

福州大学

## 《数据库应用实践》课程报告

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# 《数据库应用实践》实验一：数据库管理系统及其应用开发环境的创建使用

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## 1 实验目的

了解数据库应用开发环境的建立与使用；掌握 SQL 语言的使用；通过实践理解关系数据库模型的相关概念；掌握数据库应用开发环境的使用；掌握创建、删除数据库的方法；掌握创建基本表、查看表属性、修改属性的方法；掌握向表中添加、删除以及修改数据的方法；掌握查询分析器的使用方法；掌握查询语句在单表查询中的应用；掌握复杂查询、多表查询的方法；掌握视图的使用方法；巩固数据库的基础知识。

## 2 实验预备内容

1. 阅读教材《数据库系统概论》第三章关系数据库标准语言 SQL.
2. 阅读实验使用的数据库管理系统的相关参考资料.

## 3 实验环境

- OS: Linux
- DBMS: OpenGauss DataBase

## 4 实验内容

### 4.1 所设计的数据库和表的情况简介

#### 4.1.1 应用场景

商家用来管理产品、顾客、订单、供应商等的数据库 (commerce).

1. 产品数据;
2. 顾客数据;
3. 订单数据;
4. 供应商数据.

#### 4.1.2 vendors 表

vendors 表存储销售产品的供应商. 每个供应商在这个表中有一个记录, 供应商 ID(vend\_id) 列用来匹配产品和供应商. 这个表用 vend\_id 作为主键. vend\_id 为自动增量字段.

表 1: vendors

列	说明
vend_id	唯一的供应商 ID
vend_name	供应商名
vend_address	供应商的地址
vend_city	供应商的城市
vend_state	供应商的州
vend_zip	供应商的邮政编码
vend_country	供应商的国家

#### 4.1.3 products 表

products 表包含产品列表, 每行一个产品. 每个产品有唯一的 ID (prod\_id 列), 通过 vend\_id(供应商的唯一 ID) 关联到它的供应商. 这个表用 prod\_id 作为其主键. 同时在 vend\_id 上定义一个外键, 关联到 vendors 的 vend\_id.

表 2: products

列	说明
prod_id	唯一的产品 ID
vend_id	产品供应商 ID(关联到 vendors 表中的 vend_id)
prod_name	产品名
prod_price	产品价格
prod_desc	产品描述

#### 4.1.4 customers 表

customers 表存储所有顾客信息. 每个顾客有唯一 ID(cust\_id). 这个表用 cust\_id 作为主键.cust\_id 是自动增量字段.

表 3: customers

列	说明
cust_id	唯一的顾客 ID
cust_name	顾客名
cust_address	顾客的地址
cust_city	顾客的城市
cust_state	顾客的州
cust_zip	顾客的邮政编码
cust_country	顾客的国家
cust_contact	顾客的联系名
cust_email	顾客的联系 email 地址

#### 4.1.5 orders 表

orders 表存储顾客订单. 每个订单编号唯一 (order\_num). 订单用 cust\_id 列 (关联到 customer 表的顾客唯一 ID) 与相应顾客关联. 这个表用 order\_num 作为主键.order\_num 是自动增量字段. 同时在 cust\_id 上定义一个外键, 关联到 customers 的 cust\_id.

表 4: orders

列	说明
order_num	唯一订单号
order_date	订单日期
cust_id	订单顾客 ID (关系到 customers 表的 cust_id)

#### 4.1.6 orderitems 表

orderitems 表存储每个订单中的实际物品, 每个订单的每个物品占一行. 对 orders 中的每一行, orderitems 中有一行或多行. 每个订单物品由订单号加订单物品 (第一个物品、第二个物品等) 唯一标识. 订单物品通过 order\_num 列 (关联到 orders 中订单的唯一 ID) 与它们相应的订单相关联.

表 5: orderitems

列	说明
order_num	订单号 (关联到 orders 表的 order_num)
order_item	订单物品号 (在某个订单中的顺序)
prod_id	产品 ID(关联到 products 表的 prod_id)
quantity	物品数量
item_price	物品价格

#### 4.1.7 productnotes 表

productnotes 表存储与特定产品有关的注释. 并非所有产品都有相关的注释, 而有的产品可能有许多相关的注释. 这个表用 note\_id 作为其主键.

表 6: productnotes

列	说明
note_id	唯一注释 ID
prod_id	产品 ID(对应于 products 表中的 prod_id)
note_date	增加注释的日期
note_text	注释文本

## 4.2 熟悉 DBMS 实验环境

了解华为 openGauss 数据库的安装过程及相关工具的使用方法.

```
[test@db1 ~]$ gs_om -t status

cluster_name      : dbCluster
cluster_state     : Normal
redistributing    : No

[test@db1 ~]$ █
```

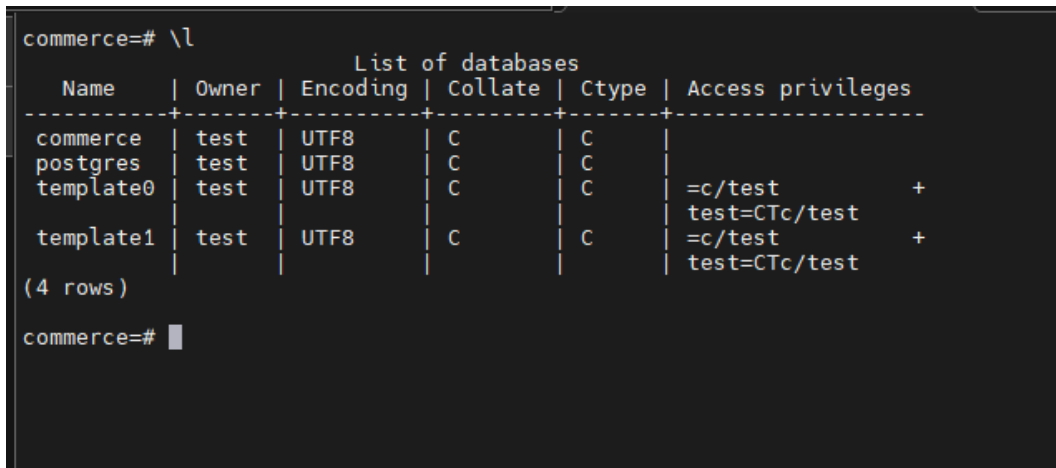
图 1: openGauss 数据库相关工具的使用和安装情况

### 4.3 创建数据库, 创建并维护基本表的结构和数据

以下内容使用 SQL 语句完成:

1. 设计一个应用场景, 创建符合该应用需求的应用数据库.

```
-- 应用需求如 4.1 节所述
create database commerce;
```



```
commerce=# \l
               List of databases
  Name  | Owner | Encoding | Collate | Ctype | Access privileges
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
commerce | test  | UTF8     | C       | C     |
postgres | test  | UTF8     | C       | C     |
template0 | test  | UTF8     | C       | C     | =c/test, test=CTc/test, +
template1 | test  | UTF8     | C       | C     | =c/test, test=CTc/test, +
(4 rows)

commerce=#
```

图 2: 创建数据库 commerce

2. 在该数据库中创建至少 4 个相互关联的基本表, 并设置主键、外键、自定义完整性约束 (非空、唯一、默认值、check).

```
-- Create customers table
CREATE SEQUENCE customers_id_seq
START WITH 1
INCREMENT BY 1
NO MINVALUE
NO MAXVALUE
CACHE 1;
CREATE TABLE customers
(
    cust_id      int      PRIMARY KEY default
    ↪ nextval('customers_id_seq'::regclass),
    cust_name    char(50) NOT NULL ,
```

```

    cust_address char(50) NULL ,
    cust_city    char(50) NULL ,
    cust_state   char(5)  NULL ,
    cust_zip     char(10) NULL ,
    cust_country char(50) NULL ,
    cust_contact char(50) NULL ,
    cust_email   char(255) NULL
);

-- Create orderitems table
CREATE TABLE orderitems
(
    order_num int NOT NULL ,
    order_item int NOT NULL ,
    prod_id   char(10) NOT NULL ,
    quantity  int NOT NULL ,
    item_price decimal(8,2) NOT NULL ,
    PRIMARY KEY (order_num, order_item)
);

-- Create orders table
CREATE SEQUENCE orders_id_seq
START WITH 1
INCREMENT BY 1
NO MINVALUE
NO MAXVALUE
CACHE 1;
CREATE TABLE orders
(
    order_num int NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY default
↪ nextval('orders_id_seq'::regclass),
    order_date date NOT NULL ,
    cust_id    int NOT NULL
);

-- Create products table

```



```

CREATE TABLE products
(
    prod_id    char(10)        NOT NULL,
    vend_id    int             NOT NULL ,
    prod_name   char(255)       NOT NULL ,
    prod_price decimal(8,2)     NOT NULL ,
    prod_desc   text            NULL ,
    PRIMARY KEY(prod_id)
);

-- Create vendors table
CREATE SEQUENCE vendors_id_seq
START WITH 1
INCREMENT BY 1
NO MINVALUE
NO MAXVALUE
CACHE 1;
CREATE TABLE vendors
(
    vend_id      int          NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY default
↵  nextval('vendors_id_seq'::regclass),
    vend_name     char(50)    NOT NULL ,
    vend_address  char(50)    NULL ,
    vend_city     char(50)    NULL ,
    vend_state    char(5)     NULL ,
    vend_zip      char(10)    NULL ,
    vend_country  char(50)    NULL
);

-- Create productnotes table
CREATE SEQUENCE productnotes_id_seq
START WITH 1
INCREMENT BY 1
NO MINVALUE
NO MAXVALUE
CACHE 1;

```

```

CREATE TABLE productnotes
(
    note_id    int          NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY default
↵ nextval('productnotes_id_seq'::regclass),
    prod_id    char(10)     NOT NULL,
    note_date  date         NOT NULL,
    note_text  text         NULL
);

```

```

commerce=# drop table customers;
DROP TABLE
commerce=# CREATE SEQUENCE customers_id_seq
commerce=# START WITH 1
commerce=# INCREMENT BY 1
commerce=# NO MINVALUE
commerce=# NO MAXVALUE
commerce=# CACHE 1;
CREATE SEQUENCE
commerce=# CREATE TABLE customers
commerce=# (
commerce(#  cust_id    int          PRIMARY KEY default nextval('customers_id_seq'::regclass),
commerce(#  cust_name  char(50)    NOT NULL ,
commerce(#  cust_address char(50)  NULL ,
commerce(#  cust_city  char(50)    NULL ,
commerce(#  cust_state char(5)     NULL ,
commerce(#  cust_zip   char(10)    NULL ,
commerce(#  cust_country char(50)  NULL ,
commerce(#  cust_contact char(50)  NULL ,
commerce(#  cust_email  char(255)  NULL
commerce(# );
NOTICE: CREATE TABLE / PRIMARY KEY will create implicit index "customers_pkey" for table "customers"
CREATE TABLE
commerce=# \d customers;

```

Column	Type	Table "public.customers" Modifiers
cust_id	integer	not null default nextval('customers_id_seq'::regclass)
cust_name	character(50)	not null
cust_address	character(50)	
cust_city	character(50)	
cust_state	character(5)	
cust_zip	character(10)	
cust_country	character(50)	
cust_contact	character(50)	
cust_email	character(255)	

```

Indexes:
    "customers_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (cust_id) TABLESPACE pg_default
commerce=#

```

图 3: 创建 customers 表

```

commerce=# CREATE SEQUENCE orders_id_seq
commerce=# START WITH 1
commerce=# INCREMENT BY 1
commerce=# NO MINVALUE
commerce=# NO MAXVALUE
commerce=# CACHE 1;
order_num int NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY default nextval('orders_id_seq'::regclass),
order_date datetime NOT NULL ,
cust_id int NOT NULL
);
CREATE SEQUENCE
commerce=# CREATE TABLE orders
commerce=# (
commerce(# order_num int NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY default nextval('orders_id_seq'::regclass),
commerce(# order_date datetime NOT NULL ,
commerce(# cust_id int NOT NULL
commerce(# );
ERROR: type "datetime" does not exist
LINE 4: order_date datetime NOT NULL ,
^
commerce=# CREATE TABLE orders
(
order_num int NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY default nextval('orders_id_seq'::regclass),
order_date date NOT NULL ,
cust_id int NOT NULL
);
NOTICE: CREATE TABLE / PRIMARY KEY will create implicit index "orders_pkey" for table "orders"
CREATE TABLE
commerce=# \d orders;

```

Column	Type	Table "public.orders"	Modifiers
order_num	integer		not null default nextval('orders_id_seq'::regclass)
order_date	timestamp(0) without time zone		not null
cust_id	integer		not null

```

Indexes:
    "orders_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (order_num) TABLESPACE pg_default
commerce=#

```

图 4: 创建 orders 表

```

commerce=# CREATE SEQUENCE vendors_id_seq
commerce=# START WITH 1
commerce=# INCREMENT BY 1
commerce=# NO MINVALUE
commerce=# NO MAXVALUE
commerce=# CACHE 1;
CREATE SEQUENCE
commerce=# CREATE TABLE vendors
commerce=# (
commerce(# vend_id int NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY default nextval('vendors_id_seq'::regclass),
commerce(# vend_name char(50) NOT NULL ,
commerce(# vend_address char(50) NULL ,
commerce(# vend_city char(50) NULL ,
commerce(# vend_state char(5) NULL ,
commerce(# vend_zip char(10) NULL ,
commerce(# vend_country char(50) NULL
commerce(# );
NOTICE: CREATE TABLE / PRIMARY KEY will create implicit index "vendors_pkey" for table "vendors"
CREATE TABLE
commerce=# \d vendors;

```

Column	Type	Table "public.vendors" Modifiers
vend_id	integer	not null default nextval('vendors_id_seq'::regclass)
vend_name	character(50)	not null
vend_address	character(50)	
vend_city	character(50)	
vend_state	character(5)	
vend_zip	character(10)	
vend_country	character(50)	

```

Indexes:
    "vendors_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (vend_id) TABLESPACE pg_default
commerce=#

```

图 5: 创建 vendors 表

```

commerce=# CREATE TABLE orderitems
commerce=# (
commerce(# order_num int NOT NULL ,
commerce(# order_item int NOT NULL ,
commerce(# prod_id char(10) NOT NULL ,
commerce(# quantity int NOT NULL ,
commerce(# item_price decimal(8,2) NOT NULL ,
commerce(# PRIMARY KEY (order_num, order_item)
commerce(# );
NOTICE: CREATE TABLE / PRIMARY KEY will create implicit index "orderitems_pkey" for table "orderitems"
CREATE TABLE
commerce=# \d orderitems

```

Column	Type	Table "public.orderitems" Modifiers
order_num	integer	not null
order_item	integer	not null
prod_id	character(10)	not null
quantity	integer	not null
item_price	numeric(8,2)	not null

```

Indexes:
    "orderitems_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (order_num, order_item) TABLESPACE pg_default
commerce=#

```

图 6: 创建 orderitems 表

```

commerce=# CREATE TABLE products
commerce=# (
commerce(#   prod_id   char(10)      NOT NULL,
commerce(#   vend_id   int          NOT NULL,
commerce(#   prod_name  char(255)    NOT NULL,
commerce(#   prod_price decimal(8,2) NOT NULL,
commerce(#   prod_desc  text         NULL,
commerce(#   PRIMARY KEY(prod_id)
commerce(# );
NOTICE: CREATE TABLE / PRIMARY KEY will create implicit index "products_pkey" for table "products"
CREATE TABLE
commerce=# \d products;
          Table "public.products"
  Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----
 prod_id | character(10)          | not null
 vend_id | integer                | not null
 prod_name | character(255)         | not null
 prod_price | numeric(8,2)          | not null
 prod_desc | text                   |
Indexes:
    "products_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (prod_id) TABLESPACE pg_default
commerce=#

```

图 7: 创建 products 表

```

commerce=# CREATE SEQUENCE productnotes_id_seq
commerce=# START WITH 1
commerce=# INCREMENT BY 1
commerce=# NO MINVALUE
commerce=# NO MAXVALUE
commerce=# CACHE 1;
CREATE SEQUENCE
commerce=# CREATE TABLE productnotes
commerce=# (
commerce(#   note_id   int          NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY default nextval('productnotes_id_seq'::regclass),
commerce(#   prod_id   char(10)    NOT NULL,
commerce(#   note_date  date        NOT NULL,
commerce(#   note_text  text        NULL
commerce(# );
NOTICE: CREATE TABLE / PRIMARY KEY will create implicit index "productnotes_pkey" for table "productnotes"
CREATE TABLE
commerce=# \d productnotes;
          Table "public.productnotes"
  Column |          Type          | Modifiers
-----+-----+-----
 note_id | integer                | not null default nextval('productnotes_id_seq'::regclass)
 prod_id | character(10)          | not null
 note_date | timestamp(0) without time zone | not null
 note_text | text                   |
Indexes:
    "productnotes_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (note_id) TABLESPACE pg_default
commerce=#

```

图 8: 创建 productnotes 表

3. 对表的结构进行修改操作.

```

ALTER TABLE orderitems ADD CONSTRAINT fk_orderitems_orders
FOREIGN KEY (order_num) REFERENCES orders (order_num);

```

```

ALTER TABLE orderitems ADD CONSTRAINT fk_orderitems_products
    FOREIGN KEY (prod_id) REFERENCES products (prod_id);
ALTER TABLE orders ADD CONSTRAINT fk_orders_customers
    FOREIGN KEY (cust_id) REFERENCES customers (cust_id);
ALTER TABLE products ADD CONSTRAINT fk_products_vendors
    FOREIGN KEY (vend_id) REFERENCES vendors (vend_id);

```

```

commerce=# ALTER TABLE orderitems ADD CONSTRAINT fk_orderitems_orders
commerce=# FOREIGN KEY (order_num) REFERENCES orders (order_num);
ALTER TABLE
commerce=# ALTER TABLE orderitems ADD CONSTRAINT fk_orderitems_products
commerce=# FOREIGN KEY (prod_id) REFERENCES products (prod_id);
ALTER TABLE
commerce=# ALTER TABLE orders ADD CONSTRAINT fk_orders_customers
commerce=# FOREIGN KEY (cust_id) REFERENCES customers (cust_id);
ALTER TABLE
commerce=# ALTER TABLE products ADD CONSTRAINT fk_products_vendors
commerce=# FOREIGN KEY (vend_id) REFERENCES vendors (vend_id);
ALTER TABLE
commerce=# \d customers;

```

Column	Type	Table "public.customers"	Modifiers
cust_id	integer		not null default nextval('customers_id_seq'::regclass)
cust_name	character(50)		not null
cust_address	character(50)		
cust_city	character(50)		
cust_state	character(5)		
cust_zip	character(10)		
cust_country	character(50)		
cust_contact	character(50)		
cust_email	character(255)		

```

Indexes:
    "customers_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (cust_id) TABLESPACE pg_default
Referenced by:
    TABLE "orders" CONSTRAINT "fk_orders_customers" FOREIGN KEY (cust_id) REFERENCES customers(cust_id)

commerce=# \d vendors;

```

Column	Type	Table "public.vendors"	Modifiers
vend_id	integer		not null default nextval('vendors_id_seq'::regclass)
vend_name	character(50)		not null
vend_address	character(50)		
vend_city	character(50)		
vend_state	character(5)		
vend_zip	character(10)		
vend_country	character(50)		

```

Indexes:
    "vendors_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (vend_id) TABLESPACE pg_default
Referenced by:
    TABLE "products" CONSTRAINT "fk_products_vendors" FOREIGN KEY (vend_id) REFERENCES vendors(vend_id)

commerce=# \d orders;

```

Column	Type	Table "public.orders"	Modifiers
order_num	integer		not null default nextval('orders_id_seq'::regclass)
order_date	timestamp(0) without time zone		not null
cust_id	integer		not null

```

Indexes:
    "orders_pkey" PRIMARY KEY, btree (order_num) TABLESPACE pg_default
Foreign-key constraints:
    "fk_orders_customers" FOREIGN KEY (cust_id) REFERENCES customers(cust_id)
Referenced by:
    TABLE "orderitems" CONSTRAINT "fk_orderitems_orders" FOREIGN KEY (order_num) REFERENCES orders(order_num)

commerce=#

```

图 9: 对表进行修改操作

4. 创建索引及删除索引.

```
CREATE INDEX product_index ON products(prod_name);  
DROP INDEX product_index;
```

```
commerce=# CREATE INDEX product_index ON products(prod_name);  
CREATE INDEX  
commerce=# DROP INDEX product_index;  
DROP INDEX  
commerce=# █
```

图 10: 创建及删除索引

5. 向表中录入若干数据, 对表中数据进行修改和删除操作.

```
-- Customers table  
INSERT INTO customers(cust_id, cust_name, cust_address, cust_city,  
↪ cust_state, cust_zip, cust_country, cust_contact, cust_email)  
VALUES(10001, 'Coyote Inc.', '200 Maple Lane', 'Detroit', 'MI',  
↪ '44444', 'USA', 'Y Lee', 'ylee@coyote.com');  
INSERT INTO customers(cust_id, cust_name, cust_address, cust_city,  
↪ cust_state, cust_zip, cust_country, cust_contact)  
VALUES(10002, 'Mouse House', '333 Fromage Lane', 'Columbus', 'OH',  
↪ '43333', 'USA', 'Jerry Mouse');  
INSERT INTO customers(cust_id, cust_name, cust_address, cust_city,  
↪ cust_state, cust_zip, cust_country, cust_contact, cust_email)  
VALUES(10003, 'Wascals', '1 Sunny Place', 'Muncie', 'IN', '42222',  
↪ 'USA', 'Jim Jones', 'rabbit@wascally.com');  
INSERT INTO customers(cust_id, cust_name, cust_address, cust_city,  
↪ cust_state, cust_zip, cust_country, cust_contact, cust_email)  
VALUES(10004, 'Yosemite Place', '829 Riverside Drive', 'Phoenix',  
↪ 'AZ', '88888', 'USA', 'Y Sam', 'sam@yosemite.com');  
INSERT INTO customers(cust_id, cust_name, cust_address, cust_city,  
↪ cust_state, cust_zip, cust_country, cust_contact)  
VALUES(10005, 'E Fudd', '4545 53rd Street', 'Chicago', 'IL',  
↪ '54545', 'USA', 'E Fudd');
```

```

-- Vendors table
INSERT INTO vendors(vend_id, vend_name, vend_address, vend_city,
↪ vend_state, vend_zip, vend_country)
VALUES(1001,'Anvils R Us','123 Main
↪ Street','Southfield','MI','48075', 'USA');
INSERT INTO vendors(vend_id, vend_name, vend_address, vend_city,
↪ vend_state, vend_zip, vend_country)
VALUES(1002,'LT Supplies','500 Park Street','Anytown','OH','44333',
↪ 'USA');
INSERT INTO vendors(vend_id, vend_name, vend_address, vend_city,
↪ vend_state, vend_zip, vend_country)
VALUES(1003,'ACME','555 High Street','Los Angeles','CA','90046',
↪ 'USA');
INSERT INTO vendors(vend_id, vend_name, vend_address, vend_city,
↪ vend_state, vend_zip, vend_country)
VALUES(1004,'Furball Inc.','1000 5th Avenue','New
↪ York','NY','11111', 'USA');
INSERT INTO vendors(vend_id, vend_name, vend_address, vend_city,
↪ vend_state, vend_zip, vend_country)
VALUES(1005,'Jet Set','42 Galaxy Road','London', NULL,'N16 6PS',
↪ 'England');
INSERT INTO vendors(vend_id, vend_name, vend_address, vend_city,
↪ vend_state, vend_zip, vend_country)
VALUES(1006,'Jouets Et Ours','1 Rue Amusement','Paris',
↪ NULL,'45678', 'France');

-- Products table
INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('ANVO1', 1001, '.5 ton anvil', 5.99, '.5 ton anvil, black,
↪ complete with handy hook');
INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('ANVO2', 1001, '1 ton anvil', 9.99, '1 ton anvil, black,
↪ complete with handy hook and carrying case');

```



```

INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('ANV03', 1001, '2 ton anvil', 14.99, '2 ton anvil, black,
↪ complete with handy hook and carrying case');
INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('OL1', 1002, 'Oil can', 8.99, 'Oil can, red');
INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('FU1', 1002, 'Fuses', 3.42, '1 dozen, extra long');
INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('SLING', 1003, 'Sling', 4.49, 'Sling, one size fits all');
INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('TNT1', 1003, 'TNT (1 stick)', 2.50, 'TNT, red, single
↪ stick');
INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('TNT2', 1003, 'TNT (5 sticks)', 10, 'TNT, red, pack of 10
↪ sticks');
INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('FB', 1003, 'Bird seed', 10, 'Large bag (suitable for road
↪ runners)');
INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('FC', 1003, 'Carrots', 2.50, 'Carrots (rabbit hunting season
↪ only)');
INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('SAFE', 1003, 'Safe', 50, 'Safe with combination lock');
INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('DTNTR', 1003, 'Detonator', 13, 'Detonator (plunger
↪ powered), fuses not included');

```

```

INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('JP1000', 1005, 'JetPack 1000', 35, 'JetPack 1000, intended
↪ for single use');
INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price,
↪ prod_desc)
VALUES('JP2000', 1005, 'JetPack 2000', 55, 'JetPack 2000,
↪ multi-use');

-- Orders table
INSERT INTO orders(order_num, order_date, cust_id)
VALUES(20005, '2005-09-01', 10001);
INSERT INTO orders(order_num, order_date, cust_id)
VALUES(20006, '2005-09-12', 10003);
INSERT INTO orders(order_num, order_date, cust_id)
VALUES(20007, '2005-09-30', 10004);
INSERT INTO orders(order_num, order_date, cust_id)
VALUES(20008, '2005-10-03', 10005);
INSERT INTO orders(order_num, order_date, cust_id)
VALUES(20009, '2005-10-08', 10001);

-- Orderitems table
INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity,
↪ item_price)
VALUES(20005, 1, 'ANV01', 10, 5.99);
INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity,
↪ item_price)
VALUES(20005, 2, 'ANV02', 3, 9.99);
INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity,
↪ item_price)
VALUES(20005, 3, 'TNT2', 5, 10);
INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity,
↪ item_price)
VALUES(20005, 4, 'FB', 1, 10);
INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity,
↪ item_price)

```

```

VALUES(20006, 1, 'JP2000', 1, 55);
INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity,
↪ item_price)
VALUES(20007, 1, 'TNT2', 100, 10);
INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity,
↪ item_price)
VALUES(20008, 1, 'FC', 50, 2.50);
INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity,
↪ item_price)
VALUES(20009, 1, 'FB', 1, 10);
INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity,
↪ item_price)
VALUES(20009, 2, 'OL1', 1, 8.99);
INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity,
↪ item_price)
VALUES(20009, 3, 'SLING', 1, 4.49);
INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity,
↪ item_price)
VALUES(20009, 4, 'ANV03', 1, 14.99);

-- Productnotes table
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(101, 'TNT2', '2005-08-17',
'Customer complaint:
Sticks not individually wrapped, too easy to mistakenly detonate
↪ all at once.
Recommend individual wrapping.'
);
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(102, 'OL1', '2005-08-18',
'Can shipped full, refills not available.
Need to order new can if refill needed.'
);
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(103, 'SAFE', '2005-08-18',
'Safe is combination locked, combination not provided with safe.

```

```

This is rarely a problem as safes are typically blown up or dropped
↳ by customers.'
);
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(104, 'FC', '2005-08-19',
'Quantity varies, sold by the sack load.
All guaranteed to be bright and orange, and suitable for use as
↳ rabbit bait.'
);
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(105, 'TNT2', '2005-08-20',
'Included fuses are short and have been known to detonate too
↳ quickly for some customers.
Longer fuses are available (item FU1) and should be recommended.'
);
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(106, 'TNT2', '2005-08-22',
'Matches not included, recommend purchase of matches or detonator
↳ (item DTNTR).'
);
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(107, 'SAFE', '2005-08-23',
'Please note that no returns will be accepted if safe opened using
↳ explosives.'
);
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(108, 'ANV01', '2005-08-25',
'Multiple customer returns, anvils failing to drop fast enough or
↳ falling backwards on purchaser. Recommend that customer
↳ considers using heavier anvils.'
);
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(109, 'ANV03', '2005-09-01',
'Item is extremely heavy. Designed for dropping, not recommended
↳ for use with slings, ropes, pulleys, or tightropes.'
);

```

```

INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(110, 'FC', '2005-09-01',
'Customer complaint: rabbit has been able to detect trap, food
↪ apparently less effective now.'
);
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(111, 'SLING', '2005-09-02',
'Shipped unassembled, requires common tools (including oversized
↪ hammer).')
);
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(112, 'SAFE', '2005-09-02',
'Customer complaint:
Circular hole in safe floor can apparently be easily cut with
↪ handsaw.')
);
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(113, 'ANV01', '2005-09-05',
'Customer complaint:
Not heavy enough to generate flying stars around head of victim. If
↪ being purchased for dropping, recommend ANV02 or ANV03 instead.')
);
INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
VALUES(114, 'SAFE', '2005-09-07',
'Call from individual trapped in safe plummeting to the ground,
↪ suggests an escape hatch be added.
Comment forwarded to vendor.')
);

-- 更新数据
UPDATE customers
SET cust_name = 'The Fudds',
    cust_email = 'elmer@fudd.com'
WHERE cust_id = 10005;

-- 删除数据

```

```
DELETE FROM customers WHERE cust_id = 10006;
```

```
commerce=# INSERT INTO customers(cust_id, cust_name, cust_address, cust_city, cust_state, cust_zip, cust_country
, cust_contact, cust_email)
commerce=# VALUES(10001, 'Coyote Inc.', '200 Maple Lane', 'Detroit', 'MI', '44444', 'USA', 'Y Lee', 'ylee@coyote
.com');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO customers(cust_id, cust_name, cust_address, cust_city, cust_state, cust_zip, cust_country
, cust_contact)
commerce=# VALUES(10002, 'Mouse House', '333 Fromage Lane', 'Columbus', 'OH', '43333', 'USA', 'Jerry Mouse');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO customers(cust_id, cust_name, cust_address, cust_city, cust_state, cust_zip, cust_country
, cust_contact, cust_email)
commerce=# VALUES(10003, 'Wascals', '1 Sunny Place', 'Muncie', 'IN', '42222', 'USA', 'Jim Jones', 'rabbit@wascal
ly.com');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO customers(cust_id, cust_name, cust_address, cust_city, cust_state, cust_zip, cust_country
, cust_contact, cust_email)
commerce=# VALUES(10004, 'Yosemite Place', '829 Riverside Drive', 'Phoenix', 'AZ', '88888', 'USA', 'Y Sam', 'sam
@yosemite.com');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO customers(cust_id, cust_name, cust_address, cust_city, cust_state, cust_zip, cust_country
, cust_contact)
commerce=# VALUES(10005, 'E Fudd', '4545 53rd Street', 'Chicago', 'IL', '54545', 'USA', 'E Fudd');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# select * from customers;
   cust_id |      cust_name      |      cust_address      | cust_city | cust_state | cust_zip | cust_country |      cust_contact      |      cust_email
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
10001 | Coyote Inc.         | 200 Maple Lane         | Detroit   | MI         | 44444    | USA         | Y Lee                   | ylee@coyote.com
10002 | Mouse House         | 333 Fromage Lane       | Columbus  | OH         | 43333    | USA         | Jerry Mouse             |
10003 | Wascals              | 1 Sunny Place          | Muncie    | IN         | 42222    | USA         | Jim Jones                | rabbit@wascally.com
10004 | Yosemite Place      | 829 Riverside Drive    | Phoenix   | AZ         | 88888    | USA         | Y Sam                    | sam@yosemite.com
10005 | E Fudd               | 4545 53rd Street       | Chicago   | IL         | 54545    | USA         | E Fudd                   |
(5 rows)

commerce=#
```

图 11: 向 customers 表插入数据

```

commerce=# INSERT INTO orders(order_num, order_date, cust_id)
commerce=# VALUES(20005, '2005-09-01', 10001);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orders(order_num, order_date, cust_id)
commerce=# VALUES(20006, '2005-09-12', 10003);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orders(order_num, order_date, cust_id)
commerce=# VALUES(20007, '2005-09-30', 10004);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orders(order_num, order_date, cust_id)
commerce=# VALUES(20008, '2005-10-03', 10005);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orders(order_num, order_date, cust_id)
commerce=# VALUES(20009, '2005-10-08', 10001);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# select * from orders;
 order_num |      order_date      | cust_id
-----+-----+-----
    20005 | 2005-09-01 00:00:00 |   10001
    20006 | 2005-09-12 00:00:00 |   10003
    20007 | 2005-09-30 00:00:00 |   10004
    20008 | 2005-10-03 00:00:00 |   10005
    20009 | 2005-10-08 00:00:00 |   10001
(5 rows)

commerce=# █

```

图 12: 向 orders 表插入数据

```

commerce=# INSERT INTO vendors(vend_id, vend_name, vend_address, vend_city, vend_state, vend_zip, vend_country)
commerce=# VALUES(1001,'Anvils R Us','123 Main Street','Southfield','MI','48075','USA');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO vendors(vend_id, vend_name, vend_address, vend_city, vend_state, vend_zip, vend_country)
commerce=# VALUES(1002,'LT Supplies','500 Park Street','Anytown','OH','44333','USA');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO vendors(vend_id, vend_name, vend_address, vend_city, vend_state, vend_zip, vend_country)
commerce=# VALUES(1003,'ACME','555 High Street','Los Angeles','CA','90046','USA');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO vendors(vend_id, vend_name, vend_address, vend_city, vend_state, vend_zip, vend_country)
commerce=# VALUES(1004,'Furball Inc.','1000 5th Avenue','New York','NY','11111','USA');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO vendors(vend_id, vend_name, vend_address, vend_city, vend_state, vend_zip, vend_country)
commerce=# VALUES(1005,'Jet Set','42 Galaxy Road','London',NULL,'N16 6PS','England');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO vendors(vend_id, vend_name, vend_address, vend_city, vend_state, vend_zip, vend_country)
commerce=# VALUES(1006,'Jouets Et Ours','1 Rue Amusement','Paris',NULL,'45678','France');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# select * from vendors;
 vend_id | vend_name | vend_address | vend_city | vend_state | vend_zip | vend_country
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
      1001 | Anvils R Us | 123 Main Street | Southfield | MI | 48075 | USA
      1002 | LT Supplies | 500 Park Street | Anytown | OH | 44333 | USA
      1003 | ACME | 555 High Street | Los Angeles | CA | 90046 | USA
      1004 | Furball Inc. | 1000 5th Avenue | New York | NY | 11111 | USA
      1005 | Jet Set | 42 Galaxy Road | London | | N16 6PS | England
      1006 | Jouets Et Ours | 1 Rue Amusement | Paris | | 45678 | France

(6 rows)

commerce=# █

```

图 13: 向 vendors 表插入数据



```

commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('ANV01', 1001, '.5 ton anvil', 5.99, '.5 ton anvil, black, complete with handy hook');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('ANV02', 1001, '1 ton anvil', 9.99, '1 ton anvil, black, complete with handy hook and carrying
case');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('ANV03', 1001, '2 ton anvil', 14.99, '2 ton anvil, black, complete with handy hook and carryin
g case');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('OL1', 1002, 'Oil can', 8.99, 'Oil can, red');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('FU1', 1002, 'Fuses', 3.42, '1 dozen, extra long');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('SLING', 1003, 'Slīng', 4.49, 'Slīng, one size fits all');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('TNT1', 1003, 'TNT (1 stick)', 2.50, 'TNT, red, single stick');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('TNT2', 1003, 'TNT (5 sticks)', 10, 'TNT, red, pack of 10 sticks');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('FB', 1003, 'Bird seed', 10, 'Large bag (suitable for road runners)');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('FC', 1003, 'Carrots', 2.50, 'Carrots (rabbit hunting season only)');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('SAFE', 1003, 'Safe', 50, 'Safe with combination lock');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('DTNTR', 1003, 'Detonator', 13, 'Detonator (plunger powered), fuses not included');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('JP1000', 1005, 'JetPack 1000', 35, 'JetPack 1000, intended for single use');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO products(prod_id, vend_id, prod_name, prod_price, prod_desc)
commerce=# VALUES('JP2000', 1005, 'JetPack 2000', 55, 'JetPack 2000, multi-use');
INSERT 0 1
commerce=#

```

图 14: 向 products 表插入数据

```

commerce=# INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity, item_price)
commerce=# VALUES(20005, 1, 'ANV01', 10, 5.99);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity, item_price)
commerce=# VALUES(20005, 2, 'ANV02', 3, 9.99);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity, item_price)
commerce=# VALUES(20005, 3, 'TNT2', 5, 10);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity, item_price)
commerce=# VALUES(20005, 4, 'FB', 1, 10);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity, item_price)
commerce=# VALUES(20006, 1, 'JP2000', 1, 55);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity, item_price)
commerce=# VALUES(20007, 1, 'TNT2', 100, 10);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity, item_price)
commerce=# VALUES(20008, 1, 'FC', 50, 2.50);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity, item_price)
commerce=# VALUES(20009, 1, 'FB', 1, 10);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity, item_price)
commerce=# VALUES(20009, 2, 'OL1', 1, 8.99);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity, item_price)
commerce=# VALUES(20009, 3, 'SLING', 1, 4.49);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO orderitems(order_num, order_item, prod_id, quantity, item_price)
commerce=# VALUES(20009, 4, 'ANV03', 1, 14.99);
INSERT 0 1
commerce=#
commerce=# select * from orderitems;
 order_num | order_item | prod_id | quantity | item_price
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
    20005  |          1 | ANV01   |        10 |         5.99
    20005  |          2 | ANV02   |         3 |         9.99
    20005  |          3 | TNT2    |         5 |        10.00
    20005  |          4 | FB      |         1 |        10.00
    20006  |          1 | JP2000  |         1 |        55.00
    20007  |          1 | TNT2    |       100 |        10.00
    20008  |          1 | FC      |        50 |         2.50
    20009  |          1 | FB      |         1 |        10.00
    20009  |          2 | OL1     |         1 |         8.99
    20009  |          3 | SLING   |         1 |         4.49
    20009  |          4 | ANV03   |         1 |        14.99
(11 rows)

commerce=#

```

图 15: 向 orderitems 表插入数据

```

INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
commerce=# VALUES(104, 'FC', '2005-08-19',
commerce=# 'Quantity varies, sold by the sack load.
commerce=# All guaranteed to be bright and orange, and suitable for use as rabbit bait.'
commerce=# );
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
commerce=# VALUES(105, 'TNT2', '2005-08-20',
commerce=# 'Included fuses are short and have been known to detonate too quickly for some customers.
commerce=# Longer fuses are available (item FU1) and should be recommended.'
commerce=# );
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
commerce=# VALUES(106, 'TNT2', '2005-08-22',
commerce=# 'Matches not included, recommend purchase of matches or detonator (item DTNTR).'
commerce=# );
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
commerce=# VALUES(107, 'SAFE', '2005-08-23',
commerce=# 'Please note that no returns will be accepted if safe opened using explosives.'
commerce=# );
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
commerce=# VALUES(108, 'ANV01', '2005-08-25',
commerce=# 'Multiple customer returns, anvils failing to drop fast enough or falling backwards on purchaser. Rec
commerce=# ommend that customer considers using heavier anvils.'
commerce=# );
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
commerce=# VALUES(109, 'ANV03', '2005-09-01',
commerce=# 'Item is extremely heavy. Designed for dropping, not recommended for use with slings, ropes, pulleys,
commerce=# or tightropes.'
commerce=# );
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
commerce=# VALUES(110, 'FC', '2005-09-01',
commerce=# 'Customer complaint: rabbit has been able to detect trap, food apparently less effective now.'
commerce=# );
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
commerce=# VALUES(111, 'SLING', '2005-09-02',
commerce=# 'Shipped unassembled, requires common tools (including oversized hammer).'
commerce=# );
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
commerce=# VALUES(112, 'SAFE', '2005-09-02',
commerce=# 'Customer complaint:
commerce=# Circular hole in safe floor can apparently be easily cut with handsaw.'
commerce=# );
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
commerce=# VALUES(113, 'ANV01', '2005-09-05',
commerce=# 'Customer complaint:
commerce=# Not heavy enough to generate flying stars around head of victim. If being purchased for dropping, rec
commerce=# ommend ANV02 or ANV03 instead.'
commerce=# );
INSERT 0 1
commerce=# INSERT INTO productnotes(note_id, prod_id, note_date, note_text)
commerce=# VALUES(114, 'SAFE', '2005-09-07',
commerce=# 'Call from individual trapped in safe plummeting to the ground, suggests an escape hatch be added.
commerce=# Comment forwarded to vendor.'
commerce=# );
INSERT 0 1
commerce=#

```

图 16: 向 productnotes 表插入数据

```
commerce=# UPDATE customers
commerce=# SET cust_name = 'The Fudds',
commerce=#      cust_email = 'elmer@fudd.com'
commerce=# WHERE cust_id = 10005;
UPDATE 1
commerce=# █
```

图 17: 更新 customers 表中的数据

```
commerce=# DELETE FROM customers WHERE cust_id = 10006;
DELETE 0
commerce=# █
```

图 18: 删除 customers 表中的数据

#### 4.4 数据库查询，视图使用

在创建的表中自行设计实现以下查询：

1. 单表查询.

```
SELECT prod_id, prod_name, prod_price FROM products;
```

```
commerce=# SELECT prod_id, prod_name, prod_price FROM products limit 3;
 prod_id |                               | prod_price | prod_name
-----+-----+-----+-----
ANV01   | .5 ton anvil                  |          5.99 |
ANV02   | 1 ton anvil                   |          9.99 |
ANV03   | 2 ton anvil                   |         14.99 |
(3 rows)
commerce=# █
```

图 19: 单表查询

2. 多表连接查询并排序输出.

```

SELECT vend_name, prod_name, prod_price
FROM vendors, products
WHERE vendors.vend_id = products.vend_id
ORDER BY vend_name, prod_name;

```

```
commerce=# SELECT vend_name, prod_name, prod_price
FROM vendors, products
WHERE vendors.vend_id = products.vend_id
ORDER BY vend_name, prod_name;
```

	vend_name	prod_name	prod_price
ACME		Bird seed	10.00
ACME		Carrots	2.50
ACME		Detonator	13.00
ACME		Safe	50.00
ACME		Sling	4.49
ACME		TNT (1 stick)	2.50
ACME		TNT (5 sticks)	10.00
Anvils R Us		.5 ton anvil	5.99

图 20: 多表连接查询并排序输出

### 3. 使用聚集函数的查询.

```

SELECT COUNT(*) AS num_cust FROM customers;

```

```
commerce=# SELECT COUNT(*) AS num_cust FROM customers;
 num_cust
-----
          5
(1 row)

commerce=#
```

图 21: 使用聚集函数的查询

#### 4. 分组查询.

```
SELECT vend_id, COUNT(*) AS num_prods FROM products
GROUP BY vend_id;
```

```
commerce=# SELECT vend_id, COUNT(*) AS num_prods FROM products
commerce=# GROUP BY vend_id;
 vend_id | num_prods
-----+-----
    1001 |          3
    1003 |          7
    1005 |          2
    1002 |          2
(4 rows)

commerce=#
```

图 22: 分组查询

#### 5. 嵌套查询.

```
SELECT cust_name, cust_contact FROM customers
WHERE cust_id IN (SELECT cust_id FROM orders
                  WHERE order_num IN (SELECT order_num FROM orderitems
                                      WHERE prod_id = 'TNT2'));
```

```

commerce=# SELECT cust_name, cust_contact FROM customers
commerce=# WHERE cust_id IN (SELECT cust_id FROM orders
commerce=# WHERE order_num IN (SELECT order_num FROM orderitems
commerce=# WHERE prod_id = 'TNT2'));

```

cust_name	cust_contact
Coyote Inc.	Y Lee
Yosemite Place	Y Sam

```

(2 rows)
commerce=#

```

图 23: 嵌套查询

## 6. 创建并使用视图查询.

```

-- 创建视图
CREATE VIEW productcustomers AS
SELECT cust_name, cust_contact, prod_id
FROM customers, orders, orderitems
WHERE customers.cust_id = orders.cust_id
AND orderitems.order_num = orders.order_num;

-- 查询
SELECT cust_name, cust_contact FROM productcustomers WHERE prod_id
= 'TNT2';

```

```

commerce=#
commerce=# CREATE VIEW productcustomers AS
commerce=# SELECT cust_name, cust_contact, prod_id
commerce=# FROM customers, orders, orderitems
commerce=# WHERE customers.cust_id = orders.cust_id
commerce=# AND orderitems.order_num = orders.order_num;
CREATE VIEW
commerce=# SELECT cust_name, cust_contact FROM productcustomers WHERE prod_id = 'TNT2';

```

cust_name	cust_contact
Coyote Inc.	Y Lee
Yosemite Place	Y Sam

```

(2 rows)
commerce=#

```

图 24: 创建并使用视图查询

## 4.5 实验总结

### 4.5.1 实验涉及的相关知识

- Linux 命令的使用.
- openGauss 数据库的安装和基本使用.
- 数据库的创建.
- 表的创建和修改.
- 索引的创建和删除.
- 视图的创建和使用.
- 表的完整性及其约束的设计.
- 表的数据的插入、更新、删除.
- 单表查询.
- 多表连接查询.
- 嵌套查询.
- 聚合查询.

### 4.5.2 实验遇到的问题及其解决

没有问题.