

# Math 170S: Homework 1

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- Problem 1.**
1.  $\bar{x} = 7.2333, s^2 = 4.1823, s = 2.0451$
  2. within one std: 24, within two std: 29

**Problem 2.**

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i}{n} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (ax_i + b)}{n} = \frac{nb + a \sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{n} = a \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{n} + b = a\bar{x} + b$$
$$s_y^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2}{n-1} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (ax_i + b - (a\bar{x} + b))^2}{n-1} = \frac{a^2 \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1} = a^2 s_x^2$$

- Problem 3.**
1.  $\pi_{25} = 6.0, \pi_{75} = 8.25, IQR = 2.25$
  2.  $\pi_{10} = 5.18, \pi_{90} = 9.34$
  3. suspected outliers: 14.1

**Problem 4.**

1.  $P(Y_7 < 27.3) = \sum_{k=7}^8 \binom{8}{k} (0.7)^k (0.3)^{8-k} = 0.2553$
2.  $P(Y_5 < 27.3 < Y_8) = \sum_{k=5}^7 \binom{8}{k} (0.7)^k (0.3)^{8-k} = 0.7482$

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In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import math

In [2]: lead_concentrations = np.array([6.7, 5.4, 5.2, 6.0, 8.7,
6.0, 4.4, 6.3, 5.3, 5.9,
7.6, 5.0, 6.9, 6.8, 4.9,
6.1, 5.0, 6.0, 7.2, 8.0,
8.1, 7.2, 10.9, 9.2, 8.6,
6.2, 6.1, 14.1, 10.6, 8.4])

Out[2]: array([ 6.7,  5.4,  5.2,  6. ,  8.7,  6. ,  6.4,  8.3,  5.3,  5.9,  7.6,
  6. ,  6.9,  6.8,  4.9,  6.2,  5. ,  6. ,  7.2,  8. ,  8.1,  7.2,
 10.9,  9.2,  8.6,  6.2,  6.1, 14.1, 10.6,  8.4])

In [3]: lead_mean=np.mean(lead_concentrations)
lead_mean

Out[3]: 7.2333333333333325

In [4]: lead_std=np.std(lead_concentrations,ddof=1)
lead_std

Out[4]: 2.945066955346543

In [5]: lead_var=np.var(lead_concentrations,ddof=1)
lead_var

Out[5]: 4.18229880574712

In [6]: a=lead_mean-lead_std

In [7]: b=lead_mean+lead_std

In [8]: within_one_std=lead_concentrations[(lead_concentrations>=a) & (lead_concentrations<=b)]
within_one_std.size

Out[8]: 24

In [9]: a_2=lead_mean-2*lead_std
b_2=lead_mean+2*lead_std

In [10]: within_two_std=lead_concentrations[(lead_concentrations>=a_2) & (lead_concentrations<=b_2)]
within_two_std.size

Out[10]: 29

In [11]: pi_25=np.percentile(lead_concentrations,25)
pi_25

Out[11]: 6.0

In [12]: pi_75=np.percentile(lead_concentrations,75)
pi_75

Out[12]: 8.25

In [13]: iqr=pi_75-pi_25
iqr

Out[13]: 2.25

In [14]: pi_10=np.percentile(lead_concentrations,10)
pi_10

Out[14]: 5.180000000000001

In [15]: pi_90=np.percentile(lead_concentrations,90)
pi_90

Out[15]: 9.340000000000002

In [16]: suspected_outliers=lead_concentrations[(lead_concentrations>=pi_25-1.5*iqr) | (lead_concentrations>=pi_75+1.5*iqr)]
suspected_outliers

Out[16]: array([14, 1])

In [17]: prob_seventh_order_stat=math.comb(8,7)*(0.7)**7*(0.3)*math.comb(8,8)*(0.7)**8
prob_seventh_order_stat

Out[17]: 0.2552963299999999

In [18]: prob_seventh_order_stat_2=math.comb(8,7)*(0.7)**7*(0.3)*math.comb(8,6)*(0.7)**6*(0.3)**2*math.comb(8,5)*(0.7)**5*(0.3)**3
prob_seventh_order_stat_2

Out[18]: 0.7482476399999998

In [ ]:

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**Problem 5.** 1.  $E[W_r^2] = \int_0^1 w^2 g_r(w) dw$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \int_0^1 w^2 \frac{n!}{(r-1)!(n-r)!} [w]^{r-1} [1-w]^{n-r} dw \\
&= \frac{r(r+1)}{(n+1)(n+2)} \int_0^1 \frac{(n+2)!}{(r+1)!(n-r)!} [w]^{r+1} [1-w]^{n-r} dw \\
&= \frac{r(r+1)}{(n+1)(n+2)} \int_0^1 \text{Beta}(r+2, n-r+1) dw \\
&= \frac{r(r+1)}{(n+1)(n+2)} \cdot 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$2. \text{Var}[W_r] = E[W_r^2] - E[W_r]^2 = \frac{r(r+1)}{(n+1)(n+2)} - \frac{r^2}{(n+1)^2} = \frac{r(r+1)(n+1)}{(n+1)^2(n+2)} - \frac{r^2(n+2)}{(n+1)^2(n+2)} = \frac{r(n-r+1)}{(n+1)^2(n+2)}$$