Math 170S: Homework 3

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- **Problem 1.** Want to find a(X), b(X) with C(X) = (a(X), b(X)) s.t $P(\mu \in C(X)) = 0.99$. $\overline{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i = 14.01429$. Let $z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} = 2.57583$ for $\alpha = 0.01$. $a(X) = \overline{x} z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = 11.26061$, $b(X) = \overline{x} + z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = 16.76796$. Thus, C(X) = (11.26061, 16.76796)
- Problem 2. Want to find a(X), b(X) with C(X) = (a(X), b(X)) s.t $P(\mu \in C(X)) = 0.95$. $\overline{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i = 89.5$. Let $t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}^{(n-1)} = 2.26216$ for n = 10 and $\alpha = 0.05$. $s_x = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i \overline{x})^2} = 16.58145$. $a(X) = \overline{x} t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}^{(n-1)} \frac{s_x}{\sqrt{n}} = 77.63835$ $b(X) = \overline{x} + t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}^{(n-1)} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = 101.36165$. Thus, C(X) = (77.63835, 101.36165).
- **Problem 3.** 1. $\pi(\lambda|x) \propto \pi(x|\lambda)\pi(\lambda)$. Let $\pi(\lambda) = \Gamma(a,b) = \frac{b^a\lambda^{a-1}e^{-b\lambda}}{\Gamma(a)}$. Let $\pi(x|\lambda) = \prod_{i=1}^n \lambda e^{-x_i\lambda}$. Thus, $\pi(\lambda|x) \propto \frac{b^a\lambda^{a+n-1}e^{-\lambda(b+\sum_{i=1}^n x_i)}}{\Gamma(a)} \Rightarrow \pi(\lambda|x) = Gamma(a+n,b+\sum_{i=1}^n x_i)$.
 - 2. Want to find a, b s.t $\int_a^b \pi(\lambda|x) d\lambda = \int_a^b Gamma(15, 153) = 0.8$. Let C = (0.06732, 0.13156)
- **Problem 4.** 1. $P(h_0) = 0.5, P(h_1) = 0.5$ Prior odds 1 : 1
 - 2. $\frac{P(h_0|x)}{P(h_1|x)} = \frac{P(x|h_0)}{P(x|h_1)} \frac{P(h_0)}{P(x|h_1)} = \frac{\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \pi(x|p)\pi(p|h_0)dp}{\int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1} \pi(x|p)\pi(p|h_1)dp} = \frac{\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} p^x(1-p)^{n-x}dp}{\int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1} p^x(1-p)^{n-x}dp} \frac{P(h_0)}{P(h_1)}$
 - 3. $\frac{\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} p^x (1-p)^{n-x} dp}{\int_{\frac{1}{k}}^{\frac{1}{k}} p^x (1-p)^{n-x} dp} = \frac{\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} p^n dp}{\int_{\frac{1}{k}}^{\frac{1}{k}} p^n dp} = \frac{\frac{1}{n+1} (\frac{1}{2})^{n+1}}{\frac{1}{n+1} (1 (\frac{1}{2})^{n+1})} = \frac{(\frac{1}{2})^{n+1}}{1 (\frac{1}{2})^{n+1}}$
- **Problem 5.** 1. $P(H_0) = \int_{-\infty}^{175} \frac{1}{\sqrt{50\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-170)^2}{50}} dx = 0.84134, P(H_1) = 1 P(H_0) = 0.15865 \text{ Prior odds} \approx 5.30297 :$
 - 2. Substituting 10, 176, and 9 for n, \overline{x} , and σ^2 respectively, $\mu_1 = \frac{\frac{175}{25} + \frac{176 \cdot 10}{25}}{\frac{1}{25} + \frac{10}{9}} = 175.96525$ It follows $P(H_0|x) = \int_{-\infty}^{175} \frac{1}{\sqrt{50\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-175.96525)^2}{50}} dx = 0.15019$, so the posterior odds $P(H_0|x) : P(H_1|x) \Leftrightarrow P(H_0|x) : 1 P(H_0|x)$ are 0.17673 : 1. $\frac{0.17673}{5.30297} << 1$, so we choose to reject the H_0 .

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In [1]: import numpy as np import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as ass import scipy.stats as st import math
 In [2]: question_1=np.array([12.3, 14.2, 13.8, 14.5, 15.1, 12.7, 13.9, 15.2, 13.6, 14.0, 14.8, 14.4, 13.0, 14.7 ])
 In [3]: sigma_1=4
 In [4]: n_1=len(question_1)
 In [5]: mean_1=np.mean(question_1)
    mean_1
 Out[5]: 14.014285714285714
 In [6]: z_99=st.norm.ppf(0.995) z_99
 Out[6]: 2.5758293035489004
 In [7]: b_1=mean_1+z_99*sigma_1/math.sqrt(n_1) b_1
 Out[7]: 16.76796306876929
 In [8]: a_1=mean_1-z_99*sigma_1/math.sqrt(n_1)
a_1
 Out[8]: 11.260608359802138
 In [9]: question_2=np.array([72, 116, 79, 97, 90, 67, 115, 82, 95, 82])
In [10]: sigma_2=np.std(question_2,ddof=1)
sigma_2
Out[10]: 16.58144880414388
In [11]: n_2=len(question_2)
In [12]: mean_2=np.mean(question_2)
    mean_2
Out[12]: 89.5
In [13]: t_95=st.t.ppf(0.975,n_2-1) t_95
Out[13]: 2.2621571627409915
In [14]: a_2=mean_2-t_95*sigma_2/math.sqrt(n_2) a_2
Out[14]: 77.63834608725665
In [15]: b_2=mean_2+t_95*sigma_2/math.sqrt(n_2)
b_2
Out[15]: 101.36165391274335
In [16]: st.gamma.ppf(0.1,a=15,scale=1/(153))
Out[16]: 0.06731776017838348
In [17]: st.gamma.ppf(0.9,a=15,scale=1/(153))
Out[17]: 0.13155563313304508
In [18]: st.norm.cdf(1)
Out[18]: 0.8413447460685429
In [19]: 1-st.norm.cdf(1)
Out[19]: 0.15865525393145707
In [20]: st.norm.cdf(1)/(1-st.norm.cdf(1))
Out[20]: 5.302974375068753
In [26]: mu=(175/25+176*10/9)/(1/25+10/9)
In [27]: s=1/(1/25+10/9)
In [28]: st.norm.cdf((175-mu)/math.sqrt(s))
Out[28]: 0.15019059769993914
In [29]: st.norm.cdf((175-mu)/math.sqrt(s))/(1-st.norm.cdf((175-mu)/math.sqrt(s)))
Out[29]: 0.17673445044669917
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