

Day#2 Report

Date: [25/02/2025]

Prepared by: [group7]

Tasks Completed

1. Flow Chart Completion

Objective: To visualize the process and workflow of the application

Finalized the flow chart that outlines the key components and interactions within the system.

Ensured that all user inputs, system processes, and outputs are clearly represented.

Reviewed the flow chart with the team for feedback and made necessary adjustments based on their input.

2. System Design Finalization

Objective: To establish a robust architecture for the application.

Completed the system design documentation, including:

- Database schema
- API endpoints
- User interface wireframes

Collaborated with team members to ensure that the design aligns with project requirements and user needs.

Conducted a design review session to gather insights and finalize the design specifications.

3. Application Development Using Flask

Objective: To develop a web application using the Flask framework to predict draught.

Set up the Flask environment and created the initial project structure.

Implemented core functionalities, including:

- Data input forms
- Integration with the database

Tested the application for bugs and ensured that all features are functioning as intended.

Documented the code and created a README file for future reference.

Drought Prediction Dashboard

Input Local Data

Rainfall (mm):

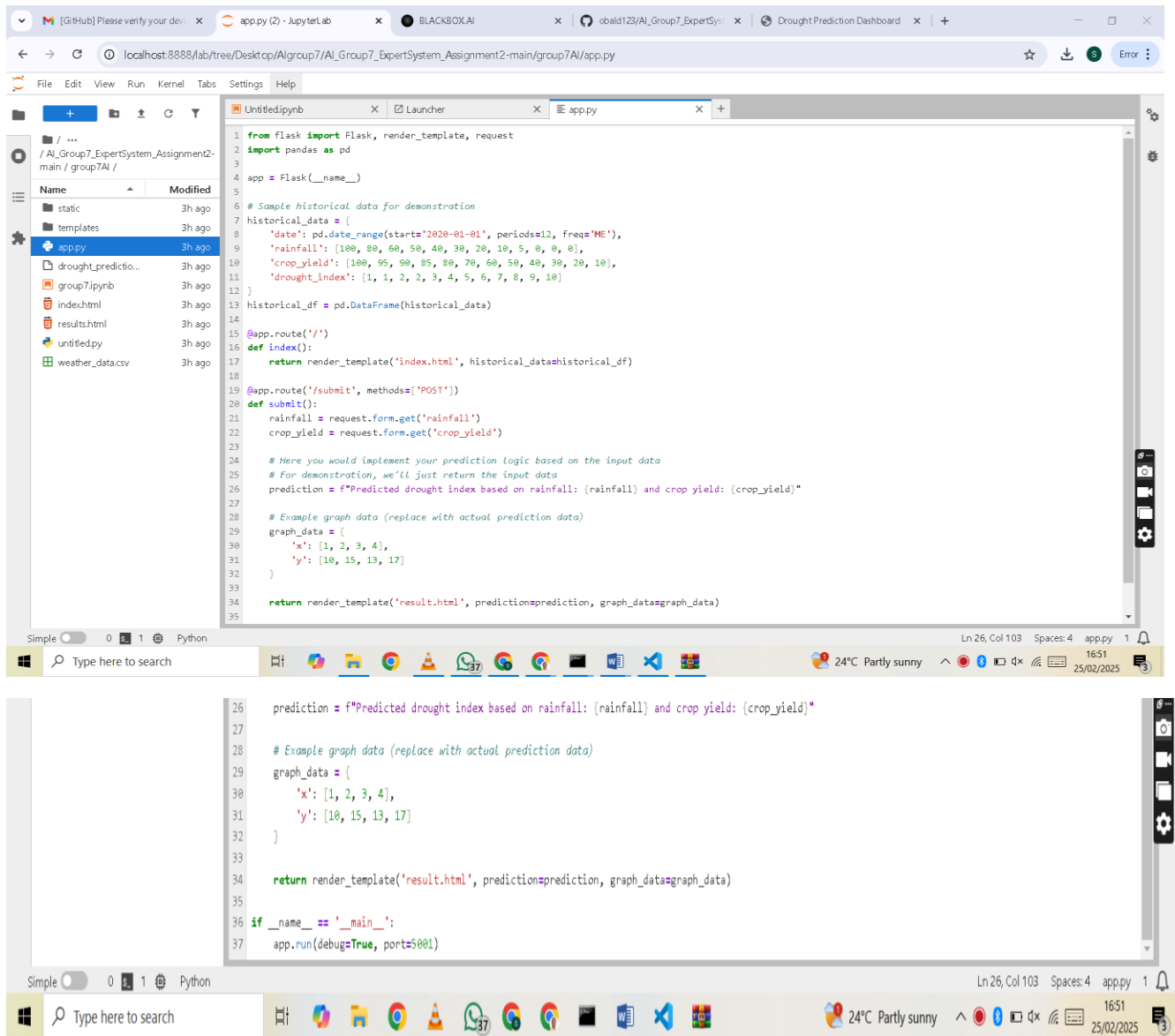
Crop Yield (kg/ha):

Submit

Historical Data

Date	Rainfall (mm)	Crop Yield (kg/ha)	Drought Index
2020-01-31	100	100	1
2020-02-29	80	95	1
2020-03-31	60	90	2
2020-04-30	50	85	2
2020-05-31	40	80	3
2020-06-30	30	70	4
2020-07-31	20	60	5
2020-08-31	10	50	6
2020-09-30	5	40	7
2020-10-31	0	30	8
2020-11-30	0	20	9
2020-12-31	0	10	10

Python code



```
1 from flask import Flask, render_template, request
2 import pandas as pd
3
4 app = Flask(__name__)
5
6 # Sample historical data for demonstration
7 historical_data = {
8     'date': pd.date_range(start='2020-01-01', periods=12, freq='ME'),
9     'rainfall': [100, 80, 60, 50, 40, 30, 20, 10, 5, 0, 0, 0],
10    'crop_yield': [100, 95, 90, 85, 80, 70, 60, 50, 40, 30, 20, 10],
11    'drought_index': [1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
12 }
13 historical_df = pd.DataFrame(historical_data)
14
15 @app.route('/')
16 def index():
17     return render_template('index.html', historical_data=historical_df)
18
19 @app.route('/submit', methods=['POST'])
20 def submit():
21     rainfall = request.form.get('rainfall')
22     crop_yield = request.form.get('crop_yield')
23
24     # Here you would implement your prediction logic based on the input data
25     # For demonstration, we'll just return the input data
26     prediction = f"Predicted drought index based on rainfall: {rainfall} and crop yield: {crop_yield}"
27
28     # Example graph data (replace with actual prediction data)
29     graph_data = {
30         'x': [1, 2, 3, 4],
31         'y': [10, 15, 13, 17]
32     }
33
34     return render_template('result.html', prediction=prediction, graph_data=graph_data)
35
36 if __name__ == '__main__':
37     app.run(debug=True, port=5001)
```

Ai code

The image displays two screenshots of a JupyterLab environment, showing the development of an AI model for drought prediction.

Top Screenshot: The JupyterLab interface shows a file explorer on the left with files like `static`, `templates`, `app.py`, `drought_prediction...`, `group7.ipynb`, `index.html`, `results.html`, `untitled.py`, and `weather_data.csv`. The main editor displays the `group7.ipynb` file, which contains Python code for model training and evaluation. The code includes:

- Model training: `model = RandomForestRegressor()`, `model.fit(X_train, y_train)`
- Predictions: `predictions = model.predict(X_test)`
- Evaluate model: `mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, predictions)`, `print(f'Mean Absolute Error: {mae}')`
- Display predictions alongside actual values: `results = pd.DataFrame({'Actual': y_test, 'Predicted': predictions})`, `print(results)`
- Implementing IF-THEN Rules: `for index in range(len(data)):` with nested `if` statements for rainfall, drought conditions, and crop yield.

Bottom Screenshot: The JupyterLab interface shows the same file explorer. The main editor displays the `group7.ipynb` file, which contains Python code for data preprocessing and saving to CSV. The code includes:

- Importing libraries: `import pandas as pd`, `import numpy as np`, `from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor`, `from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split`, `from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error`, `import matplotlib.pyplot as plt`, `import joblib`
- Create a sample dataset with the updated frequency: `data = {'date': pd.date_range(start='2020-01-01', periods=12, freq='ME'), ...}`
- Convert to DataFrame: `df = pd.DataFrame(data)`
- Save to CSV: `df.to_csv('weather_data.csv', index=False)`
- Load data: `data = pd.read_csv('weather_data.csv')`
- Preprocess data: `data.ffill(inplace=True)`

group7.ipynb (3) - JupyterLab | BLACKBOX.AI | cbald123/Al_Group7_ExpertSys... | Drought Prediction Dashboard

localhost:8888/lab/tree/Desktop/Al/group7/Al_Group7_ExpertSystem_Assignment2-main/group7AI/group7.ipynb

File Edit View Run Kernel Tabs Settings Help

group7.ipynb

```
data['drought_index'].iloc[index - 2] > 5):
    print(f'Date: {data['date'].iloc[index]}, Initiate water conservation measures and provide technical support to farmers.")

# Rule 3: If crop yield is reduced by more than 30% due to drought THEN implement emergency food aid
if index > 0: # Ensure we have a previous month to compare
    if (data['crop_yield'].iloc[index - 1] - data['crop_yield'].iloc[index]) / data['crop_yield'].iloc[index - 1] > 0.3:
        print(f'Date: {data['date'].iloc[index]}, Implement emergency food aid and support programs.")

# Rule 4: If livestock mortality exceeds 10% THEN provide veterinary
if data['livestock_mortality'].iloc[index] > 10:
    print(f'Date: {data['date'].iloc[index]}, Provide veterinary services and feed support to affected communities.")

# Rule 5: If drought conditions are classified as severe (based on a defined index) THEN mobilize resources
if data['drought_index'].iloc[index] >= 8: # Assuming 8 is the threshold for severe drought
    print(f'Date: {data['date'].iloc[index]}, Mobilize national and international resources for disaster response.")

# Plotting actual vs predicted drought index
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.plot(data['date'], data['drought_index'], label='Actual Drought Index', markers='o')
plt.plot(data['date'].iloc[X_test.index], predictions, label='Predicted Drought Index', markers='x')
plt.title('Actual vs Predicted Drought Index')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Drought Index')
plt.legend()
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Save the model (optional)
joblib.dump(model, 'drought_prediction_model.pkl')

# Load the model (when needed)
# model = joblib.load('drought_prediction_model.pkl')
```

Python 3 (ipykernel) | Idle

Mode: Command | Ln 1, Col 1 | group7.ipynb | 1656 | 25/02/2025

24°C Partly sunny