# Pugh Matrices

Embedded Interface Design with Bruce Montgomery

#### **Exam Review**

Before we start, let's take a walk through the midterm...

### **Learning Objectives**

- Students will be able to...
  - Understand and apply Set-based Pugh matrices to make design decisions based on group criteria assessments

#### **Protocol Assessment**

- You're designing an IoT style application...
- People on the team know MQTT, AMQP, XMPP, CoAP, and WebSockets
- The customer hasn't specified a IoT Application Protocol (and doesn't know how to)
- What do you do?

#### Possible criteria for selection...

- Proprietary vs Interoperable
- Message Size
- Latency
- Power for Processor Time
- Messaging: Pub/Sub, Req/Resp, Broadcast, etc.
- Known Strengths/Weaknesses
- Adjacent & Similar Networks -Separating Us from Them
- Availability of tools
- Vendor/Source
- Cost/Licensing/Royalties
- Where Used Today
- Certifications
- Frequency/Bandwidth Use Spread Spectrum/Spectrum Use, Regulated/Unregulated

- Stage of lifecycle/Age of protocol
- Network Traffic (Messages/Sec, timing between messages)
- Time Sync for Communication/Power Control
- Node Density/Endpoint limits/Scalability
- Topology/Network Architecture: Tree, Star, Mesh, etc.
- Power Use/Battery Life (Energy/Bit?)
- Range
- Data Rate
- Immunity to Interference
- Location Support
- Propagation/multi-pathing concerns/collision detection

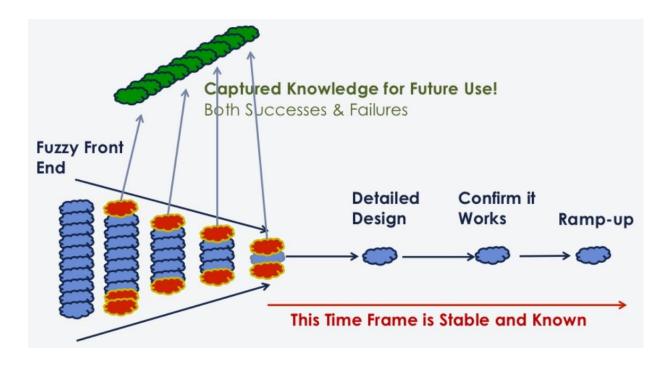
- International use
- Message Order
- Packet Prioritization (as for voice)
- Retransmissions/Retries
- Security (AAA, Encryption) Hackable, Discoverable
- Signing
- Message ID
- Error Correction/Detection
- Data Compression
- Optimization/Adaptive data rates/power use
- Chip support

Can you balance all this?

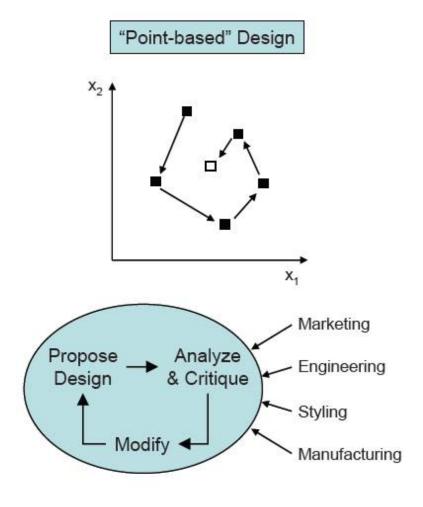


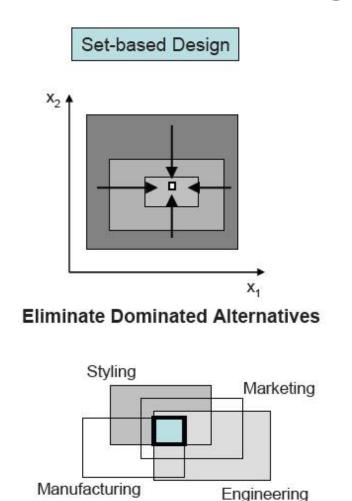
#### **Set-based Design**

- Set based design involves exploring many design alternatives up-front to allow for trade-offs
- particularly important for integrated systems with competing requirements
- In Lean development, you want to delay design decisions to achieve optimal trade-offs by eliminating inferior alternatives
- This means front-end loading of learning, identifying risks and mitigation, and assessing alternatives
- Avoid moving toward "favorite" solutions
- Reference [1]



### Point-based Design vs. Set-based Design





Reference [2]

User Experience/Usability Methods					
Analyze/Plan	Research	Design	Verify/Validate		

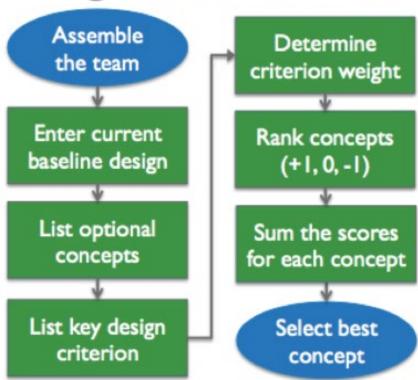
### **Pugh Matrix**

- A lean/six-sigma tool also known as a criteria-based matrix
- Identify current baseline (if available) and key selection criteria
- Example: buying a car [3]

	Solutions					
Selection Criteria	Baseline – Current Car	Car A Car B		Car C		
Fuel system	0	-2	2	-1		
Four-door	0	2	2	-2		
Miles per gallon	0	2	2	0		
Sound system	0	1	2	-1		
Warranty plan	0	0	2	-1		

## Pugh Matrix Process/Template

# **Pugh Matrix Process**



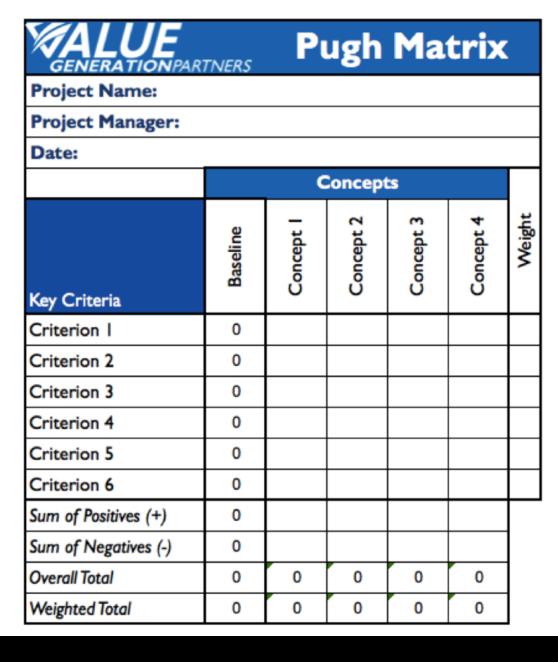
Reference [4]

User Experience/Usability Methods					
Analyze/Plan	Research	Design	Verify/Validate		

<b>Pugh Matrix</b>							
Project Name:							
Project Manager:							
Date:							
	Concepts						
Key Criteria	Baseline	Concept I	Concept 2	Concept 3	Concept 4	Weight	
Criterion I	0						
Criterion 2	0						
Criterion 3	0						
Criterion 4	0						
Criterion 5	0						
Criterion 6	0						
Sum of Positives (+)	0						
Sum of Negatives (-)	0					1	
Overall Total	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Weighted Total	0	0	0	0	0		

## Pugh Matrix for Protocol Selection

- If currently using a protocol, compare against it
- If not, choose one as a baseline
- List all the possible protocol options you're considering
- List the key design criteria
- Weight those criteria (1-N, 1-5, etc.)
- Score the possible options vs. the baseline (1/3/9, -1/0/1, etc.)
- Look at the results
- Again, caution not to weight favorite choices unfairly
- Reference [4]



#### References

- [1] <u>https://www.slideshare.net/AGILEMinds/michael-kennedy-setbased-decision-making-taming-system-complexity</u>
- [2] https://alopexoninnovation.files.wordpress.com/2013/06/set-based-design.jpg
- [3] https://www.isixsigma.com/featured/resource-page-pugh-matrix
- [4] https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/generating-value-using-pugh-matrix-rod-baxter