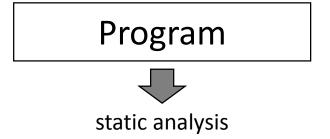
Specification Inference Using Context-Free Language Reachability

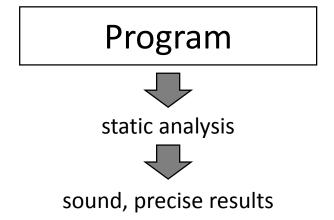
Osbert Bastani, Saswat Anand, and Alex Aiken
Stanford University

Specification Inference Using Context-Free Language Reachability

Specification Inference Using Context-Free Language Reachability

Program





Program



static analysis



sound, precise results

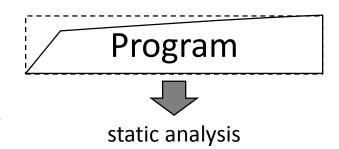


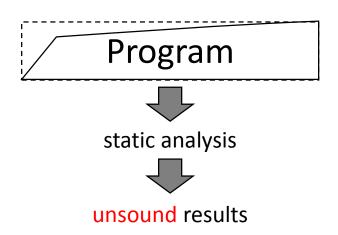


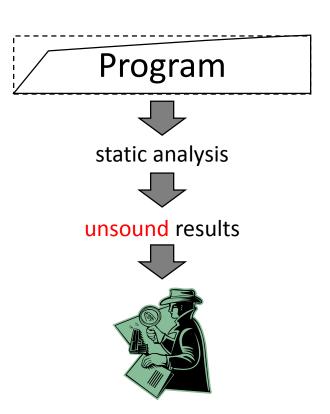
Program

Program

Program



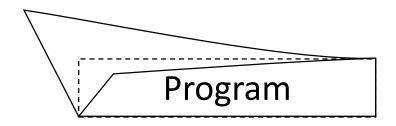




Program

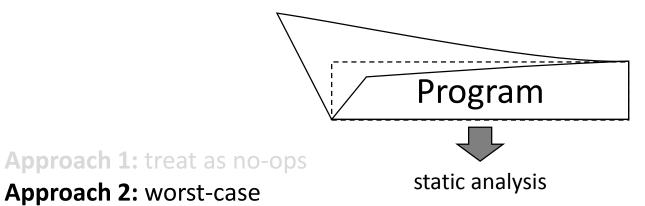
Approach 1: treat as no-ops

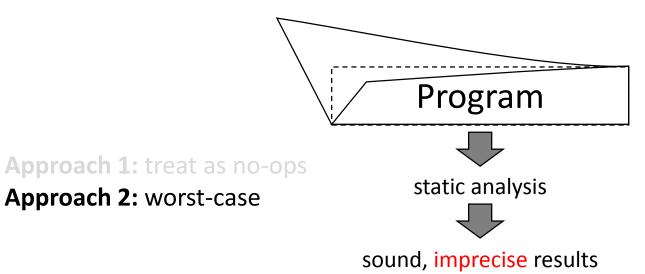
Approach 2: worst-case

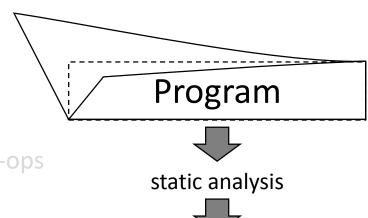


Approach 1: treat as no-ops

Approach 2: worst-case







Approach 1: treat as no-ops

Approach 2: worst-case

sound, imprecise results





Program

Approach 1: treat as no-ops

Approach 2: worst-case



Approach 1: treat as no-ops

Approach 2: worst-case

Program

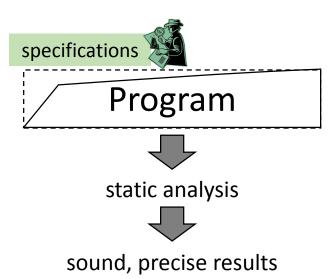
static analysis

Approach 1: treat as no-ops

Approach 2: worst-case

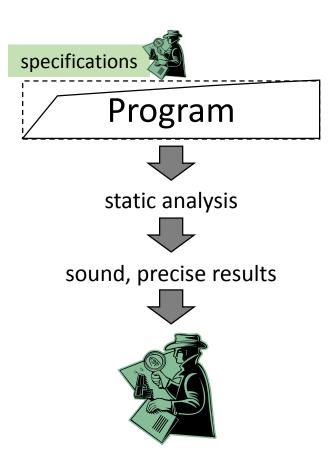
Approach 1: treat as no-ops

Approach 2: worst-case



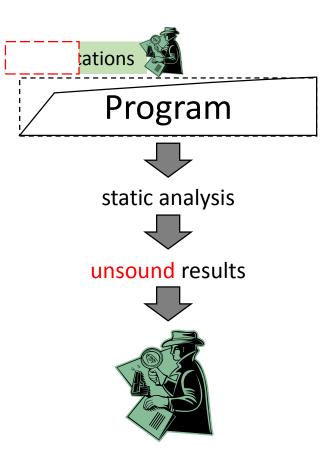
Approach 1: treat as no-ops

Approach 2: worst-case



Approach 1: treat as no-ops

Approach 2: worst-case



Program

Program

Our approach:

Program

Our approach:

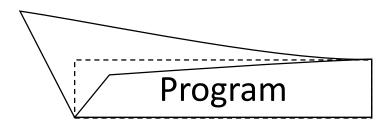
(builds on [Zhu, Dillig, Dillig 2013])

Program

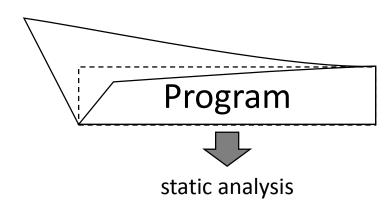
Our approach:

Program

Our approach:

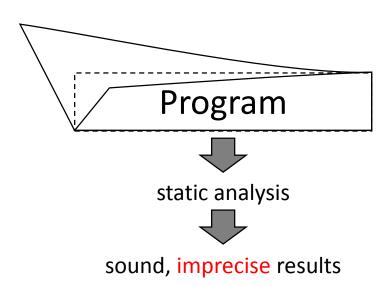


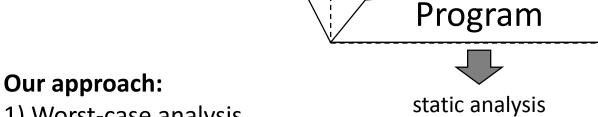
Our approach:

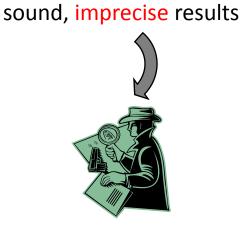


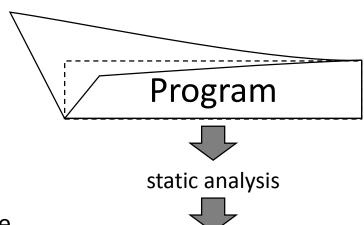
Our approach:

Our approach:







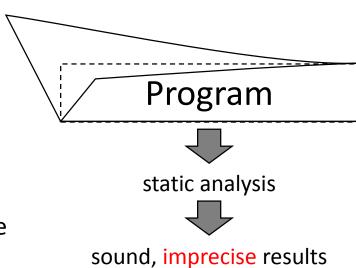


Our approach:

- 1) Worst-case analysis
- 2) Specification inference

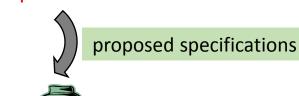
sound, imprecise results



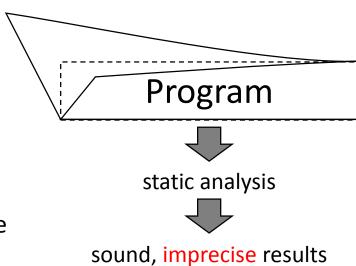


Our approach: 1) Worst-case analysis

2) Specification inference





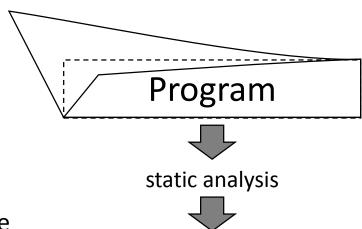


Our approach:

- 1) Worst-case analysis
- 2) Specification inference

proposed specifications

specifications correct ⇒ precise results



Our approach:

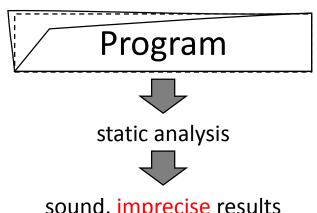
- 1) Worst-case analysis
- 2) Specification inference

sound, imprecise results

correct specifications proposed specifications specifications correct ⇒ precise results

Our approach:

- 1) Worst-case analysis
- 2) Specification inference



sound, imprecise results

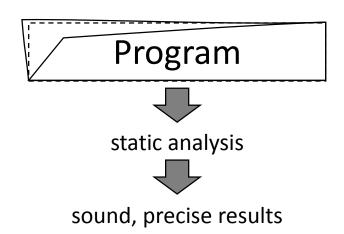
correct specifications



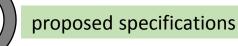
specifications correct ⇒ precise results

Our approach:

- 1) Worst-case analysis
- 2) Specification inference



correct specifications



specifications correct ⇒ precise results

Sound & Precise

- Using interaction
- Finds the same results as if all specifications are written

Finding Android malware using source to sink flows

Tracking: location leaks to Internet

Premium SMS: phone # used in SMS send

Ransomware: network packets encrypt files

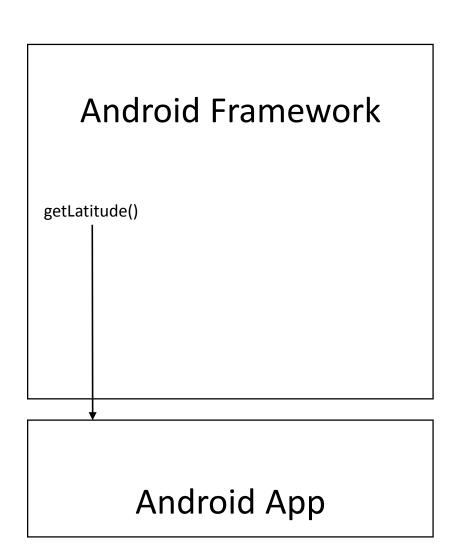
Double lat = getLatitude();
 List list = new List();
 list.add(lat);
 Double latAlias = list.get(0);
 String latStr = latAlias.toString();
 sendSMS(latStr);

- 1. Double lat = getLatitude();
- 2. List list = new List();
- 3. list.add(lat);
- 4. Double latAlias = list.get(0);
- 5. String latStr = latAlias.toString();
- sendSMS(latStr);

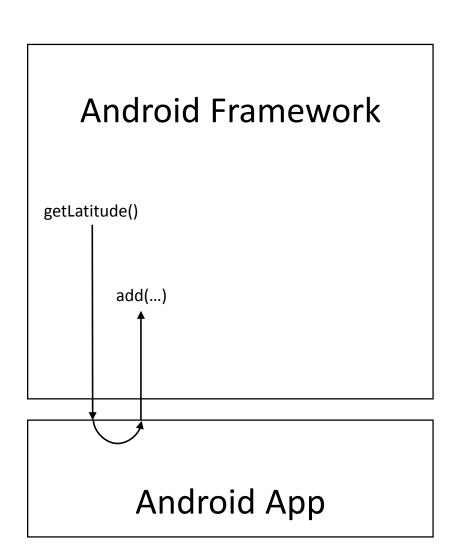
Android Framework

Android App

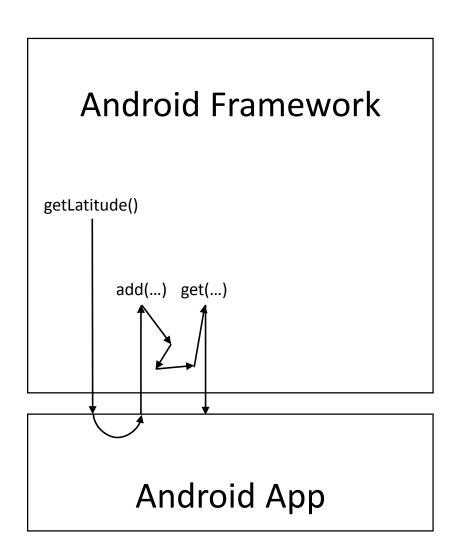
- 1. Double lat = getLatitude();
- 2. List list = new List();
- 3. list.add(lat);
- 4. Double latAlias = list.get(0);
- 5. String latStr = latAlias.toString();
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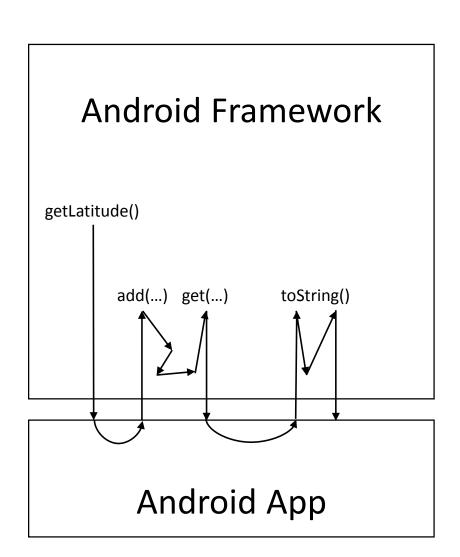
- 1. Double lat = getLatitude();
- 2. List list = new List();
- 3. list.add(lat);
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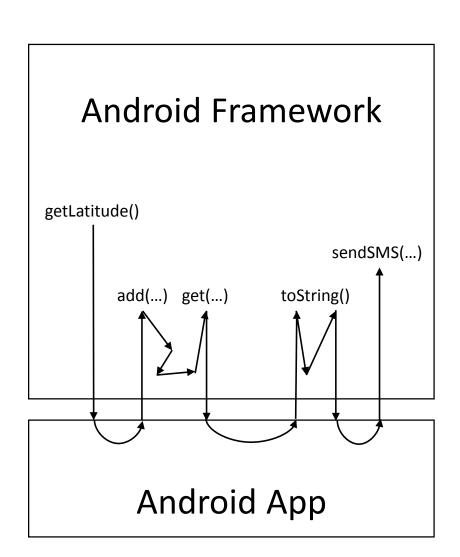
- 1. Double lat = getLatitude();
- 2. List list = new List();
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- Double lat = getLatitude();
- 2. List list = new List();
- 3. list.add(lat);
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- 1. Double lat = getLatitude();
- 2. List list = new List();
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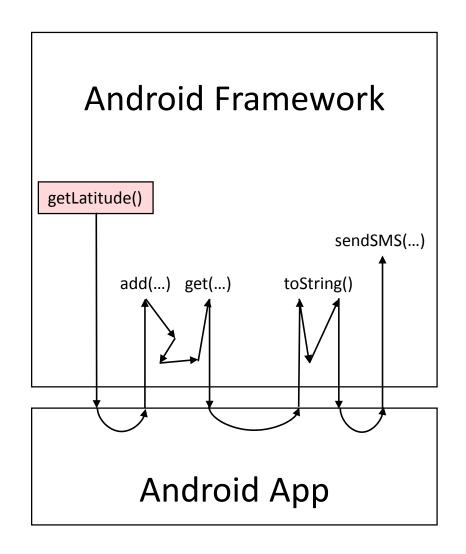
Double lat = getLatitude();
 List list = new List();
 list.add(lat);
 Double latAlias = list.get(0);
 String latStr = latAlias.toString();
 sendSMS(latStr);

9. class LocationManager:

10.

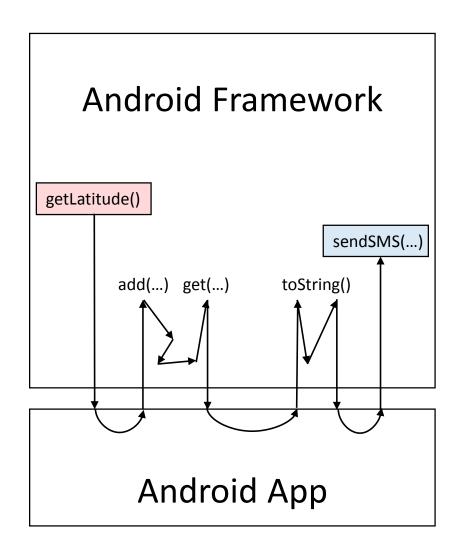
11. static String getLatitude() { ... }

@Flow(LOC, return)



```
    Double lat = getLatitude();
    List list = new List();
    list.add(lat);
    Double latAlias = list.get(0);
    String latStr = latAlias.toString();
    sendSMS(latStr);
```

```
9. class LocationManager:
10. @Flow(LOC, return)
11. static String getLatitude() { ... }
12. class SMS:
13. @Flow(text, SMS)
14. static void sendSMS(String text) { ... }
```



```
9. class LocationManager:
10. @Flow(LOC, return)
11. static String getLatitude() { ... }
12. class SMS:
13. @Flow(text, SMS)
14. static void sendSMS(String text) { ... }
```

Double lat = getLatitude();

Double latAlias = list.get(0);

String latStr = latAlias.toString();

List list = new List();

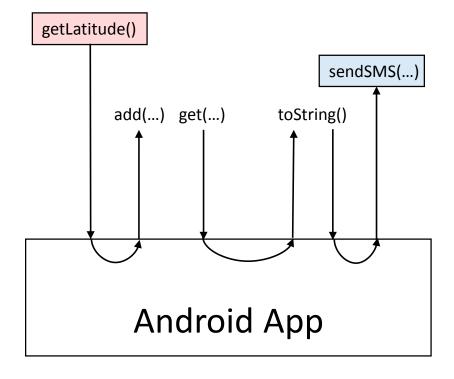
list.add(lat);

sendSMS(latStr);

Android Framework getLatitude() Native code Dynamically loaded code Java reflection Android App

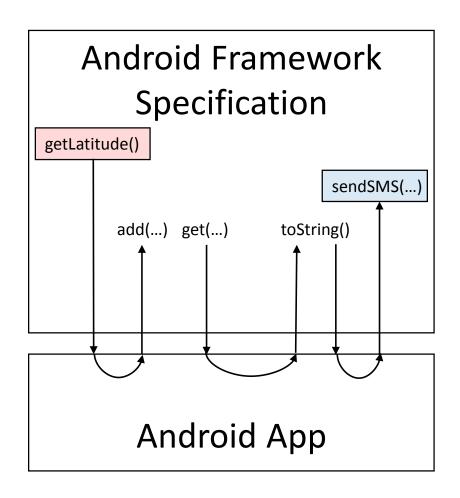
```
    Double lat = getLatitude();
    List list = new List();
    list.add(lat);
    Double latAlias = list.get(0);
    String latStr = latAlias.toString();
    sendSMS(latStr);
```

- 9. class LocationManager:
 10. @Flow(LOC, return)
 11. static String getLatitude() {}
 12. class SMS:
 13. @Flow(text, SMS)
- 14. static void sendSMS(String text) {}



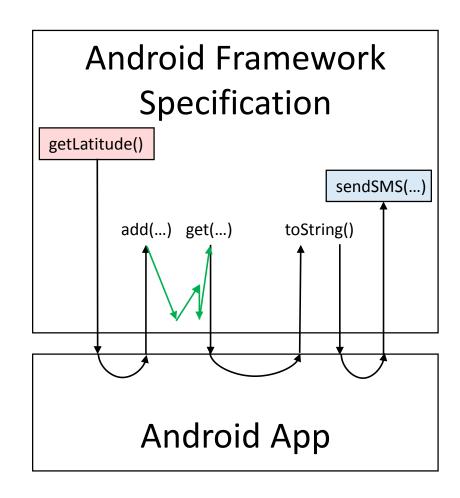
- 1. Double lat = getLatitude();
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- 3. list.add(lat);
- Double latAlias = list.get(0);
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- sendSMS(latStr);

- class LocationManager:
- 10. @Flow(LOC, return)
- 11. static String getLatitude() {}
- 12.class SMS:
- 13. **@Flow(text, SMS)**
- 14. static void sendSMS(String text) {}

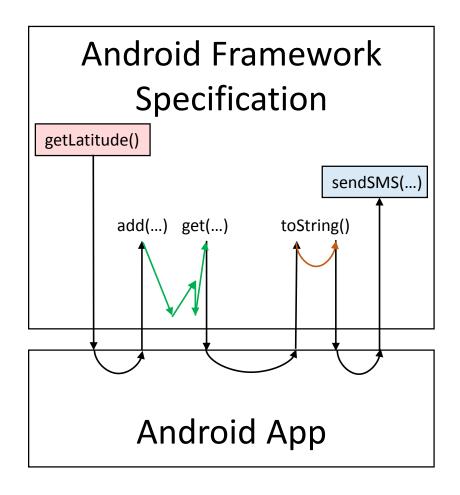


```
    Double lat = getLatitude();
    List list = new List();
    list.add(lat);
    Double latAlias = list.get(0);
    String latStr = latAlias.toString();
    sendSMS(latStr);
    class List:
    @Alias(arg, this.val)
    void add(Object arg) {}
    @Alias(this.val, return)
    Object get(Integer index) {}
```

```
9. class LocationManager:
10. @Flow(LOC, return)
11. static String getLatitude() {}
12. class SMS:
13. @Flow(text, SMS)
14. static void sendSMS(String text) {}
```



```
Double lat = getLatitude();
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      @Flow(this, return)
      String toString() {}
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      @Flow(LOC, return)
      static String getLatitude() {}
12. class SMS:
      @Flow(text, SMS)
13.
      static void sendSMS(String text) {}
14.
```



- Specification: over-approximates behavior of framework methods
 - Provided by the user
 - More precise than automated approaches

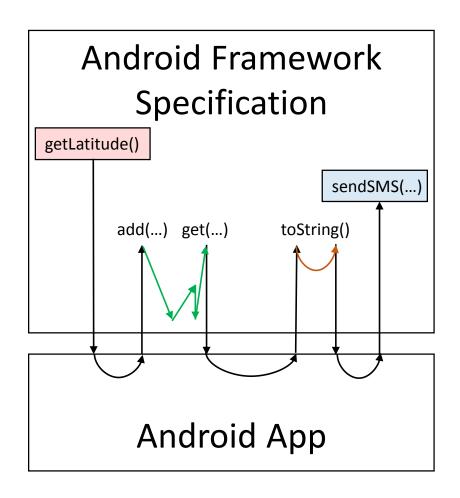
- Alias Specifications: describes aliasing
 - @Alias(x, y) means "x aliases y"
 - class List:

```
@Alias(arg, this.val)
void add(Object arg) {}
@Alias(this.val, return)
Object get(Integer index) {}
```

- Flow Specifications: describe information flows
 - @Flow(x, y) means "x tainted ⇒ y tainted"
 - class Double:

```
@Flow(this, return)
String toString() {}
```

```
Double lat = getLatitude();
   List list = new List();
   list.add(lat);
   Double latAlias = list.get(0);
   String latStr = latAlias.toString();
sendSMS(latStr);
   class List:
      @Alias(arg, this.val)
   void add(Object arg) {}
      @Alias(this.val, return)
      Object get(Integer index) {}
   class Double:
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      String toString() {}
   class LocationManager:
      @Flow(LOC, return)
      static String getLatitude() {}
12. class SMS:
      @Flow(text, SMS)
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```

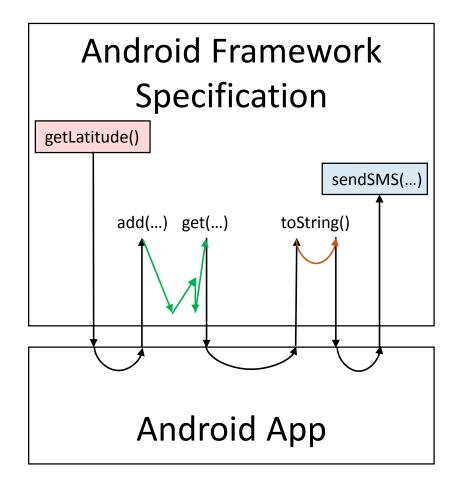


Missing Specifications

- Specifications typically written as needed
 - $\approx 4,000$ framework classes
 - A given app may use hundreds of classes
 - For a given app, only a few classes are relevant for finding information flows
 - Our experience: specifications for ≈ 175 classes over course of a year

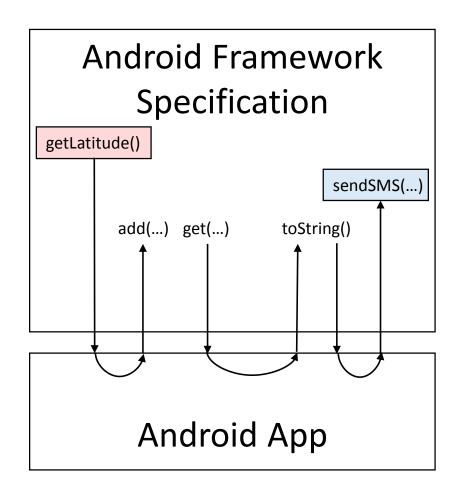
Missing Specifications

```
Double lat = getLatitude();
   List list = new List();
   list.add(lat);
   Double latAlias = list.get(0);
   String latStr = latAlias.toString();
sendSMS(latStr);
   class List:
      @Alias(arg, this.val)
2.
   void add(Object arg) {}
      @Alias(this.val, return)
      Object get(Integer index) {}
   class Double:
      @Flow(this, return)
      String toString() {}
   class LocationManager:
      @Flow(LOC, return)
      static String getLatitude() {}
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```



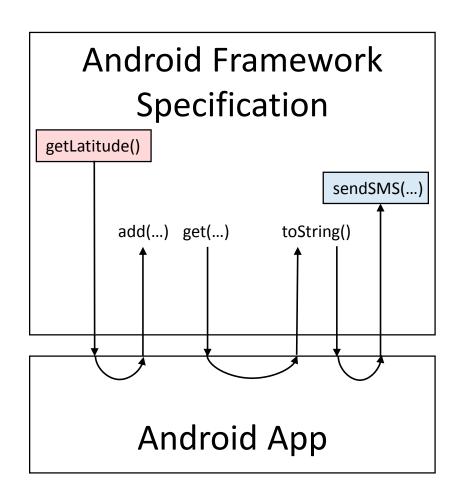
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sendSMS(latStr);
class LocationManager:
      @Flow(LOC, return)
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      static String getLatitude() {}
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13.
      static void sendSMS(String text) {}
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```



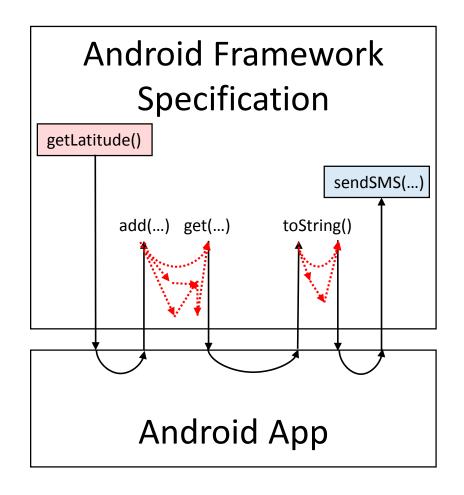
Step 1: Worst-case Analysis

```
Double lat = getLatitude();
   List list = new List();
   list.add(lat);
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   String latStr = latAlias.toString();
sendSMS(latStr);
class LocationManager:
      @Flow(LOC, return)
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      static String getLatitude() {}
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      @Flow(text, SMS)
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```

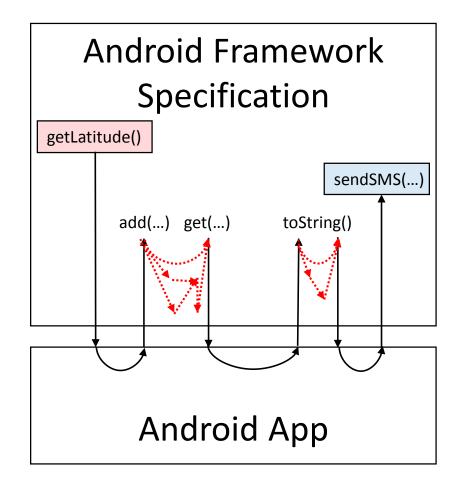


Step 1: Worst-case Analysis

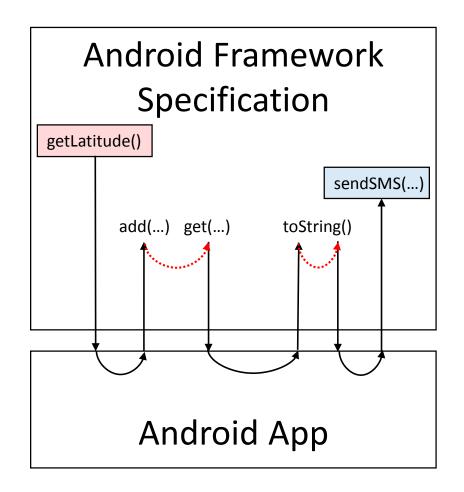
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Double lat = getLatitude();
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   list.add(lat);
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```



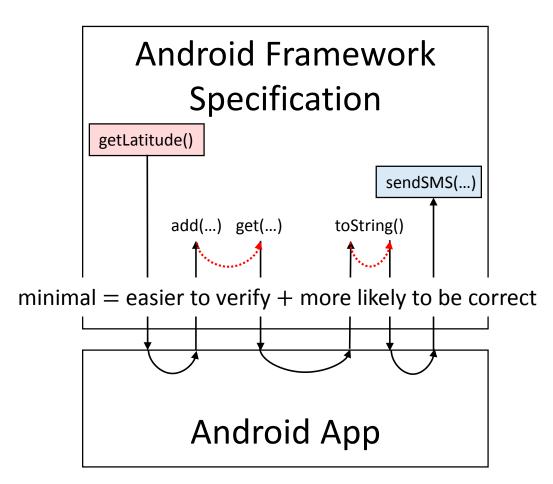
```
Double lat = getLatitude();
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   sendSMS(latStr);
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```



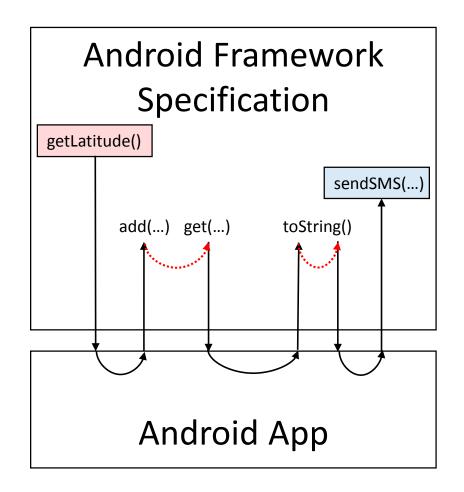
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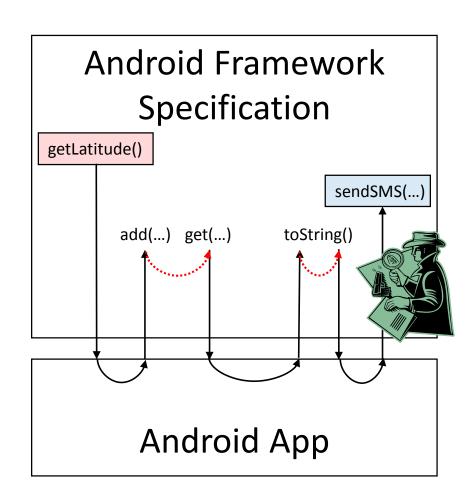


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Double lat = getLatitude();
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```



Interactive Refinement

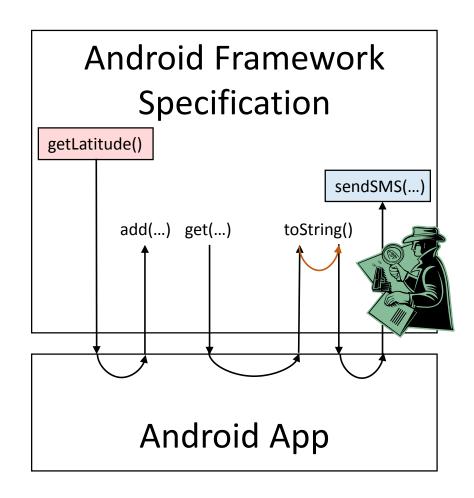
```
Double lat = getLatitude();
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   list.add(lat);
   Double latAlias = list.get(0);
   String latStr = latAlias.toString();
   sendSMS(latStr);
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Interactive Refinement

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Double lat = getLatitude();
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12. class SMS:
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      static void sendSMS(String text) {}
```

14.

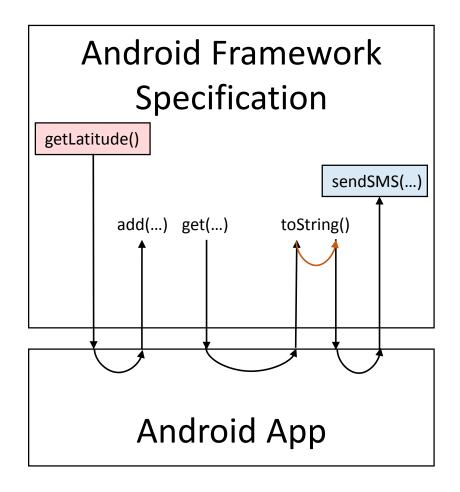


Interactive Refinement

```
Double lat = getLatitude();
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      @Flow(this, return)
      String toString() {}
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      @Flow(LOC, return)
      static String getLatitude() {}
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      @Flow(text, SMS)
13.
```

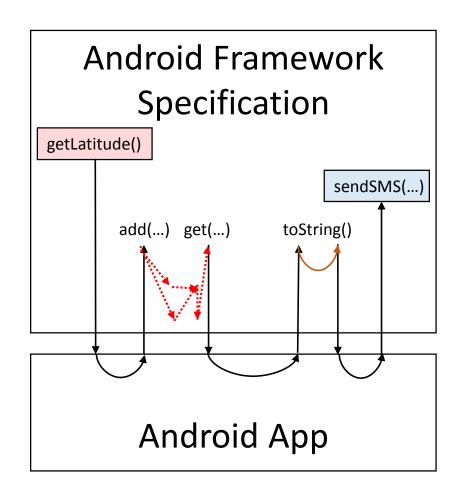
static void sendSMS(String text) {}

14.



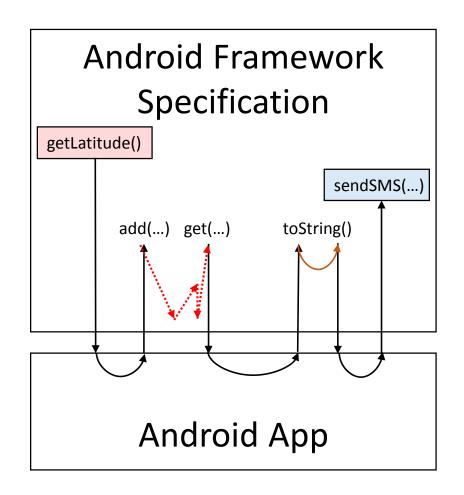
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      @Flow(text, SMS)
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14.



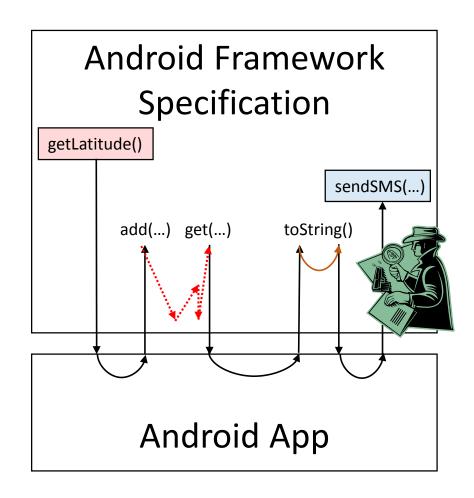
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   List list = new List();
   list.add(lat);
   Double latAlias = list.get(0);
   String latStr = latAlias.toString();
sendSMS(latStr);
6. class Double:
      @Flow(this, return)
      String toString() {}
   class LocationManager:
      @Flow(LOC, return)
      static String getLatitude() {}
12. class SMS:
      @Flow(text, SMS)
13.
      static void sendSMS(String text) {}
```

14.

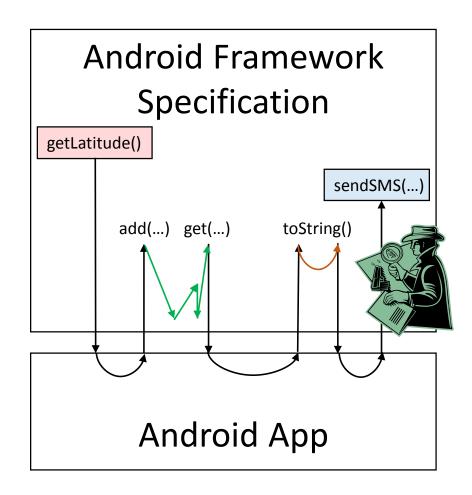


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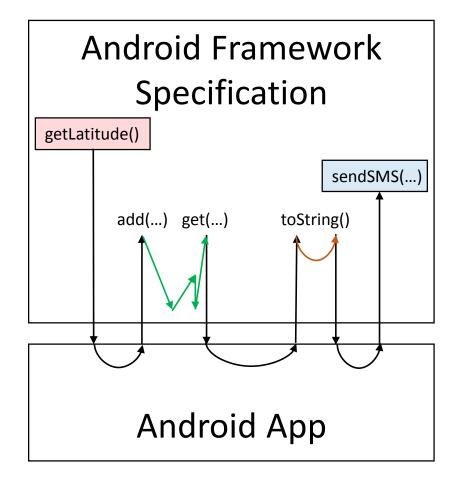
14.



```
Double lat = getLatitude();
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   Double latAlias = list.get(0);
   String latStr = latAlias.toString();
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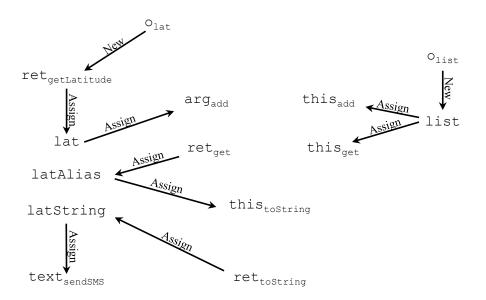
- Two problems to solve
 - Step 1: Worst-case analysis
 - Step 2: Specification inference

CFL Reachability

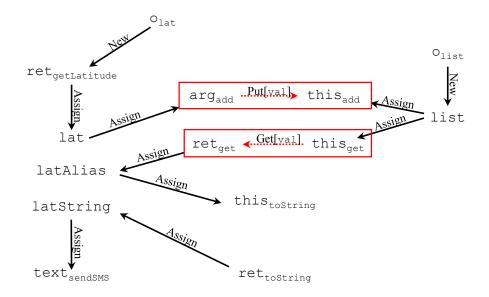
CFL Reachability

- 1. Double lat = getLatitude();
- 2. List list = new List();
- 3. list.add(lat);
- 4. Double latAlias = list.get(0);
- 5. String latStr = latAlias.toString();
- sendSMS(latStr);

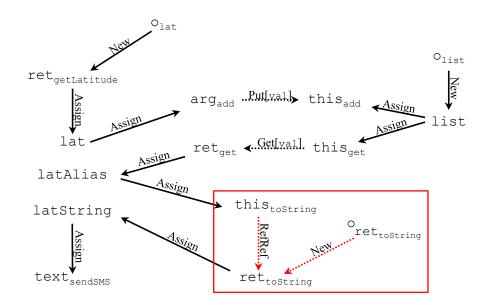
- Double lat = getLatitude();
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- sendSMS(latStr);



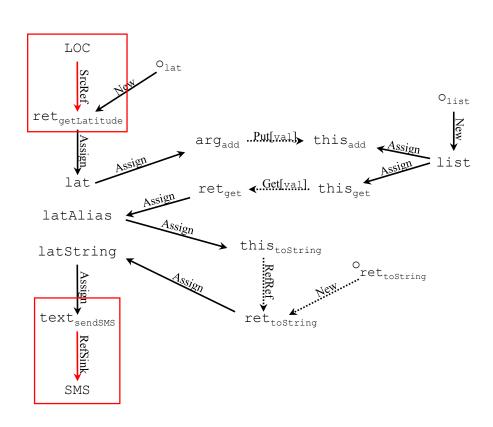
- 1. Double lat = getLatitude();
- 2. List list = new List();
- 3. list.add(lat);
- 4. Double latAlias = list.get(0);
- 5. String latStr = latAlias.toString();
- sendSMS(latStr);
- 1. class List:
- 2. @Alias(arg, this.val)
- 3. void add(Object arg) {}
- 4. @Alias(this.val, return)
- 5. Object get(Integer index) {}

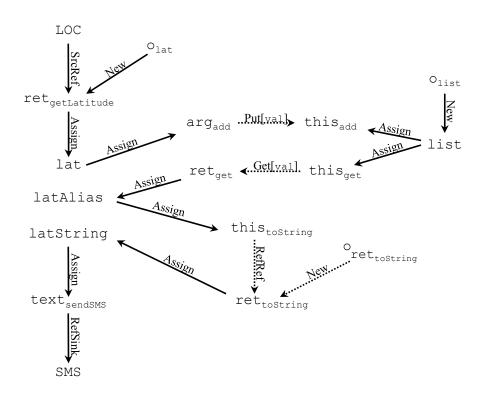


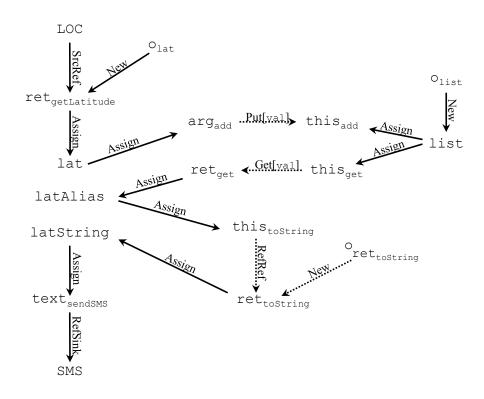
- 1. Double lat = getLatitude();
- 2. List list = new List();
- 3. list.add(lat);
- 4. Double latAlias = list.get(0);
- 5. String latStr = latAlias.toString();
- sendSMS(latStr);
- 1. class List:
- 2. @Alias(arg, this.val)
- 3. void add(Object arg) {}
- 4. @Alias(this.val, return)
- 5. Object get(Integer index) {}
- 6. class Double:
- 7. **@Flow(this, return)**
- 8. String toString() {}

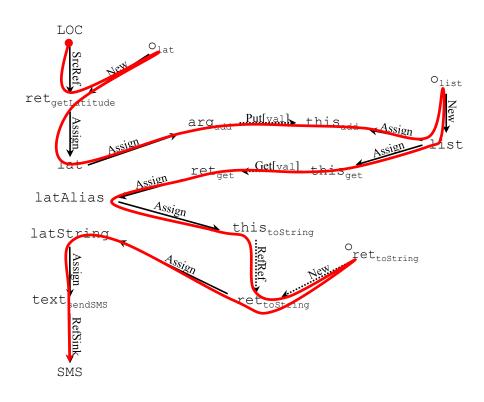


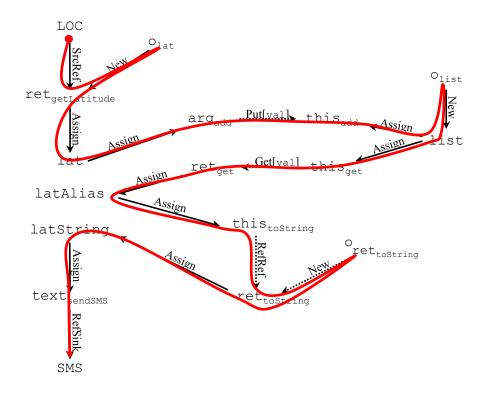
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   String latStr = latAlias.toString();
   sendSMS(latStr);
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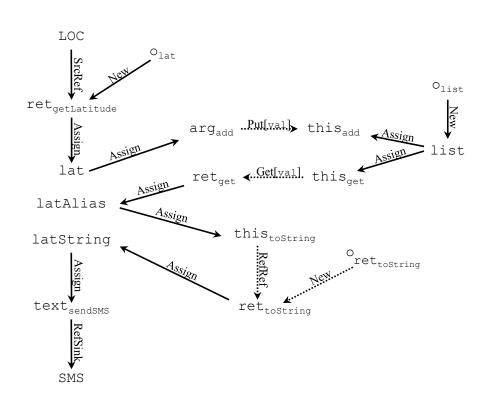




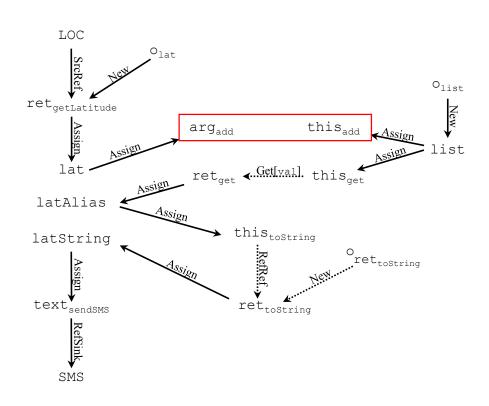
SrcRef $\overline{\text{New}}$ New Assign Assign Put[val] Assign $\overline{\text{New}}$ New Assign Get[Val] Assign Assign RefRef New New Assign Assign RefSink

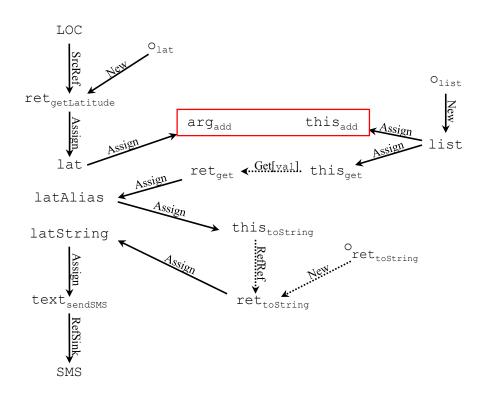
17. $A \rightarrow A_1...A_k \Rightarrow \overline{A} \rightarrow \overline{A_k}...\overline{A_1}$ (where $\overline{\overline{A}} = A$)

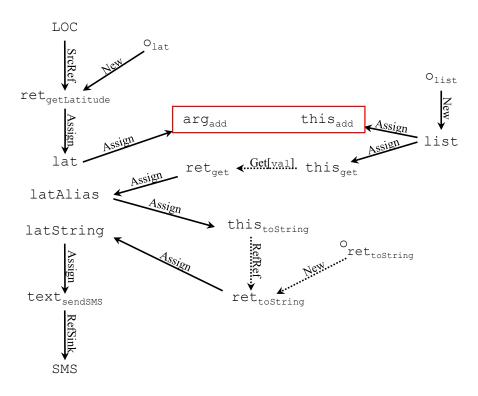
```
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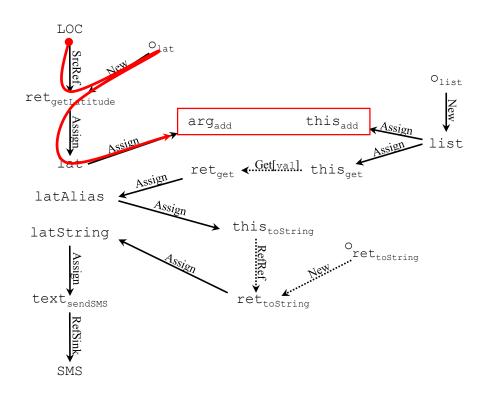


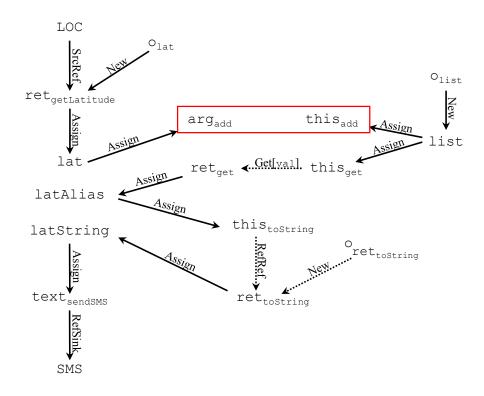
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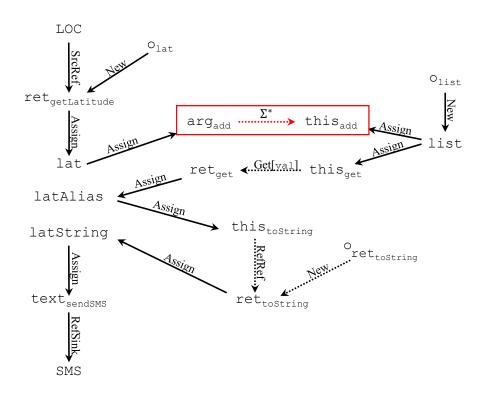


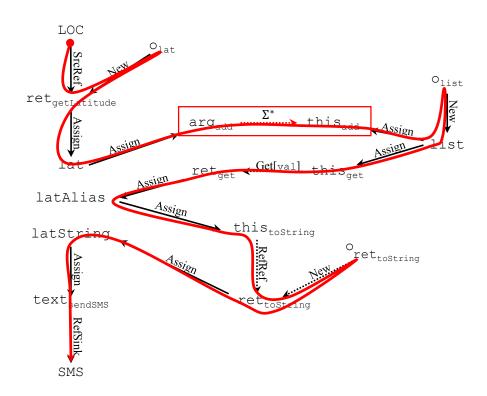












SrcRef $\overline{\text{New}}$ New Assign Assign ($\Sigma^* = \underline{\text{Put[val]}}$) Assign New New Assign Get[Val] Assign Assign RefRef $\overline{\text{New}}$ New Assign Assign RefSink

10. FlowsTo → New
11. FlowsTo → FlowsTo Assign
12. FlowsTo[f] → FlowsTo Put[f] FlowsTo

FlowsTo → FlowsTo |f| FlowsTo Get[f
 SrcObi → SrcRef FlowsTo

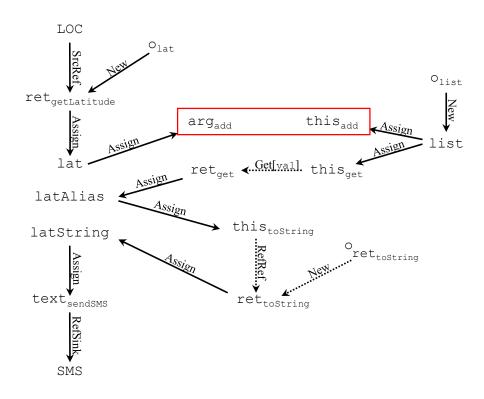
SrcObj → SrcObj FlowsTo RefRef F
 SrcSink → SrcObj FlowsTo RefSink

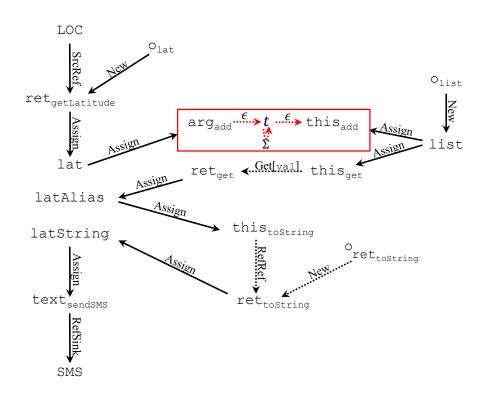
17. $A \rightarrow A_1...A_k \Rightarrow \overline{A} \rightarrow \overline{A_k}...\overline{A_1}$ (where $\overline{\overline{A}} = A$)

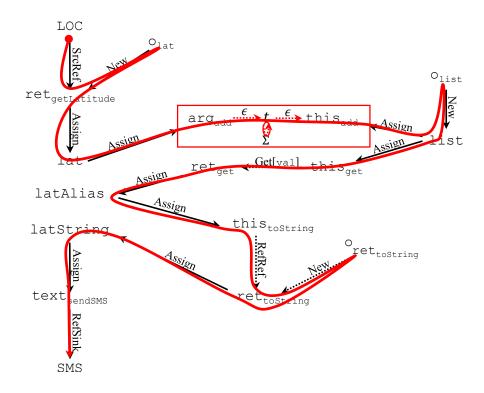
Use "do anything" subgraph:

$$\overset{\Sigma^*}{\longrightarrow} = \overset{\epsilon}{\overset{\epsilon}{\longrightarrow}} \overset{t}{\overset{\epsilon}{\longrightarrow}}$$

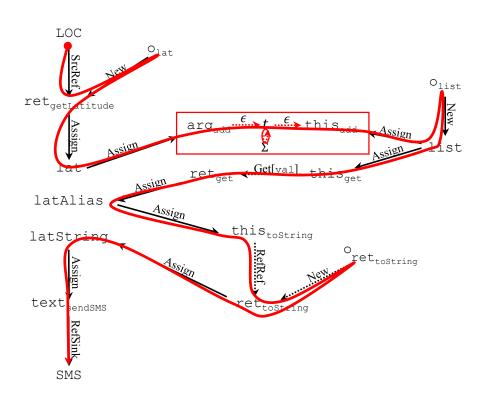
• Finite state automata that accepts Σ^*

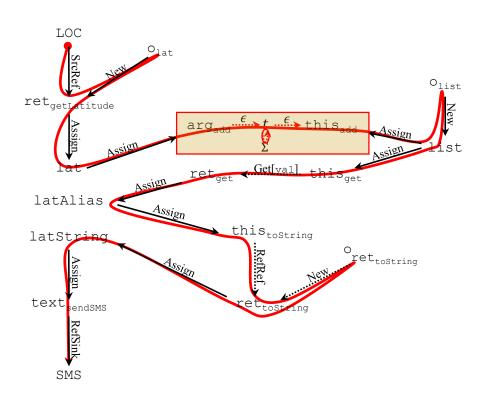


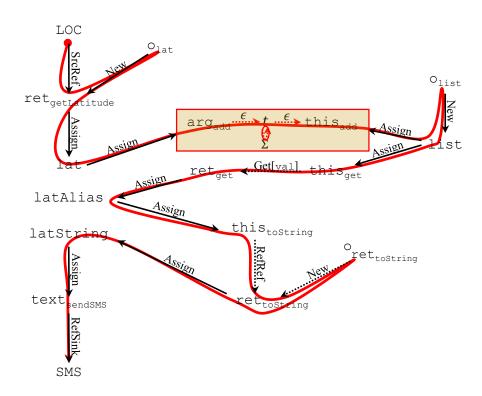




SrcRef New New Assign Assign ϵ Put[val] ϵ Assign New New Assign ϵ Put[val] Assign RefSink ϵ L ($\frac{11. \text{ FlowSTD} \rightarrow \text{ FlowSTD} \text{ FlowSTD}$

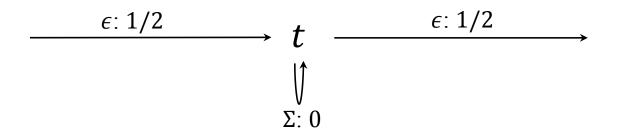




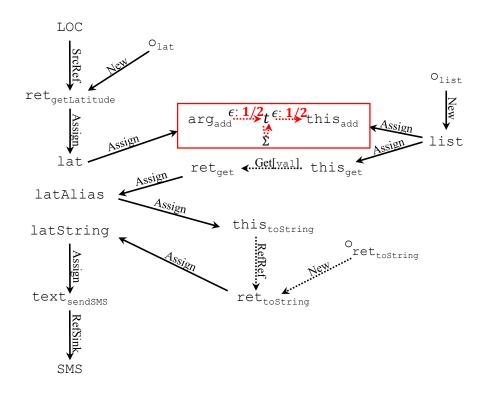


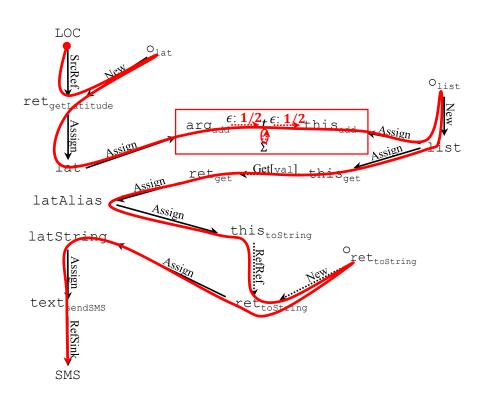
How do we ensure there are no paths passing through fewer missing specifications?

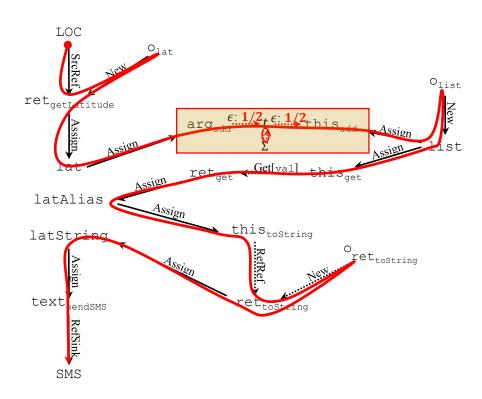
• Idea: use shortest path CFL reachability



Other edges have weight 0

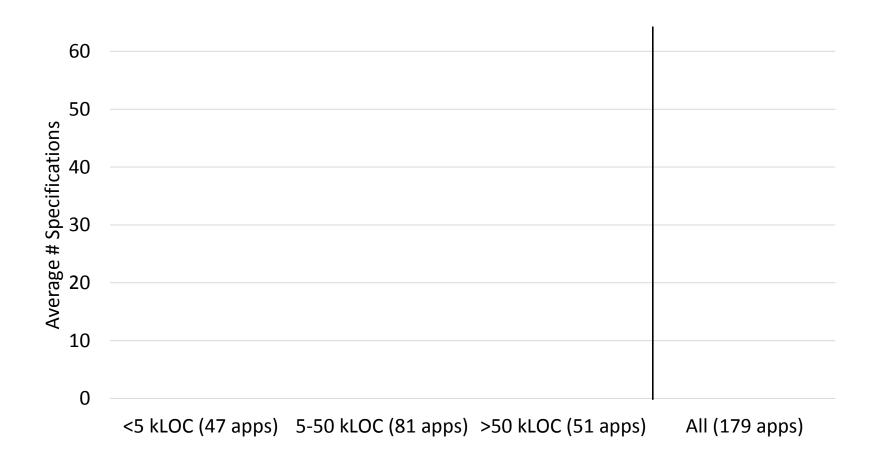


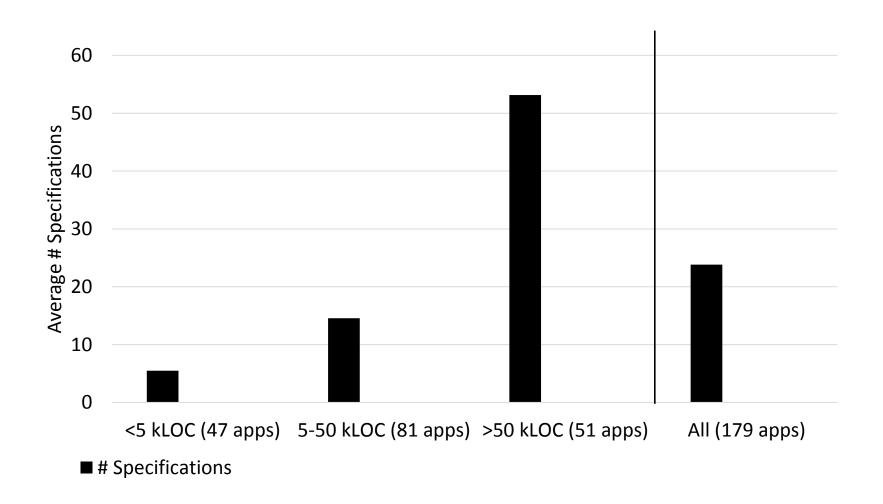


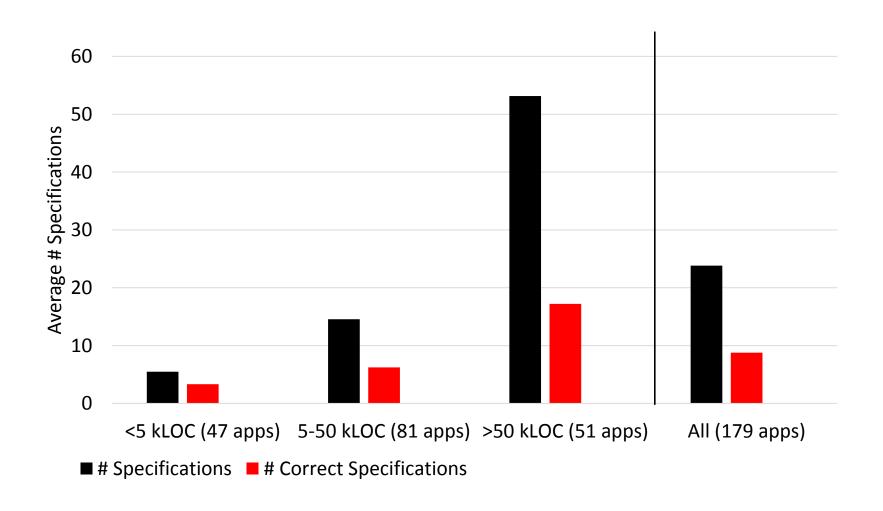


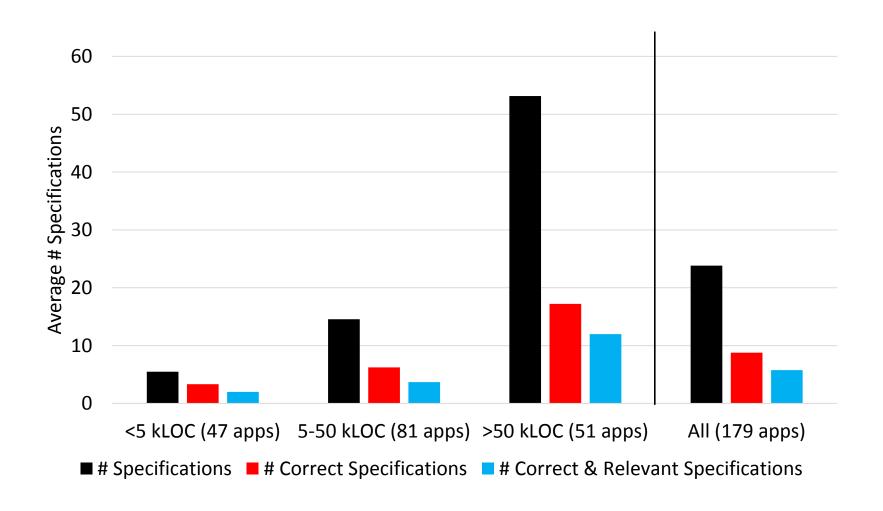
Experiments

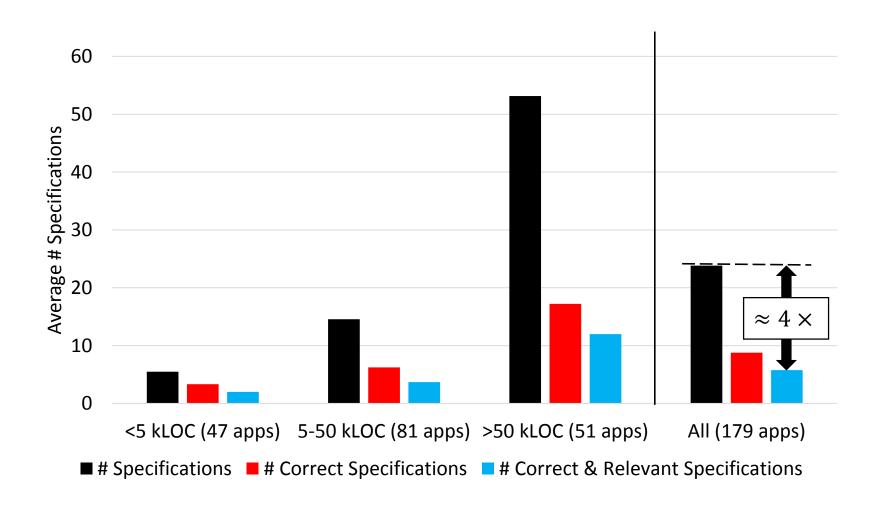
- 179 apps from Symantec, Google Play, and Darpa
- Flow specifications
 - Ran on all 179 apps
- Alias specifications
 - Type filters (points-to edges satisfy type constraints)
 - Ran on 156 apps



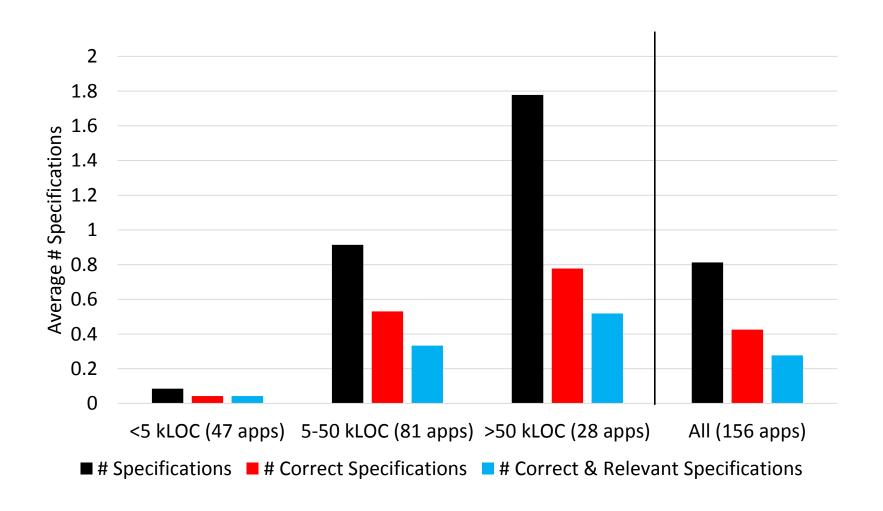




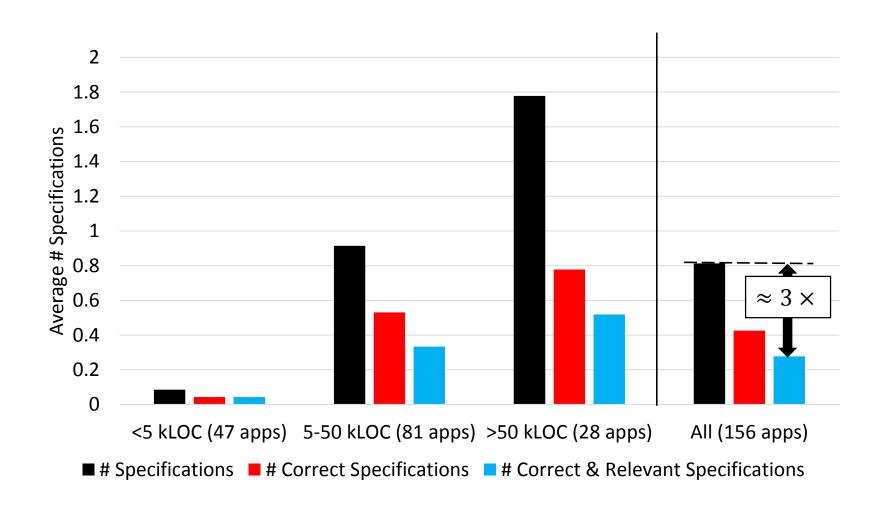




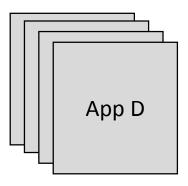
Alias Specifications Inferred



Alias Specifications Inferred



- Hypothesis: Specifications frequently reused
- Idea: Aggregate specifications across apps



Vanilla approach:

App D

App B

App C

App A

Vanilla approach:

App D

App B

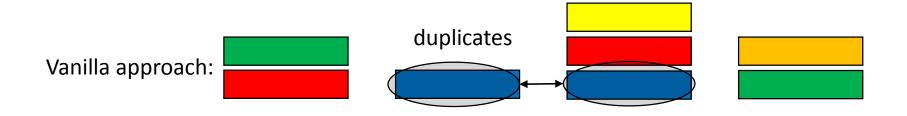
App C

App A

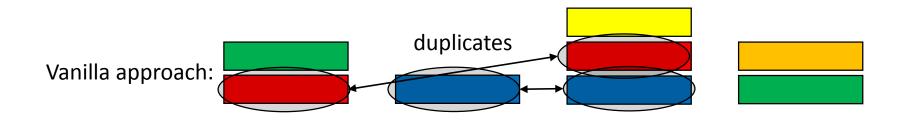


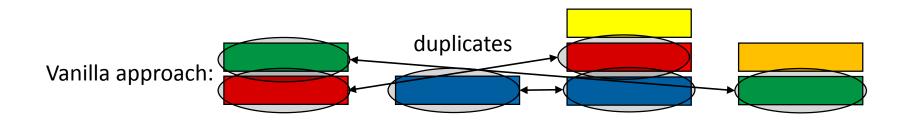






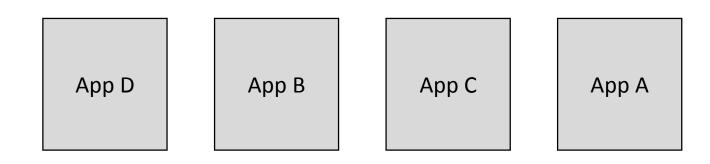


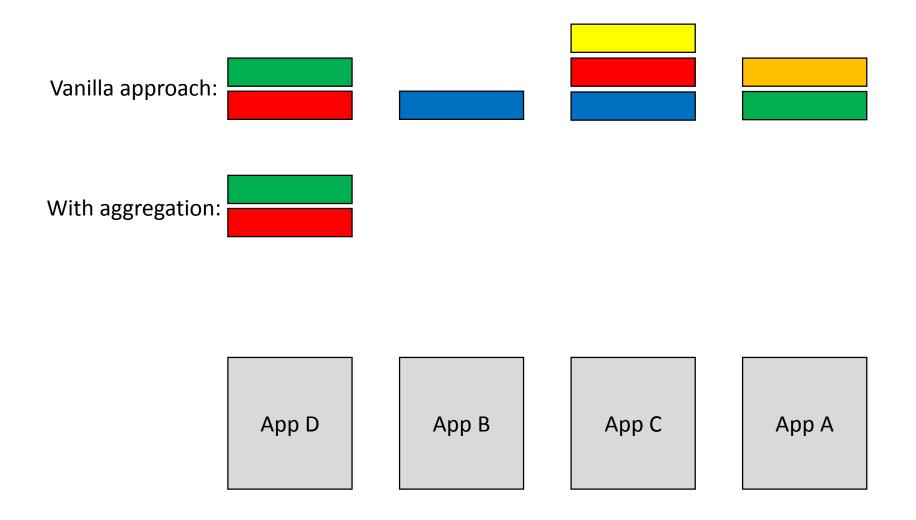


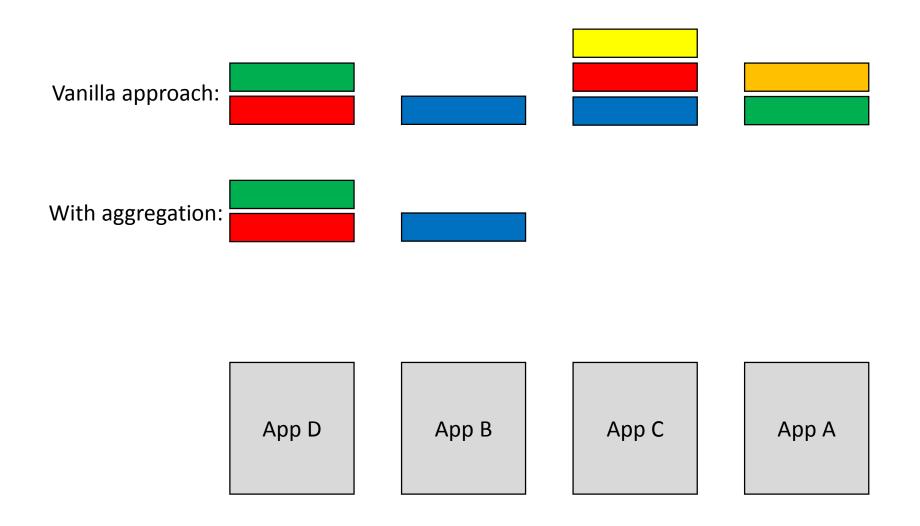


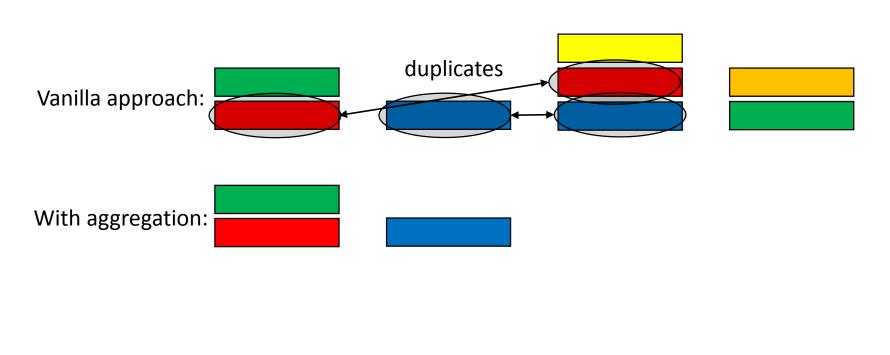


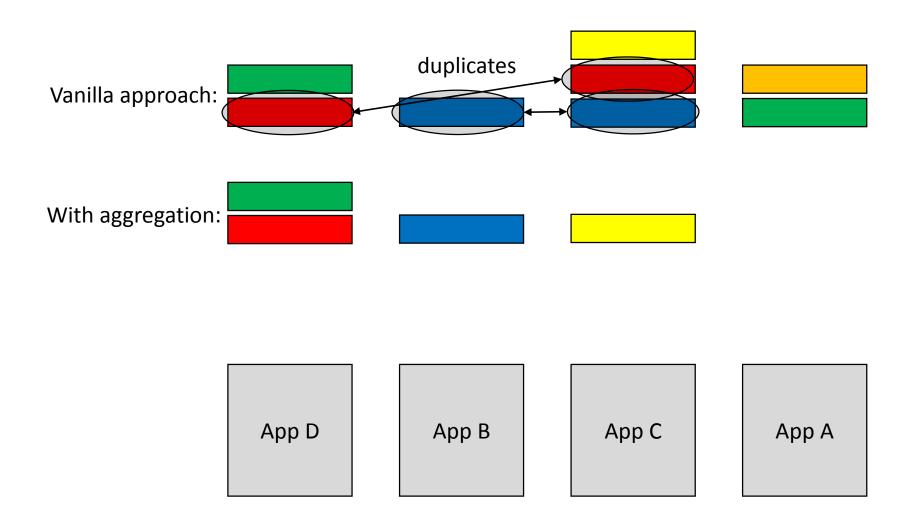
With aggregation:

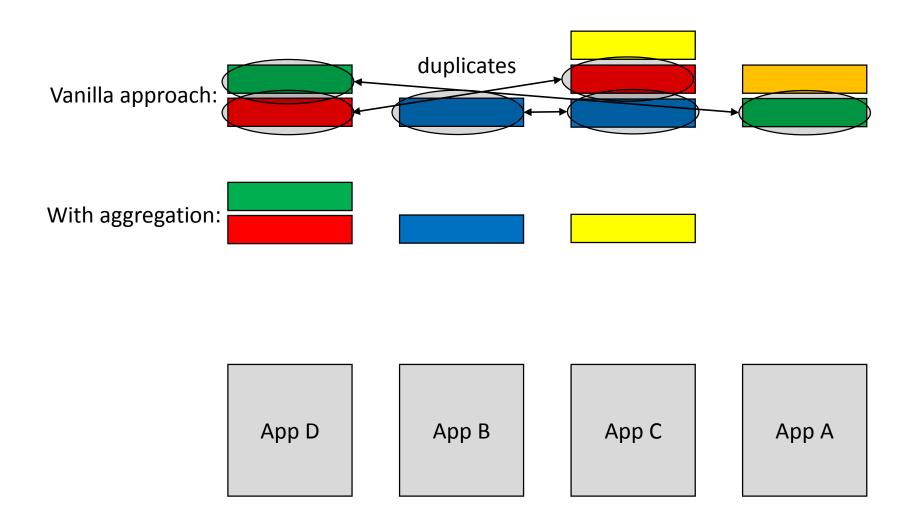


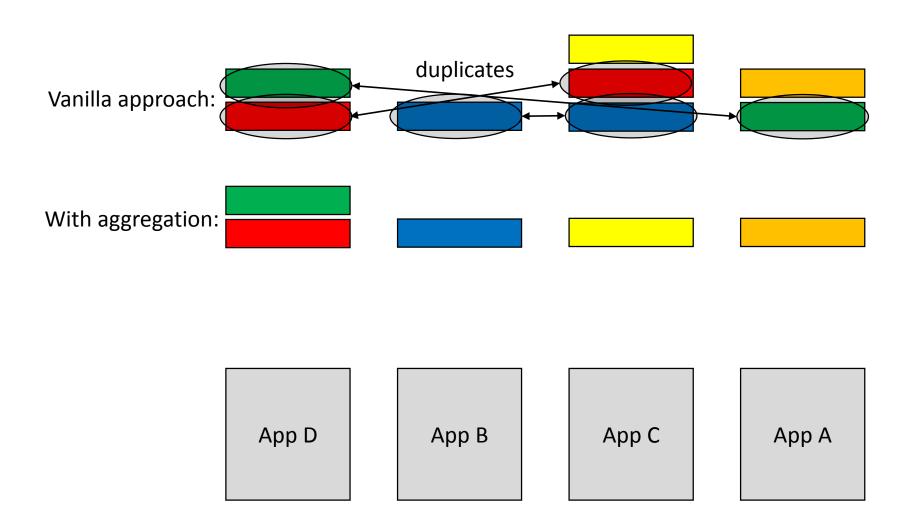


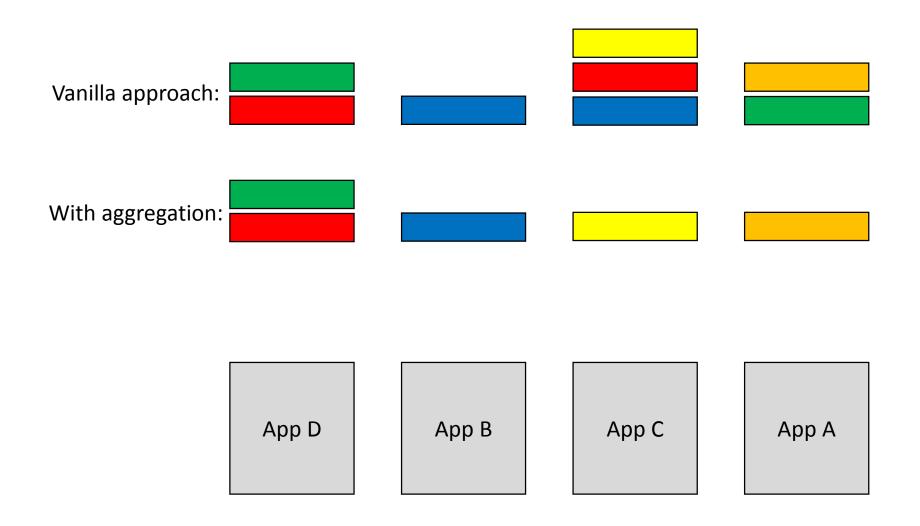


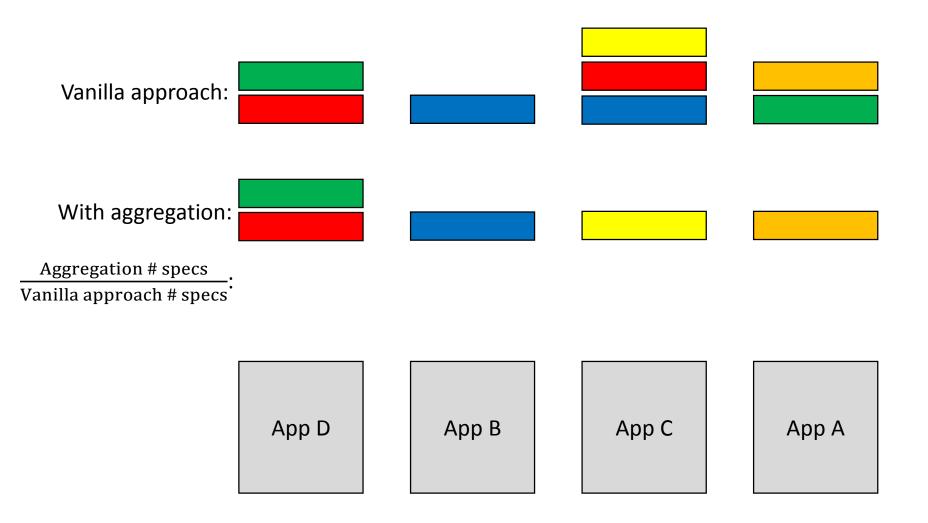


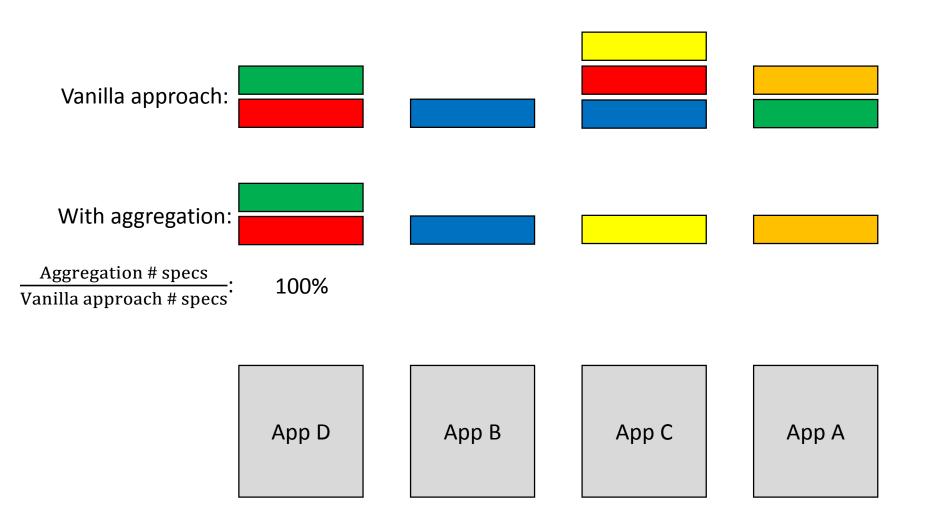


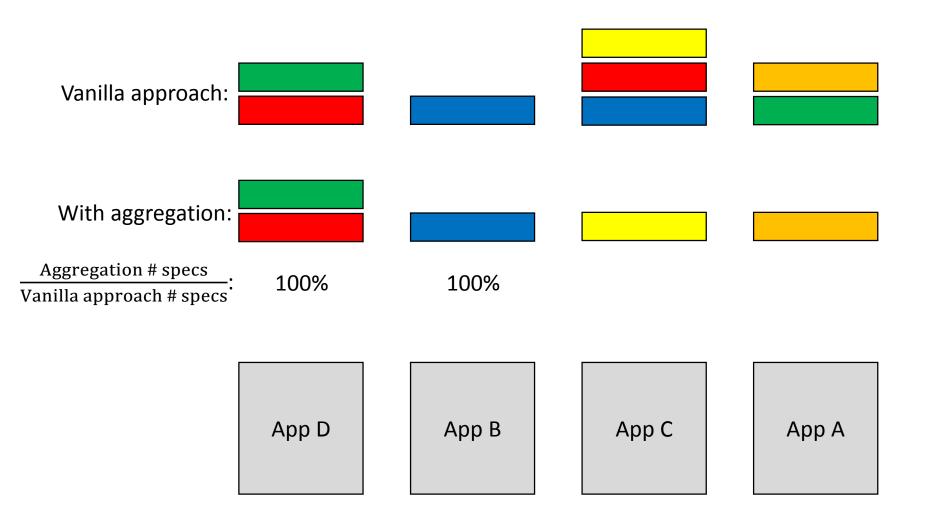


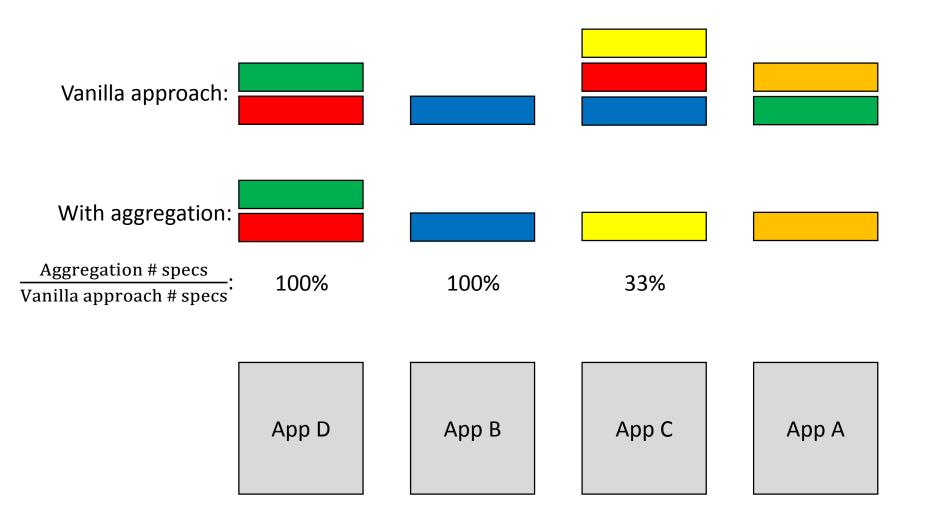


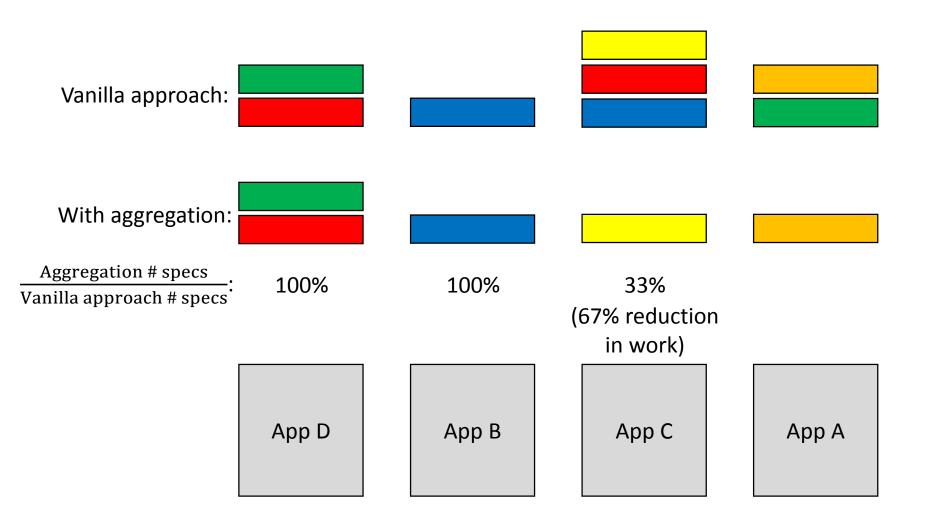


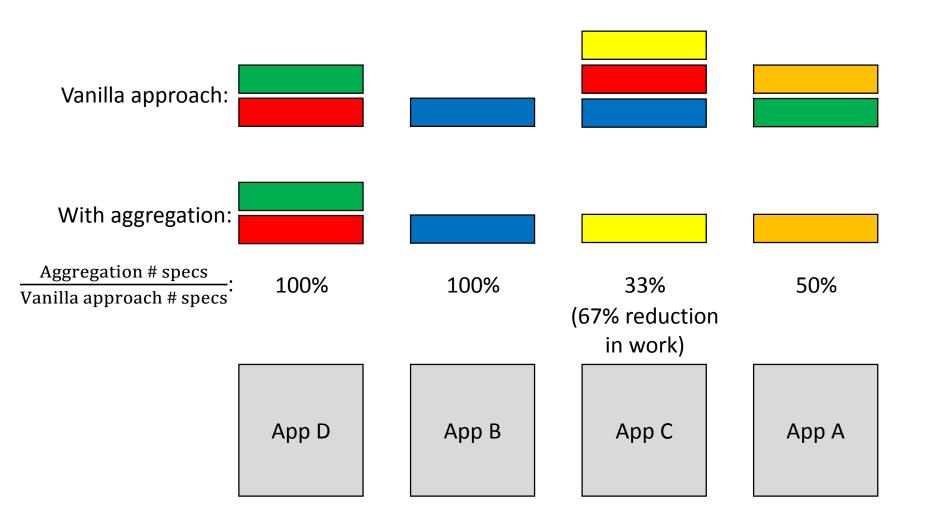


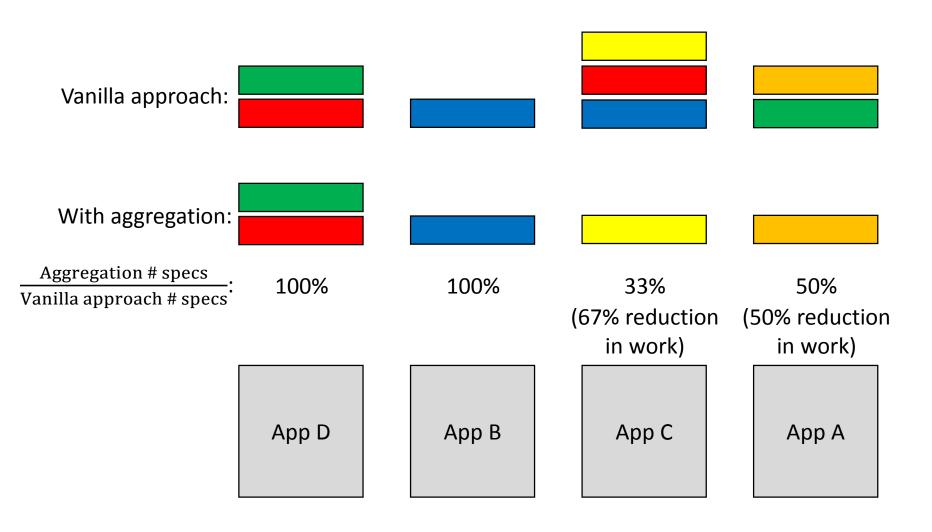


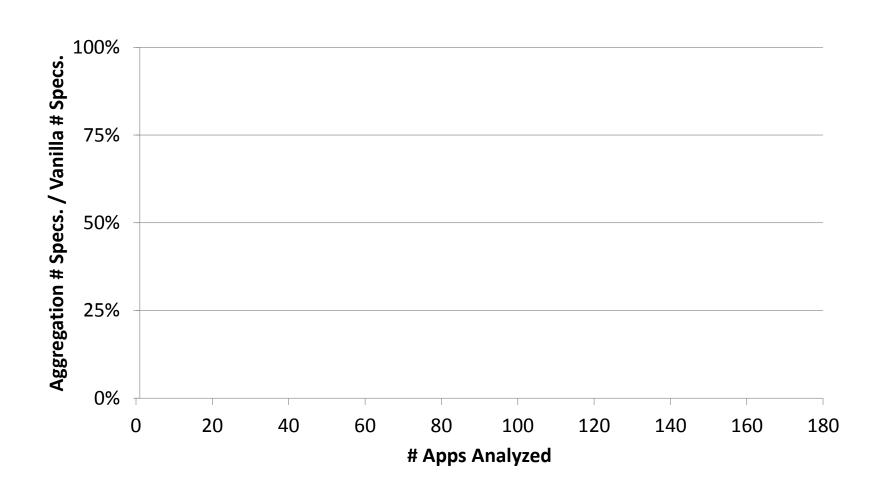


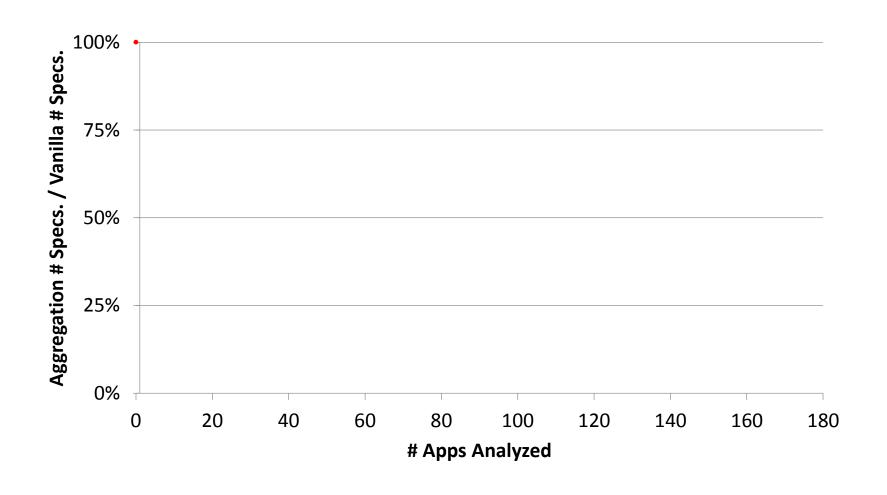


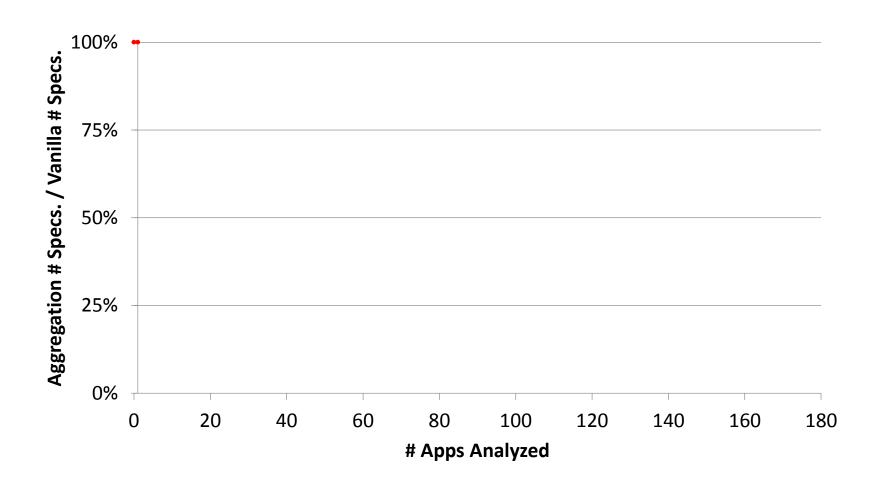


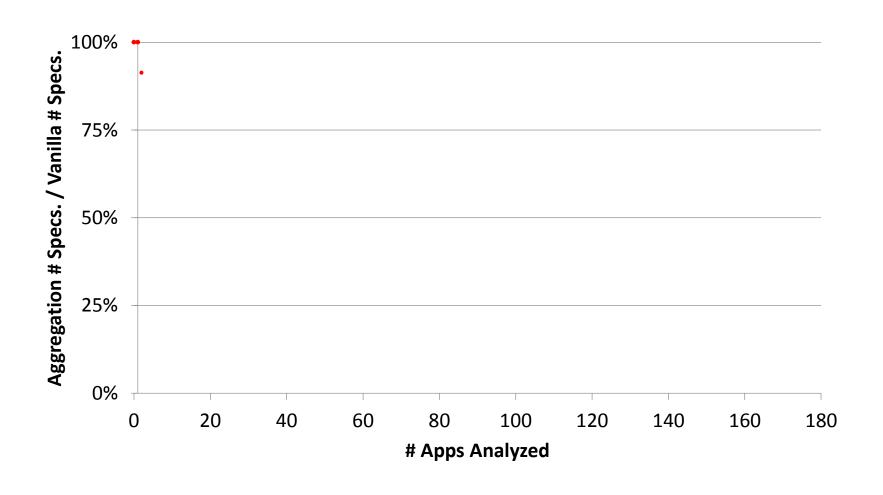


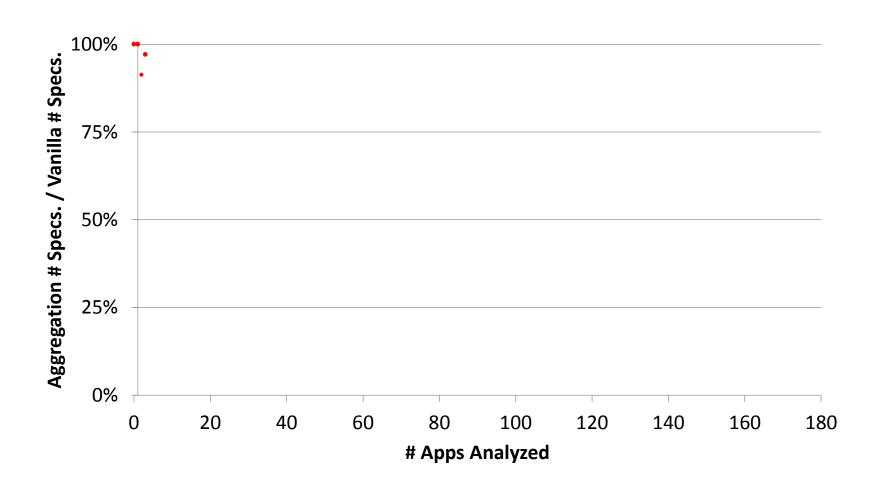


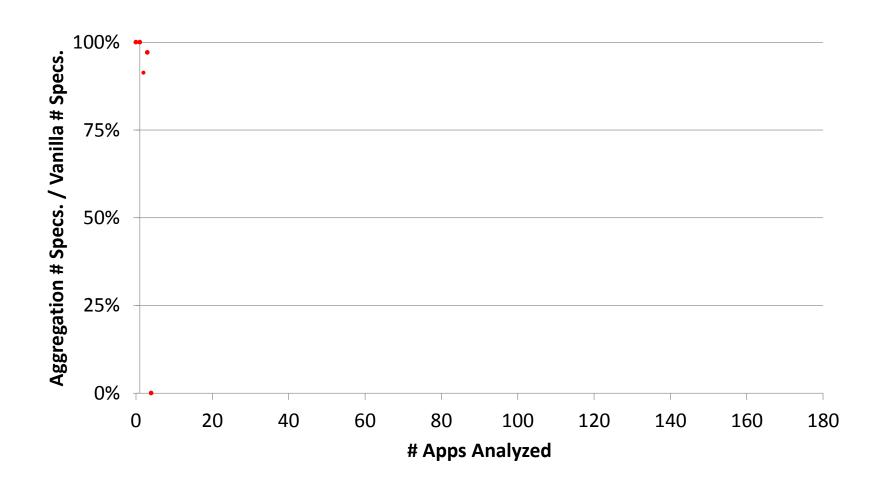


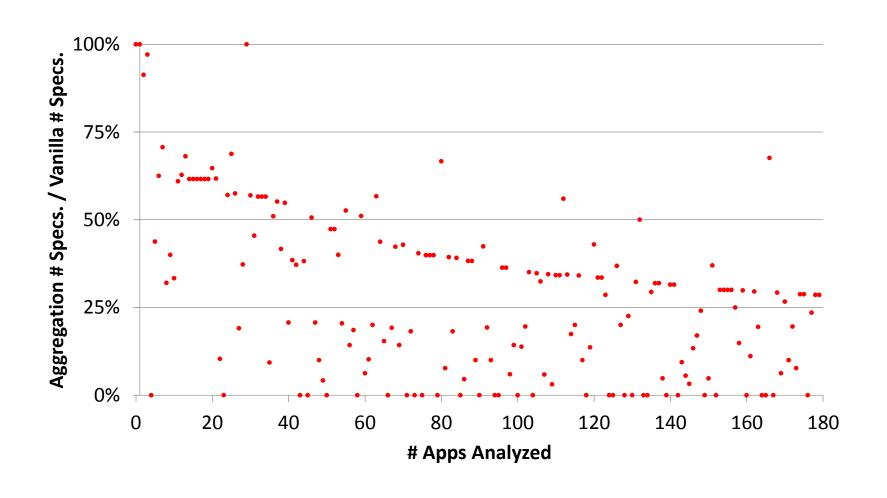


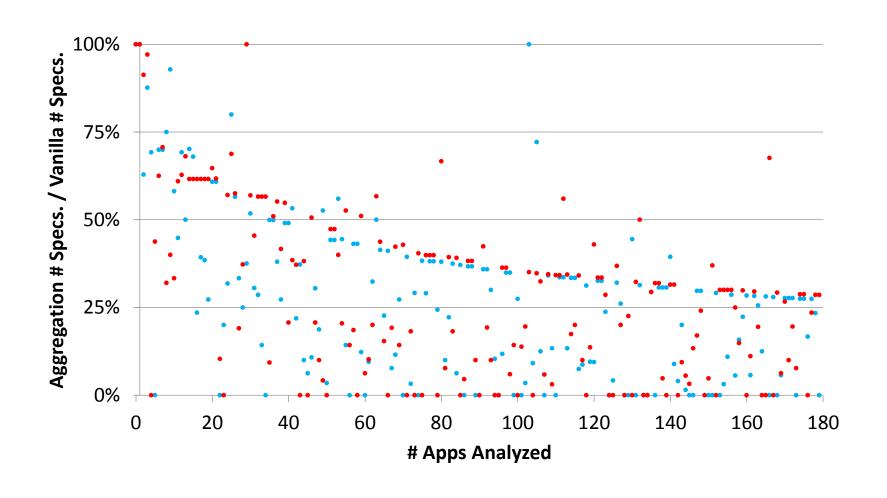


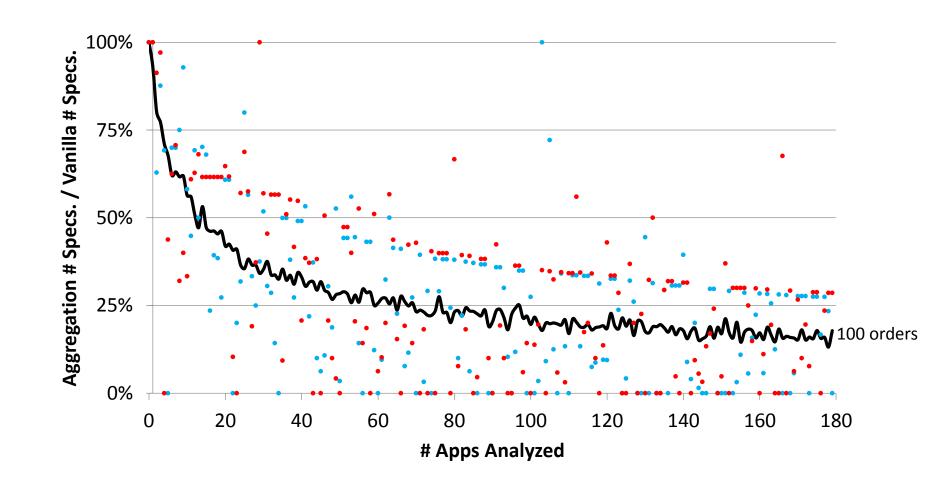


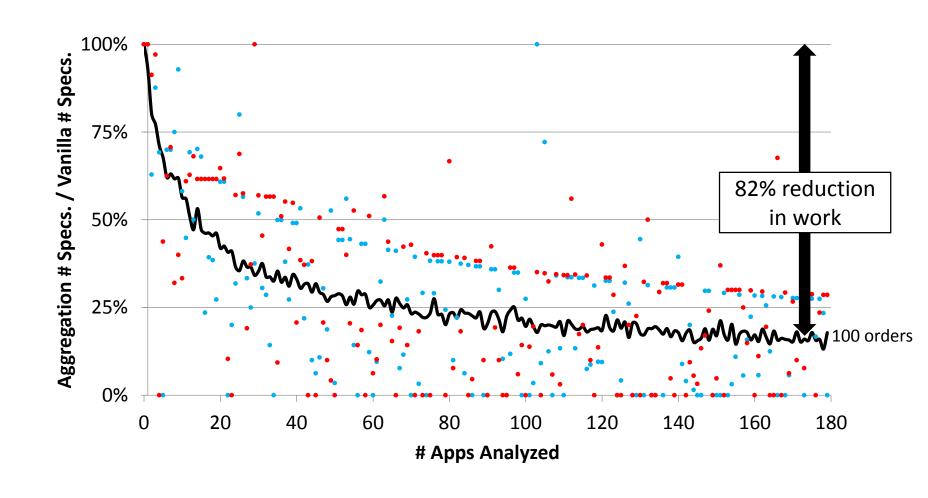












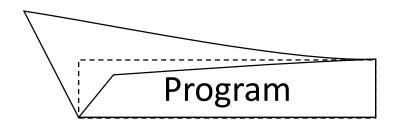
Conclusions

- Approach for analyzing partial programs
 - Step 1: Worst-case analysis (soundness)
 - Step 2: Specification inference
 - Interactive refinement (precision)
- Inferred Android framework specifications
 - $\approx 4 \times$ workload compared to oracle
 - Further 82% reduction with aggregation

References

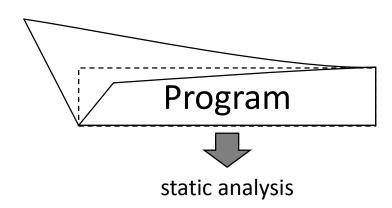
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Questions?



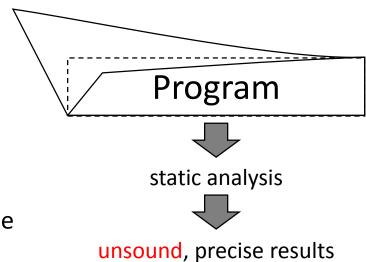
[Zhu 2013] approach:

- 1) Over-approximate
- 2) Specification inference



[Zhu 2013] approach:

- 1) Over-approximate
- 2) Specification inference

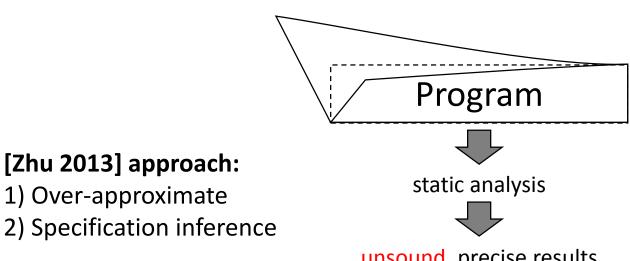


[Zhu 2013] approach:

- 1) Over-approximate
- 2) Specification inference

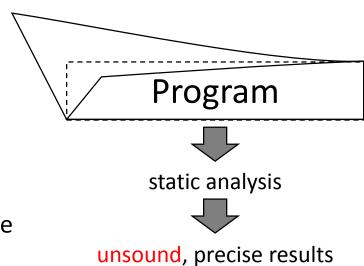
[Zhu 2013] approach:

1) Over-approximate



unsound, precise results



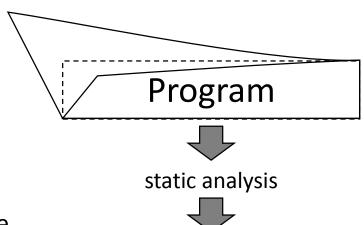


[Zhu 2013] approach:

- 1) Over-approximate
- 2) Specification inference

proposed specifications

specifications incorrect ⇒ sound results



[Zhu 2013] approach:

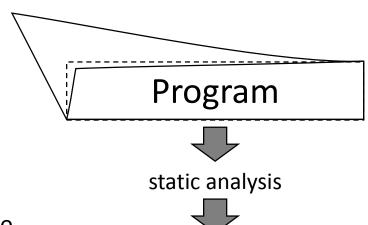
- 1) Over-approximate
- 2) Specification inference

unsound, precise results

correct specifications

proposed specifications

specifications incorrect ⇒ sound results



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specifications incorrect ⇒ sound results