

- B3.** This question is in **two** parts. **Part 1** is about conservation of momentum and conservation of energy. **Part 2** is about electromagnetic induction.

Part 1 Conservation of momentum and energy

- (a) State Newton's third law. [1]

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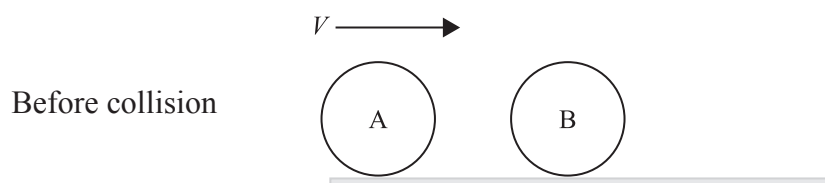
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- (b) State the law of conservation of momentum. [2]

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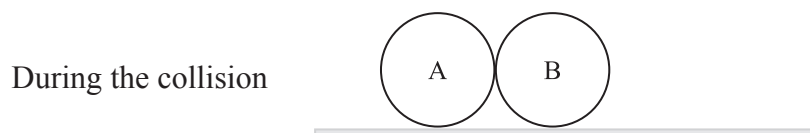
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The diagram below shows two identical balls A and B on a horizontal surface. Ball B is at rest and ball A is moving with speed V along a line joining the centres of the balls. The mass of each ball is M .



During the collision of the balls, the magnitude of the force that ball A exerts on ball B is F_{AB} and the magnitude of the force that ball B exerts on ball A is F_{BA} .

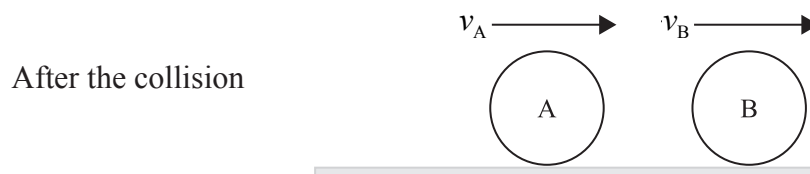
- (c) On the diagram below, add labelled arrows to represent the magnitude and direction of the forces F_{AB} and F_{BA} . [3]



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(Question B3, part 1 continued)

The balls are in contact for a time Δt . After the collision, the speed of ball A is $+v_A$ and the speed of ball B is $+v_B$ in the directions shown.



As a result of the collision there is a change in momentum of ball A and of ball B.

- (d) Use Newton's second law of motion to deduce an expression relating the forces acting during the collision to the change in momentum of

- (i) ball B. [2]

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- (ii) ball A. [2]

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- (e) Apply Newton's third law and your answers to (d), to deduce that the change in momentum of the system (ball A and ball B) as a result of this collision, is zero. [4]

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- (f) Deduce, that if kinetic energy is conserved in the collision, then after the collision, ball A will come to rest and ball B will move with speed V . [3]

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