

|                     |                                 |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| Ex No: 10           | DESIGN OF SCIENTIFIC CALCULATOR |
| Date:<br>23/09/2019 |                                 |

Aim:

\*To design a decimal and scientific calculator using event-driven programming paradigm of Java.

Requirements:

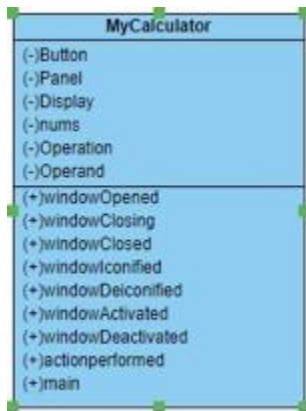
\*Design a calculator using event-driven programming paradigm of Java with the following options.

- a. Decimal manipulations,
- b. Scientific manipulations.

Algorithm:

1. Create a package calc.
2. Create a class MyCalculator in the above package.
3. Declare the buttons, panel, operand and operations as attributes.
4. Declare the constructors to pass the initial attributes.
5. Import the required packages for the design of calculator.
6. Provide the necessary methods for the decimal and scientific calculations.
7. Stop.

Class Diagram:



Program:

```
/**
*
```

```
*Developed by manikanta
```

```
*Gmail:-amanikanta69@gmail.com
```

```
*/ package calc;
```

```
import java.awt.*;
```

```
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
```

```
import java.awt.event.ActionListener;
```

```
import java.awt.event.WindowEvent;
```

```
import java.awt.event.WindowListener;
```

```
public class MyCalculator extends Frame implements
```

```
WindowListener,ActionListener {
```

```
    TextField display;
```

```
    Button b_0,b_1,b_2,b_3,b_4,b_5,b_6,b_7,b_8,b_9;
```

```
    Button b_add,b_sub,b_multiply,b_divide,b_equalsto,b_clear,b_delete;
```

```
    Button b_sin,b_cos,b_tan;
```

```
    Panel p;
```

```
    String nums;
```

```
    Double op1, op2;
```

```
    int op;
```

```
    static final int OP_ADD=1;
```

```
static final int OP_SUB=2;  
static final int OP_MULTIPLY=3;  
static final int OP_DIVIDE=4;
```

```
public MyCalculator()  
{  
    this.addWindowListener(this);  
    this.setLayout(new GridLayout(2,1));  
    display=new TextField("0");  
    this.add(display);  
    p=new Panel();  
    p.setLayout(new GridLayout(4,4));  
    this.add(p);  
    nums="0";
```

```
    b_0= new Button("0");  
    b_0.addActionListener(this);  
    p.add(b_0);
```

```
    b_1= new Button("1");  
    b_1.addActionListener(this);  
    p.add(b_1);
```

```
    b_2= new Button("2");  
    b_2.addActionListener(this);  
    p.add(b_2);
```

```
    b_3= new Button("3");  
    b_3.addActionListener(this);  
    p.add(b_3);
```

```
    b_4= new Button("4");  
    b_4.addActionListener(this);  
    p.add(b_4);
```

```
    b_5= new Button("5");  
    b_5.addActionListener(this);  
    p.add(b_5);
```

```
    b_6= new Button("6");
```

```
b_6.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_6);
```

```
b_7= new Button("7");  
b_7.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_7);
```

```
b_8= new Button("8");  
b_8.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_8);
```

```
b_9= new Button("9");  
b_9.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_9);
```

```
b_add= new Button("+");  
b_add.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_add);
```

```
b_sub= new Button("-");  
b_sub.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_sub);
```

```
b_multiply= new Button("*");  
b_multiply.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_multiply);
```

```
b_divide= new Button("/");  
b_divide.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_divide);
```

```
b_equalsto= new Button("=");  
b_equalsto.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_equalsto);
```

```
b_clear= new Button("C");  
b_clear.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_clear);
```

```
b_sin= new Button("sin");
```

```
b_sin.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_sin);
```

```
b_cos= new Button("cos");  
b_cos.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_cos);
```

```
b_tan= new Button("tan");  
b_tan.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_tan);
```

```
b_delete= new Button("DEL");  
b_delete.addActionListener(this);  
p.add(b_delete);  
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub
```

```
MyCalculator mc;  
mc=new MyCalculator();  
mc.setTitle("Calculator");  
mc.setSize(450, 400);  
mc.setBackground(Color.yellow);  
mc.setVisible(true);  
}
```

```
@Override  
public void windowOpened(WindowEvent e)  
{  
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub  
  
}  
@Override  
public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e)  
{  
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub  
  
    System.exit(0);  
}
```

```

    @Override
    public void windowClosed(WindowEvent e)

{
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub

}

    @Override
    public void windowIconified(WindowEvent e)
{
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub

}

    @Override
    public void windowDeiconified(WindowEvent e)
{
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub

}

    @Override
    public void windowActivated(WindowEvent e)
{
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub

}

    @Override
    public void windowDeactivated(WindowEvent e)
{
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub

}

    @Override
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e)
{
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub

    if(e.getSource()==b_0)
    {
nums=nums+"0";

```

```
display.setText(nums);
    }
    else if(e.getSource()==b_1)
    {
        nums=nums+"1";
        display.setText(nums);
    }
    else if(e.getSource()==b_2)
    {
        nums=nums+"2";
        display.setText(nums);
    }
    else if(e.getSource()==b_3)
    {
        nums=nums+"3";
        display.setText(nums);
    }
    else if(e.getSource()==b_4)
    {
        nums=nums+"4";
        display.setText(nums);
    }
    else if(e.getSource()==b_5)
    {
        nums=nums+"5";
        display.setText(nums);
    }
    else if(e.getSource()==b_6)
    {
        nums=nums+"6";
        display.setText(nums);
    }
    else if(e.getSource()==b_7)
    {
        nums=nums+"7";
        display.setText(nums);
    }

    else if(e.getSource()==b_8)
    {
```

```

    nums=nums+"8";
    display.setText(nums);
}

    else if(e.getSource()==b_9)
{
    nums=nums+"9";
    display.setText(nums);
}

    else if(e.getSource()==b_add)
{
    op1=Double.parseDouble(nums);
    op=OP_ADD;
    nums="0";
    display.setText(nums);
}

    else if(e.getSource()==b_sub)
{
    op1=Double.parseDouble(nums);
    op=OP_SUB;
    nums="0";
    display.setText(nums);
}

else if(e.getSource()==b_multiply)
{
    Op1=Double.parseDouble(nums);
    op=OP_MULTIPLY;
    nums="0";
    display.setText(nums);
}

else if(e.getSource()==b_divide)
{
    op1=Double.parseDouble(nums);
    op=OP_DIVIDE;
    nums="0";
    display.setText(nums);
}

else if(e.getSource()==b_equalsto)
{
    op2=Double.parseDouble(nums);

```



```

        switch(op)
        {
        case OP_ADD :
            nums=""+(op1+op2);
            display.setText(nums);
            break;

        case OP_SUB:
            nums=""+(op1-op2);
            display.setText(nums);
            break;

        case OP_MULTIPLY:
            nums=""+(op1*op2);
            display.setText(nums);
            break;

        case OP_DIVIDE:
            nums=""+(op1/op2);
            display.setText(nums);
            break;
        }

        display.setText(nums);
    }

    else if(e.getSource()==b_clear)
    {
        nums="0";
        display.setText(nums);
    }

    else if(e.getSource()==b_sin)
    {
        op1=Double.parseDouble(nums);
        nums="" + Math.sin(op1*Math.PI/180);
        display.setText(nums);
    }

    else if(e.getSource()==b_cos)
    {
        op1=Double.parseDouble(nums);

```

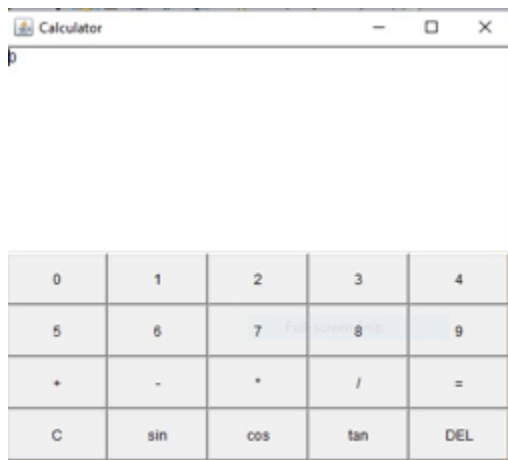
```

        nums="" + Math.cos(op1 * Math.PI / 180);
        display.setText(nums);
    }
    else if (e.getSource() == b_tan)
    {
        op1 = Double.parseDouble(nums);
        nums="" + Math.tan(op1 * Math.PI / 180);

        display.setText(nums);
    }
    else if (e.getSource() == b_delete)
    {
        nums = nums;
        nums = nums.substring(0, nums.length() - 1);
        display.setText(nums);
    }
}
}

```

Output:



Result:

\*Thus, the decimal and scientific calculator is designed using event-driven programming paradigm of Java.