

Articles / Programming Languages / C++

# How to Build libiconv with Microsoft Visual Studio



**PARK Youngho** 

21 Dec 2011 LGPL3

6 min read

The GNU library libiconv does not provide the way to build the library with Microsoft Visual Studio now. But, I want to share my way to do so

**Download source - 1.13 MB** 

Download demo - 5.36 MB

## Introduction

Libiconv is one of the most useful and famous libraries that converts texts between encodings and has been developed under GNU projects. However, now it does not provide the way to build it with Microsoft Visual Studio but with gcc. Before, it had provided but now stopped explaining how to build it with Microsoft Visual Studio. However, many of the computer programmers are using Microsoft Visual Studio and want to build libiconv with Microsoft Visual Studio. So, this article is about how to build libiconv with Microsoft Visual Studio. If you can build libiconv with Microsoft Visual Studio, you will be able to change various compilation options and build it in order to optimize libiconv according to your preference and needs.

# Background

If you have no idea about libiconv, you can refer to it here or you can Google for it. You may be confused with iconv and libiconv. Iconv is the executable program that uses libiconv while libiconv is the library for converting text strings between two different encodings. This article is related to libiconv. However, this article is not about libiconv but about how to

build **libiconv** with Microsoft Visual Studio. The GNU library **libiconv** is under LGPL license. So, you have to be really careful when you use **libiconv** for your commercial use or when you don't want to publicize your source code. About LPGL license, you can refer here.

## How to Get the Source Code of libiconv

At the moment, the most recent version of libiconv is 1.14. You can download the source code of libiconv 1.14 here and here. Of course, you can get the older versions of libiconv here.

## How to Build

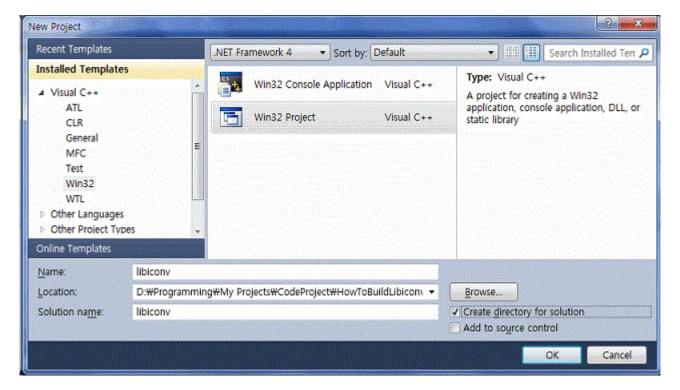
I am going to explain the case of Microsoft Visual Studio 2010 professional edition but the explanation can be applied to the earlier versions of Microsoft Visual Studio and to the express edition of each of them.

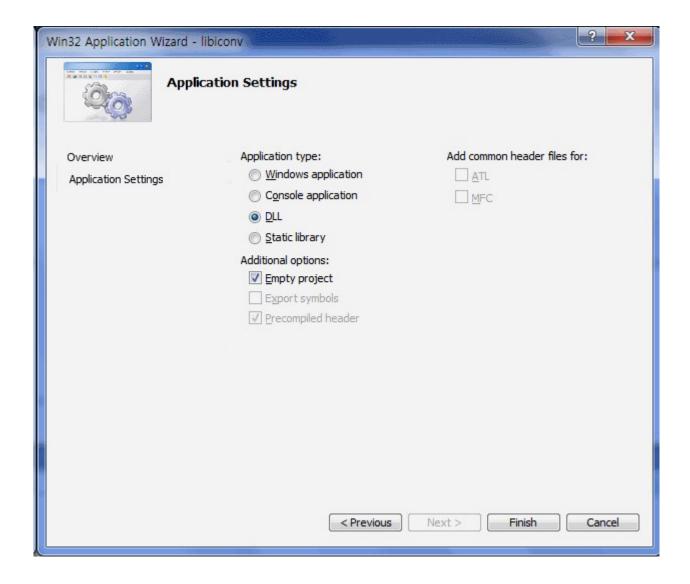
#### First Step

You download the most recent version of **libiconv** which is 1.14 from here or here. And unzip the downloaded file "*libiconv-1.14.tar.gz*" on your certain folder.

#### Second Step

You run your Microsoft Visual Studio. Then, you make a new WIN32 project. Let's say "libiconv" as the project name. Check to create directory for solution. Choose DLL as the application type and check Empty project for additional options. Click the button "finish" to generate the new project.





#### Third Step

Now, you have to copy some files from the folders generated by unzipping "libiconv-1.14.tar.gz" to the project folders. To build "libiconv", you need to compile three files "localcharset.c", "relocatable.c" and "iconv.c". That is the key idea!

Copy three files "relocatable.h", "relocatable.c" and "iconv.c" in the folder "...\libiconv-1.14\lib\" to the project folder "...\libiconv\libiconv\".

Copy "...\libiconv-1.14\libcharset\lib\localcharset.c" to the project folder "...\libiconv\libiconv\".

Copy "...\libiconv-1.14\libcharset\include\localcharset.h.build.in" to the project folder "...\libiconv\libiconv\" and then, rename the copied "localcharset.h.build.in" to "localcharset.h.

Copy "...\libiconv-1.14\windows\libiconv.rc" to the project folder "...\libiconv\libiconv\".

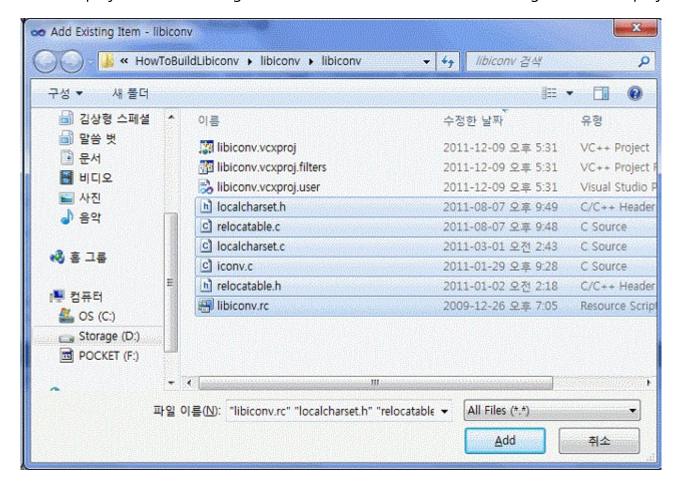
Make folder "include" under the project folder "...\libiconv\" so to make "...\libiconv\include". Copy "...\libiconv-1.14\include\iconv.h.build.in" to the project include folder "...\libiconv\include" and then, rename the copied "iconv.h.build.in" to "iconv.h".

Copy "...\libiconv-1.14\config.h.in" to the project include folder "...\libiconv\include" and then, rename the copied "config.h.in" to "config.h".

And then, copy all the header files (\*.h) and definition files (\*.def) in the folder "...\libiconv-1.14\lib" to the project include folder "...\libiconv\include".

#### Fourth Step

Now, you have to add existing items to the project "libiconv" that we made at the second step. Execute "project > Add Existing items..." at the main menu to add existing items to the project.

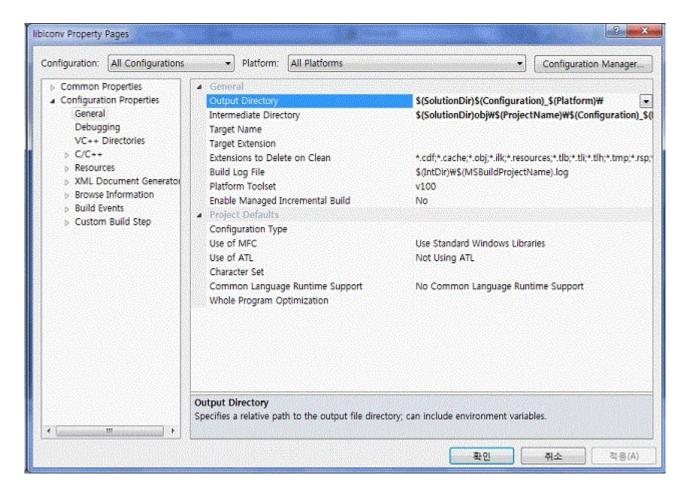


### Fifth Step

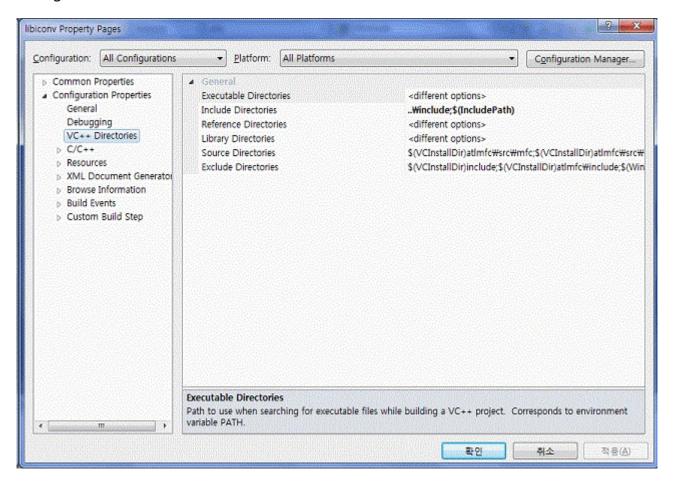
You can make 64-bit platform through configuration manager in order to generate *libiconv.dll* for 64-bit system. You can also make two other configurations "ReleaseStatic" and "DebugStatic" in order to generate libiconvStatic.lib as a static link library.

At the project properties, change Output Directory as

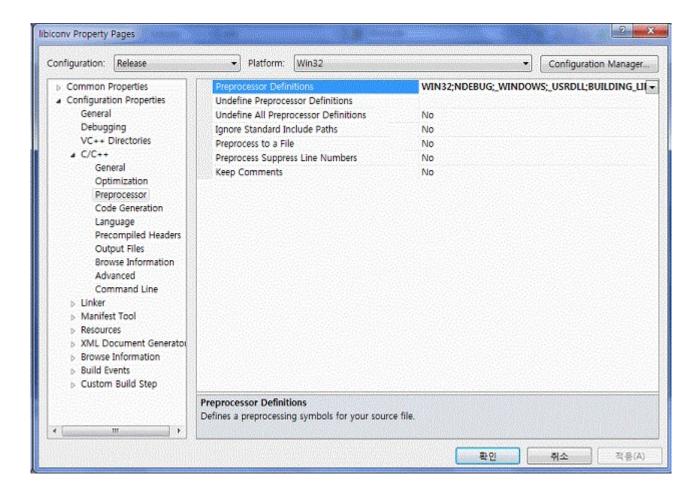
- "\$(SolutionDir)\$(Configuration)\_\$(Platform)\" and Intermediate Directory as
- "\$(SolutionDir)obj\\$(ProjectName)\\$(Configuration)\_\$(Platform)\".



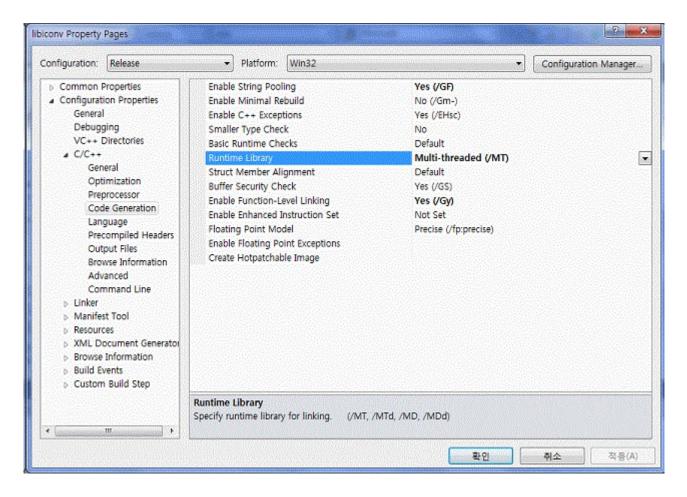
Change Include Directories as "..\include;\$(IncludePath)":



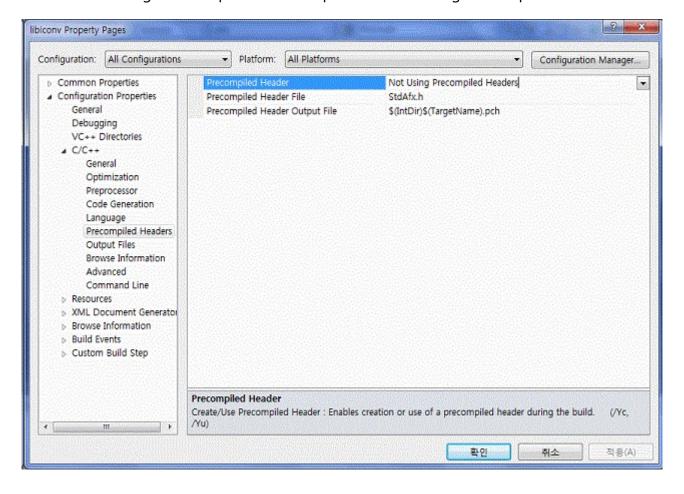
You have to add "BUILDING\_LIBICONV" and "BUILDING\_LIBCHARSET" to Peprocessor Definitions of all Platforms and of all configurations.



You'd better set Runtime Library to "Multi-threaded" when building dynamic link library libiconv.dll. Then, the dependency on VC Runtime library can be controlled by the applications that will be built and dynamically linked with libiconv.dll because libiconv.dll does not need VC Runtime library but only the application that uses libiconv.dll may or may not need VC Runtime library. However, when building the static link library libiconvStatic.lib, you can choose Runtime Library option for libiconvStatic.lib depending on the application that uses libiconvStatic.lib.



You have to change Precompiled Header option to "Not Using Precompiled Headers".



## Sixth Step

Now, it is the time to tweak the source code of the libiconv.

#### libiconv.rc

Open *libiconv.rc* with text editor or the source code editor of Visual Studio IDE by double-clicking *libiconv.rc* in the Solution explorer and insert some code at line 4 as follows:

```
C++
```

You may be asked to change Line endings to "Windows (CR LF)". Then, let it do so. It will be more convenient for you if you mainly use Windows.

#### localcharset.c

Open *localcharset.c* and delete or comment the lines 76 - 79 as follows:

```
C++
```

#### iconv.c

Open iconv.c and delete or comment the lines 246 - 248 and add three lines there as follows:

```
C++
```

#### localcharset.h

Open *localcharset.h* and delete or comment the lines 23 - 27 and add 7 lines there as follows:

#### C++

#### config.h

Open *config.h* in the project include folder "...\libiconv\include" and delete or comment the lines 29 - 30 as follows:

```
C++
```

Otherwise you can redefine **EILSEQ** as good substitute value.

#### iconv.h

Open *iconv.h* in the project include folder "...\*libiconv*\*include*" and delete or comment the line 175 and add 1 line as follows:

```
C++
```

Delete or comment the line 128 and add 1 line as follows:

```
C++
```

Delete or comment the lines 107-108 and add 2 lines as follows:

```
C++
```

Delete or comment the line 89 and add 2 lines as follows:

```
C++
```

Delete or comment the lines 26 - 31 and add 8 lines as follows:

```
C++
```

```
//#if @HAVE_VISIBILITY@ && BUILDING_LIBICONV
//#define LIBICONV_DLL_EXPORTED __attribute__((__visibility__("default")))
//#define LIBICONV_DLL_EXPORTED
//#endif
//extern LIBICONV DLL EXPORTED @DLL VARIABLE@ int libiconv version; /* Likewise */
#if BUILDING LIBICONV
#define LIBICONV_DLL_EXPORTED __declspec(dllexport)
#elif USING_STATIC_LIBICONV
#define LIBICONV_DLL_EXPORTED
#else
#define LIBICONV_DLL_EXPORTED __declspec(dllimport)
#endif
extern LIBICONV DLL EXPORTED int libiconv version; /* Likewise */
```

## How to Use

When you use newly built libiconv, the only header file that you need is *iconv.h*. You will need to link either the import libiconv.lib or the static library libiconvStatic.lib in your project property or write the code in one of your source file as follows:

```
C++
```

```
#pragma comment (lib, "libiconv.lib")
```

```
or
#pragma comment (lib, "libiconvStatic.lib")
```

In the source of the application that uses this library either *libiconv.dll* or *libiconvStatic.lib*, if you don't define anything but only include *iconv.h*, your application will use *libiconv.dll* while it will use *libiconvStatic.lib* if you define USING\_STATIC\_LIBICONV before you include *iconv.h* in your application as follows:

C++

```
//#define USING_STATIC_LIBICONV
#include <iconv.h>
```

# Copyright Issues

The original libiconv is under LGPL licence. So, the tweaked libiconv has also to be under LGPL. If you develop any application that uses libiconv, you have to be careful about copyright lipication. If your application is linked with libiconv.dll dynamically, you don't have to publicize your Advertise your application. However, if your application is linked statically with libiconvStatic.lib, you have to publicize either the source code of the application application so that others can build the application that is linked statically with the library under LGPL license.

## License

This article, along with any associated source code and files, is licensed under The GNU Lesser General Public License (LGPLv3)

Written By

# **PARK Youngho**

Korea (Republic of)

I like programming.

I am teaching at AUCA (American University of Central Asia) now.

## Comments and Discussions

**I** 35 messages have been posted for this article Visit https://www.codeproject.com/Articles /302012/How-to-Build-libiconv-with-Microsoft-Visual-Studio to post and view comments on this article, or click here to get a print view with messages.