- M621, final prep problems I: Here are some good problems to work on to help you prepare for the final. Don't hesitate to email me if you have a question, or come by my office (assuming I'm there of course).
  - 1. Let G be a group. Consider the commutator subgroup [G;G] of G, the subgroup generated by the set  $\{aba^{-1}b^{-1}: a,b\in G\}$ . (An element of the form  $aba^{-1}b^{-1}$  is known as a commutator.) It is known that [G,G] is a normal subgroup of G.
    - (a) Prove that G/[G, G] is Abelian.
    - (b) Prove that if  $\Gamma: G \to K$  is a surjective homomorphism, and K is Abelian, then  $[G, G] \subseteq ker(\Gamma)$ .
  - 2. Suppose G is a group and Z = Z(G) is its center. Prove that G/Z(G) is cyclic, then G is Abelian.
  - 3. Prove that any finite group is isomorphic to a subgroup of  $A_n$  for some  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , where  $A_n$  is the alternating group acting on  $\{1, \ldots, n\}$ .
  - 4. Let G be an arbitrary group with a center Z(G). Prove that the inner auto- morphism group Inn(G) is isomorphic to G/Z(G).
  - 5. Suppose R is a commutative ring with 1. Prove that R is a field if and only if the only ideals of R are the trivial ideal  $\{0\}$  and R itself.
  - 6. Prove that a group of order 56 has at least one normal Sylow p-subgroup.
  - 7. Prove that if  $f: A \to B$  is a surjective ring homomorphism, then whenever I is an ideal of A, then f(I) is an ideal of B. Give an example to show that f(A) need not be an ideal of B if f is not surjective.
    - Suppose J is an ideal of B and f is surjective. Show that  $f^{-1}(J)$  is an ideal of R. Can the subjectivity hypothesis be dropped?
  - 8. A ring R is called Boolean if every element  $a \in R$  is idempotent; that is  $a^2 = a$ . Prove that every Boolean ring is commutative.
  - 9. Let R be a commutative ring with 1, and let I be an ideal of R. Prove the following.
    - (a) I is a maximal ideal if and only if R/I is a field.
    - (b) I is a prime ideal if and only if R/I is an integral domain.

- 10. State and prove e the Third Isomorphism Theorem
  - (a) for groups
  - (b) for rings
- 11. Consider the cyclic group  $(Z_{10}, +)$ .
  - (a) If f is an automorphism of this group, what are all possible values of f(1)?
  - (b) Determine  $Aut(Z_10)$  up to isomorphism.
  - (c) A subgroup H of a group G is said to be characteristic if for each  $f \in Aut(G)$ , f(H) = H. Show that every subgroup of  $Z_{10}$  is characteristic.
- 12. Prove that a group of order 300 can't be simple.