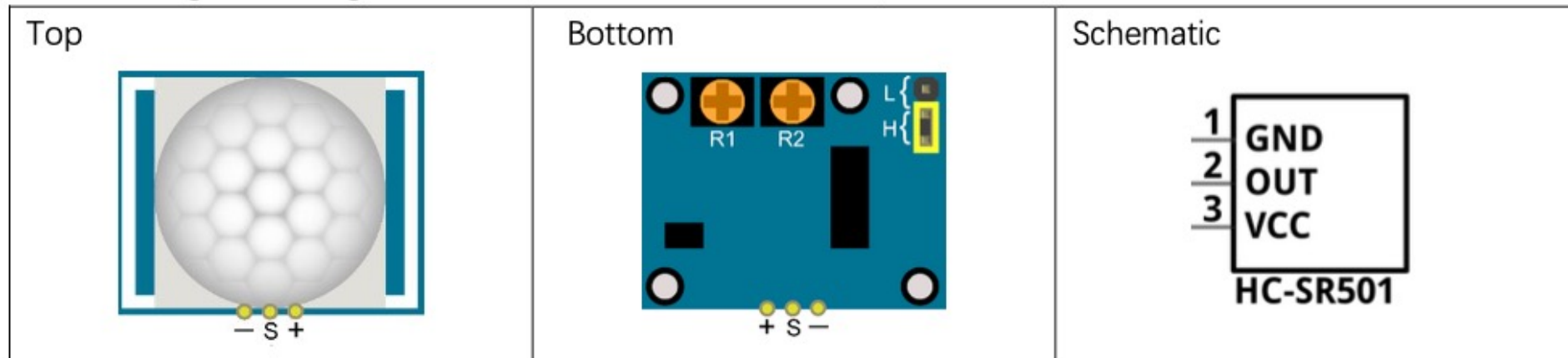
Infrared Motion Detection

Use heat waves (IR) generated by a body to turn on the LED.

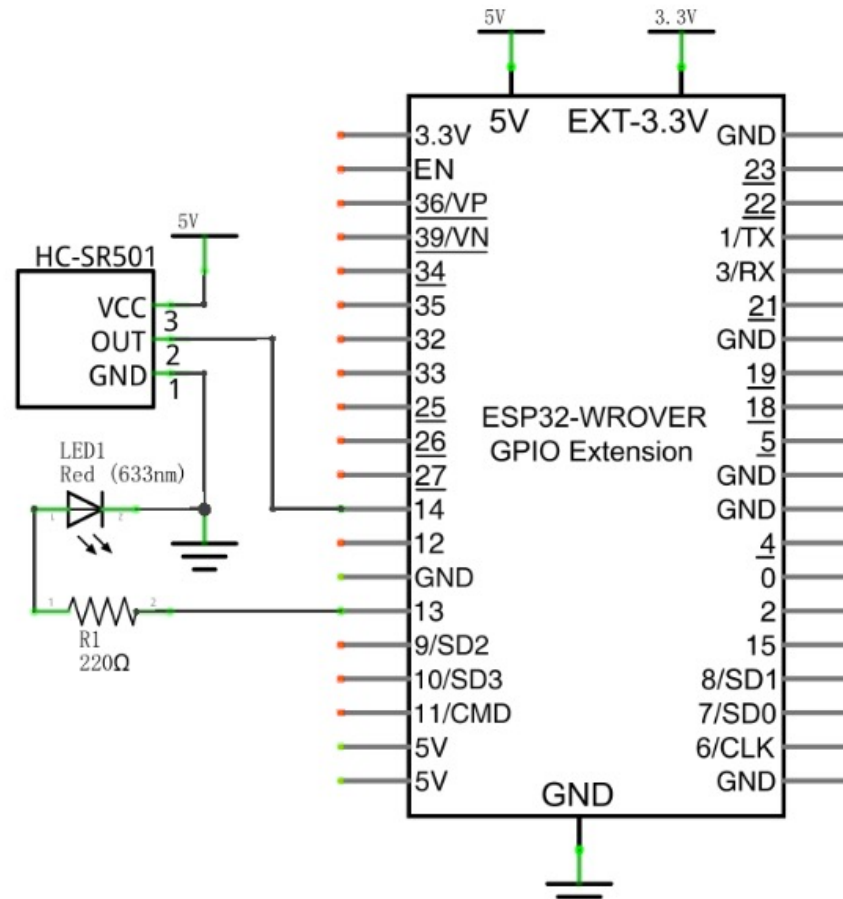
Components

<p>Breadboard x1</p> 			
<p>HC SR501 x1</p> 	<p>LED x1</p> 	<p>Resistor 220Ω x1</p> 	<p>Jumper F/M x3 Jumper M/M x2</p> 

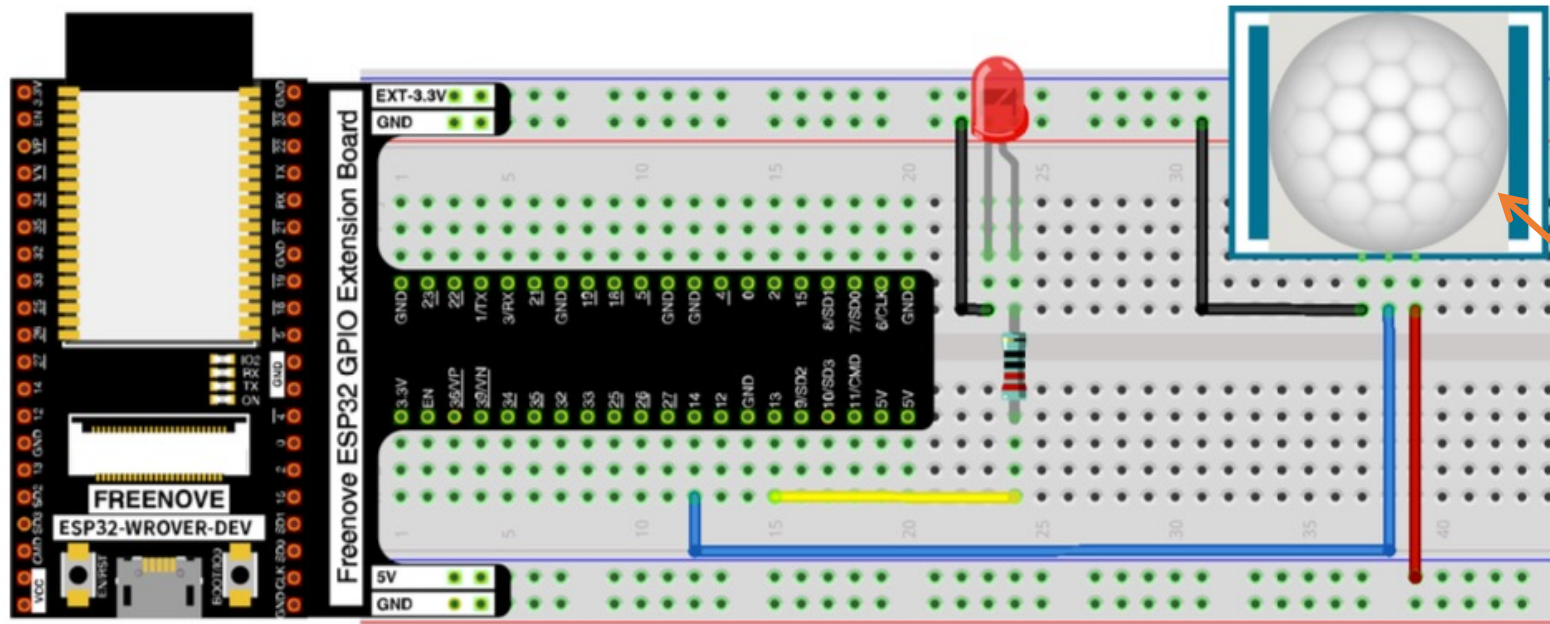
PIR sensor board



Schematic



Connections



The PIR sensor will not mount on the board. Connect it via Male-to-female connectors/wires

Code

```
from machine import Pin
import time

sensorPin=Pin(14,Pin.IN)
ledPin=Pin(13,Pin.OUT)

try:
    while True:
        if not sensorPin.value():
            ledPin.value(1) #Set led turn on
        else:
            ledPin.value(0) #Set led turn off
except:
    pass
```

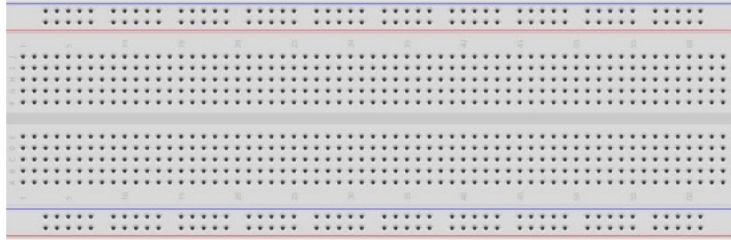
How to run your code?

- Connect components to ESP32 (**Double check the order**)
- Power up ESP32 by connecting to laptop
- Open Thonny and make sure only *boot.py* is on ESP32. Delete remaining files
- Upload your program file
- Reset ESP32 (**by clicking a small button near the USB input**)
- Now your project should work.

Ultrasonic Ranging

Components

Breadboard x1



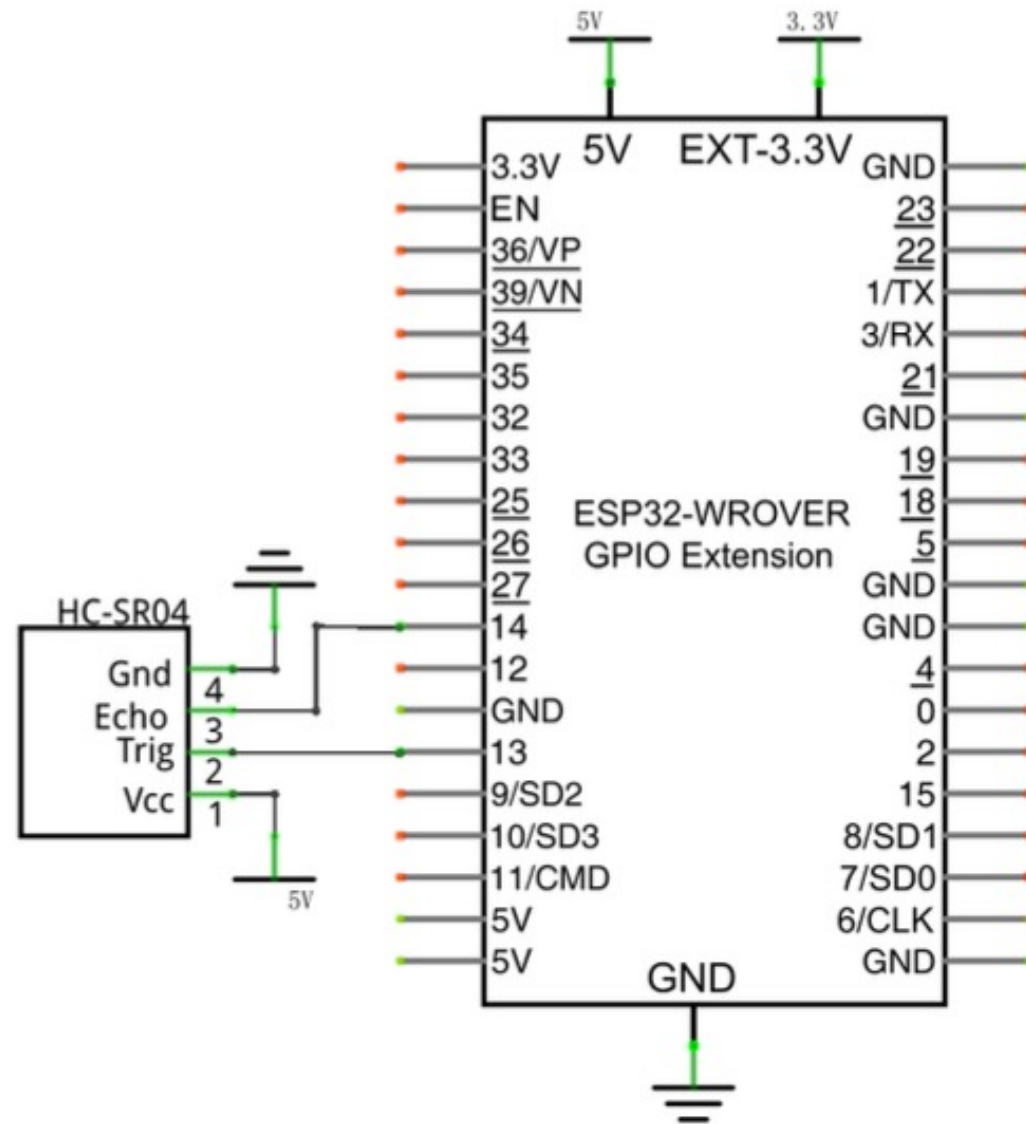
Jumper F/M x4



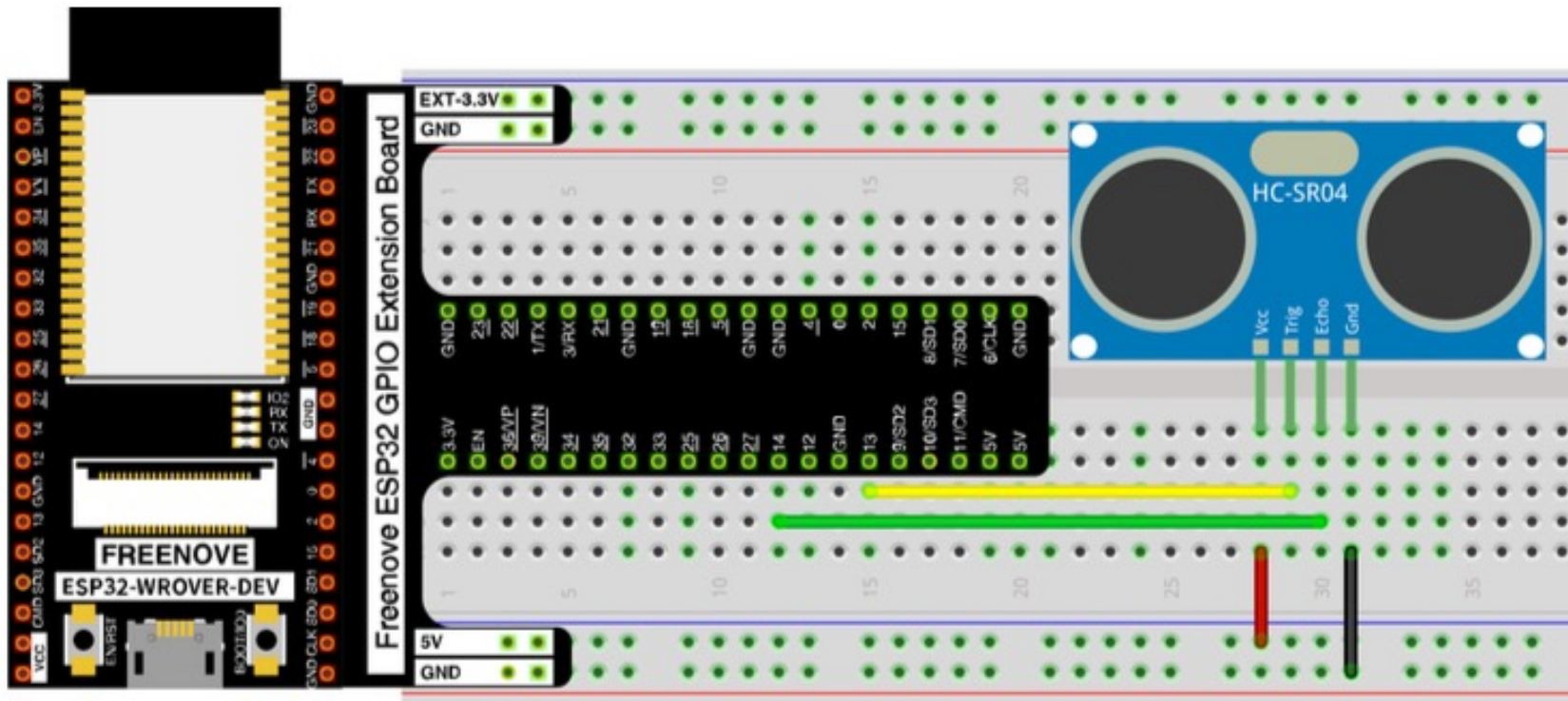
HC SR04 x1



Schematic



Connections



Code

```
soundVelocity=340
distance=0

def getSonar():
    trigPin.value(1)
    time.sleep_us(10)
    trigPin.value(0)
    while not echoPin.value():
        pass
    pingStart=time.ticks_us()
    while echoPin.value():
        pass
    pingStop=time.ticks_us()
    pingTime=time.ticks_diff(pingStop,pingStart)
    distance=pingTime*soundVelocity//2//10000
    return int(distance)

time.sleep_ms(2000)
while True:
    time.sleep_ms(500)
    print('Distance: ',getSonar(),'cm' )
```

How to run your code?

- Connect components to ESP32 (**Double check the order**)
- Powerup ESP32 by connecting to laptop
- Open Thonny and make sure only *boot.py* is on ESP32. Delete remaining files
- Reset ESP32 (**by clicking a small button near the USB input**)
- Now your project should work.