EX NO: 00 DATE:

JAVA APPLICATION FOR R-L-C PARALLEL SERIES CIRCUITS

AIM:

To develop a Java console application to find the total resistance, inductance, and capacitance of series and parallel combination of resistor, inductor, capacitors and display the result.

REQUIREMENT:

Develop a Java application to find the effective resistance, inductance, and capacitance of parallel series combination of resistor, inductor, and capacitors.

Create a class Resistor with the following

Data member: resistance,

Members functions: readValue, printValue, parallel, series, and constructors.

Create a class Inductor with the following

Data member: inductance,

Members functions: readValue, printValue, parallel, series, and constructors.

Create a class Capacitor with the following

Data member: capacitance,

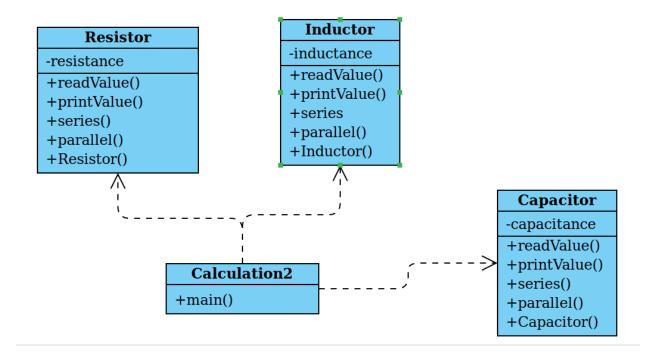
Members functions: readValue, printValue, parallel, series, and constructors.

Create a class Calculation2 with static member function: main and calculate the parallel series combinations of resistor, inductor, capacitors and display the result.

ALGORITHM:

- STEP 1: Declare class Resistor with resistance data member, readValue, printValue, series, parallel member functions and constructors.
- STEP 2: Declare class Inductor with inductance data member, readValue, printValue, series, parallel member functions and constructors.
- STEP 3: Declare class Capacitor with capacitance data member, readValue, printValue, series, parallel member functions and constructors.
- STEP 4: Declare class Calculation2 with a static main function.
- STEP 5: Create objects of type Resistor, Inductor, and Capacitor.
- STEP 6: Get the input from user.
- STEP 7: Calculate the parallel series combinations.
- STEP 8: Display the results.

CLASS DIAGRAM



PROGRAM:

Resistor.java

```
/**

* Program to represent resistor

*

* Developed by

* C. Obed Otto,

* Associate Professor, Saveetha Engineering College

* obedotto@saveetha.ac.in

*/

package electricalcomponents;

import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

/***********

* To represent resistor

*
```

```
* @author obedotto@saveetha.ac.in
*/
public class Resistor {
    /***
     * Resistance value in ohm
    double resistance;
    /****
     * To initialize the resistor with inital value
     * @param v value of the resistance in ohm
    public Resistor(double v)
           resistance=v;
    }
    /******
     * Create a resistor with zero resistance
     */
    public Resistor()
           resistance=0;
    /******
     * To read the resistance value from the user
     */
    void readValue()
           Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
           System.out.print("\nEnter the resistance value ");
           resistance=sc.nextDouble();
    }
    /*****
     * To print the resistance value
    void printValue()
```

```
System.out.print(" "+resistance+" ohm");
    }
     * To calculate effective resistance value of two parallel resistors
     * @param v Resistor object which is to be connected in parallel
     * @return Returns the effective total resistance
    Resistor parallel(Resistor v)
            Resistor r;
                   r=new Resistor();
                   r.resistance=(v.resistance*this.resistance)/(v.resistance+this.resistance);
                   return r;
    }
     * To calculate effective resistance value of two series resistors
     * @param v Resistor object which is to be connected in series
     * @return Returns the effective total resistance
     */
    Resistor series(Resistor v)
            Resistor r;
                   r=new Resistor();
                   r.resistance=v.resistance+this.resistance;
                   return r;
    }
}
```

```
* Program to represent inductor
* Developed by
* C. Obed Otto,
* Associate Professor, Saveetha Engineering College
* obedotto@saveetha.ac.in
package electrical components;
import java.util.Scanner;
/*********
 * To represent inductor
* @author obedotto@saveetha.ac.in
*/
public class Inductor {
    /***
     * Inductance value in Henry
    double inductance;
    /****
     * To initialize the inductor with inital value
     * @param v value of the capacitance in henry
     */
    public Inductor(double v)
           inductance=v;
    }
    /******
     * Create a inductor with zero inductance
    public Inductor()
    {
           inductance=0;
```

```
}
/******
* To read the inductance value from the user
*/
void readValue()
       Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("\nEnter the inductance value ");
       inductance=sc.nextDouble();
}
/*****
* To print the inductance value
void printValue()
       System.out.print(" "+inductance+" henry");
}
* To calculate effective inductance value of two parallel inductors
* @param v Inductor object which is to be connected in parallel
* @return Returns the effective total inductance
Inductor parallel(Inductor v)
{
       Inductor i;
              i=new Inductor();
              i.inductance=(v.inductance*this.inductance)/(v.inductance+this.inductance);
              return i;
}
* To calculate effective inductance value of two series inductors
* @param v Inductor object which is to be connected in series
* @return Returns the effective total inductance
*/
```

```
Inductor series(Inductor v)
           Inductor i;
                  i=new Inductor();
                  i.inductance=v.inductance+this.inductance;
                  return i;
    }
}
                                          Capacitor.java
* Program to represent Capacitor
* Developed by
* C. Obed Otto,
* Associate Professor, Saveetha Engineering College
* obedotto@saveetha.ac.in
*/
package electrical components;
import java.util.Scanner;
/******
 * To represent capacitor
* @author obedotto@saveetha.ac.in
*/
public class Capacitor {
     * Capacitance value in Farad
     */
    double capacitance;
    /****
     * To initialize the capacitor with inital value
     * @param v value of the capacitance in farad
```

```
*/
public Capacitor(double v)
       capacitance=v;
/*****
* Create a capacitor with zero capacitance
*/
public Capacitor()
       capacitance=0;
}
/********
* To read the capacitance value from the user
void readValue()
{
       Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("\nEnter the capacitance value ");
       capacitance=sc.nextDouble();
}
* To print the capacitance value
void printValue()
       System.out.print(" "+capacitance+" farad");
}
* To calculate effective capacitance value of two parallel capacitors
* @param v Capacitor object which is to be connected in parallel
* @return Returns the effective total capacitance
Capacitor parallel(Capacitor v)
{
       Capacitor c;
```

```
c=new Capacitor();
            c.capacitance=v.capacitance+this.capacitance;
            return c;
    }
    /******
     * To calculate effective capacitance value of two series capacitors
     * @param v Capacitor object which is to be connected in series
     * @return Returns the effective total capacitance
    Capacitor series(Capacitor v)
            Capacitor c;
            c=new Capacitor();
            c.capacitance=(v.capacitance*this.capacitance)/(v.capacitance+this.capacitance);
            return c;
    }
}
                                         Calculation2.java
 * Program to calculate the effective resistance, inductance and capacitance values
* Developed by
* C. Obed Otto,
* Associate Professor, Saveetha Engineering College
* obedotto@saveetha.ac.in
*/
package electrical components;
 * To perform series, parallel RLC calculation
* @author obedotto@saveetha.ac.in
*/
public class Calculation2 {
```

```
/******
     * Program Entry Point
     * @param args command line parameters
     */
    public static void main(String[] args) {
            Resistor r1,r2,r3,r4;
                   r1=new Resistor();
                   r1.readValue();
                   r2=new Resistor();
                   r2.readValue();
                   r3=r1.parallel(r2);
                   System.out.print("Effective parallel resistance:");
                   r3.printValue();
                   r4=r1.series(r2);
                   System.out.print("\nEffective series resistance:");
                   r4.printValue();
            }
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter the resistance value 100

Enter the resistance value 100

Effective parallel resistance: 50.0 ohm

Effective series resistance: 200.0 ohm

RESULT:

Thus a Java console application is developed to find the overall resistance, inductance, and capacitance of parallel, series resistor, inductor, and capacitors.