



YAMAHA

⚠ Read this manual carefully before operating this vehicle.

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OWNER'S MANUAL

FJ-09

FJ09H

FJ09HC

2SC-28199-12

LIT-11626-30-57

©2017
EAU10043

⚠ WARNING

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

YAMAHA

LIT-CALIF-65-01



Read this manual carefully before operating this vehicle. This manual should stay with this vehicle if it is sold.

Introduction

EAU10084

Congratulations on your purchase of the Yamaha FJ09H/FJ09HC. This model is the result of Yamaha's vast experience in the production of fine sporting, touring, and pacesetting racing machines. It represents the high degree of craftsmanship and reliability that have made Yamaha a leader in these fields.

This manual will give you an understanding of the operation, inspection, and basic maintenance of this motorcycle. If you have any questions concerning the operation or maintenance of your motorcycle, please consult a Yamaha dealer.

The design and manufacture of this Yamaha motorcycle fully comply with the emissions standards for clean air applicable at the date of manufacture. Yamaha has met these standards without reducing the performance or economy of operation of the motorcycle. To maintain these high standards, it is important that you and your Yamaha dealer pay close attention to the recommended maintenance schedules and operating instructions contained within this manual.

Yamaha continually seeks advancements in product design and quality. Therefore, while this manual contains the most current product information available at the time of printing, there may be minor discrepancies between your motorcycle and this manual. If there is any question concerning this manual, please consult a Yamaha dealer.

EWA10012

WARNING

Please read this manual and the "YOU AND YOUR MOTORCYCLE: RIDING TIPS" booklet carefully before operating this motorcycle. Do not attempt to operate this motorcycle until you have attained adequate knowledge of its controls and operating features. Regular inspections and careful maintenance, along with good operating techniques, will help ensure that you safely enjoy the capabilities and reliability of this motorcycle.

Important manual information

EAU10134

Particularly important information is distinguished in this manual by the following notations:

| | |
|---|--|
|  | This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death. |
|  WARNING | A WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. |
|  NOTICE | A NOTICE indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the vehicle or other property. |
| TIP | A TIP provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer. |

*Product and specifications are subject to change without notice.

Important manual information

EAU10194

FJ09H/FJ09HC OWNER'S MANUAL

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1st edition, October 2016

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P/N LIT-11626-30-57

Table of contents

| | | | | | |
|--|------|---|------|---|------|
| Location of important labels | 1-1 | Windshield | 4-30 | Checking the spark plugs | 7-10 |
| Safety information | 2-1 | Adjusting the headlight beams | 4-30 | Canister (for California) | 7-11 |
| Description | 3-1 | Handlebar position | 4-31 | Engine oil and oil filter cartridge ... U.S.A. | 7-11 |
| Left view | 3-1 | Adjusting the front fork | 4-31 | Coolant | 7-14 |
| Right view | 3-2 | Adjusting the shock absorber assembly | 4-32 | Air filter element | 7-17 |
| Controls and instruments..... | 3-3 | Luggage strap holders | 4-34 | Checking the engine idling speed | 7-17 |
| Instrument and control functions ... | 4-1 | Sidestand | 4-34 | Checking the throttle grip free play | 7-17 |
| Main switch/steering lock..... | 4-1 | Ignition circuit cut-off system | 4-35 | Valve clearance | 7-18 |
| Indicator lights and warning lights | 4-2 | Auxiliary DC jack | 4-37 | Tires | 7-18 |
| Multi-function meter unit | 4-4 | Auxiliary DC connector | 4-37 | Cast wheels | 7-20 |
| D-mode (drive mode) | 4-15 | For your safety – pre-operation checks | 5-1 | Adjusting the clutch lever free play | 7-21 |
| Handlebar switches | 4-16 | Operation and important riding points | 6-1 | Checking the brake lever free play | 7-21 |
| Clutch lever | 4-17 | Starting the engine | 6-1 | Brake light switches | 7-22 |
| Shift pedal | 4-18 | Shifting | 6-2 | Checking the front and rear brake pads | 7-22 |
| Brake lever | 4-18 | Engine break-in | 6-4 | Checking the brake fluid level | 7-23 |
| Brake pedal | 4-19 | Parking | 6-5 | Changing the brake fluid | 7-24 |
| ABS | 4-19 | Periodic maintenance and adjustment | 7-1 | Drive chain slack | 7-25 |
| Traction control system | 4-20 | Owner's tool kit | 7-2 | Cleaning and lubricating the drive chain | 7-26 |
| Fuel tank cap | 4-22 | Periodic maintenance chart for the emission control system | 7-3 | Checking and lubricating the cables | 7-27 |
| Fuel | 4-23 | General maintenance and lubrication chart | 7-5 | Checking and lubricating the throttle grip and cable | 7-27 |
| Fuel tank breather hose and overflow hose | 4-24 | Removing and installing the panel | 7-9 | Checking and lubricating the brake and shift pedals | 7-28 |

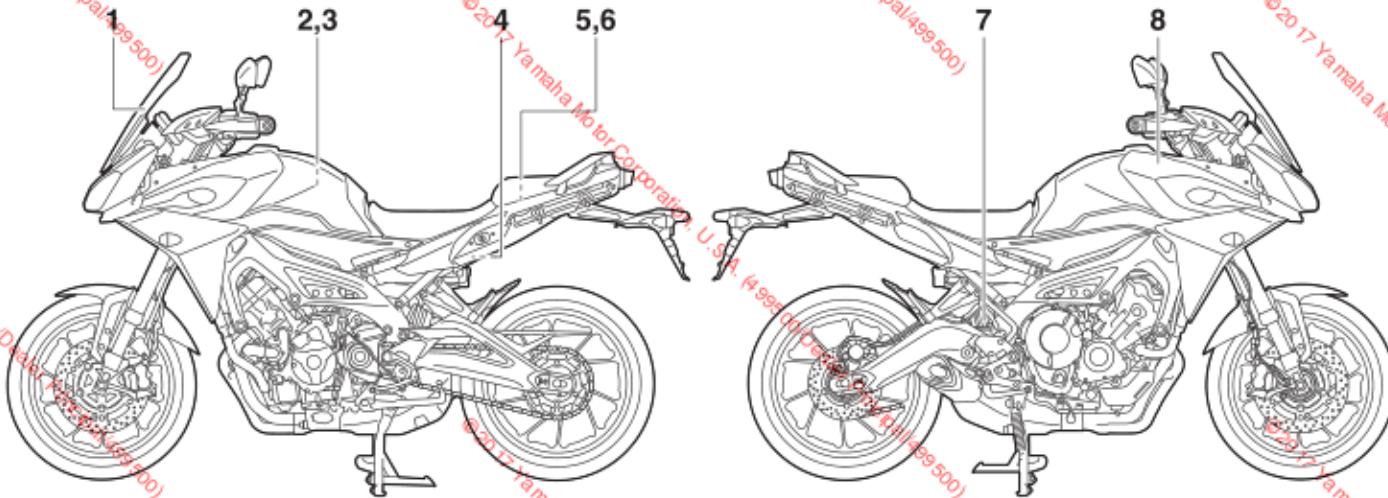
Table of contents

| | |
|---|-------|
| Checking and lubricating the brake and clutch levers | 7-28 |
| Checking and lubricating the centerstand and sidestand | 7-29 |
| Lubricating the swingarm pivots ... | 7-30 |
| Checking the front fork | 7-30 |
| Checking the steering | 7-31 |
| Checking the wheel bearings | 7-31 |
| Battery | 7-31 |
| Replacing the fuses | 7-33 |
| Headlights | 7-35 |
| Auxiliary lights | 7-35 |
| Brake/tail light | 7-36 |
| Replacing a turn signal light bulb | 7-36 |
| Replacing the license plate light bulb | 7-37 |
| Troubleshooting | 7-38 |
| Troubleshooting charts | 7-39 |
| Motorcycle care and storage | 8-1 |
| Matte color caution | 8-1 |
| Care | 8-1 |
| Storage | 8-4 |
| Specifications | 9-1 |
| Consumer information | 10-1 |
| Identification numbers | 10-1 |
| Diagnostic connector | 10-3 |
| Vehicle data recording | 10-3 |
| Reporting safety defects | 10-4 |
| Motorcycle noise regulation | 10-5 |
| Maintenance record | 10-6 |
| YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. | |
| 2015 AND LATER MODEL STREET & DUAL-PURPOSE MOTORCYCLE LIMITED WARRANTY | 10-8 |
| YAMAHA EXTENDED SERVICE (Y.E.S.) | 10-10 |
| Index | 11-1 |

Location of important labels

1

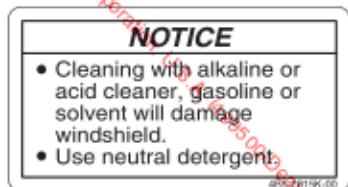
Read and understand all of the labels on your vehicle. They contain important information for safe and proper operation of your vehicle. Never remove any labels from your vehicle. If a label becomes difficult to read or comes off, a replacement label is available from your Yamaha dealer.



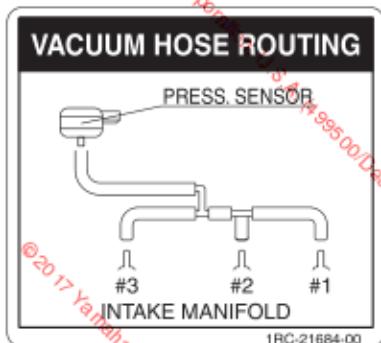
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Location of important labels

1

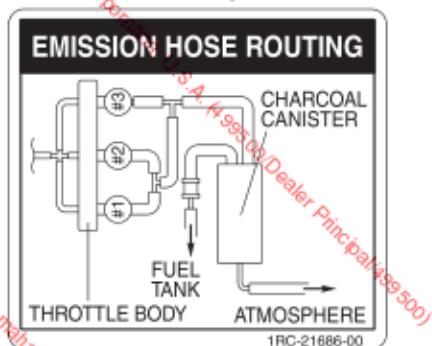


2 California only

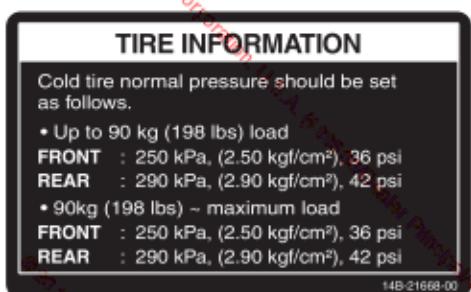


1

3 California only



4



Location of important labels

1

5

⚠ WARNING

Improper loading can cause loss of control.
Read owner's manual for proper loading.

3JJ-2B446-A1

LOAD LIMIT

3 kg [7 lbs]

3TBS24B77-A0

6

⚠ WARNING

This unit contains high pressure nitrogen gas.
Mishandling can cause explosion.

- Read owner's manual for instructions.
- Do not incinerate, puncture or open.

4AA-22259-B0

7

⚠ WARNING

BEFORE YOU OPERATE THIS VEHICLE, READ THE OWNER'S MANUAL AND ALL LABELS.
ALWAYS WEAR AN APPROVED MOTORCYCLE HELMET, eye protection, and protective clothing.

PREMIUM UNLEADED GASOLINE ONLY
91 Min. Pump Octane (R+M)/2

29P-2816R-00

EAU1028B

Be a Responsible Owner

As the vehicle's owner, you are responsible for the safe and proper operation of your motorcycle.

Motorcycles are single-track vehicles. Their safe use and operation are dependent upon the use of proper riding techniques as well as the expertise of the operator. Every operator should know the following requirements before riding this motorcycle.

He or she should:

- Obtain thorough instructions from a competent source on all aspects of motorcycle operation.
- Observe the warnings and maintenance requirements in this Owner's Manual.
- Obtain qualified training in safe and proper riding techniques.
- Obtain professional technical service as indicated in this Owner's Manual and/or when made necessary by mechanical conditions.
- Never operate a motorcycle without proper training or instruction.

Take a training course. Beginners should receive training from a certified instructor. Contact an authorized motorcycle dealer to find out about the training courses nearest you.

Safe Riding

Perform the pre-operation checks each time you use the vehicle to make sure it is in safe operating condition. Failure to inspect or maintain the vehicle properly increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage. See page 5-1 for a list of pre-operation checks.

- This motorcycle is designed to carry the operator and a passenger.
 - The failure of motorists to detect and recognize motorcycles in traffic is the predominating cause of automobile/motorcycle accidents. Many accidents have been caused by an automobile driver who did not see the motorcycle. Making yourself conspicuous appears to be very effective in reducing the chance of this type of accident.
- Therefore:**
- Wear a brightly colored jacket.
- Use extra caution when you are approaching and passing through intersections, since intersections are the most likely places for motorcycle accidents to occur.
 - Ride where other motorists can see you. Avoid riding in another motorist's blind spot.
 - Never maintain a motorcycle without proper knowledge. Contact an authorized motorcycle dealer to inform you on basic motorcycle maintenance. Certain maintenance can only be carried out by certified staff.
 - Many accidents involve inexperienced operators. In fact, many operators who have been involved in accidents do not even have a current motorcycle license.
 - Make sure that you are qualified and that you only lend your motorcycle to other qualified operators.
 - Know your skills and limits. Staying within your limits may help you to avoid an accident.
 - We recommend that you prac-

Safety information

2

tice riding your motorcycle where there is no traffic until you have become thoroughly familiar with the motorcycle and all of its controls.

- Many accidents have been caused by error of the motorcycle operator. A typical error made by the operator is veering wide on a turn due to excessive speed or under-cornering (insufficient lean angle for the speed).
 - Always obey the speed limit and never travel faster than warranted by road and traffic conditions.
 - Always signal before turning or changing lanes. Make sure that other motorists can see you.
- The posture of the operator and passenger is important for proper control.
 - The operator should keep both hands on the handlebar and both feet on the operator footrests during operation to maintain control of the motorcycle.
 - The passenger should always hold onto the operator, the seat strap or grab bar, if equipped,

with both hands and keep both feet on the passenger footrests. Never carry a passenger unless he or she can firmly place both feet on the passenger footrests.

- Never ride under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.
- This motorcycle is designed for on-road use only. It is not suitable for off-road use.

Protective Apparel

The majority of fatalities from motorcycle accidents are the result of head injuries. The use of a safety helmet is the single most critical factor in the prevention or reduction of head injuries.

- Always wear an approved helmet.
- Wear a face shield or goggles. Wind in your unprotected eyes could contribute to an impairment of vision that could delay seeing a hazard.
- The use of a jacket, heavy boots, trousers, gloves, etc., is effective in preventing or reducing abrasions or lacerations.
- Never wear loose-fitting clothes, otherwise they could catch on the

control levers, footrests, or wheels and cause injury or an accident.

- Always wear protective clothing that covers your legs, ankles, and feet. The engine or exhaust system become very hot during or after operation and can cause burns.
- A passenger should also observe the above precautions.

Avoid Carbon Monoxide Poisoning

All engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide, a deadly gas. Breathing carbon monoxide can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, confusion, and eventually death.

Carbon Monoxide is a colorless, odorless, tasteless gas which may be present even if you do not see or smell any engine exhaust. Deadly levels of carbon monoxide can collect rapidly and you can quickly be overcome and unable to save yourself. Also, deadly levels of carbon monoxide can linger for hours or days in enclosed or poorly ventilated areas. If you experience any symptoms of carbon monoxide poisoning, leave the area immediately, get fresh air, and SEEK MEDICAL TREAT-

MENT.

- Do not run engine indoors. Even if you try to ventilate engine exhaust with fans or open windows and doors, carbon monoxide can rapidly reach dangerous levels.
- Do not run engine in poorly ventilated or partially enclosed areas such as barns, garages, or carports.
- Do not run engine outdoors where engine exhaust can be drawn into a building through openings such as windows and doors.

Loading

Adding accessories or cargo to your motorcycle can adversely affect stability and handling if the weight distribution of the motorcycle is changed. To avoid the possibility of an accident, use extreme caution when adding cargo or accessories to your motorcycle. Use extra care when riding a motorcycle that has added cargo or accessories. Here, along with the information about accessories below, are some general guidelines to follow if loading cargo to your motorcycle:

The total weight of the operator, passenger, accessories and cargo must not exceed the maximum load limit. **Operation of an overloaded vehicle could cause an accident.**

Maximum load:

180 kg (397 lb)

When loading within this weight limit, keep the following in mind:

- Cargo and accessory weight should be kept as low and close to the motorcycle as possible. Securely pack your heaviest items as close to the center of the vehicle as possible and make sure to distribute the weight as evenly as possible on both sides of the motorcycle to minimize imbalance or instability.
- Shifting weights can create a sudden imbalance. Make sure that accessories and cargo are securely attached to the motorcycle before riding. Check accessory mounts and cargo restraints frequently.
 - Properly adjust the suspension for your load (suspension-ad-

justable models only) and check the condition and pressure of your tires.

- Never attach any large or heavy items to the handlebar, front fork, or front fender. These items, including such cargo as sleeping bags, duffel bags, or tents, can create unstable handling or a slow steering response.
- **This vehicle is not designed to pull a trailer or to be attached to a sidecar.**

Genuine Yamaha Accessories

Choosing accessories for your vehicle is an important decision. Genuine Yamaha accessories, which are available only from a Yamaha dealer, have been designed, tested, and approved by Yamaha for use on your vehicle.

Many companies with no connection to Yamaha manufacture parts and accessories or offer other modifications for Yamaha vehicles. Yamaha is not in a position to test the products that these aftermarket companies produce. Therefore, Yamaha can neither en-

Safety information

2

dorse nor recommend the use of accessories not sold by Yamaha or modifications not specifically recommended by Yamaha, even if sold and installed by a Yamaha dealer.

Aftermarket Parts, Accessories, and Modifications

While you may find aftermarket products similar in design and quality to genuine Yamaha accessories, recognize that some aftermarket accessories or modifications are not suitable because of potential safety hazards to you or others. Installing aftermarket products or having other modifications performed to your vehicle that change any of the vehicle's design or operation characteristics can put you and others at greater risk of serious injury or death. You are responsible for injuries related to changes in the vehicle.

Keep the following guidelines in mind, as well as those provided under "Loading" when mounting accessories.

- Never install accessories or carry cargo that would impair the performance of your motorcycle. Carefully inspect the accessory before

using it to make sure that it does not in any way reduce ground clearance or cornering clearance, limit suspension travel, steering travel or control operation, or obscure lights or reflectors.

- Accessories fitted to the handlebar or the front fork area can create instability due to improper weight distribution or aerodynamic changes. If accessories are added to the handlebar or front fork area, they must be as lightweight as possible and should be kept to a minimum.
- Bulky or large accessories may seriously affect the stability of the motorcycle due to aerodynamic effects. Wind may attempt to lift the motorcycle, or the motorcycle may become unstable in cross winds. These accessories may also cause instability when passing or being passed by large vehicles.
- Certain accessories can displace the operator from his or her normal riding position. This improper position limits the free-

dom of movement of the operator and may limit control ability, therefore, such accessories are not recommended.

- Use caution when adding electrical accessories. If electrical accessories exceed the capacity of the motorcycle's electrical system, an electric failure could result, which could cause a dangerous loss of lights or engine power.

Aftermarket Tires and Rims

The tires and rims that came with your motorcycle were designed to match the performance capabilities and to provide the best combination of handling, braking, and comfort. Other tires, rims, sizes, and combinations may not be appropriate. Refer to page 7-18 for tire specifications and more information on replacing your tires.

Transporting the Motorcycle

Be sure to observe following instructions before transporting the motorcycle in another vehicle.

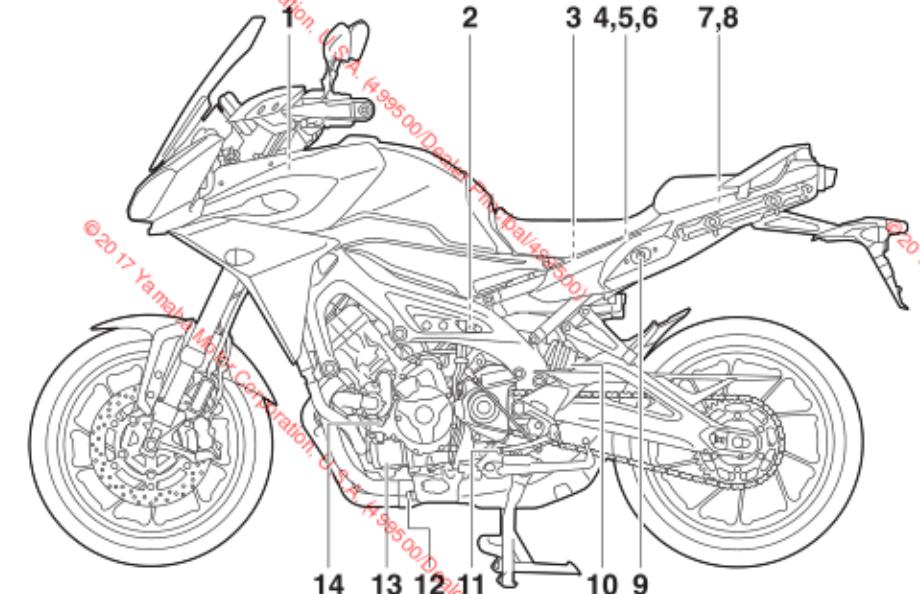
- Remove all loose items from the motorcycle.

- Check that the fuel cock (if equipped) is in the "OFF" position and that there are no fuel leaks.
- Point the front wheel straight ahead on the trailer or in the truck bed, and choke it in a rail to prevent movement.
- Shift the transmission in gear (for models with a manual transmission).
- Secure the motorcycle with tie-downs or suitable straps that are attached to solid parts of the motorcycle, such as the frame or upper front fork triple clamp (and not, for example, to rubber-mounted handlebars or turn signals, or parts that could break). Choose the location for the straps carefully so the straps will not rub against painted surfaces during transport.
- The suspension should be compressed somewhat by the tie-downs, if possible, so that the motorcycle will not bounce excessively during transport.

Description

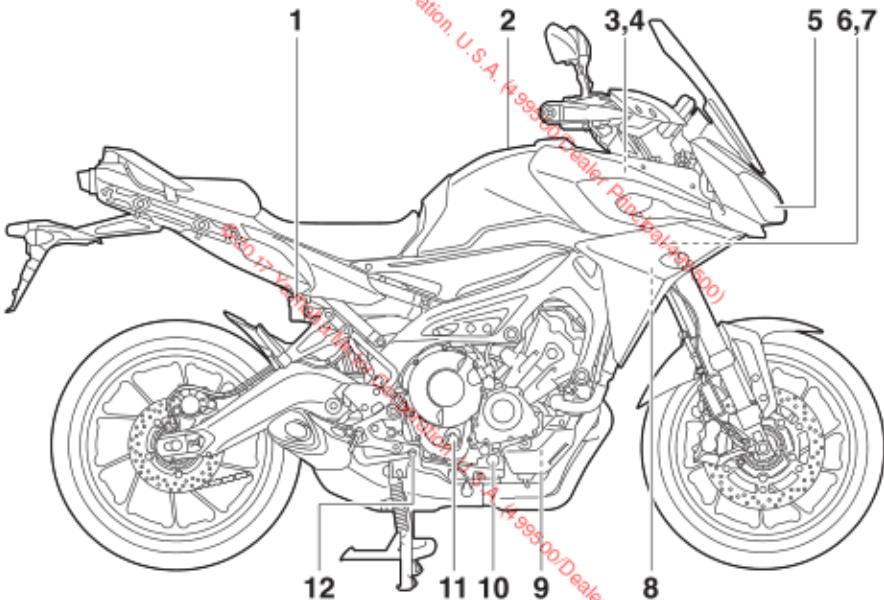
Left view

EAU10411



1. Front fork spring preload adjusting bolt (page 4-31)
2. Shock absorber assembly rebound damping force adjusting screw (page 4-32)
3. Battery (page 7-31)
4. Fuse box 1 (page 7-33)
5. Main fuse (page 7-33)
6. Fuel injection system fuse (page 7-33)
7. Storage compartment (page 4-29)
8. Owner's tool kit (page 7-2)
9. Seat lock (page 4-25)
10. Shock absorber assembly spring preload adjusting ring (page 4-32)
11. Shift pedal (page 4-18)
12. Engine oil drain bolt (page 7-11)
13. Engine oil filter cartridge (page 7-11)
14. Coolant drain bolt (page 7-15)

Right view

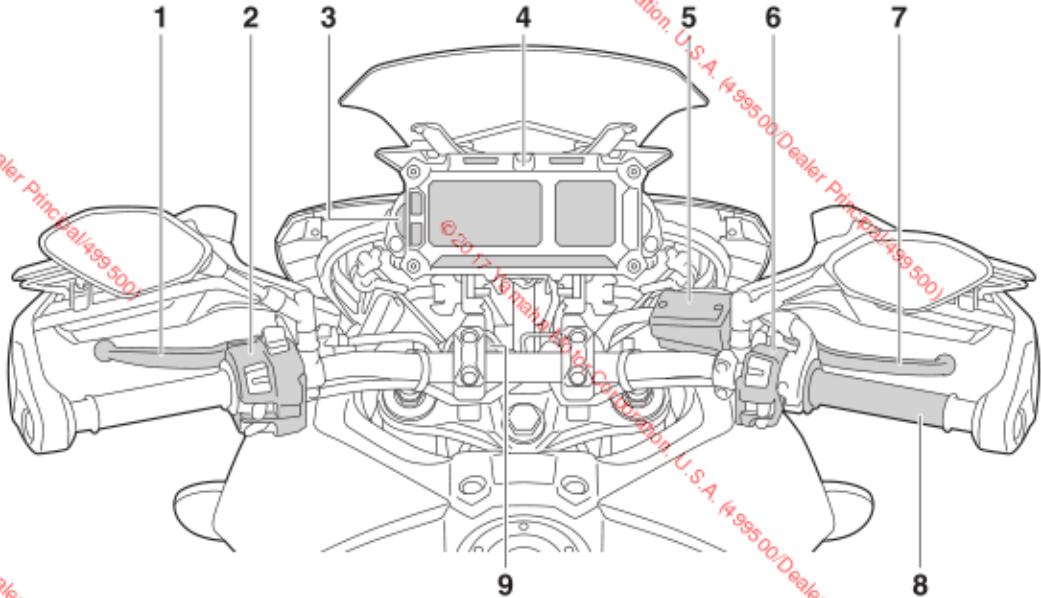


1. Rear brake fluid reservoir (page 7-23)
2. Fuel tank cap (page 4-22)
3. Front fork rebound damping force adjusting screw (page 4-31)
4. Front fork spring preload adjusting bolt (page 4-31)
5. Headlight (page 7-35)
6. Fuse box 2 (page 7-33)
7. Fuse box 3 (page 7-33)
8. Radiator cap (page 7-14)
9. Coolant reservoir (page 7-14)
10. Engine oil level check window (page 7-11)
11. Engine oil filler cap (page 7-11)
12. Brake pedal (page 4-19)

Description

EAU10431

Controls and instruments



1. Clutch lever (page 4-17)
2. Left handlebar switches (page 4-16)
3. Auxiliary DC jack (page 4-37)
4. Multi-function meter unit (page 4-4)
5. Front brake fluid reservoir (page 7-23)
6. Right handlebar switches (page 4-16)
7. Brake lever (page 4-18)
8. Throttle grip (page 7-17)
9. Main switch/steering lock (page 4-1)

Main switch/steering lock



The main switch/steering lock controls the ignition and lighting systems, and is used to lock the steering. The various positions are described below.

ON

All electrical circuits are supplied with power. The meter lighting, taillight, license plate light, auxiliary lights and position lights come on, and the engine can be started. The key cannot be removed.

TIP

The headlights come on automatically when the engine is started and stay on until the key is turned to "OFF", even if

EAU10462

the engine stalls.

OFF

All electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.

EAU10662

EWA10062

WARNING

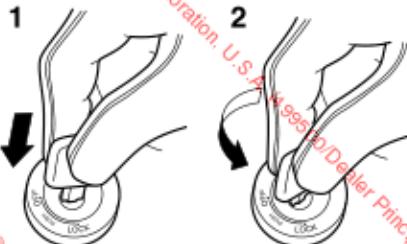
Never turn the key to "OFF" or "LOCK" while the vehicle is moving. Otherwise the electrical systems will be switched off, which may result in loss of control or an accident.

LOCK

The steering is locked and all electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.

EAU10668

To lock the steering



1. Push.
2. Turn.

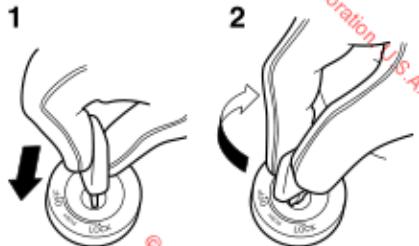
1. Turn the handlebars all the way to the left.
2. With the key in the "OFF" position, push the key in and turn it to "LOCK".
3. Remove the key.

TIP

If the steering will not lock, try turning the handlebars back to the right slightly.

Instrument and control functions

To unlock the steering



4

1. Push.
2. Turn.

From the "LOCK" position, push the key in and turn it to "OFF".

P! (Parking)

The hazard lights and turn signal lights can be turned on, but all other electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.

The steering must be locked before the key can be turned to "P!".

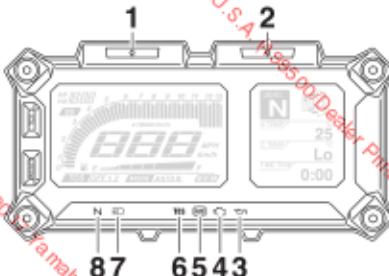
NOTICE

Using the hazard or turn signal lights for an extended length of time

may cause the battery to discharge.

EAU4939C

Indicator lights and warning lights



1. Left turn signal indicator light "↔"
2. Right turn signal indicator light "→"
3. Oil level warning light ".Engine oil level low"
4. Engine trouble warning light ".Engine trouble"
5. Anti-lock Brake System (ABS) warning light "(○)"
6. Traction control system indicator light "TCS"
7. High beam indicator light "H.B."
8. Neutral indicator light "N"

EAU11032

Turn signal indicator lights "↔" and "→"

Each indicator light will flash when its corresponding turn signal lights are flashing.

Neutral indicator light "N"

This indicator light comes on when the transmission is in the neutral position.

High beam indicator light "H"

This indicator light comes on when the high beam of the headlight is switched on.

Oil level warning light "."

This warning light comes on if the engine oil level is low.

The electrical circuit of the warning light can be checked by turning the key to "ON". The warning light should come on for a few seconds and then go off. If the warning light does not come on initially when the key is turned to "ON", or if the warning light remains on after confirming that the oil level is correct (see page 7-11), have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

TIP

- Even if the oil level is sufficient, the warning light may flicker when riding on a slope or during sudden

EAU11061

acceleration or deceleration, but this is not a malfunction.

- If a problem is detected in the oil level detection circuit, the oil level warning light will flash repeatedly. If this occurs, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

EAU11061

Engine trouble warning light "."

This warning light comes on if a problem is detected in the engine or other vehicle control system. If this occurs, have a Yamaha dealer check the on-board diagnostic system.

The electrical circuit of the warning light can be checked by turning the key to "ON". The warning light should come on for a few seconds, and then go off. If the warning light does not come on initially when the key is turned to "ON", or if the warning light remains on, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

speed of 10 km/h (6 mi/h) or higher.

If the ABS warning light:

- does not come on when the key is turned to "ON"
- comes on or flashes while riding
- does not go off after traveling at a speed of 10 km/h (6 mi/h) or higher

The ABS may not work correctly. If any of the above occurs, have a Yamaha dealer check the system as soon as possible. (See page 4-19 for an explanation of the ABS.)

4

WARNING

If the ABS warning light does not go off after traveling at a speed of 10 km/h (6 mi/h) or higher, or if the warning light comes on or flashes while riding, the brake system reverts to conventional braking. If either of the above occurs, or if the warning light does not come on at all, use extra caution to avoid possible wheel lock during emergency braking. Have a Yamaha dealer check the brake system and electrical circuits as soon as possible.

EAU08891

ABS warning light "(O)"

In normal operation, this warning light comes on when the key is turned to "ON", and goes off after traveling at a

Instrument and control functions

4

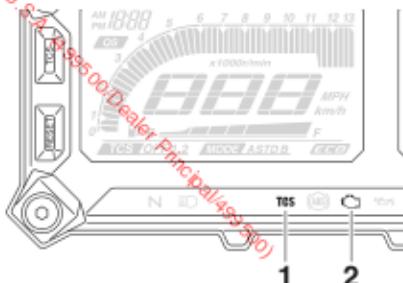
EAU73272

Traction control system indicator light "TCS"

In normal operation, this indicator light is off. When traction control has engaged, this indicator light will flash for a few seconds and then go off.

When the traction control system is turned off, this indicator light will come on.

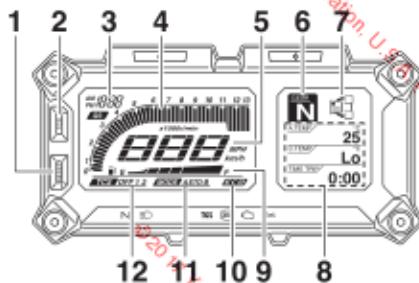
If the traction control system becomes disabled while riding, or if a problem is detected in the traction control system, this indicator light and the engine trouble warning light will come on. (See page 4-20 for an explanation of the traction control system.)



1. Traction control system indicator light "TCS"
2. Engine trouble warning light "ECU"

EAU78451

Multi-function meter unit



1. "RESET" button
2. "TCS" button
3. Clock
4. Tachometer
5. Speedometer
6. Transmission gear display
7. Information display selection function
8. Information display
9. Fuel meter
10. Eco indicator "ECO"
11. Drive mode display
12. TCS display

The multi-function meter unit is equipped with the following:

- speedometer
- tachometer
- clock

- fuel meter
- eco indicator
- transmission gear display
- drive mode display
- TCS display
- information display
- setting mode display

EWA12423

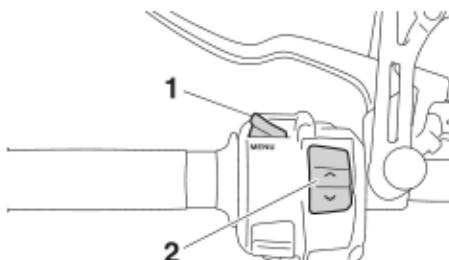
WARNING

Be sure to stop the vehicle before making any setting changes to the multi-function meter unit. Changing settings while riding can distract the operator and increase the risk of an accident.

TIP

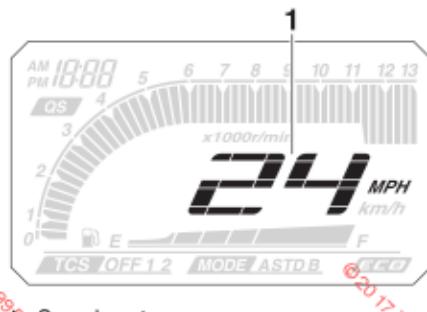
- The select switch "▲/▼" and the menu switch "MENU" are located on the left handlebar. These switches allow you to control or change the settings of the multi-function meter unit.
- QS requires an accessory part and cannot be selected.
- The key must be turned to "ON" before you can use the handlebar switches and buttons.

Instrument and control functions



1. Menu switch "MENU"
2. Select switch "▲/▼"

Speedometer

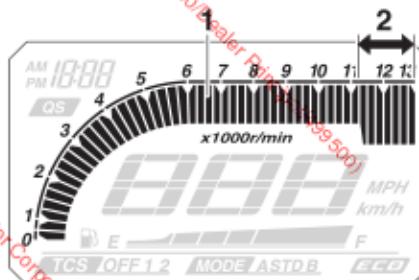


The speedometer shows the vehicle's traveling speed.

TIP

To switch between kilometers and miles, see page 4-10.

Tachometer



1. Tachometer
2. High-r/min zone

The tachometer allows the rider to monitor the engine speed and keep it within the ideal power range.

When the key is turned to "ON", the tachometer will sweep across the r/min range and then return to zero in order to test the electrical circuit.

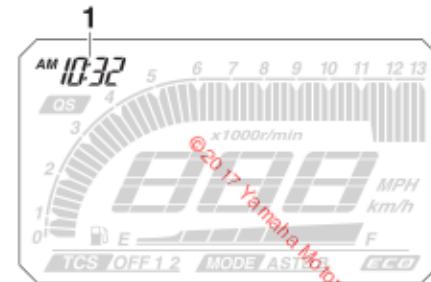
ECA23050

NOTICE

Do not operate the engine in the tachometer high-r/min zone.

High-r/min zone: 11250 r/min and above

Clock

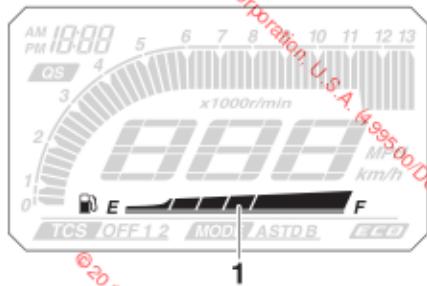


1. Clock

The clock displays time in 12-hour format. To set the clock, see page 4-10.

Instrument and control functions

Fuel meter



1. Fuel meter

The fuel meter indicates the amount of fuel in the fuel tank. The display segments of the fuel meter disappear from "F" (full) towards "E" (empty) as the fuel level decreases. When the last segment of the fuel meter starts flashing, refuel as soon as possible.

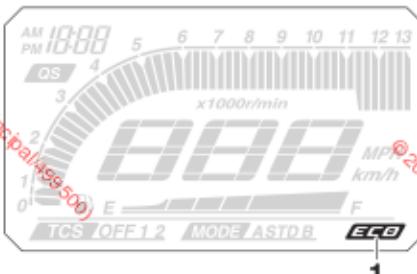
TIP

- When the key is first turned to "ON", all of the display segments of the fuel meter will appear for a few seconds before the fuel meter shows the actual fuel level.
- If a problem is detected in the fuel meter electrical circuit, the fuel meter will flash repeatedly. If this occurs,

curs, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

is appropriate for the vehicle speed.

Eco indicator



1. Eco indicator "ECO"

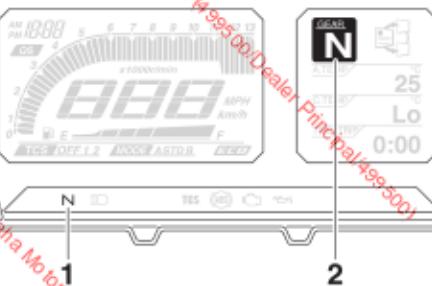
The eco indicator comes on when the vehicle is being operated in an environmentally friendly, fuel-efficient manner. The indicator goes off when the vehicle is stopped.

TIP

Consider the following tips to reduce fuel consumption:

- Avoid high engine speeds during acceleration.
- Travel at a constant speed.
- Select the transmission gear that

Transmission gear display

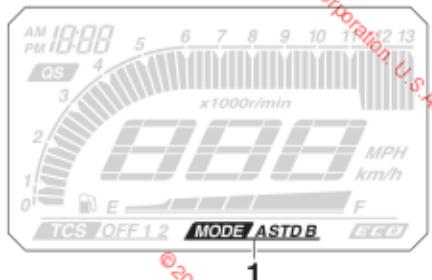


- Neutral indicator light "N"
- Transmission gear display

The transmission gear display shows the selected gear. This model is equipped with 6 gears. The neutral position is indicated by the neutral indicator light "N" and by the transmission gear display "N".

Instrument and control functions

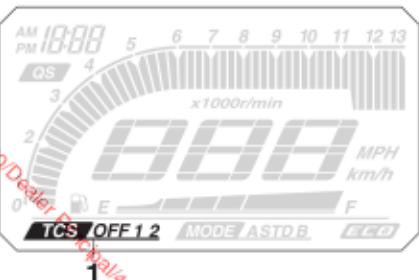
Drive mode display



1. Drive mode display

The drive mode display indicates which drive mode has been selected: "STD", "A" or "B". For more details on the modes and on how to select them, see pages 4-15 and 4-17.

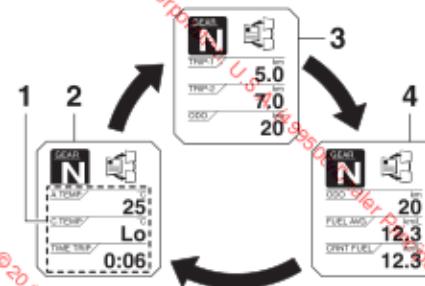
TCS display



1. TCS display

This display indicates which traction control system setting has been selected: "1", "2" or "OFF". For more details on the TCS settings and on how to select them, see page 4-20.

Information display



1. Information display
2. Display-1
3. Display-2
4. Display-3

There are 3 information displays. Push the select switch "▲/▼" to change the selected information display.

The following items are shown in the information displays:

- odometer
- two tripometers
- fuel reserve tripmeter
- elapsed time
- air temperature
- coolant temperature
- average fuel consumption
- instantaneous fuel consumption

Instrument and control functions

TIP

You can select which items are shown in each information display. See Setting mode on page 4-10.

Odometer and tripometers



The odometer shows the total distance traveled by the vehicle.



The tripometers "TRIP-1" and "TRIP-2" show the distance traveled since they were last set.

To reset a tripmeter, use the select switch to display the tripmeter you want to reset. Then push the "RESET" button briefly so that the tripmeter flashes,

and then push the "RESET" button again for two seconds.

TIP

- The odometer will lock at 999999.
- The tripometers will reset and continue counting after 9999.9 is reached.

Fuel reserve tripmeter

When approximately 2.6 L (0.69 US gal, 0.57 Imp.gal) of fuel remains in the fuel tank, the last segment of the fuel meter starts flashing. The display will change to the fuel reserve tripmeter mode "TRIP-F" and start counting the distance traveled from that point.



In this case, push the select switch to switch the display in the following order:

TRIP-F → Display-1 → Display-2 → Display-3 → TRIP-F

After refueling, you can manually reset the fuel reserve tripmeter immediately, or allow it to reset automatically after traveling 5 km (3 mi). When the fuel reserve tripmeter is reset, it will disappear from the display.

Elapsed time



This timer shows the time that has elapsed since the key was turned to "ON". The timer automatically resets when the key is turned to "OFF".

TIP

There are also "TIME-2" and "TIME-3" elapsed time displays, but they cannot be set to the information display. See Setting mode on page 4-10 for more information.

Instrument and control functions

formation.

Air temperature

A.TEMP / °F
77

This shows the air temperature from 16 °F to 199 °F in 1 °F increments. The temperature displayed may vary from the ambient temperature.

TIP

- 16 °F will be displayed even if the ambient temperature falls below 16 °F.
- The accuracy of the temperature reading may be affected when riding slowly (under 20 km/h [13 mi/h]) or when stopped at traffic signals, railroad crossings, etc.

Coolant temperature

C.TEMP / °F
Lo

This shows the temperature of the cool-

ant. The coolant temperature varies with changes in the weather and engine load.

If the message "Hi" flashes, stop the vehicle then stop the engine and let it cool. (See page 7-40.)



TIP

The selected information display cannot be switched while the message "Hi" is flashing.

Average fuel consumption

FUEL AVG / MPG
7.6

This function calculates the average fuel consumption (fuel economy) of the vehicle since it was last reset. The average fuel consumption display can be set to "km/L" or "L/100km"; or when miles is selected "MPG" will be displayed.

- The "km/L" display shows the average distance that can be traveled on 1.0 L of fuel.
- The "L/100km" display shows the average amount of fuel necessary to travel 100 km.
- The "MPG" display shows the average distance that can be traveled on 1.0 US gal of fuel.

To reset the average fuel consumption display, use the select switch to select the information display that contains the average fuel consumption display. Push the "RESET" button briefly so that the average fuel consumption display flashes, and then push the "RESET" button again for 2 seconds while the

NOTICE

Do not continue to operate the engine if it is overheating.

ECA10022

Instrument and control functions

display is flashing.

TIP

After resetting the average fuel consumption display, “—.—” will be shown until the vehicle has traveled 1 km (0.6 mi).

ECA15474

NOTICE

If there is a malfunction, “—.—” will be continuously displayed. Have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

Instantaneous fuel consumption



This function calculates the instantaneous fuel consumption (fuel economy) under current riding conditions. The instantaneous fuel consumption display can be set to "km/L" or "L/100km"; or when miles is selected "MPG" will be displayed.

- The "km/L" display shows the distance that can be traveled on 1.0 L of fuel.

- The "L/100km" display shows the amount of fuel necessary to travel 100 km.
- The "MPG" display shows the distance that can be traveled on 1.0 US gal of fuel.

TIP

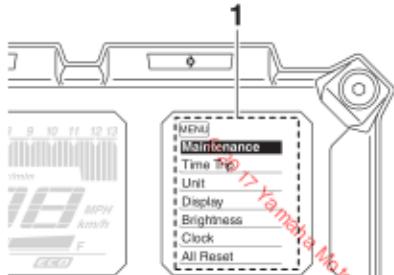
If traveling at speeds under 10 km/h (6.0 mi/h), “—.—” will be displayed.

ECA15474

NOTICE

If there is a malfunction, “—.—” will be continuously displayed. Have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

Setting mode



1. Setting mode display

This mode allows you to set, select, or reset the items shown in the information display.

TIP

- The transmission must be in neutral and the vehicle must be stopped to change settings in this mode.
- Shifting the transmission into gear or turning the key to "OFF" will exit the setting mode and all changes will be saved.

Push and hold the menu switch "MENU" for 2 seconds to enter the setting mode. To exit the setting mode and return to the normal display, push and hold the menu switch again for 2 seconds.

| Display | Description |
|-------------|---|
| Maintenance | This function allows you to check and reset the "OIL" oil change interval (distance traveled), and the "FREE-1" and "FREE-2" maintenance intervals. |

Instrument and control functions

4

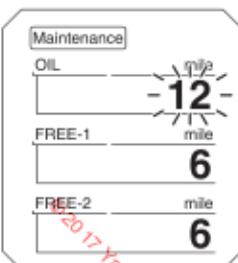
| | |
|------------|--|
| Time Trip | This function allows you to check and reset the "TIME-2" and "TIME-3" functions. These time trips show the total elapsed time that the key has been in the "ON" position. When the key is turned to "OFF", the time trips stop counting but are not reset. The maximum time that can be shown is 99:59. When the time trips reach 100 hours, they automatically reset to 0:00 and continue counting. |
| Unit | This function allows you to switch the display units between kilometers and miles. When kilometers are selected, the fuel consumption units can be switched between "L/100km" and "km/L". |
| Display | This function allows you to change the items shown in 3 information displays. |
| Brightness | This function allows you to adjust the brightness of the multi-function meter unit panel. |
| Clock | This function allows you to set the clock. |
| All Reset | This function allows you to reset all items, except the odometer and the clock. |

Resetting the maintenance counters

1. Use the select switch to highlight "Maintenance".



2. Push the menu switch, and then push the "RESET" button to select the item to reset.



3. While the selected item is flashing, push the "RESET" button for 2 seconds.

4. Push the menu switch to return to the setting mode menu.

Checking and resetting "TIME-2" and "TIME-3"

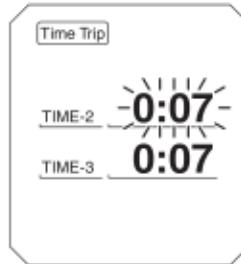
1. Use the select switch to highlight "Time Trip".



2. Push the menu switch to display "TIME-2" and "TIME-3". To reset a time trip, push the "RESET" button to select the item to reset.

Instrument and control functions

4



3. While the selected item is flashing, push the "RESET" button for 2 seconds.
4. Push the menu switch to return to the setting mode menu.

Selecting the units

1. Use the select switch to highlight "Unit".



TIP

- Keep kilometers selected: Skip to step 5.
- Select miles or kilometers: Continue with step 3.

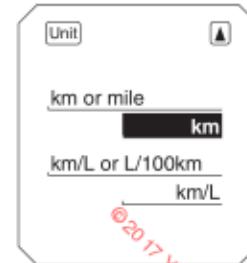
3. Push the menu switch, then use the select switch to toggle between "km" or "mile", and then push the

TIP

- When kilometers are already selected, "km/L or L/100km" will flash in the display.
- When miles are already selected, "km or mile" will flash in the display.



menu switch to confirm the selection.



TIP

- When kilometers are selected, "L/100km" or "km/L" can be set as the fuel consumption display units. Continue with step 4.
- When miles are selected, the fuel consumption display units will be set to "MPG". Skip to step 6.

4. Use the select switch to move from "km or mile" to "km/L or L/100km".
5. Push the menu switch, then use the select switch to toggle between "km/L" and "L/100km", and then push the menu switch to confirm the selection.
6. Use the select switch to highlight

Instrument and control functions

4

"**▲**", and then push the menu switch to return to the setting mode menu.



Selecting the display items

1. Use the select switch to highlight "Display".

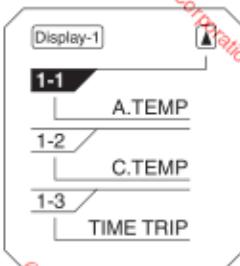


2. Push the menu switch, then use the select switch to highlight the display to change, and then push

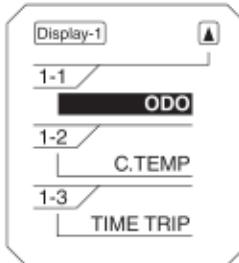
the menu switch again.



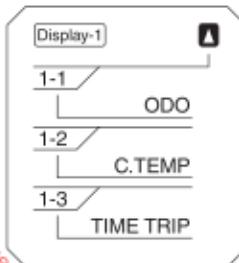
3. Use the select switch to highlight the item to change, and then push the menu switch.



4. Use the select switch to select the item you want to display, and then push the menu switch.



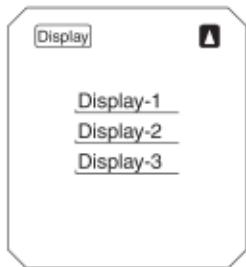
5. When you are finished changing the settings, use the select switch to highlight "**▲**", and then push the menu switch to return to the previous display.



6. Use the select switch to highlight "**▲**", and then push the menu switch to return to the setting mode menu.

Instrument and control functions

4



Adjusting the meter panel brightness

1. Use the select switch to highlight "Brightness".



2. Push the menu switch.
3. Use the select switch to select the desired brightness level, and then push the menu switch to return to the setting mode menu.

Setting the clock

1. Use the select switch to highlight "Clock".



2. Push the menu switch.
3. When the hour digits start flashing, use the select switch to set the hours.

4. Push the menu switch and the minute digits start flashing.
5. Use the select switch to set the minutes.
6. Push the menu switch to return to the setting mode menu.

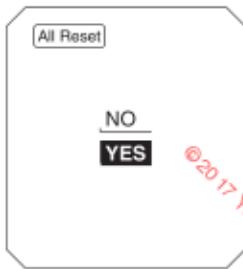
Resetting all of the display items

1. Use the select switch to highlight "All Reset".



EAU47634

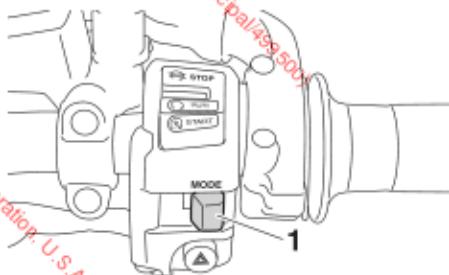
2. Push the menu switch.
3. Use the select switch to highlight "YES", and then push the menu switch.

**TIP**

The odometer and the clock cannot be reset.

D-mode (drive mode)

D-mode is an electronically controlled engine performance system with three mode selections ("STD", "A", and "B"). Push the drive mode switch "MODE" to switch between modes. (See page 4-17 for an explanation of the drive mode switch.)



1. Drive mode switch "MODE"

TIP

Before using D-mode, make sure you understand its operation along with the operation of the drive mode switch.

Mode "STD"

Mode "STD" is suitable for various riding conditions.

This mode allows the rider to enjoy smooth and sporty drivability from the low-speed range to the high-speed range.

Mode "A"

Mode "A" offers a sportier engine response in the low- to mid-speed range compared to mode "STD".

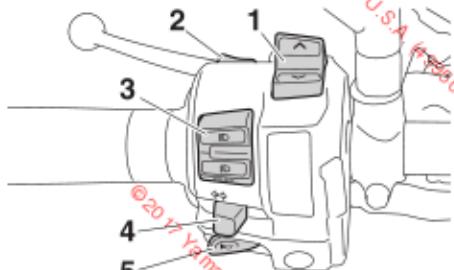
Mode "B"

Mode "B" offers response that is somewhat less sharp compared to mode "STD" for riding situations that require especially sensitive throttle operation.

Instrument and control functions

Handlebar switches

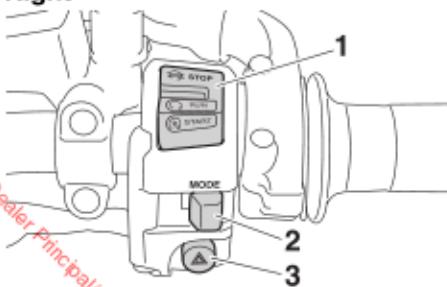
Left



1. Select switch "▲/▼"
2. Menu switch "MENU"
3. Dimmer/Pass switch "HIGH/LOW/PASS"
4. Turn signal switch "◀/▶"
5. Horn switch "HORN"

EAU1234M

Right



1. Stop/Run/Start switch "STOP/START"
2. Drive mode switch "MODE"
3. Hazard switch "▲"

lights, push the switch in after it has returned to the center position.

EAU12501

Horn switch "HORN"

Press this switch to sound the horn.

EAU54212

Stop/Run/Start switch "STOP/START"

To crank the engine with the starter, set this switch to "STOP", and then push the switch down towards "START". See page 6-1 for starting instructions prior to starting the engine.

Set this switch to "STOP" to stop the engine in case of an emergency, such as when the vehicle overturns or when the throttle cable is stuck.

EAU12735

Hazard switch "▲"

With the key in the "ON" or "PARK" position, use this switch to turn on the hazard lights (simultaneous flashing of all turn signal lights).

The hazard lights are used in case of an emergency or to warn other drivers when your vehicle is stopped where it might be a traffic hazard.

EAU12461

Turn signal switch "◀/▶"

To signal a right-hand turn, push this switch to "▶". To signal a left-hand turn, push this switch to "◀". When released, the switch returns to the center position. To cancel the turn signal

NOTICE

Do not use the hazard lights for an extended length of time with the engine not running, otherwise the battery may discharge.

EAU10062

Menu switch "MENU"

This switch is used to perform selections in the setting mode display of the multi-function meter unit.

See Multi-function meter unit on page 4-4 for detailed information.

EAU59011

Select switch "▲/▼"

This switch is used to perform selections in the information display and setting mode display of the multi-function meter unit.

See Multi-function meter unit on page 4-4 for detailed information.

EAU59001

Drive mode switch "MODE"

EAU77020

EWA15341

WARNING

Do not change the D-mode while the

vehicle is moving.

Using this switch changes the drive mode to "STD", "A", or "B" in the following order:

STD → A → B → STD

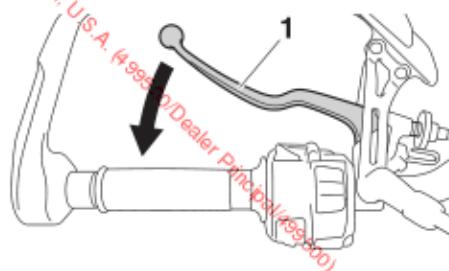
The throttle grip must be completely closed in order to change the drive mode. (See page 4-15 for an explanation of each drive mode.)

TIP

- The current drive mode is saved when the key is turned to "OFF".
- The selected mode is shown on the drive mode display. (See page 4-7.)

EAU12822

Clutch lever



1. Clutch lever

4

The clutch lever is located on the left side of the handlebar. To disengage the clutch, pull the lever toward the handlebar grip. To engage the clutch, release the lever. The lever should be pulled rapidly and released slowly for smooth clutch operation.

The clutch lever is equipped with a clutch switch, which is part of the ignition circuit cut-off system. (See page 4-35.)

Instrument and control functions

4

Shift pedal



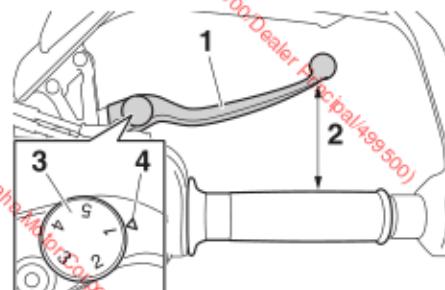
1. Shift pedal

The shift pedal is located on the left side of the motorcycle and is used in combination with the clutch lever when shifting the gears of the 6-speed constant-mesh transmission equipped on this motorcycle.

EAU12872

Brake lever

The brake lever is located on the right side of the handlebar. To apply the front brake, pull the lever toward the throttle grip.



1. Brake lever
2. Distance between brake lever and throttle grip
3. Brake lever position adjusting dial
4. "△" mark

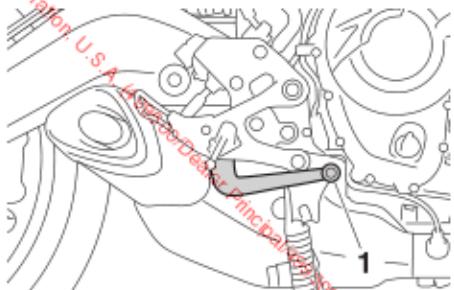
The brake lever is equipped with a brake lever position adjusting dial. To adjust the distance between the brake lever and the throttle grip, turn the adjusting dial while holding the lever pushed away from the throttle grip. Make sure that the appropriate setting on the adjusting dial is aligned with the

EAU26825

"△" mark on the brake lever.

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Brake pedal



1. Brake pedal

The brake pedal is located on the right side of the motorcycle. To apply the rear brake, press down on the brake pedal.

EAU12944

EAU63040

ABS

The Yamaha ABS (Anti-lock Brake System) features a dual electronic control system, which acts on the front and rear brakes independently.

Operate the brakes with ABS as you would conventional brakes. If the ABS is activated, a pulsating sensation may be felt at the brake lever or brake pedal. In this situation, continue to apply the brakes and let the ABS work; do not "pump" the brakes as this will reduce braking effectiveness.

EWA16051

WARNING

Always keep a sufficient distance from the vehicle ahead to match the riding speed even with ABS.

- The ABS performs best with long braking distances.
- On certain surfaces, such as rough or gravel roads, the braking distance may be longer with the ABS than without.

The ABS is monitored by an ECU, which will revert the system to conventional braking if a malfunction occurs.

TIP

- The ABS performs a self-diagnosis test each time the vehicle first starts off after the key is turned to "ON" and the vehicle has traveled at a speed of 10 km/h (6 mi/h) or higher. During this test, a "clicking" noise can be heard from the hydraulic control unit, and if the brake lever or brake pedal is even slightly applied, a vibration can be felt at the lever and pedal, but these do not indicate a malfunction.
- This ABS has a test mode which allows the owner to experience the pulsation at the brake lever or brake pedal when the ABS is operating. However, special tools are required, so please consult your Yamaha dealer.

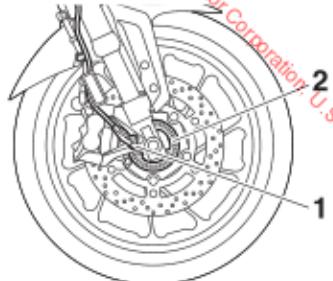
ECA20100

NOTICE

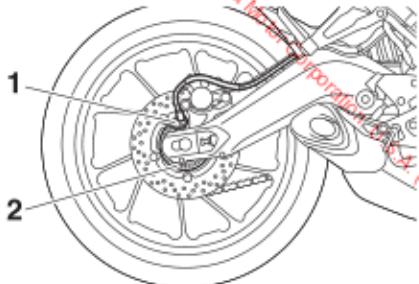
Be careful not to damage the wheel sensor or wheel sensor rotor; otherwise, improper performance of the ABS will result.

Instrument and control functions

4



1. Front wheel sensor
2. Front wheel sensor rotor



1. Rear wheel sensor
2. Rear wheel sensor rotor

EAU76313

Traction control system

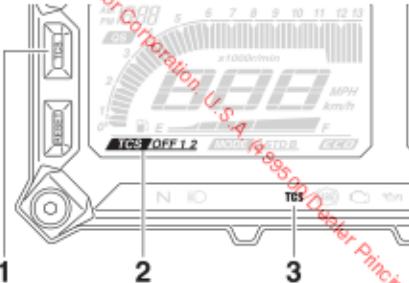
The traction control system (TCS) helps maintain traction when accelerating on slippery surfaces, such as unpaved or wet roads. If sensors detect that the rear wheel is starting to slip (uncontrolled spinning), the traction control system assists by regulating engine power as needed until traction is restored.

EWA15432



WARNING

The traction control system is not a substitute for riding appropriately for the conditions. Traction control cannot prevent loss of traction due to excessive speed when entering turns, when accelerating hard at a sharp lean angle, or while braking, and cannot prevent front wheel slipping. As with any motorcycle, approach surfaces that may be slippery with caution and avoid especially slippery surfaces.



1. "TCS" button
2. TCS display
3. Traction control system indicator light "TCS"

The "TCS" indicator light flashes when traction control has engaged. You may notice slight changes in engine and exhaust sounds when the system has engaged.

When the traction control system has been set to "OFF", the "TCS" indicator light will come on.

The TCS display indicates the current TCS setting. There are three settings.

TCS "OFF"

TCS "OFF" turns the traction control system off.

Instrument and control functions

TCS "1"

TCS "1" minimizes traction control system assist.

TCS "2"

TCS "2" maximizes traction control assist; wheel spin is most strongly controlled.

TIP

- When the key is turned to "ON", traction control is turned on and set to "1" or "2" (whichever was last selected).
- Turn the traction control system off to help free the rear wheel if the vehicle gets stuck in mud, sand, or other soft surfaces.

ECA16801

NOTICE

Use only the specified tires. (See page 7-18.) Using different sized tires will prevent the traction control system from controlling tire rotation accurately.

Setting the traction control system

EWA15441

WARNING

Be sure to stop the vehicle before making any setting changes to the traction control system. Changing settings while riding can distract the operator and increase the risk of an accident.

TCS settings can be changed only when the vehicle is stopped and the throttle closed.

- Push the "TCS" button to change between TCS settings "1" and "2".
- Push the button for two seconds to turn the traction control system off.
- Push the button again to turn traction control back on (TCS will return to the previous setting).

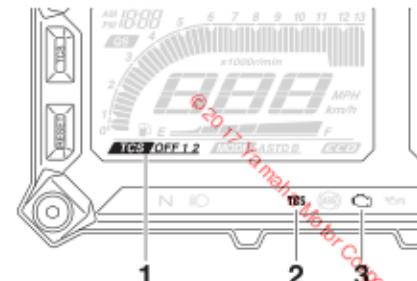
Resetting the traction control system

The traction control system will automatically disable when:

- the front wheel or rear wheel comes off the ground while riding.
- excessive rear wheel spin is detected while riding.

- either wheel is rotated with the key turned to "ON" (such as when performing maintenance).

If the traction control system is disabled, both the "tcs" indicator light and the " " warning light will come on.



1. TCS display
2. Traction control system indicator light "Tcs"
3. Engine trouble warning light "

Should this occur, try resetting the system as follows.

1. Stop the vehicle and turn the key to "OFF".
2. Wait a few seconds and then turn the key back to "ON".
3. The "tcs" indicator light should turn off and the system be enabled.

Instrument and control functions

TIP

If the "tcs" indicator light remains on after resetting, the vehicle may still be ridden; however, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle as soon as possible.

4. Have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle and turn off the " " warning light.

Fuel tank cap

EAU13075



1. Unlock.
2. Fuel tank cap lock cover

To open the fuel tank cap

Open the fuel tank cap lock cover, insert the key into the lock, and then turn it 1/4 turn clockwise. The lock will be released and the fuel tank cap can be opened.

To close the fuel tank cap

1. Push the fuel tank cap into position with the key inserted in the lock.
2. Turn the key counterclockwise to the original position, remove it, and then close the lock cover.

TIP

The fuel tank cap cannot be closed unless the key is in the lock. In addition, the key cannot be removed if the cap is not properly closed and locked.

WARNING

Make sure that the fuel tank cap is properly closed after filling fuel. Leaking fuel is a fire hazard.

EWA11082

Fuel

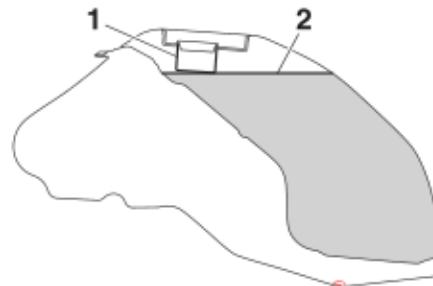
Make sure there is sufficient gasoline in the tank.

WARNING

Gasoline and gasoline vapors are extremely flammable. To avoid fires and explosions and to reduce the risk of injury when refueling, follow these instructions.

1. Before refueling, turn off the engine and be sure that no one is sitting on the vehicle. Never refuel while smoking, or while in the vicinity of sparks, open flames, or other sources of ignition such as the pilot lights of water heaters and clothes dryers.
2. Do not overfill the fuel tank. When refueling, be sure to insert the pump nozzle into the fuel tank filler hole. Stop filling when the fuel reaches the bottom of the filler tube. Because fuel expands when it heats up, heat from the engine or the sun can cause fuel to spill out of the fuel tank.

EAU13222



EWA10882

1. Fuel tank filler tube
2. Maximum fuel level
3. Wipe up any spilled fuel immediately. **NOTICE:** Immediately wipe off spilled fuel with a clean, dry, soft cloth, since fuel may deteriorate painted surfaces or plastic parts. [ECA10072]
4. Be sure to securely close the fuel tank cap.

EWA15152

WARNING

Gasoline is poisonous and can cause injury or death. Handle gasoline with care. Never siphon gasoline by mouth. If you should swallow some gasoline or inhale a lot of gasoline vapor, or get some gasoline in

your eyes, see your doctor immediately. If gasoline spills on your skin, wash with soap and water. If gasoline spills on your clothing, change your clothes.

EAU46104

4

Recommended fuel:

Premium unleaded gasoline (Gasohol [E10] acceptable)

Fuel tank capacity:

18 L (4.8 US gal, 4.0 Imp.gal)

Fuel reserve amount:

2.6 L (0.69 US gal, 0.57 Imp.gal)

ECA11401

NOTICE

Use only unleaded gasoline. The use of leaded gasoline will cause severe damage to internal engine parts, such as the valves and piston rings, as well as to the exhaust system.

Your Yamaha engine has been designed to use premium unleaded gasoline with a pump octane number [(R+M)/2] of 91 or higher, or a research octane number of 95 or higher. If knocking (or pinging) occurs, use a

Instrument and control functions

gasoline of a different brand. Use of unleaded fuel will extend spark plug life and reduce maintenance costs.

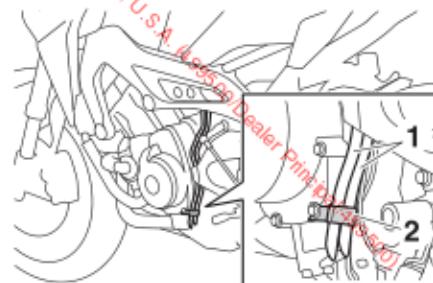
Gasohol

There are two types of gasohol: gasohol containing ethanol and that containing methanol. Gasohol containing ethanol can be used if the ethanol content does not exceed 10% (E10). Gasohol containing methanol is not recommended by Yamaha because it can cause damage to the fuel system or vehicle performance problems.

4

Fuel tank breather hose and overflow hose

EAU51182



1. Fuel tank breather hose and overflow hose
2. Clamp

TIP

For California: See page 7-11 for breather hose information.

Before operating the motorcycle:

- Check each hose connection.
- Check each hose for cracks or damage, and replace if necessary.
- Make sure that the end of each hose is not blocked, and clean if necessary.
- Make sure that each hose is routed through the clamp.

Catalytic converter

This model is equipped with a catalytic converter in the exhaust system.

EAU13434

WARNING

The exhaust system is hot after operation. To prevent a fire hazard or burns:

- Do not park the vehicle near possible fire hazards such as grass or other materials that easily burn.
- Park the vehicle in a place where pedestrians or children are not likely to touch the hot exhaust system.
- Make sure that the exhaust system has cooled down before doing any maintenance work.
- Do not allow the engine to idle more than a few minutes. Long idling can cause a build-up of heat.

EWA10863

NOTICE

Use only unleaded gasoline. The use of leaded gasoline will cause unre-

ECA10702

Instrument and control functions

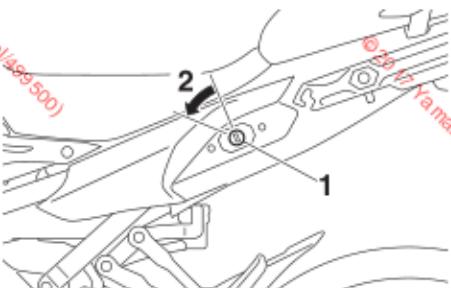
pairable damage to the catalytic converter.

Seats

Passenger seat

To remove the passenger seat

1. Insert the key into the seat lock, and then turn it counterclockwise.

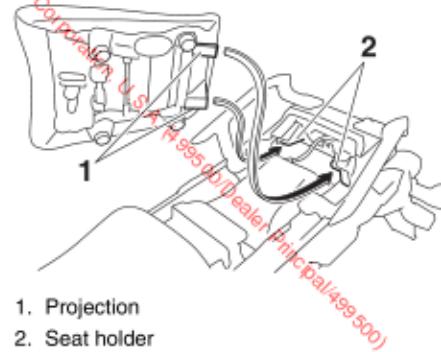


1. Seat lock
2. Unlock.

2. Lift the front of the passenger seat and pull it forward.

To install the passenger seat

1. Insert the projections on the rear of the passenger seat into the seat holders as shown, and then push the front of the seat down to lock it in place.



1. Projection
2. Seat holder

2. Remove the key.

Rider seat

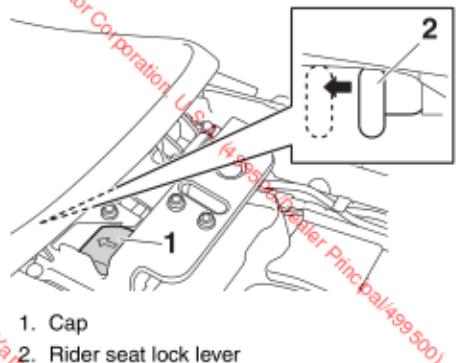
To remove the rider seat

1. Remove the passenger seat.
2. Remove the cap, then push the rider seat lock lever, located under the back of the rider seat, to the left as shown, and then pull the seat off.

Instrument and control functions

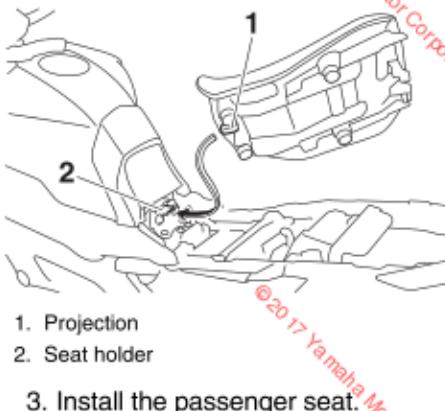
EAU63050

4



To install the rider seat

1. Install the cap with the arrow mark facing forward.
2. Insert the projection on the front of the rider seat into the seat holder as shown, and then push the rear of the seat down to lock it in place.



3. Install the passenger seat.

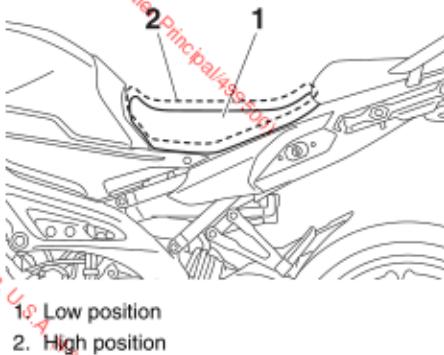
TIP

- Make sure that the seats are properly secured before riding.
- The rider seat height can be adjusted to change the riding position. (See the following section.)

Adjusting the rider seat height

The rider seat height can be adjusted to one of two positions to suit the rider's preference.

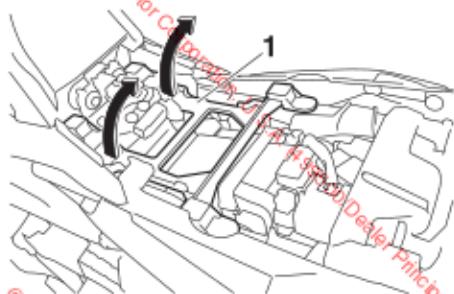
The rider seat height was adjusted to the lower position at delivery.



To change the rider seat height to the high position

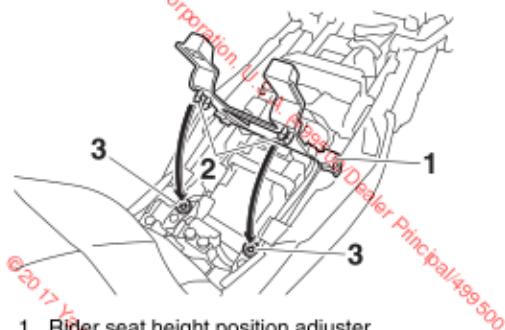
1. Remove the passenger seat and rider seat. (See page 4-25.)
2. Remove the rider seat height position adjuster by pulling it upward.

Instrument and control functions



1. Rider seat height position adjuster

3. Install the rider seat height position adjuster by inserting the front projections into the grommets.



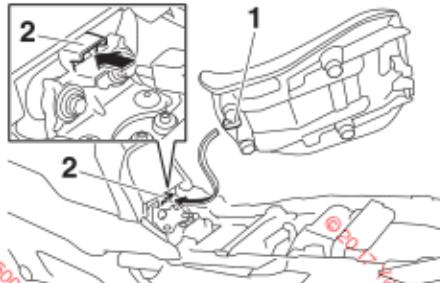
1. Rider seat height position adjuster

2. Projection

3. Grommet

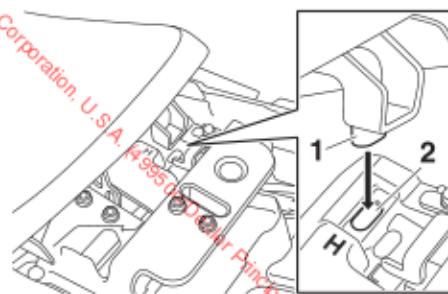
4. Insert the projection on the front of

the rider seat into seat holder B as shown.



1. Projection
2. Seat holder B (for high position)

5. Align the projection on the bottom of the rider seat with the "H" position slot, and then push the rear of the seat down to lock it in place as shown.



1. Projection
2. "H" position slot

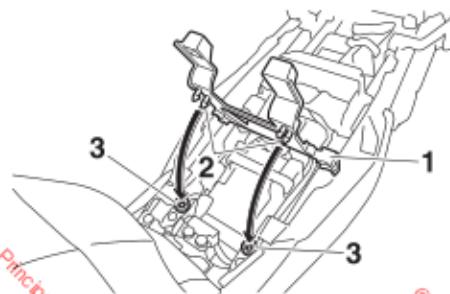
6. Install the passenger seat.

To change the rider seat height to the low position

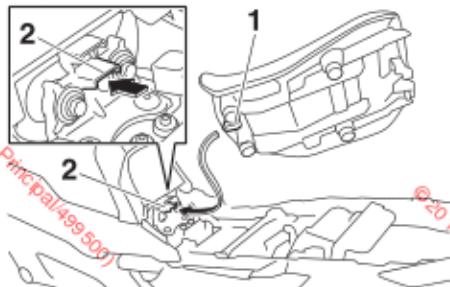
1. Remove the passenger seat and rider seat. (See page 4-25.)
2. Remove the rider seat height position adjuster by pulling it upward.
3. Install the rider seat height position adjuster by inserting the rear projections into the grommets.

Instrument and control functions

4

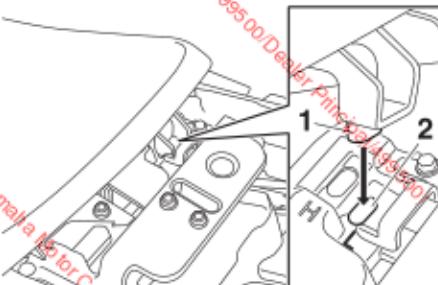


1. Rider seat height position adjuster
2. Projection
3. Grommet
4. Insert the projection on the front of the rider seat into seat holder A as shown.



1. Projection
2. Seat holder A (for low position)

5. Align the projection on the bottom of the rider seat with the "L" position slot, and then push the rear of the seat down to lock it in place as shown.



1. Projection
2. "L" position slot
6. Install the passenger seat.

TIP

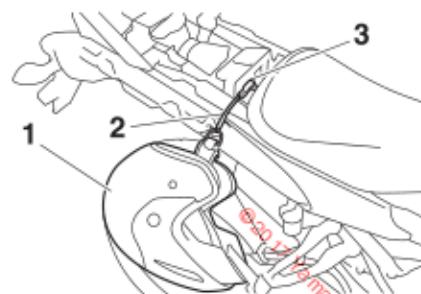
Make sure that the seats are properly secured before riding.

Helmet holder

The helmet holder is located under the passenger seat. A helmet holding cable is provided in the owner's tool kit to secure a helmet to the helmet holder.

To secure a helmet to the helmet holder

1. Remove the passenger seat. (See page 4-25.)
2. Pass the helmet holding cable through the buckle on the helmet strap as shown, and then hook the cable loops over the helmet holder.



1. Helmet
2. Helmet holding cable
3. Helmet holder

3. Place the helmet on the right side of the vehicle, and then install the seat. **WARNING!** Never ride with a helmet attached to the helmet holder, since the helmet may hit objects, causing loss of control and possibly an accident. [EWA10182]

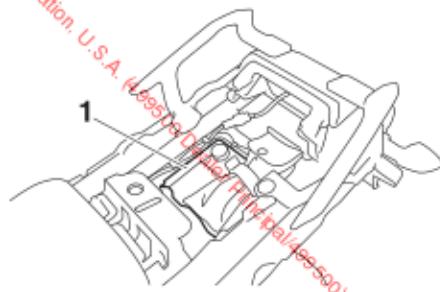
To release the helmet from the helmet holder

Remove the passenger seat, remove the helmet holding cable from the helmet holder and the helmet, and then install the seat.

EAU14465

hicle.

Storage compartment



1. Storage compartment

The storage compartment is located under the passenger seat. (See page 4-25.)

When storing documents or other items in the storage compartment, be sure to wrap them in a plastic bag so that they will not get wet. When washing the vehicle, be careful not to let any water enter the storage compartment.

EWA10962

! WARNING

- Do not exceed the load limit of 3 kg (7 lb) for the storage compartment.
- Do not exceed the maximum load of 180 kg (397 lb) for the ve-

Instrument and control functions

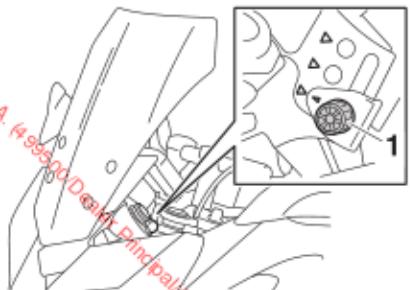
EAU6307D

Windshield

To suit the rider's preference, the windshield can be changed to one of three positions.

To adjust the windshield height

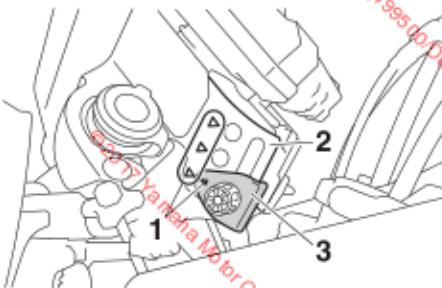
1. Loosen the windshield height position adjusting knob on each side of the windshield until resistance is felt. **NOTICE:** Do not continue turning the knob after resistance is felt. Otherwise, the knob could be damaged.^[ECA20211]



1. Windshield height position adjusting knob
2. Align the slide plate holder on the left side of the windshield with the match mark at the desired position.

TIP

Make sure that the projection on the slide plate holder fits into the corresponding hole in the slide plate.



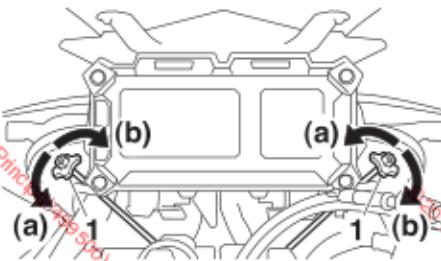
1. Match mark
 2. Slide plate
 3. Slide plate holder
3. Tighten the adjusting knobs.

EAU39612

Adjusting the headlight beams

The headlight beam adjusting knobs are used to raise or lower the height of the headlight beams. It may be necessary to adjust the headlight beams to increase visibility and help prevent blinding oncoming drivers when carrying more or less load than usual. Obey local laws and regulations when adjusting the headlights.

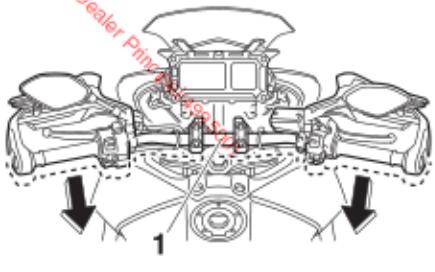
To raise the headlight beams, turn the knobs in direction (a). To lower the headlight beams, turn the knobs in direction (b).



1. Headlight beam adjusting knob

Handlebar position

The handlebar can be adjusted to one of two positions to suit the rider's preference. Have a Yamaha dealer adjust the position of the handlebar.



1. Handlebar

EAU46833

Adjusting the front fork

WARNING

Always adjust the spring preload on both fork legs equally, otherwise poor handling and loss of stability may result.

Each front fork leg is equipped with a spring preload adjusting bolt. The right front fork leg is equipped with a rebound damping force adjusting screw.

ECA10102

NOTICE

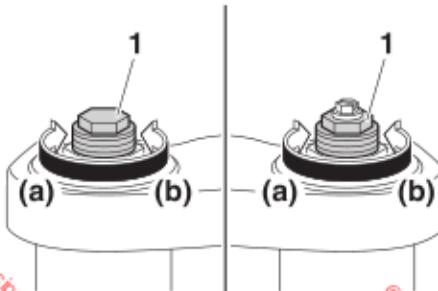
To avoid damaging the mechanism, do not attempt to turn beyond the maximum or minimum settings.

Spring preload

To increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, turn the adjusting bolt on each fork leg in direction (a). To decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension, turn the adjusting bolt on each fork leg in direction (b).

EAU62451

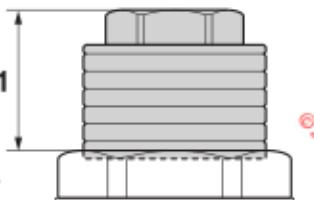
EWA14671



1. Spring preload adjusting bolt

4

The spring preload setting is determined by measuring distance A, shown in the illustration. The shorter distance A is, the higher the spring preload; the longer distance A is, the lower the spring preload.



1. Distance A

Instrument and control functions

4

Spring preload setting:

Minimum (soft):

Distance A = 19.0 mm (0.75 in)

Standard:

Distance A = 16.0 mm (0.63 in)

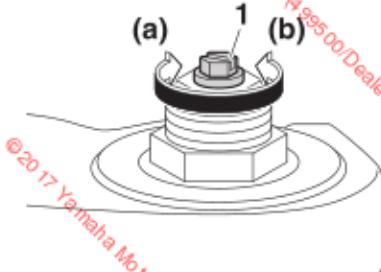
Maximum (hard):

Distance A = 4.0 mm (0.16 in)

Rebound damping force

The rebound damping force is adjusted on the right front fork leg only.

To increase the rebound damping force and thereby harden the rebound damping, turn the adjusting screw in direction (a). To decrease the rebound damping force and thereby soften the rebound damping, turn the adjusting screw in direction (b).



1. Rebound damping force adjusting screw

Rebound damping setting:

Minimum (soft):

12 click(s) in direction (b)*

Standard:

7 click(s) in direction (b)*

Maximum (hard):

1 click(s) in direction (b)*

* With the adjusting screw fully turned in direction (a)

TIP

- Although the total number of clicks of a damping force adjusting mechanism may not exactly match the above specifications due to small differences in production, the actual number of clicks always represents the entire adjusting range. To obtain a precise adjustment, check the number of clicks of each damping force adjusting mechanism and to modify the specifications as necessary.
- When turning a damping force adjuster in direction (a), the 0 click position and the 1 click position may be the same.

EAU57940

Adjusting the shock absorber assembly

This shock absorber assembly is equipped with a spring preload adjusting ring and a rebound damping force adjusting screw.

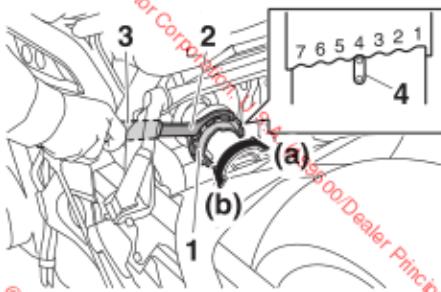
ECA10102

NOTICE

To avoid damaging the mechanism, do not attempt to turn beyond the maximum or minimum settings.

Spring preload

To increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, turn the adjusting ring in direction (a). To decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension, turn the adjusting ring in direction (b).



1. Spring preload adjusting ring
2. Special wrench
3. Extension bar
4. Position indicator

- Align the appropriate notch in the adjusting ring with the position indicator on the shock absorber.
- Use the special wrench and the extension bar included in the owner's tool kit to make the adjustment.

Spring preload setting:

Minimum (soft):

1

Standard:

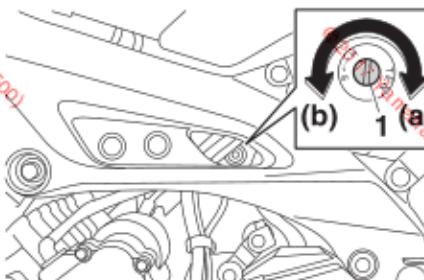
4

Maximum (hard):

7

Rebound damping force

To increase the rebound damping force and thereby harden the rebound damping, turn the adjusting screw in direction (a). To decrease the rebound damping force and thereby soften the rebound damping, turn the adjusting screw in direction (b).



1. Rebound damping force adjusting screw

Rebound damping setting:

Minimum (soft):

3 turn(s) in direction (b)*

Standard:

1 1/2 turn(s) in direction (b)*

Maximum (hard):

Adjusting screw fully turned in direction (a)

* With the adjusting screw fully turned in direction (a)

TIP

To obtain a precise adjustment, it is advisable to check the actual total number of turns of the damping force adjusting mechanism. This adjustment range may not exactly match the specifications listed due to small differences in production.

EWA10222

WARNING

This shock absorber assembly contains highly pressurized nitrogen gas. Read and understand the following information before handling the shock absorber assembly.

- Do not tamper with or attempt to open the cylinder assembly.
- Do not subject the shock absorber assembly to an open flame or other high heat source. This may cause the unit to explode due to excessive gas pressure.
- Do not deform or damage the cylinder in any way. Cylinder damage will result in poor damping performance.
- Do not dispose of a damaged or

Instrument and control functions

worn-out shock absorber assembly yourself. Take the shock absorber assembly to a Yamaha dealer for any service.

4

EAU63080

EAU15306

Luggage strap holders



1. Luggage strap holder

There are ten luggage strap holders, eight below the passenger seat and one on each passenger footrest.

Sidestand

The sidestand is located on the left side of the frame. Raise the sidestand or lower it with your foot while holding the vehicle upright.

TIP

The built-in sidestand switch is part of the ignition circuit cut-off system, which cuts the ignition in certain situations. (See the following section for an explanation of the ignition circuit cut-off system.)

EWA10242

WARNING

The vehicle must not be ridden with the sidestand down, or if the sidestand cannot be properly moved up (or does not stay up), otherwise the sidestand could contact the ground and distract the operator, resulting in a possible loss of control. Yamaha's ignition circuit cut-off system has been designed to assist the operator in fulfilling the responsibility of raising the sidestand before starting off. Therefore, check this system regularly and have a

Yamaha dealer repair it if it does not function properly.

EAU54491

Ignition circuit cut-off system

The ignition circuit cut-off system (comprising the sidestand switch, clutch switch and neutral switch) has the following functions.

- It prevents starting when the transmission is in gear and the sidestand is up, but the clutch lever is not pulled.
- It prevents starting when the transmission is in gear and the clutch lever is pulled, but the sidestand is still down.
- It cuts the running engine when the transmission is in gear and the sidestand is moved down.

Periodically check the operation of the ignition circuit cut-off system according to the following procedure.

Instrument and control functions

4

With the engine turned off:

1. Move the sidestand down.
2. Make sure that the start/engine stop switch is set to "O".
3. Turn the key on.
4. Shift the transmission into the neutral position.
5. Push the "S" side of the start/engine stop switch.

Does the engine start?

YES

NO

With the engine still running:

6. Move the sidestand up.
7. Keep the clutch lever pulled.
8. Shift the transmission into gear.
9. Move the sidestand down.

Does the engine stall?

YES

NO

After the engine has stalled:

10. Move the sidestand up.
11. Keep the clutch lever pulled.
12. Push the "S" side of the start/engine stop switch.

Does the engine start?

YES

NO

The system is OK. The motorcycle can be ridden.

WARNING

- The vehicle must be placed on the center-stand during this inspection.
- If a malfunction is noted, have a Yamaha dealer check the system before riding.

The neutral switch may not be working correctly.
The motorcycle should not be ridden until checked by a Yamaha dealer.

The sidestand switch may not be working correctly.
The motorcycle should not be ridden until checked by a Yamaha dealer.

The clutch switch may not be working correctly.
The motorcycle should not be ridden until checked by a Yamaha dealer.

Auxiliary DC jack

! WARNING

To prevent electrical shock or short-circuiting, make sure that the cap is installed when the auxiliary DC jack is not being used.

NOTICE

The accessory connected to the auxiliary DC jack should not be used with the engine turned off, and the load must never exceed 24 W (2 A), otherwise the fuse may blow or the battery may discharge.

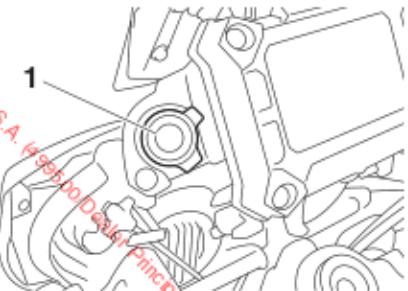
This vehicle is equipped with an auxiliary DC jack.

A 12-V accessory connected to the auxiliary DC jack can be used when the key is in the "ON" position and should only be used when the engine is running.

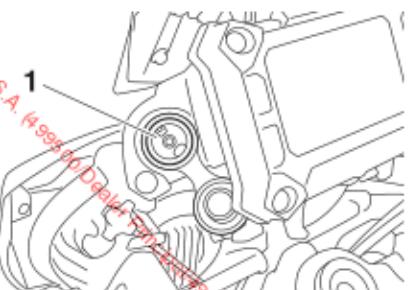
To use the auxiliary DC jack

1. Turn the key to "OFF".
2. Remove the auxiliary DC jack cap.

EAU09453
EWA14361



1. Auxiliary DC jack cap
3. Turn the accessory off.
4. Insert the accessory plug into the auxiliary DC jack.



1. Auxiliary DC jack
5. Turn the key to "ON", and then start the engine. (See page 6-1.)
6. Turn the accessory on.

EAU70641

Auxiliary DC connector

This vehicle is equipped with an auxiliary DC connector. Consult your Yamaha dealer before installing any accessories.

For your safety – pre-operation checks

EWA11152

Inspect your vehicle each time you use it to make sure the vehicle is in safe operating condition. Always follow the inspection and maintenance procedures and schedules described in the Owner's Manual.

EWA11152

WARNING

Failure to inspect or maintain the vehicle properly increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage. Do not operate the vehicle if you find any problem. If a problem cannot be corrected by the procedures provided in this manual, have the vehicle inspected by a Yamaha dealer.

5

Before using this vehicle, check the following points:

| ITEM | CHECKS | PAGE |
|-------------|---|------------|
| Fuel | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check fuel level in fuel tank.Refuel if necessary.Check fuel line for leakage.Check fuel tank breather hose and overflow hose for obstructions, cracks or damage, and check hose connections. | 4-23, 4-24 |
| Engine oil | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check oil level in engine.If necessary, add recommended oil to specified level.Check vehicle for oil leakage. | 7-11 |
| Coolant | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check coolant level in reservoir.If necessary, add recommended coolant to specified level.Check cooling system for leakage. | 7-14 |
| Front brake | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check operation.If soft or spongy, have Yamaha dealer bleed hydraulic system.Check brake pads for wear.Replace if necessary.Check fluid level in reservoir.If necessary, add specified brake fluid to specified level.Check hydraulic system for leakage. | 7-22, 7-23 |

For your safety – pre-operation checks

| ITEM | CHECKS | PAGE |
|-------------------------|---|------------|
| Rear brake | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check operation.If soft or spongy, have Yamaha dealer bleed hydraulic system.Check brake pads for wear.Replace if necessary.Check fluid level in reservoir.If necessary, add specified brake fluid to specified level.Check hydraulic system for leakage. | 7-22, 7-23 |
| Clutch | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check operation.Lubricate cable if necessary.Check lever free play.Adjust if necessary. | 7-21 |
| Throttle grip | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Make sure that operation is smooth.Check throttle grip free play.If necessary, have Yamaha dealer adjust throttle grip free play and lubricate cable and grip housing. | 7-17, 7-27 |
| Control cables | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Make sure that operation is smooth.Lubricate if necessary. | 7-27 |
| Drive chain | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check chain slack.Adjust if necessary.Check chain condition.Lubricate if necessary. | 7-25, 7-26 |
| Wheels and tires | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check for damage.Check tire condition and tread depth.Check air pressure.Correct if necessary. | 7-18, 7-20 |
| Brake and shift pedals | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Make sure that operation is smooth.Lubricate pedal pivoting points if necessary. | 7-28 |
| Brake and clutch levers | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Make sure that operation is smooth.Lubricate lever pivoting points if necessary. | 7-28 |
| Centerstand, sidestand | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Make sure that operation is smooth.Lubricate pivots if necessary. | 7-29 |
| Chassis fasteners | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Make sure that all nuts, bolts and screws are properly tightened.Tighten if necessary. | — |

For your safety – pre-operation checks

| ITEM | CHECKS | PAGE |
|--|---|------|
| Instruments, lights, signals and switches | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation.• Correct if necessary. | — |
| Sidestand switch | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check operation of ignition circuit cut-off system.• If system is not working correctly, have Yamaha dealer check vehicle. | 4-34 |

Operation and important riding points

EAU15962

EAU3631

EAU74740

Read the Owner's Manual carefully to become familiar with all controls. If there is a control or function you do not understand, ask your Yamaha dealer.

EWA10272

WARNING

Failure to familiarize yourself with the controls can lead to loss of control, which could cause an accident or injury.

TIP

This model is equipped with:

- a lean angle sensor to stop the engine in case of a turnover. In this case, the engine trouble warning light will come on, but this is not a malfunction. Turn the key to "OFF" and then to "ON" to turn off the warning light. Failing to do so will prevent the engine from starting even though the engine will crank when pushing the start switch.
- an engine auto-stop system. The engine stops automatically if left idling for 20 minutes. If the engine stops, simply push the start switch to restart the engine.

Starting the engine

In order for the ignition circuit cut-off system to enable starting, one of the following conditions must be met:

- The transmission is in the neutral position.
- The transmission is in gear with the clutch lever pulled and the sidestand up.
See page 4-35 for more information.

1. Turn the key to "ON" and make sure that the start/engine stop switch is set to "○".

The following warning lights and indicator light should come on for a few seconds, then go off.

- Oil level warning light
- Coolant temperature warning light
- Engine trouble warning light

6

NOTICE

If the above warning lights or indicator light do not come on initially when the key is turned to "ON", or if a warning or indicator light remains on, see page 4-2 for the correspond-

Operation and important riding points

ing warning and indicator light circuit check.

The ABS warning light should come on when the key is turned to "ON" and then go off after traveling at a speed of 10 km/h (6 mi/h) or higher.

ECA17682

NOTICE

If the ABS warning light does not come on and then go off as explained above, see page 4-2 for the warning light circuit check.

6

- Shift the transmission into the neutral position. The neutral indicator light should come on. If not, ask a Yamaha dealer to check the electrical circuit.
- Start the engine by sliding the switch toward "④".

If the engine fails to start, release the start/engine stop switch, wait a few seconds, and then try again. Each starting attempt should be as short as possible to preserve the battery. Do not crank the engine more than 10 seconds on any one attempt.

ECA11043

NOTICE

For maximum engine life, never accelerate hard when the engine is cold!

EAU16673

Shifting



- Shift pedal
- Neutral position

Shifting gears lets you control the amount of engine power available for starting off, accelerating, climbing hills, etc.

The gear positions are shown in the illustration.

TIP

To shift the transmission into the neutral position, press the shift pedal down repeatedly until it reaches the end of its travel, and then slightly raise it.

Operation and important riding points

NOTICE

- Even with the transmission in the neutral position, do not coast for long periods of time with the engine off, and do not tow the motorcycle for long distances. The transmission is properly lubricated only when the engine is running. Inadequate lubrication may damage the transmission.
- Always use the clutch while changing gears to avoid damaging the engine, transmission, and drive train, which are not designed to withstand the shock of forced shifting.

ECA10261

To start out and accelerate

- Pull the clutch lever to disengage the clutch.
- Shift the transmission into first gear. The neutral indicator light should go out.
- Open the throttle gradually, and at the same time, release the clutch lever slowly.

EAU16682

- At the recommended shift points shown in the following table, close the throttle, and at the same time, quickly pull the clutch lever in.
- Shift the transmission into second gear. (Make sure not to shift the transmission into the neutral position.)
- Open the throttle part way and gradually release the clutch lever.
- Follow the same procedure when shifting to the next higher gear.

TIP

When shifting gears in normal operating conditions, use the recommended shift points.

To decelerate

- Release the throttle and apply both the front and the rear brakes smoothly to slow the motorcycle.
- At the recommended shift points shown in the following table, shift to a lower gear.
- When the motorcycle reaches 25 km/h (16 mph), the engine is about to stall or runs roughly, pull the

clutch lever in, use the brakes to slow the motorcycle, and continue to downshift as necessary.

- Once the motorcycle has stopped, the transmission can be shifted into the neutral position. The neutral indicator light should come on and then the clutch lever can be released.

EWA17380

WARNING

- Improper braking can cause loss of control or traction. Always use both brakes and apply them smoothly.
- Make sure that the motorcycle and the engine have sufficiently slowed before shifting to a lower gear. Engaging a lower gear when the vehicle or engine speed is too high could make the rear wheel lose traction or the engine to over-rev. This could cause loss of control, an accident and injury. It could also cause engine or drive train damage.

6

Operation and important riding points

EAU64150

Recommended shift points

The recommended shift points during acceleration and deceleration are shown in the table below.

Shift up points:

- 1st → 2nd: 20 km/h (12 mph)
- 2nd → 3rd: 30 km/h (19 mph)
- 3rd → 4th: 40 km/h (25 mph)
- 4th → 5th: 50 km/h (31 mph)
- 5th → 6th: 60 km/h (37 mph)

Shift down points:

- 6th → 5th: 45 km/h (28 mph)
- 5th → 4th: 35 km/h (22 mph)
- 4th → 3rd: 25 km/h (16 mph)

EAU16842

Engine break-in

There is never a more important period in the life of your engine than the period between 0 and 1600 km (1000 mi). For this reason, you should read the following material carefully.

Since the engine is brand new, do not put an excessive load on it for the first 1600 km (1000 mi). The various parts in the engine wear and polish themselves to the correct operating clearances. During this period, prolonged full-throttle operation or any condition that might result in engine overheating must be avoided.

r/min.

1600 km (1000 mi) and beyond

The vehicle can now be operated normally.

ECA23060

NOTICE

- Keep the engine speed out of the tachometer high-r/min zone.
- If any engine trouble should occur during the engine break-in period, immediately have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

EAU60230

0–1000 km (0–600 mi)

Avoid prolonged operation above 5600 r/min. **NOTICE:** After 1000 km (600 mi) of operation, the engine oil must be changed and the oil filter cartridge or element replaced. [ECA10303]

1000–1600 km (600–1000 mi)

Avoid prolonged operation above 6800

Operation and important riding points

Parking

When parking, stop the engine, and then remove the key from the main switch.

EAU17214

EWA10312

WARNING

- Since the engine and exhaust system can become very hot, park in a place where pedestrians or children are not likely to touch them and be burned.
- Do not park on a slope or on soft ground, otherwise the vehicle may overturn, increasing the risk of a fuel leak and fire.
- Do not park near grass or other flammable materials which might catch fire.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU17246

EWA15123

EAU17303

Periodic inspection, adjustment, and lubrication will keep your vehicle in the safest and most efficient condition possible. Safety is an obligation of the vehicle owner/operator. The most important points of vehicle inspection, adjustment, and lubrication are explained on the following pages.

The intervals given in the periodic maintenance charts should be simply considered as a general guide under normal riding conditions. However, depending on the weather, terrain, geographical location, and individual use, the maintenance intervals may need to be shortened.

7

EWA10322

EWA15461

WARNING

Turn off the engine when performing maintenance unless otherwise specified.

- A running engine has moving parts that can catch on body parts or clothing and electrical parts that can cause shocks or fires.
- Running the engine while servicing can lead to eye injury, burns, fire, or carbon monoxide poisoning – possibly leading to death. See page 2-2 for more information about carbon monoxide.

WARNING

Failure to properly maintain the vehicle or performing maintenance activities incorrectly may increase your risk of injury or death during service or while using the vehicle. If you are not familiar with vehicle service, have a Yamaha dealer perform service.

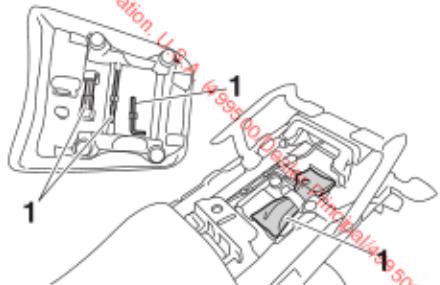
WARNING

Brake discs, calipers, drums, and linings can become very hot during use. To avoid possible burns, let brake components cool before touching them.

Emission controls not only function to ensure cleaner air, but are also vital to proper engine operation and maximum performance. In the following periodic maintenance charts, the services related to emissions control are grouped separately. These services require specialized data, knowledge, and equipment. Maintenance, replacement, or repair of the emission control devices and systems may be performed by any repair establishment or individual that is certified (if applicable). Yamaha dealers are trained and equipped to perform these particular services.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Owner's tool kit



Owner's tool kit

The owner's tool kit is located under the passenger seat. Some tools are also located on the bottom of the passenger seat. (See page 4-25.)

The service information included in this manual and the tools provided in the owner's tool kit are intended to assist you in the performance of preventive maintenance and minor repairs. However, additional tools such as a torque wrench may be necessary to perform certain maintenance work correctly.

TIP

If you do not have the tools or experience required for a particular job, have

a Yamaha dealer perform it for you.

EAU59910

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU48491

TIP

- From 24000 mi (37000 km) or 36 months, repeat the maintenance intervals starting from 8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months.
- Items marked with an asterisk require special tools, data and technical skills, have a Yamaha dealer perform the service.

EAU17602

Periodic maintenance chart for the emission control system

| No. | ITEM | ROUTINE | INITIAL | ODOMETER READINGS | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| | | | 600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month | 4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months | 8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months | 12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months | 16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months | 20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months | |
| 1 * | Fuel line | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check fuel hoses for cracks or damage.Replace if necessary. | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| 2 * | Spark plugs | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check condition.Adjust gap and clean.Replace. | | ✓ | | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| 3 * | Valve clearance | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check and adjust valve clearance when engine is cold. | | | Every 26600 mi (42000 km) | | | | |
| 4 * | Crankcase breather system | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check breather hose for cracks or damage.Replace if necessary. | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| 5 * | Fuel injection | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Adjust synchronization. | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| 6 * | Evaporative emission control system (for California only) | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check control system for damage.Replace if necessary. | | | | ✓ | | ✓ | |

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

| No. | ITEM | ROUTINE | INITIAL | ODOMETER READINGS | | | | |
|-----|----------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|
| | | | 600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month | 4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months | 8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months | 12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months | 16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months | 20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months |
| 7 | Air induction system | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check the air cut-off valve, reed valve, and hose for damage.Replace any damaged parts if necessary. | | | | 14,995.000 ✓ | | |

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU67551

General maintenance and lubrication chart

| No. | ITEM | ROUTINE | INITIAL | ODOMETER READINGS | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| | | | 600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month | 4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months | 8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months | 12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months | 16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months | 20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months | |
| 1 | Diagnostic system check | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Perform dynamic inspection using Yamaha diagnostic tool.Check the error codes. | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| 2 | Air filter element | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Replace. | | | Every 24000 mi (37000 km) | | | | |
| 3 | Clutch | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check operation.Adjust or replace cable. | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| 4 | Front brake | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check operation, fluid level, and for fluid leakage.Replace brake pads if necessary. | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| 5 | Rear brake | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check operation, fluid level, and for fluid leakage.Replace brake pads if necessary. | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| 6 | Brake hoses | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check for cracks or damage.Check for correct routing and clamping. | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| 7 | Brake fluid | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Replace. | | | Every 4 years | | | | |
| 8 | Wheels | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check runout and for damage.Replace if necessary. | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| 9 | Tires | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check tread depth and for damage.Replace if necessary.Check air pressure.Correct if necessary. | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| 10 | Wheel bearings | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Check bearings for smooth operation.Replace if necessary. | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

| No. | ITEM | ROUTINE | INITIAL | ODOMETER READINGS | | | | |
|------|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| | | | 600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month | 4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months | 8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months | 12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months | 16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months | 20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months |
| 11 * | Swingarm pivot bearings | • Check operation and for excessive play. | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | | • Moderately repack with lithium-soap-based grease. | | | Every 32000 mi (50000 km) | | | |
| 12 | Drive chain | • Check chain slack, alignment and condition. • Adjust and lubricate chain with a special O-ring chain lubricant thoroughly. | Every 500 mi (800 km) and after washing the motorcycle, riding in the rain or riding in wet areas | | | | | |
| 13 * | Steering bearings | • Check bearing assemblies for looseness. | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | | • Moderately repack with lithium-soap-based grease. | Every 12000 mi (19000 km) | | | | | |
| 14 * | Chassis fasteners | • Check all chassis fitting and fasteners. • Correct if necessary. | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 15 | Brake lever pivot shaft | • Apply silicone grease lightly. | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 16 | Brake pedal pivot shaft | • Apply lithium-soap-based grease lightly. | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 17 | Clutch lever pivot shaft | • Apply lithium-soap-based grease lightly. | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 18 | Shift pedal pivot shaft | • Apply lithium-soap-based grease lightly. | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 19 * | Centerstand and sidestand pivots | • Check operation. • Apply lithium-soap-based grease lightly. | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| | | • Check operation and replace if necessary. | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 20 * | Sidestand switch | • Check operation and replace if necessary. | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

| No. | ITEM | ROUTINE | INITIAL | ODOMETER READINGS | | | | |
|------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|
| | | | 600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month | 4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months | 8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months | 12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months | 16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months | 20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months |
| 21 * | Front fork | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check operation and for oil leakage. Replace if necessary. | | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| 22 * | Shock absorber assembly | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check operation and for oil leakage. Replace if necessary. | | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| 23 * | Rear suspension link pivots | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check operation. Correct if necessary. | | | √ | | √ | √ |
| 24 | Engine oil | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change (warm engine before draining). | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| 25 | Engine oil filter cartridge | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace. | √ | | √ | | √ | √ |
| 26 * | Cooling system | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check hoses for cracks or damage. Replace if necessary. Change coolant. | | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| 27 * | Front and rear brake switches | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check operation. | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| 28 * | Control cables | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Apply Yamaha cable lubricant or other suitable cable lubricant thoroughly. | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| 29 * | Throttle grip | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check operation. Check throttle grip free play, and adjust if necessary. Lubricate cable and grip housing. | | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| 30 * | Lights, signals and switches | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check operation. Adjust headlight beam. | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ |

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU17651

TIP

- Air filter
 - This model's air filter is equipped with a disposable oil-coated paper element, which must not be cleaned with compressed air to avoid damaging it.
 - The air filter element needs to be replaced more frequently when riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.
- Hydraulic brake service
 - After disassembling the brake master cylinders and calipers, always change the fluid. Regularly check the brake fluid levels and fill the reservoirs as required.
 - Every two years replace the internal components of the brake master cylinders and calipers, and change the brake fluid.
 - Replace the brake hoses every four years and if cracked or damaged.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

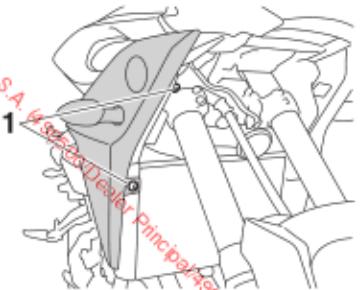
Removing and installing the panel

The panel shown needs to be removed to perform some of the maintenance jobs described in this chapter. Refer to this section each time the panel needs to be removed and installed.

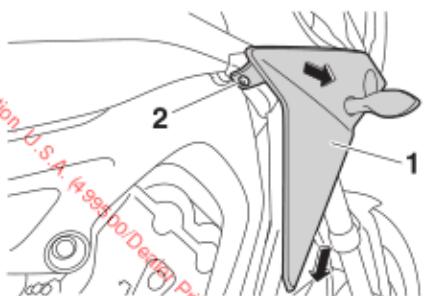


1. Panel A

shown.



1. Quick fastener screw

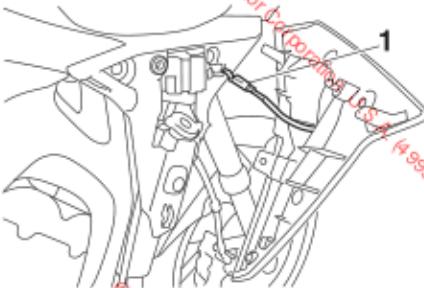


1. Panel A
2. Quick fastener screw
2. Disconnect the turn signal light lead coupler.

Panel A

To remove the panel

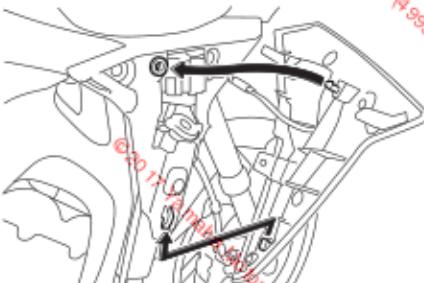
1. Remove the quick fastener screws, and then pull the panel outward and slide it downward as



1. Turn signal light lead coupler

To install the panel

1. Connect the turn signal light lead coupler.
2. Place the panel in the original position, and then install the quick fastener screws.



Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU19653

Checking the spark plugs

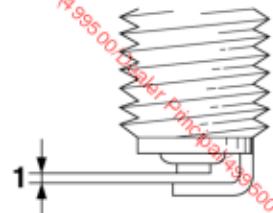
The spark plugs are important engine components, which should be checked periodically, preferably by a Yamaha dealer. Since heat and deposits will cause any spark plug to slowly erode, they should be removed and checked in accordance with the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. In addition, the condition of the spark plugs can reveal the condition of the engine.

The porcelain insulator around the center electrode of each spark plug should be a medium-to-light tan (the ideal color when the vehicle is ridden normally), and all spark plugs installed in the engine should have the same color. If any spark plug shows a distinctly different color, the engine could be operating improperly. Do not attempt to diagnose such problems yourself. Instead, have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

If a spark plug shows signs of electrode erosion and excessive carbon or other deposits, it should be replaced.

Specified spark plug:
NGK/CPR9EA9

Before installing a spark plug, the spark plug gap should be measured with a wire thickness gauge and, if necessary, adjusted to specification.



1: Spark plug gap

Spark plug gap:
0.8–0.9 mm (0.031–0.035 in)

Clean the surface of the spark plug gasket and its mating surface, and then wipe off any grime from the spark plug threads.

Tightening torque:
Spark plug:
13 N·m (1.3 kgf·m, 9.4 lb·ft)

TIP
If a torque wrench is not available when

installing a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4–1/2 turn past finger tight. However, the spark plug should be tightened to the specified torque as soon as possible.

ECA10841

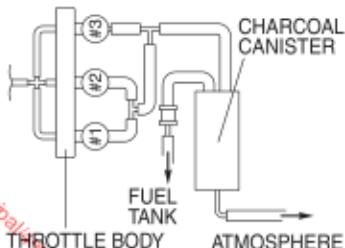
NOTICE

Do not use any tools to remove or install the spark plug cap, otherwise the ignition coil coupler may get damaged. The spark plug cap may be difficult to remove because the rubber seal on the end of the cap fits tightly. To remove the spark plug cap, simply twist it back and forth while pulling it out; to install it, twist it back and forth while pushing it in.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Canister (for California)

EAU19683



This model is equipped with a canister to prevent the discharging of fuel vapor into the atmosphere. Before operating this vehicle, make sure to check the following:

- Check each hose connection.
- Check each hose and canister for cracks or damage. Replace if damaged.
- Make sure that the canister breather is not blocked, and if necessary, clean it.

Engine oil and oil filter cartridge

EAU19878

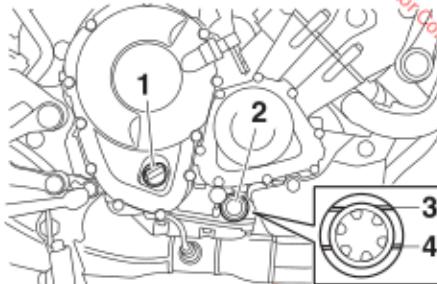
The engine oil level should be checked before each ride. In addition, the oil must be changed and the oil filter cartridge replaced at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

To check the engine oil level

1. Place the vehicle on the center stand. A slight tilt to the side can result in a false reading.
2. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
3. Wait a few minutes until the oil settles, and then check the oil level through the engine oil level check window located at the bottom-right side of the crankcase.

TIP

The engine oil should be between the minimum and maximum level marks.



1. Engine oil filler cap
 2. Engine oil level check window
 3. Maximum level mark
 4. Minimum level mark
4. If the engine oil is below the minimum level mark, add sufficient oil of the recommended type to raise it to the correct level.

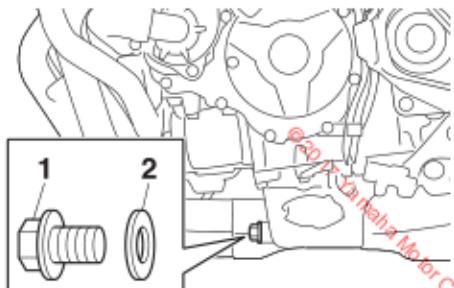
To change the engine oil (with or without oil filter cartridge replacement)

1. Place the vehicle on a level surface.
2. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
3. Place an oil pan under the engine.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

to collect the used oil.

- Remove the engine oil filler cap, the engine oil drain bolt and its gasket to drain the oil from the crankcase.

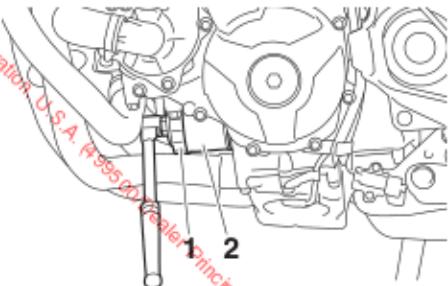


- Engine oil drain bolt
- Gasket

TIP

Skip steps 5–7 if the oil filter cartridge is not being replaced.

- Remove the oil filter cartridge with an oil filter wrench.

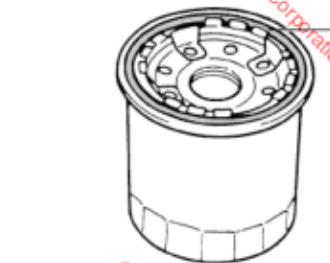


- Oil filter wrench
- Oil filter cartridge

TIP

An oil filter wrench is available at a Yamaha dealer.

- Apply a thin coat of clean engine oil to the O-ring of the new oil filter cartridge.



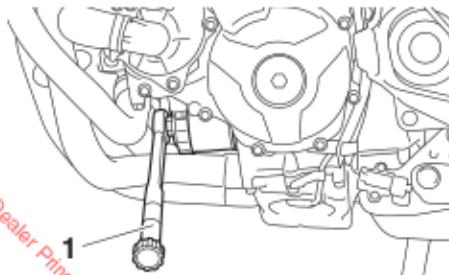
- O-ring

TIP

Make sure that the O-ring is properly seated.

- Install the new oil filter cartridge with an oil filter wrench, and then tighten it to the specified torque with a torque wrench.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment



1. Torque wrench

Tightening torque:

Oil filter cartridge:
17 N·m (1.7 kgf·m, 12 lb·ft)

8. Install the engine oil drain bolt and its new gasket, and then tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening torque:

Engine oil drain bolt:
43 N·m (4.3 kgf·m, 31 lb·ft)

9. Refill with the specified amount of the recommended engine oil, and then install and tighten the oil filler cap.

Recommended engine oil:

See page 9-1.

Oil quantity:

Oil change:

2.40 L (2.54 US qt, 2.11 Imp.qt)

With oil filter removal:

2.70 L (2.85 US qt, 2.38 Imp.qt)

TIP

Be sure to wipe off spilled oil on any parts after the engine and exhaust system have cooled down.

ECA11621

NOTICE

- In order to prevent clutch slippage (since the engine oil also lubricates the clutch), do not mix any chemical additives. Do not use oils with a diesel specification of "CD" or oils of a higher quality than specified. In addition, do not use oils labeled "ENERGY CONSERVING II" or higher.
- Make sure that no foreign material enters the crankcase.

10. Start the engine, and then let it idle for several minutes while checking

it for oil leakage. If oil is leaking, immediately turn the engine off and check for the cause.

TIP

After the engine is started, the engine oil level warning light should go off if the oil level is sufficient.

ECA10402

NOTICE

If the oil level warning light flickers or remains on even if the oil level is correct, immediately turn the engine off and have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

11. Turn the engine off, wait a few minutes until the oil settles, and then check the oil level and correct it if necessary.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Coolant

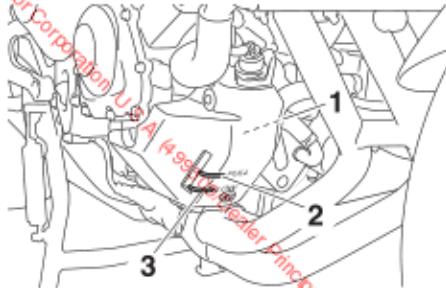
The coolant level should be checked before each ride. In addition, the coolant must be changed at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

EAU20071

To check the coolant level

1. Place the vehicle on the center-stand.

EAU40157



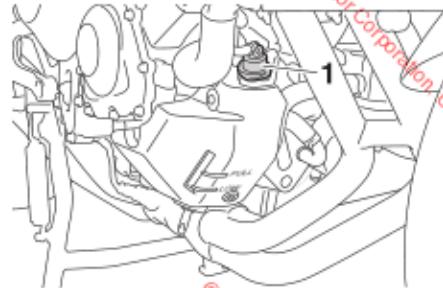
TIP

- The coolant level must be checked on a cold engine since the level varies with engine temperature.
- Make sure that the vehicle is positioned straight up when checking the coolant level. A slight tilt to the side can result in a false reading.

2. Check the coolant level in the coolant reservoir.

TIP

The coolant should be between the minimum and maximum level marks.



1. Coolant reservoir cap
4. Add coolant or distilled water to raise the coolant to the maximum level mark, install the coolant reservoir cap. **NOTICE:** If coolant is not available, use distilled water or soft tap water instead. Do not use hard water or salt water since it is harmful to the engine. If water has been used instead of coolant, replace it with coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the cooling system will not be protected against frost and corrosion. If water has been added to the coolant, have a Yamaha dealer check the anti-freeze content of the coolant as

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

soon as possible, otherwise the effectiveness of the coolant will be reduced. [ECA10473]

Coolant reservoir capacity (up to the maximum level mark):
0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)

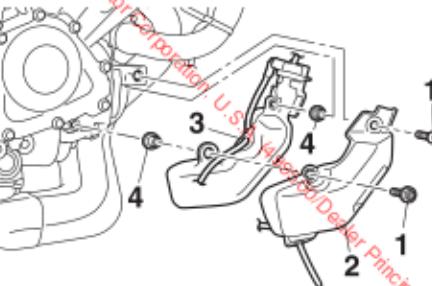
EAU63111

To change the coolant

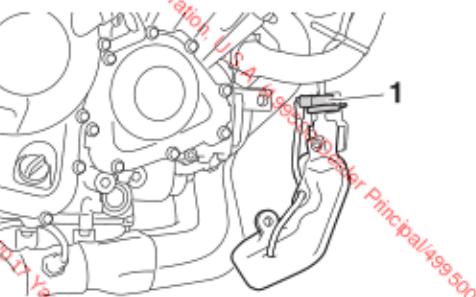
1. Place the vehicle on the center-stand.
2. Remove panel A. (See page 7-9.)
3. Place a container under the engine to collect the used coolant.
4. Remove the radiator cap retaining bolt, radiator cap retainer and radiator cap. **WARNING! Never attempt to remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.** [EWA10382]



1. Radiator cap
2. Radiator cap retaining bolt
3. Radiator cap retainer
5. Remove the coolant reservoir cover and coolant reservoir by removing the bolts and collars.



1. Bolt
2. Coolant reservoir cover
3. Coolant reservoir
4. Collar
6. Remove the coolant reservoir cap.

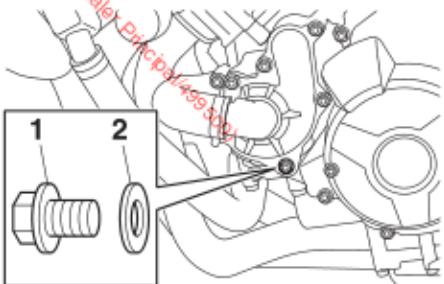


1. Coolant reservoir cap
7. Drain the coolant from the coolant reservoir by turning it upside down.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

8. Install the coolant reservoir and its cover by placing them in the original position, and then installing the collars and bolts.

9. Remove the coolant drain bolt and its gasket to drain the cooling system.



1. Coolant drain bolt
2. Gasket

10. After the coolant is completely drained, thoroughly flush the cooling system with clean tap water.

11. Install the coolant drain bolt and its new gasket, and then tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening torque:

Coolant drain bolt:
10 N·m (1.0 kgf·m, 7.2 lb·ft)

12. Pour the specified amount of the recommended coolant into the radiator and reservoir.

Antifreeze/water mixture ratio:

1:1

Recommended antifreeze:

High-quality ethylene glycol anti-freeze containing corrosion inhibitors for aluminum engines

Coolant quantity:

Radiator (including all routes):

1.98 L (2.04 US qt, 1.70 Imp.qt)

Coolant reservoir (up to the maximum level mark):

0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)

13. Install the coolant reservoir cap.
14. Install the radiator cap.

15. Start the engine, let it idle for several minutes, and then turn it off.

16. Remove the radiator cap to check the coolant level in the radiator. If necessary, add sufficient coolant until it reaches the top of the radiator, and then install the radiator cap, radiator cap retainer and radiator cap retaining bolt.

17. Check the coolant level in the reservoir. If necessary, remove the coolant reservoir cap, add coolant

to the maximum level mark, and then install the cap.

18. Start the engine, and then check the vehicle for coolant leakage. If coolant is leaking, have a Yamaha dealer check the cooling system.

19. Turn off the engine, and then install the panel.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Air filter element

The air filter element must be replaced at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. Have a Yamaha dealer replace the air filter element.

EAU36765

Checking the engine idling speed

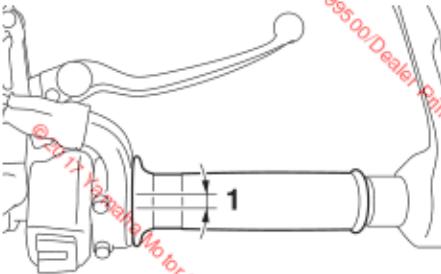
Check the engine idling speed and, if necessary, have it corrected by a Yamaha dealer.

Engine idling speed:
1100–1300 r/min

EAU44735

Checking the throttle grip free play

Measure the throttle grip free play as shown.



1. Throttle grip free play

Throttle grip free play:
3.0–5.0 mm (0.12–0.20 in)

Periodically check the throttle grip free play and, if necessary, have a Yamaha dealer adjust it.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Valve clearance

The valve clearance changes with use, resulting in improper air-fuel mixture and/or engine noise. To prevent this from occurring, the valve clearance must be adjusted by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

Tires

Tires are the only contact between the vehicle and the road. Safety in all conditions of riding depends on a relatively small area of road contact. Therefore, it is essential to maintain the tires in good condition at all times and replace them at the appropriate time with the specified tires.

Tire air pressure

The tire air pressure should be checked and, if necessary, adjusted before each ride.

EWA10504

WARNING

Operation of this vehicle with improper tire pressure may cause severe injury or death from loss of control.

- The tire air pressure must be checked and adjusted on cold tires (i.e., when the temperature of the tires equals the ambient temperature).
- The tire air pressure must be adjusted in accordance with the riding speed and with the total

weight of rider, passenger, cargo, and accessories approved for this model.

Tire air pressure (measured on cold tires):

Up to 90 kg (198 lb) load:

Front:
250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)

Rear:
290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

90 kg (198 lb) to maximum load:

Front:
250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)

Rear:
290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

Maximum load*:

180 kg (397 lb)

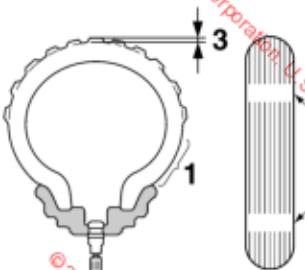
* Total weight of rider, passenger, cargo and accessories

WARNING

Never overload your vehicle. Operation of an overloaded vehicle could cause an accident.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Tire inspection



1. Tire sidewall
2. Tire wear indicator
3. Tire tread depth

7

The tires must be checked before each ride. If a tire tread shows crosswise lines (minimum tread depth), if the tire has a nail or glass fragments in it, or if the sidewall is cracked, contact a Yamaha dealer immediately and have the tire replaced.

Minimum tire tread depth (front and rear):

1.0 mm (0.04 in)

EWAT0083

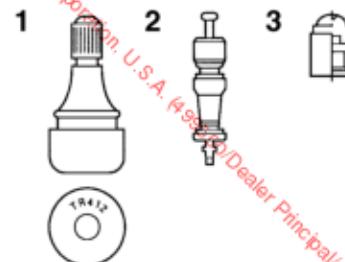
WARNING

- It is dangerous to ride with a

worn-out tire. When a tire tread begins to show crosswise lines, have a Yamaha dealer replace the tire immediately.

- The replacement of all wheel and brake-related parts, including the tires, should be left to a Yamaha dealer, who has the necessary professional knowledge and experience to do so.
- Ride at moderate speeds after changing a tire since the tire surface must first be "broken in" for it to develop its optimal characteristics.

Tire information



1. Tire air valve
2. Tire air valve core
3. Tire air valve cap with seal

This model is equipped with tubeless tires and tire air valves.

Tires age, even if they have not been used or have only been used occasionally. Cracking of the tread and sidewall rubber, sometimes accompanied by carcass deformation, is an evidence of ageing. Old and aged tires shall be checked by tire specialists to ascertain their suitability for further use.

EWAT0002

WARNING

- The front and rear tires should be of the same make and de-

sign, otherwise the handling characteristics of the motorcycle may be different, which could lead to an accident.

- Always make sure that the valve caps are securely installed to prevent air pressure leakage.
- Use only the tire valves and valve cores listed below to avoid tire deflation during a ride.

After extensive tests, only the tires listed below have been approved for this model by Yamaha.

Front tire:

Size:
120/70ZR17 M/C (58W)
Manufacturer/model:
DUNLOP/D222F

Rear tire:

Size:
180/55ZR17 M/C (73W)
Manufacturer/model:
DUNLOP/D222

FRONT and REAR:

Tire air valve:
TR412
Valve core:
#9100 (original)

WARNING

This motorcycle is fitted with super-high-speed tires. Note the following points in order to make the most efficient use of these tires.

- Use only the specified replacement tires. Other tires may run the danger of bursting at super high speeds.
- Brand-new tires can have a relatively poor grip on certain road surfaces until they have been "broken in". Therefore, it is advisable before doing any high-speed riding to ride conservatively for approximately 100 km (60 mi) after installing a new tire.
- The tires must be warmed up before a high-speed run.
- Always adjust the tire air pressure according to the operating conditions.

EWA10501

EAU21963

Cast wheels

To maximize the performance, durability, and safe operation of your vehicle; note the following points regarding the specified wheels.

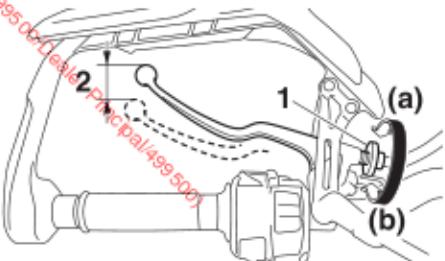
- The wheel rims should be checked for cracks, bends, warpage or other damage before each ride. If any damage is found, have a Yamaha dealer replace the wheel. Do not attempt even the smallest repair to the wheel. A deformed or cracked wheel must be replaced.
- The wheel should be balanced whenever either the tire or wheel has been changed or replaced. An unbalanced wheel can result in poor performance, adverse handling characteristics, and a shortened tire life.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU22083

Adjusting the clutch lever free play

Measure the clutch lever free play as shown.



1. Clutch lever free play adjusting bolt
2. Clutch lever free play

Clutch lever free play:

10.0–15.0 mm (0.39–0.59 in)

Periodically check the clutch lever free play and, if necessary, adjust it as follows.

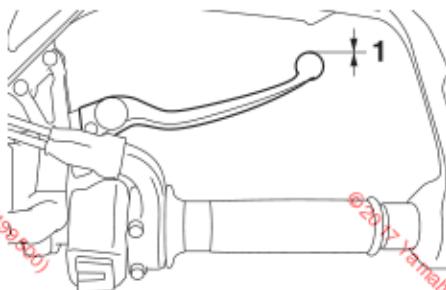
To increase the clutch lever free play, turn the clutch lever free play adjusting bolt in direction (a). To decrease the clutch lever free play, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (b).

TIP

If the specified free play cannot be obtained as described above or if the clutch does not operate correctly, have a Yamaha dealer check the internal clutch mechanism.

EAU37914

Checking the brake lever free play



1. No brake lever free play

There should be no free play at the brake lever end. If there is free play, have a Yamaha dealer inspect the brake system.

EWA14212

WARNING

A soft or spongy feeling in the brake lever can indicate the presence of air in the hydraulic system. If there is air in the hydraulic system, have a Yamaha dealer bleed the system before operating the vehicle. Air in the hydraulic system will diminish the braking performance, which may re-

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

sult in loss of control and an accident.

EAU36504

EAU22393

Brake light switches

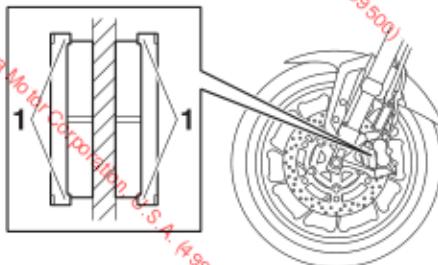
The brake light, which is activated by the brake pedal and brake lever, should come on just before braking takes effect. If necessary, have a Yamaha dealer adjust the brake light switches.

Checking the front and rear brake pads

The front and rear brake pads must be checked for wear at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

EAU36891

Front brake pads



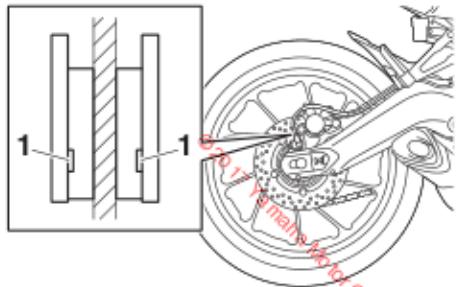
1. Brake pad wear indicator

Each front brake pad is provided with wear indicators, which allows you to check the brake pad wear without having to disassemble the brake. To check the brake pad wear, check the position of the wear indicators while applying the brake. If a brake pad has worn to the point that a wear indicator almost

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

touches the brake disc, have a Yamaha dealer replace the brake pads as a set.

Rear brake pads



1. Brake pad wear indicator groove

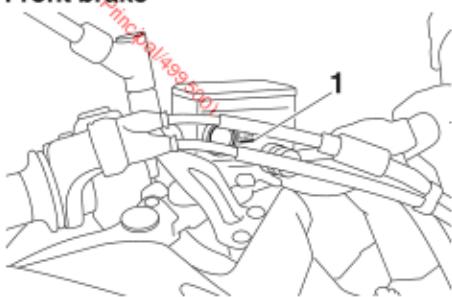
Each rear brake pad is provided with wear indicator grooves, which allow you to check the brake pad wear without having to disassemble the brake. To check the brake pad wear, check the wear indicator grooves. If a brake pad has worn to the point that a wear indicator groove almost appears, have a Yamaha dealer replace the brake pads as a set.

EAU40262

Checking the brake fluid level

Before riding, check that the brake fluid is above the minimum level mark. Check the brake fluid level with the top of the reservoir level. Replenish the brake fluid if necessary.

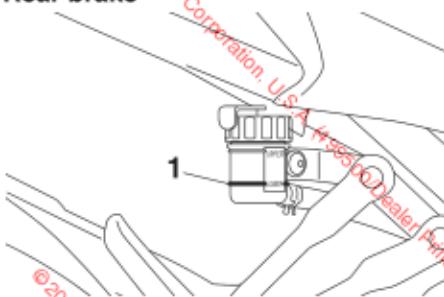
Front brake



1. Minimum level mark

EAU40262

Rear brake



1. Minimum level mark

Specified brake fluid:
DOT 4

EWA16011

WARNING

Improper maintenance can result in loss of braking ability. Observe these precautions:

- Insufficient brake fluid may allow air to enter the brake system, reducing braking performance.
- Clean the filler cap before removing. Use only DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container.
- Use only the specified brake fluid; otherwise, the rubber seals

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU22733

may deteriorate, causing leakage.

- Refill with the same type of brake fluid. Adding a brake fluid other than DOT 4 may result in a harmful chemical reaction.
- Be careful that water or dust does not enter the brake fluid reservoir when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock, and dirt may clog the ABS hydraulic unit valves.

further riding.

Changing the brake fluid

Have a Yamaha dealer change the brake fluid at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. In addition, have the oil seals of the master cylinders and calipers as well as the brake hoses replaced at the intervals listed below or whenever they are damaged or leaking.

- Oil seals: Replace every two years.
- Brake hoses: Replace every four years.

NOTICE

Brake fluid may damage painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.

As the brake pads wear, it is normal for the brake fluid level to gradually go down. A low brake fluid level may indicate worn brake pads and/or brake system leakage; therefore, be sure to check the brake pads for wear and the brake system for leakage. If the brake fluid level goes down suddenly, have a Yamaha dealer check the cause before

ECA17641

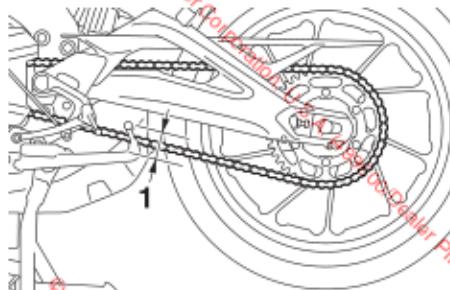
Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Drive chain slack

The drive chain slack should be checked before each ride and adjusted if necessary.

To check the drive chain slack

1. Place the motorcycle on the centerstand.
2. Shift the transmission into the neutral position.
3. Measure the drive chain slack as shown.



1. Drive chain slack

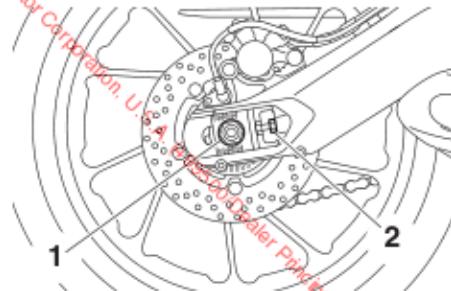
Drive chain slack:

5.0–15.0 mm (0.20–0.59 in)

4. If the drive chain slack is incorrect,

EAU22762

adjust it as follows. **NOTICE:** Improper drive chain slack will overload the engine as well as other vital parts of the motorcycle and can lead to chain slippage or breakage. If the drive chain slack is more than 25.0 mm (0.98 in), the chain can damage the frame, swingarm, and other parts. To prevent this from occurring, keep the drive chain slack within the specified limits. [ECA17791]



1. Axle nut
2. Locknut

3. Place the motorcycle on the centerstand.

4. To tighten the drive chain, turn the drive chain slack adjusting bolt on each side of the swingarm in direction (a). To loosen the drive chain, turn the adjusting bolt on each side of the swingarm in direction (b), and then push the rear wheel forward.

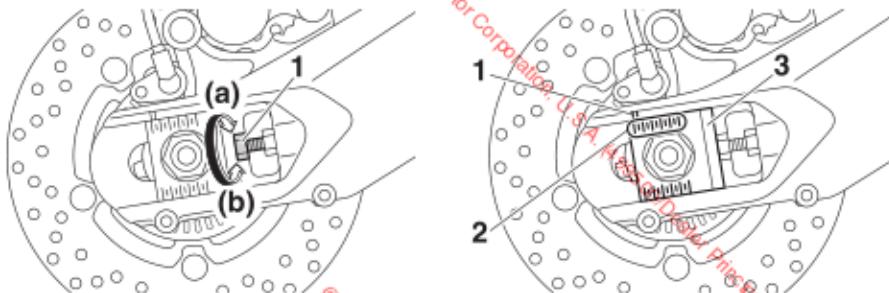
EAU63122

To adjust the drive chain slack

Consult a Yamaha dealer before adjusting the drive chain slack.

1. Take the motorcycle off the centerstand, and then put the sidestand down.
2. Loosen the axle nut and the locknut on each side of the swingarm.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment



1. Drive chain slack adjusting bolt

1. Notch
2. Alignment mark
3. Drive chain puller

TIP

Using the alignment marks on the drive chain pullers and the notch on each side of the swingarm, make sure that both drive chain pullers are in the same position for proper wheel alignment.

5. Take the motorcycle off the center-stand, and then put the sidestand down.
6. Tighten the axle nut, then the lock-nuts to their specified torques.

Tightening torques:

- Axle nut:
150 N·m (15 kgf·m, 108 lb·ft)
Locknut:
16 N·m (1.6 kgf·m, 12 lb·ft)

7. Make sure that the drive chain pullers are in the same position, the drive chain slack is correct, and the drive chain moves smoothly.

Cleaning and lubricating the drive chain

The drive chain must be cleaned and lubricated at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart, otherwise it will quickly wear out, especially when riding in dusty or wet areas. Service the drive chain as follows.

EAU23026

NOTICE

The drive chain must be lubricated after washing the motorcycle, riding in the rain or riding in wet areas.

7

1. Clean the drive chain with kerosene and a small soft brush.

NOTICE: To prevent damaging the O-rings, do not clean the drive chain with steam cleaners, high-pressure washers or inappropriate solvents. [ECA11122]

2. Wipe the drive chain dry.
3. Thoroughly lubricate the drive chain with a special O-ring chain lubricant. **NOTICE:** Do not use engine oil or any other lubricants for the drive chain, as they

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

may contain substances that could damage the O-rings.^[ECA11112]

EAU23098

Checking and lubricating the cables

The operation of all control cables and the condition of the cables should be checked before each ride, and the cables and cable ends should be lubricated if necessary. If a cable is damaged or does not move smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or replace it.

WARNING! Damage to the outer housing of cables may result in internal rusting and cause interference with cable movement. Replace damaged cables as soon as possible to prevent unsafe conditions.^[EWA10712]

Recommended lubricant:

Yamaha cable lubricant or other suitable cable lubricant

EAU23115

Checking and lubricating the throttle grip and cable

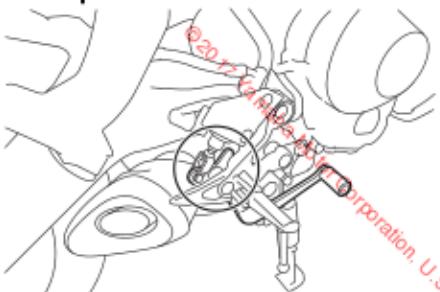
The operation of the throttle grip should be checked before each ride. In addition, the cable should be lubricated by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance chart. The throttle cable is equipped with a rubber cover. Make sure that the cover is securely installed. Even though the cover is installed correctly, it does not completely protect the cable from water entry. Therefore, use care not to pour water directly onto the cover or cable when washing the vehicle. If the cable or cover becomes dirty, wipe clean with a moist cloth.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

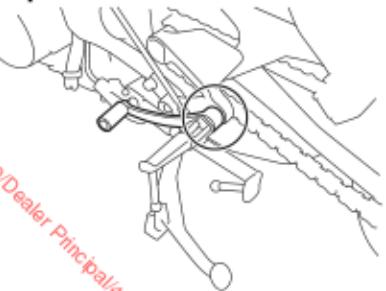
Checking and lubricating the brake and shift pedals

The operation of the brake and shift pedals should be checked before each ride, and the pedal pivots should be lubricated if necessary.

Brake pedal



Shift pedal



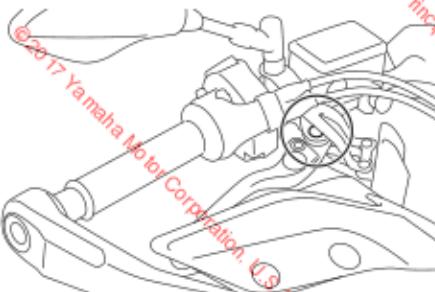
Recommended Lubricant:
Lithium-soap-based grease

EAU44276

Checking and lubricating the brake and clutch levers

The operation of the brake and clutch levers should be checked before each ride, and the lever pivots should be lubricated if necessary.

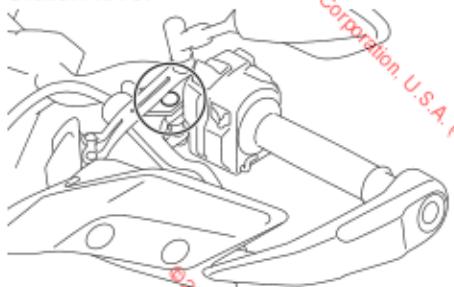
Brake lever



7

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Clutch lever



Recommended lubricants:

Brake lever:

Silicone grease

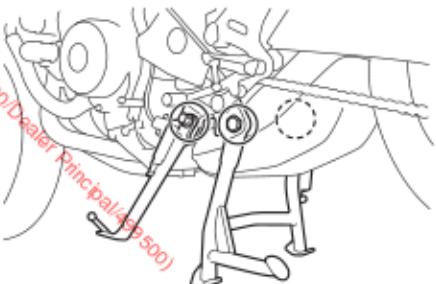
Clutch lever:

Lithium-soap-based grease

Checking and lubricating the centerstand and sidestand

EAU23215

Recommended lubricant:
Lithium-soap-based grease



The operation of the centerstand and sidestand should be checked before each ride, and the pivots and metal-to-metal contact surfaces should be lubricated if necessary.

EWA10742

WARNING

If the centerstand or sidestand does not move up and down smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or repair it. Otherwise, the centerstand or sidestand could contact the ground and distract the operator, resulting in a possible loss of control.

Lubricating the swingarm pivots

EAUM1653



The swingarm pivots must be lubricated by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

Recommended lubricant:
Lithium-soap-based grease

Checking the front fork

EAU23273

The condition and operation of the front fork must be checked as follows at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

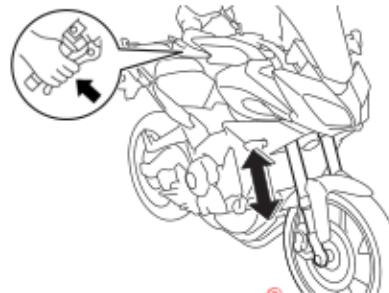
To check the condition

Check the inner tubes for scratches, damage and excessive oil leakage.

To check the operation

1. Place the vehicle on a level surface and hold it in an upright position. **WARNING!** To avoid injury, securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling over. [EWA10752]

2. While applying the front brake, push down hard on the handlebars several times to check if the front fork compresses and rebounds smoothly.



ECA10591

NOTICE

If any damage is found or the front fork does not operate smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or repair it.

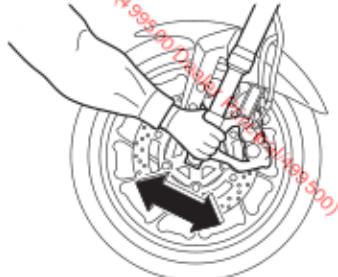
Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU45512

Checking the steering

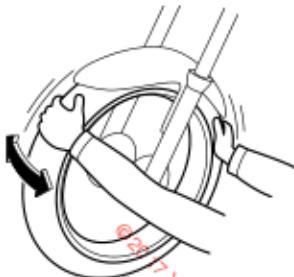
Worn or loose steering bearings may cause danger. Therefore, the operation of the steering must be checked as follows at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

1. Place the vehicle on the center stand. **WARNING!** To avoid injury, securely support the vehicle so there is no danger of it falling over. [EWA10752]
2. Hold the lower ends of the front fork legs and try to move them forward and backward. If any free play can be felt, have a Yamaha dealer check or repair the steering.



Checking the wheel bearings

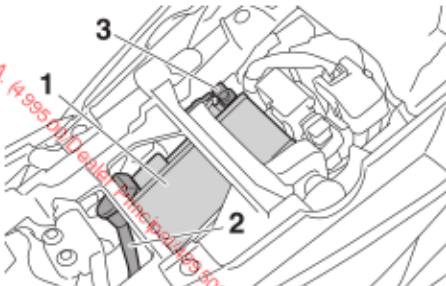
EAU23292



The front and rear wheel bearings must be checked at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. If there is play in the wheel hub or if the wheel does not turn smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check the wheel bearings.

Battery

EAU50212



1. Battery
2. Positive battery lead (red)
3. Negative battery lead (black)

The battery is located under the rider seat. (See page 4-25.)

This model is equipped with a VRLA (Valve Regulated Lead Acid) battery. There is no need to check the electrolyte or to add distilled water. However, the battery lead connections need to be checked and, if necessary, tightened.

EWA10761

! WARNING

- Electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous since it contains sulfuric acid, which causes severe burns. Avoid any contact with

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

skin, eyes or clothing and always shield your eyes when working near batteries. In case of contact, administer the following FIRST AID.

- EXTERNAL: Flush with plenty of water.
- INTERNAL: Drink large quantities of water or milk and immediately call a physician.
- EYES: Flush with water for 15 minutes and seek prompt medical attention.
- Batteries produce explosive hydrogen gas. Therefore, keep sparks, flames, cigarettes, etc., away from the battery and provide sufficient ventilation when charging it in an enclosed space.
- **KEEP THIS AND ALL BATTERIES OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.**

To charge the battery

Have a Yamaha dealer charge the battery as soon as possible if it seems to have discharged. Keep in mind that the

battery tends to discharge more quickly if the vehicle is equipped with optional electrical accessories.

ECA16522

NOTICE

To charge a VRLA (Valve Regulated Lead Acid) battery, a special (constant-voltage) battery charger is required. Using a conventional battery charger will damage the battery.

To store the battery

1. If the vehicle will not be used for more than one month, remove the battery, fully charge it, and then place it in a cool, dry place.

NOTICE: When removing the battery, be sure to turn the main switch off, then disconnect the negative lead before disconnecting the positive lead. [ECA16304]

2. If the battery will be stored for more than two months, check it at least once a month and fully charge it if necessary.

3. Fully charge the battery before installation. **NOTICE:** When installing the battery, be sure to turn

the main switch off, then connect the positive lead before connecting the negative lead. [ECA16842]

4. After installation, make sure that the battery leads are properly connected to the battery terminals.

ECA16531

NOTICE

Always keep the battery charged. Storing a discharged battery can cause permanent battery damage.

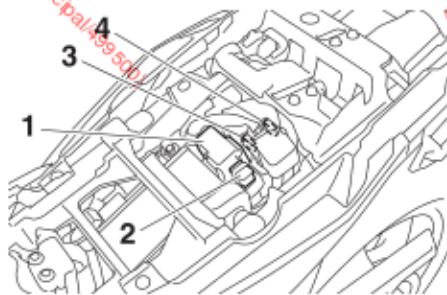
Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU63131

Replacing the fuses

The fuse boxes and individual fuses are located under the rider seat (See page 4-25.) and behind panel A (See page 7-9.).

To access fuse box 1, the main fuse, and the fuel injection system fuse, remove the rider seat. (See page 4-25.)



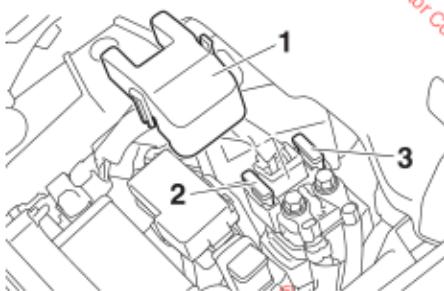
1. Fuse box 1
2. Main fuse
3. Fuel injection system fuse
4. Fuel injection system spare fuse



1. Radiator fan motor fuse
2. Backup fuse (for clock)
3. Electronic throttle valve fuse
4. ABS solenoid fuse
5. ABS motor fuse
6. Spare fuse

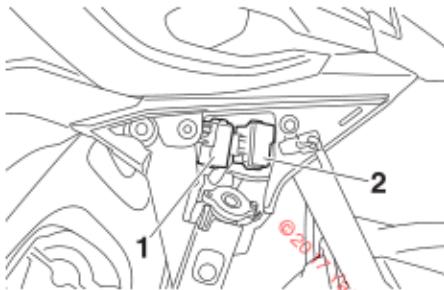
TIP

To access the fuel injection system fuse, remove the starter relay cover by pulling it upward.



1. Starter relay cover
2. Fuel injection system fuse
3. Fuel injection system spare fuse

To access fuse box 2 and fuse box 3, remove panel A. (See page 7-9.)



1. Fuse box 2
2. Fuse box 3

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

7



1. Parking lighting fuse
2. Headlight fuse
3. Terminal fuse 2
4. Terminal fuse 1
5. Signaling system fuse
6. Auxiliary fuse 1
7. ABS control unit fuse
8. Auxiliary fuse 2
9. Spare fuse
10. Ignition fuse

If a fuse is blown, replace it as follows.

1. Turn the key to "OFF" and turn off the electrical circuit in question.
2. Remove the blown fuse, and then install a new fuse of the specified amperage. **WARNING! Do not use a fuse of a higher amperage rating than recommended to avoid causing extensive damage to the electrical system and possibly a fire.** [EWA15132]

Specified fuses:

- Main fuse:
50.0 A
- Auxiliary fuse 1:
2.0 A
- Auxiliary fuse 2:
2.0 A
- Terminal fuse 1:
2.0 A
- Terminal fuse 2:
2.0 A
- Headlight fuse:
7.5 A
- Signaling system fuse:
7.5 A
- Ignition fuse:
15.0 A
- Parking lighting fuse:
10.0 A
- Radiator fan motor fuse:
15.0 A
- ABS motor fuse:
30.0 A
- Fuel injection system fuse:
20.0 A
- ABS solenoid fuse:
15.0 A
- ABS control unit fuse:
7.5 A
- Backup fuse:
7.5 A
- Electronic throttle valve fuse:
7.5 A

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

- Turn the key to "ON" and turn on the electrical circuit in question to check if the device operates.
- If the fuse immediately blows again, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical system.

EAU77470

Headlights

This model is equipped with LED-type headlights.

If a headlight does not come on, check the fuses and then have a Yamaha dealer check the vehicle.

TIP

When the headlights are set to low beam, one headlight will come on. When the headlights are set to high beam or the passing switch is pushed, both headlights should come on.

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Auxiliary lights



1. Auxiliary light

This model is equipped with LED-type auxiliary lights.

If an auxiliary light does not come on, have a Yamaha dealer check it.

ECA16581

NOTICE

Do not affix any type of tinted film or stickers to the headlight lens.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

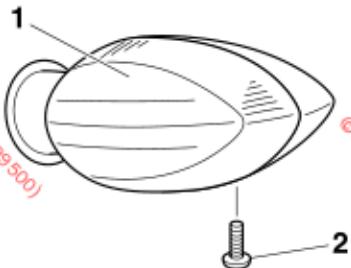
Brake/tail light

This model is equipped with an LED-type brake/tail light. If the brake/tail light does not come on, have a Yamaha dealer check it.

EAU70540

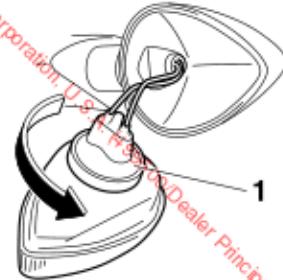
Replacing a turn signal light bulb

1. Remove the turn signal light unit by removing the screw.

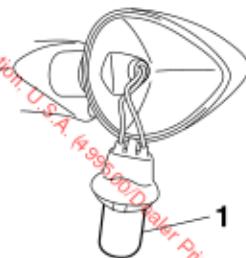


1. Turn signal light unit
2. Screw

2. Remove the turn signal light bulb socket (together with the bulb) by turning it counterclockwise.



1. Turn signal light bulb socket
3. Remove the burnt-out bulb by pulling it out.



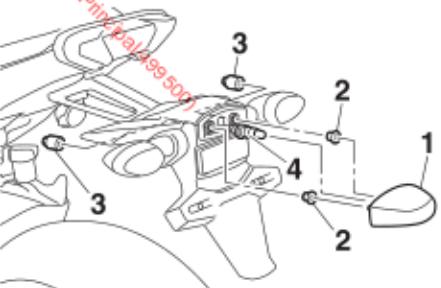
1. Turn signal light bulb
4. Insert a new bulb into the socket.
5. Install the socket (together with the bulb) by turning it clockwise.
6. Install the turn signal light unit by

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

installing the screw. **NOTICE:** Do not overtighten the screw, otherwise the lens may break. [ECA11182]

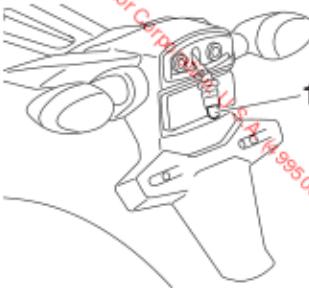
Replacing the license plate light bulb

1. Remove the license plate light unit by removing the nuts and collars, and then remove the license plate light bulb socket (together with the bulb) by pulling it out.



1. License plate light unit
2. Collar
3. Nut
4. License plate light bulb socket

2. Remove the burnt-out bulb by pulling it out.



1. License plate light bulb
3. Insert a new bulb into the socket.
4. Install the socket (together with the bulb) by pushing it in, and then install the license plate light unit by installing the collars and nuts.

Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU25872

Troubleshooting

Although Yamaha motorcycles receive a thorough inspection before shipment from the factory, trouble may occur during operations. Any problem in the fuel, compression, or ignition systems, for example, can cause poor starting and loss of power.

The following troubleshooting charts represent quick and easy procedures for checking these vital systems yourself. However, should your motorcycle require any repair, take it to a Yamaha dealer, whose skilled technicians have the necessary tools, experience, and know-how to service the motorcycle properly.

Use only genuine Yamaha replacement parts. Imitation parts may look like Yamaha parts, but they are often inferior, have a shorter service life and can lead to expensive repair bills.

EWA15142

WARNING

When checking the fuel system, do not smoke, and make sure there are no open flames or sparks in the area, including pilot lights from water

heaters or furnaces. Gasoline or gasoline vapors can ignite or explode, causing severe injury or property damage.

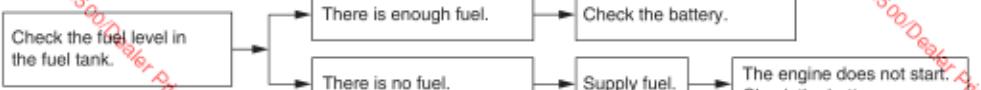
Periodic maintenance and adjustment

EAU42365

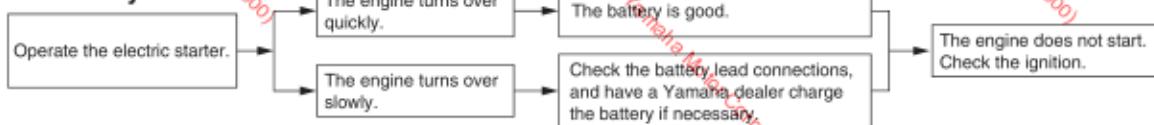
Troubleshooting charts

Starting problems or poor engine performance

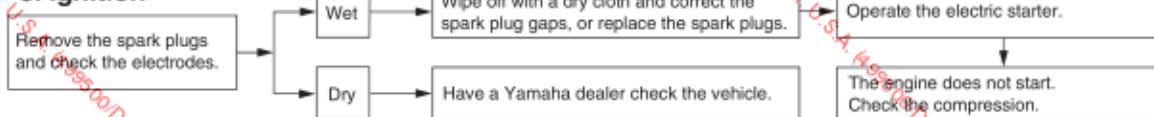
1. Fuel



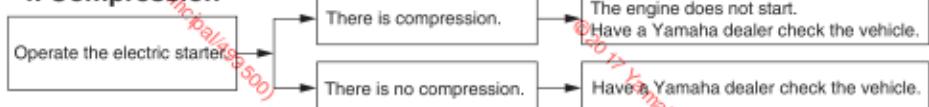
2. Battery



3. Ignition



4. Compression



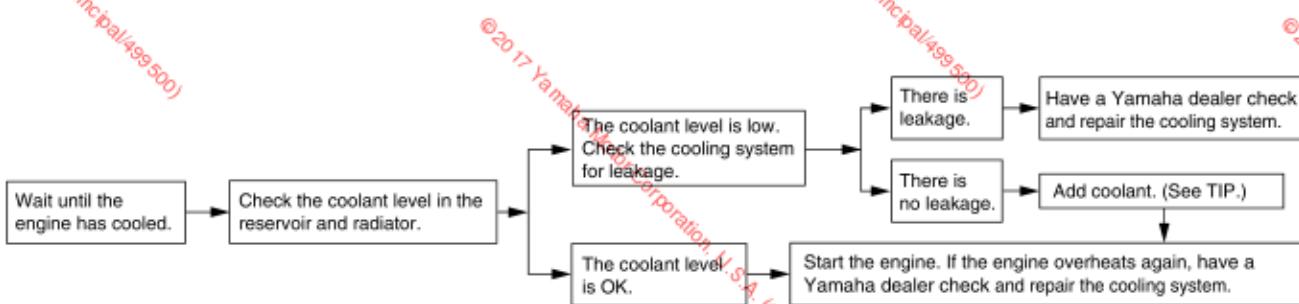
Periodic maintenance and adjustment

Engine overheating

EWA10401

WARNING

- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine and radiator are hot. Scalding hot fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure, which could cause serious injury. Be sure to wait until the engine has cooled.
- After removing the radiator cap retaining bolt, place a thick rag, like a towel, over the radiator cap, and then slowly rotate the cap counterclockwise to the detent to allow any residual pressure to escape. When the hissing sound has stopped, press down on the cap while turning it counterclockwise, and then remove the cap.



TIP

If coolant is not available, tap water can be temporarily used instead, provided that it is changed to the recommended coolant as soon as possible.

Motorcycle care and storage

Matte color caution

EAU37834

NOTICE

Some models are equipped with matte colored finished parts. Be sure to consult a Yamaha dealer for advice on what products to use before cleaning the vehicle. Using a brush, harsh chemical products or cleaning compounds when cleaning these parts will scratch or damage their surface. Wax also should not be applied to any matte colored finished parts.

ECA15193

Care

While the open design of a motorcycle reveals the attractiveness of the technology, it also makes it more vulnerable. Rust and corrosion can develop even if high-quality components are used. A rusty exhaust pipe may go unnoticed on a car, however, it detracts from the overall appearance of a motorcycle. Frequent and proper care does not only comply with the terms of the warranty, but it will also keep your motorcycle looking good, extend its life and optimize its performance.

EAU54661

Before cleaning

1. Cover the muffler outlet with a plastic bag after the engine has cooled down.
2. Make sure that all caps and covers as well as all electrical couplers and connectors, including the spark plug caps, are tightly installed.
3. Remove extremely stubborn dirt, like oil burnt onto the crankcase, with a degreasing agent and a brush, but never apply such prod-

ucts onto seals, gaskets, sprockets, the drive chain and wheel axles. Always rinse the dirt and degreaser off with water.

Cleaning

ECA10773

NOTICE

- Avoid using strong acidic wheel cleaners, especially on spoked wheels. If such products are used on hard-to-remove dirt, do not leave the cleaner on the affected area any longer than instructed. Also, thoroughly rinse the area off with water, immediately dry it, and then apply a corrosion protection spray.
- Improper cleaning can damage plastic parts (such as cowlings, panels, windshields, headlight lenses, meter lenses, etc.) and the mufflers. Use only a soft, clean cloth or sponge with water to clean plastic. However, if the plastic parts cannot be thoroughly cleaned with water, diluted mild detergent with water may be used. Be sure to rinse

Motorcycle care and storage

- off any detergent residue using plenty of water, as it is harmful to plastic parts.
- Do not use any harsh chemical products on plastic parts. Be sure to avoid using cloths or sponges which have been in contact with strong or abrasive cleaning products, solvent or thinner, fuel (gasoline), rust removers or inhibitors, brake fluid, antifreeze or electrolyte.
- Do not use high-pressure washers or steam-jet cleaners since they cause water seepage and deterioration in the following areas: seals (of wheel and swing-arm bearings, fork and brakes), electric components (couplers, connectors, instruments, switches and lights), breather hoses and vents.
- For motorcycles equipped with a windshield: Do not use strong cleaners or hard sponges as they will cause dulling or scratching. Some cleaning compounds for plastic may leave scratches on the windshield.

Test the product on a small hidden part of the windshield to make sure that it does not leave any marks. If the windshield is scratched, use a quality plastic polishing compound after washing.

After normal use

Remove dirt with warm water, a mild detergent, and a soft, clean sponge, and then rinse thoroughly with clean water. Use a toothbrush or bottlebrush for hard-to-reach areas. Stubborn dirt and insects will come off more easily if the area is covered with a wet cloth for a few minutes before cleaning.

After riding in the rain, near the sea or on salt-sprayed roads

Since sea salt or salt sprayed on roads during winter are extremely corrosive in combination with water, carry out the following steps after each ride in the rain, near the sea or on salt-sprayed roads.

TIP

Salt sprayed on roads in the winter may

remain well into spring.

1. Clean the motorcycle with cold water and a mild detergent, after the engine has cooled down.

NOTICE: Do not use warm water since it increases the corrosive action of the salt. [ECA10792]

2. Apply a corrosion protection spray on all metal, including chrome- and nickel-plated, surfaces to prevent corrosion.

Cleaning the windshield

Avoid using any alkaline or strong acid cleaner, gasoline, brake fluid, or any other solvent. Clean the windshield with a cloth or sponge dampened with a mild detergent, and then wash it off thoroughly with water. For additional cleaning, use Yamaha Windshield Cleaner or another high-quality windshield cleaner. Some cleaning compounds for plastics may leave scratches on the windshield. Before using such cleaners, test an area of the windshield which does not affect your visibility and which cannot be easily recognized.

Motorcycle care and storage

After cleaning

- Dry the motorcycle with a chamois or an absorbing cloth.
- Immediately dry the drive chain and lubricate it to prevent it from rusting.
- Use a chrome polish to shine chrome, aluminum and stainless-steel parts, including the exhaust system. (Even the thermally induced discoloring of stainless-steel exhaust systems can be removed through polishing.)
- To prevent corrosion, it is recommended to apply a corrosion protection spray on all metal, including chrome- and nickel-plated, surfaces.
- Use spray oil as a universal cleaner to remove any remaining dirt.
- Touch up minor paint damage caused by stones, etc.
- Wax all painted surfaces.
- Let the motorcycle dry completely before storing or covering it.

EWA11132

WARNING

Contaminants on the brakes or tires can cause loss of control.

- Make sure that there is no oil or wax on the brakes or tires.
- If necessary, clean the brake discs and brake linings with a regular brake disc cleaner or acetone, and wash the tires with warm water and a mild detergent. Before riding at higher speeds, test the motorcycle's braking performance and cornering behavior.

ECA10801

NOTICE

- Apply spray oil and wax sparingly and make sure to wipe off any excess.
- Never apply oil or wax to any rubber and plastic parts, but treat them with a suitable care product.
- Avoid using abrasive polishing compounds as they will wear away the paint.

TIP

- Consult a Yamaha dealer for advice on what products to use.
- Washing, rainy weather or humid

climates can cause the headlight lens to fog. Turning the headlight on for a short period of time will help remove the moisture from the lens.

Storage

EAU261B3

Short-term

Always store your motorcycle in a cool, dry place and, if necessary, protect it against dust with a porous cover. Be sure the engine and the exhaust system are cool before covering the motorcycle.

ECA10811

NOTICE

- Storing the motorcycle in a poorly ventilated room or covering it with a tarp, while it is still wet, will allow water and humidity to seep in and cause rust.
- To prevent corrosion, avoid damp cellars, stables (because of the presence of ammonia) and areas where strong chemicals are stored.

Long-term

Before storing your motorcycle for several months:

1. Follow all the instructions in the "Care" section of this chapter.

2. Fill up the fuel tank and add fuel stabilizer (if available) to prevent the fuel tank from rusting and the fuel from deteriorating.
3. Perform the following steps to protect the cylinders, piston rings, etc. from corrosion.
 - a. Remove the spark plug caps and spark plugs.
 - b. Pour a teaspoonful of engine oil into each spark plug bore.
 - c. Install the spark plug caps onto the spark plugs, and then place the spark plugs on the cylinder head so that the electrodes are grounded. (This will limit sparking during the next step.)
 - d. Turn the engine over several times with the starter. (This will coat the cylinder walls with oil.)

WARNING! To prevent damage or injury from sparking, make sure to ground the spark plug electrodes while turning the engine over. [EWA10852]

- e. Remove the spark plug caps from the spark plugs, and then install the spark plugs and the

spark plug caps.

4. Lubricate all control cables and the pivoting points of all levers and pedals as well as of the sidestand/centerstand.
5. Check and, if necessary, correct the tire air pressure, and then lift the motorcycle so that both of its wheels are off the ground. Alternatively, turn the wheels a little every month in order to prevent the tires from becoming degraded in one spot.
6. Cover the muffler outlet with a plastic bag to prevent moisture from entering it.
7. Remove the battery and fully charge it. Store it in a cool, dry place and charge it once a month. Do not store the battery in an excessively cold or warm place [less than 0 °C (30 °F) or more than 30 °C (90 °F)]. For more information on storing the battery, see page 7-31.

TIP

Make any necessary repairs before storing the motorcycle.

Specifications

Dimensions:

Overall length:
2160 mm (85.0 in)
Overall width:
950 mm (37.4 in)
Overall height:
1345/1375 mm (53.0/54.1 in)
Seat height:
845/860 mm (33.3/33.9 in)

Wheelbase:
1440 mm (56.7 in)
Ground clearance:
135 mm (5.31 in)
Minimum turning radius:
3.0 m (9.84 ft)

Weight:

Curb weight:
210 kg (463 lb)

Engine:

Combustion cycle:
4-stroke

Cooling system:
Liquid cooled

Valve train:
DOHC

Cylinder arrangement:
Inline

Number of cylinders:
3-cylinder

Displacement:
847 cm³

Bore × stroke:
78.0 × 59.1 mm (3.07 × 2.33 in)

Compression ratio:
11.5 : 1

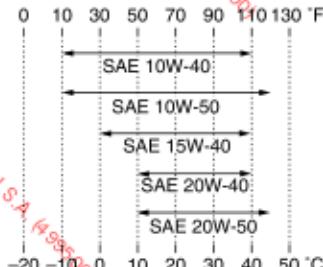
Starting system:
Electric starter

Lubrication system:
Wet sump

Engine oil:

Recommended brand:
YAMALUBE

SAE viscosity grades:
10W-40, 10W-50, 15W-40, 20W-40 or
20W-50



Recommended engine oil grade:

API service SG type or higher, JASO standard MA

Engine oil quantity:

Oil change:
2.40 L (2.54 US qt, 2.11 Imp.qt)

With oil filter removal:
2.70 L (2.85 US qt, 2.38 Imp.qt)

Coolant quantity:

Coolant reservoir (up to the maximum level mark):
0.25 L (0.26 US qt, 0.22 Imp.qt)

Radiator (including all routes):
1.93 L (2.04 US qt, 1.70 Imp.qt)

Air filter:

Air filter element:
Oil-coated paper element

Fuel:

Recommended fuel:
Premium unleaded gasoline (Gasohol
[E10] acceptable)

Fuel tank capacity:
18 L (4.8 US gal, 4.0 Imp.gal)

Fuel reserve amount:
2.6 L (0.69 US gal, 0.57 Imp.gal)

Fuel injection:

Throttle body:
ID mark:
1RC1 00 (FJ09H)
B901 10 (FJ09HC)

Spark plug(s):

Manufacturer/model:
NGK/CPR9EA9
Spark plug gap:
0.8–0.9 mm (0.031–0.035 in)

Clutch:

Clutch type:
Wet, multiple-disc

Drivetrain:

Primary reduction ratio:
1.681 (79/47)

Specifications

Final drive:
Chain
Secondary reduction ratio:
2.813 (45/16)
Transmission type:
Constant mesh 6-speed
Gear ratio:
1st: 2.667 (40/15)
2nd: 2.000 (38/19)
3rd: 1.619 (34/21)
4th: 1.381 (29/21)
5th: 1.190 (25/21)
6th: 1.037 (28/27)

Chassis:

Frame type:
Diamond
Caster angle:
24.0 °
Trail:
100 mm (3.9 in)

Front tire:

Type:
Tubeless
Size:
120/70ZR17 M/C (58W)
Manufacturer/model:
DUNLOP/D222F

Rear tire:

Type:
Tubeless
Size:
180/55ZR17 M/C (73W)
Manufacturer/model:
DUNLOP/D222

Loading:

Maximum load:
180 kg (397 lb)
* (Total weight of rider, passenger, cargo
and accessories)

Tire air pressure (measured on cold tires):

Up to 90 kg (198 lb) load:
Front: 250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)
Rear: 290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)
90 kg (198 lb) load - maximum load:
Front: 250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm², 36 psi)
Rear: 290 kPa (2.90 kgf/cm², 42 psi)

Front wheel:

Wheel type:
Cast wheel
Rim size:
17M/C x MT3.50

Rear wheel:

Wheel type:
Cast wheel
Rim size:
17M/C x MT5.50

Front brake:

Type:
Hydraulic dual disc brake
Specified brake fluid:
DOT 4

Rear brake:

Type:
Hydraulic single disc brake
Specified brake fluid:
DOT 4

Front suspension:

Type:
Telescopic fork
Spring:
Coil spring
Shock absorber:
Hydraulic damper
Wheel travel:
137 mm (5.4 in)

Rear suspension:

Type:
Swingarm (link suspension)
Spring:
Coil spring
Shock absorber:
Gas-hydraulic damper
Wheel travel:
130 mm (5.1 in)

Electrical system:

System voltage:
12 V
Ignition system:
TCI

Specifications

Charging system:
AC magneto

Battery:

Model:
YTZ10S

Voltage, capacity:
12 V/8.6 Ah (10 HR)

Bulb wattage:

Headlight:
LED

Brake/tail light:
LED

Front turn signal/position light:
21.0 W/5.0 W

Rear turn signal light:
21.0 W

Auxiliary light:
LED

License plate light:
5.0 W

Meter lighting:
LED

Neutral indicator light:
LED

High beam indicator light:
LED

Oil level warning light:
LED

Turn signal indicator light:
LED

Coolant temperature warning light:
LED

Engine trouble warning light:
LED

ABS warning light:
LED

Traction control system indicator/warning
light:
LED

Fuse(s):

Main fuse:
50.0 A

Auxiliary fuse 1:
2.0 A

Auxiliary fuse 2:
2.0 A

Terminal fuse 1:
2.0 A

Terminal fuse 2:
2.0 A

Headlight fuse:
7.5 A

Signaling system fuse:
7.5 A

Ignition fuse:
15.0 A

Parking lighting fuse:
10.0 A

Radiator fan motor fuse:
15.0 A

Fuel injection system fuse:
20.0 A

ABS control unit fuse:
7.5 A

ABS motor fuse:
30.0 A

ABS solenoid fuse:
15.0 A

Backup fuse:
7.5 A

Electronic throttle valve fuse:
7.5 A

Identification numbers

Record the vehicle identification number, engine serial number, model label information, and the key identification number in the spaces provided below. These identification numbers are needed when registering the vehicle with the authorities in your area and when ordering spare parts from a Yamaha dealer.

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER:

MODEL LABEL INFORMATION:



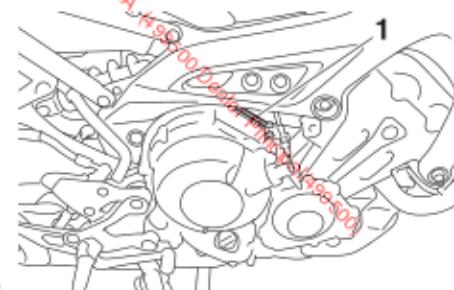
EAU26357

KEY IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

area.

EAU26442

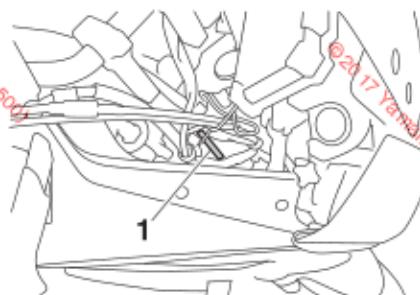
Engine serial number



Engine serial number

The engine serial number is stamped into the crankcase.

Vehicle identification number



1. Vehicle identification number

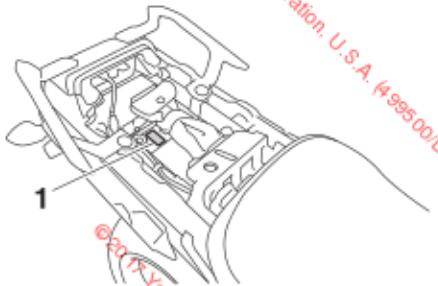
The vehicle identification number is stamped into the steering head pipe. Record this number in the space provided.

TIP

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your motorcycle and may be used to register your motorcycle with the licensing authority in your

Consumer information

Model label

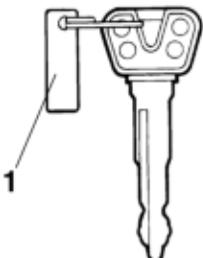


1. Model label

The model label is affixed to the location shown. Record the information on this label in the space provided. This information will be needed when ordering spare parts from a Yamaha dealer.

EAU26461

Key identification number

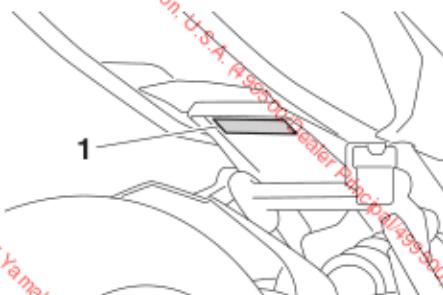


1. Key identification number

The key identification number is stamped into the key tag. Record this number in the space provided and use it for reference when ordering a new key.

EAU26382

Vehicle Emission Control Information label



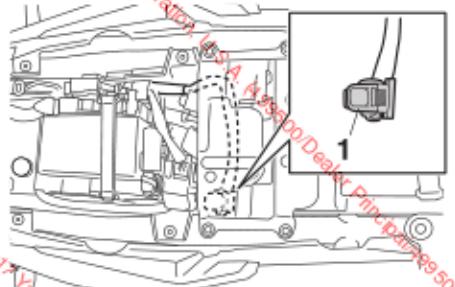
1. Vehicle Emission Control Information label

The Vehicle Emission Control Information label is affixed at the location in the illustration. This label shows specifications related to exhaust emissions as required by federal law, state law and Environment Canada.

EAU48271

Diagnostic connector

EAU69910



1. Diagnostic connector

The diagnostic connector is located as shown.

Vehicle data recording

EAU699701

This model's ECU stores certain vehicle data to assist in the diagnosis of malfunctions and for research and development purposes. This data will be uploaded only when a special Yamaha diagnostic tool is attached to the vehicle, such as when maintenance checks or service procedures are performed.

Although the sensors and recorded data will vary by model, the main data points are:

- Vehicle status and engine performance data
- Fuel-injection and emission-related data

Yamaha will not disclose this data to a third party except:

- With the consent of the vehicle owner
- Where obligated by law
- For use by Yamaha in litigation
- For general Yamaha-conducted research purposes when the data is not related to an individual vehicle nor owner

Consumer information

EAU26553

Reporting safety defects

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A.

To contact NHTSA, you may call the Vehicle Safety Hotline toll-free at 1-888-327-4236 (TTY: 1-800-424-9153); go to <http://www.safercar.gov>; or write to: Administrator, NHTSA, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, West Building, Washington, DC 20590. You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from <http://www.safercar.gov>.

Motorcycle noise regulation

TAMPERING WITH NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM PROHIBITED:

Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof: (1) The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use or (2) the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

"AMONG THOSE ACTS PRESUMED TO CONSTITUTE TAMPERING ARE THE ACTS LISTED BELOW".

These acts include tampering with the following systems; i.e., modification, removal, etc.

Exhaust system

- Muffler
- Exhaust pipe
- Silencer

Intake system

- Air cleaner case
- Air cleaner element
- Intake duct

Consumer information

EAU26633

Maintenance record

Copies of work orders and/or receipts for parts purchased and installed on your vehicle will be required to document that maintenance has been completed in accordance with the emissions warranty. The chart below is printed only as a reminder that maintenance work is required. It is not acceptable proof of maintenance work.

| Maintenance interval | Date of service | Mileage | Servicing dealer name and address | Remarks |
|--|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| 600 mi (1000 km) or 1 month | | | | |
| 4000 mi (7000 km) or 6 months | | | | |
| 8000 mi (13000 km) or 12 months | | | | |
| 12000 mi (19000 km) or 18 months | | | | |
| 16000 mi (25000 km) or 24 months | | | | |
| 20000 mi (31000 km) or 30 months | | | | |
| 24000 mi (37000 km) or 36 months | | | | |
| 28000 mi (43000 km) or 42 months | | | | |
| 32000 mi (49000 km) or 48 months | | | | |

Consumer information

| Maintenance interval | Date of service | Mileage | Servicing dealer name and address | Remarks |
|--|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| 36000 mi (55000 km) or 54 months | | | | |
| 40000 mi (61000 km) or 60 months | | | | |

Consumer information

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. 2015 AND LATER MODEL STREET & DUAL-PURPOSE MOTORCYCLE LIMITED WARRANTY

Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. hereby warrants that each new Yamaha motorcycle purchased from an authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer in the continental United States will be free from defects in material and workmanship for the period of time stated herein, subject to certain stated limitations.

THE PERIOD OF WARRANTY for Yamaha motorcycles originally equipped with headlight, stoplight, and turn signals shall be one (1) year from the date of purchase, with no mileage limitation, except for the battery, which is warranted for thirty (30) days from the date of purchase.

MODELS EXCLUDED FROM WARRANTY include those used for non-Yamaha-authorized renting, leasing, or other commercial purposes.

DURING THE PERIOD OF WARRANTY any authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer will, free of charge, repair or replace at Yamaha's option, any part adjudged defective by Yamaha due to faulty workmanship or material from the factory. Parts used in warranty repairs will be warranted for the balance of the product's warranty period. All parts replaced under warranty become the property of Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A.

GENERAL EXCLUSIONS from this warranty shall include any failures caused by:

- Competition or racing use.
- Installation of parts or accessories that are not qualitatively equivalent to genuine Yamaha parts.
- Abnormal strain, neglect, or abuse.
- Lack of proper maintenance and off-season storage as described in the Owner's Manual.
- Accident or collision damage.
- Modification to original parts.
- Damage due to improper transportation.

SPECIFIC EXCLUSIONS from this warranty shall include parts replaced due to normal wear or routine maintenance.

THE CUSTOMER'S RESPONSIBILITY under this warranty shall be to:

- Operate and maintain the motorcycle as specified in the appropriate Owner's Manual, and
- Give notice to an authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer of any and all apparent defects within ten (10) days after discovery, and make the machine available at that time for inspection and repairs at such dealer's place of business.

WARRANTY TRANSFER: To transfer the warranty from the original purchaser to any subsequent purchaser, it is imperative that the machine be inspected and registered for warranty by an authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer. In order for this warranty to remain in effect, this inspection and registration must take place within ten (10) days after transfer. A reasonable dealer-imposed fee may be charged for the inspection.

EMISSIONS CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY

Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. also warrants to the ultimate purchaser and each subsequent purchaser of each Yamaha motorcycle covered by this warranty with a displacement of 50cc or greater, that the vehicle is designed, built, and equipped so as to conform at the time of sale with all U.S. emissions standards applicable at the time of manufacture and that it is free from defects in materials and workmanship which would cause it not to meet these standards within the periods listed immediately below. Failures other than those resulting from defects in material or workmanship which arise solely as a result of owner abuse and/or lack of proper maintenance are not covered by this warranty.

| ENGINE DISPLACEMENT | PERIOD |
|------------------------|---|
| 50cc to 169cc | 12,000 km (7,465 miles) or five years, whichever occurs first |
| 170cc to 279cc | 18,000 km (11,185 miles) or five years, whichever occurs first |
| 280cc or over | 30,000 km (18,641 miles) or five years, whichever occurs first |

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WHICH EXCEED THE OBLIGATIONS AND TIME LIMITS STATED IN THIS WARRANTY ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED BY YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A. AND EXCLUDED FROM THIS WARRANTY.

SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW LIMITATIONS ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. ALSO EXCLUDED FROM THIS WARRANTY ARE ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES INCLUDING LOSS OF USE. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE ABOVE EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.

THIS WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS, AND YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS WHICH VARY FROM STATE TO STATE.

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A.
P.O. Box 6555
Cypress, California 90630

Consumer information

WARRANTY QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

- Q. What costs are my responsibility during the warranty period?
A. The customer's responsibility includes all costs of normal maintenance services, non-warranty repairs, accident and collision damages, and oil, oil filters, air filters, spark plugs, and brake shoes.
- Q. What are some examples of "abnormal" strain, neglect, or abuse?
A. These terms are general, and overlap each other in areas. Specific examples include: Running the machine out of oil, sustained high rpm, full-throttle, operating the machine with a broken or damaged part which causes another part to fail, damage or failure due to improper or careless transportation and/or tie-down. If you have any specific questions on operation or maintenance, please contact your dealer for advice.
- Q. Does the warranty cover incidental costs such as towing or transportation due to a failure?
A. No. The warranty is limited to repair of the machine itself.
- Q. May I perform any or all of the recommended maintenance shown in the Owner's Manual instead of having the dealer do them?
A. Yes, if you are a qualified mechanic and follow the procedures specified in the Owner's and Service Manual. We do recommend, however, that items requiring special tools or equipment be done by a Yamaha motorcycle dealer.
- Q. Will the warranty be void or cancelled if I do not operate or maintain my new motorcycle exactly as specified in the Owner's Manual?
A. No. The warranty on a new motorcycle cannot be "voided" or "cancelled." However, if a particular failure is caused by operation or maintenance other than as described in the Owner's Manual, that failure may not be covered under warranty.
- Q. What responsibility does my dealer have under this warranty?
A. Each Yamaha motorcycle dealer is expected to:
1. Completely set up every new machine before sale.
2. Explain the operation, maintenance, and warranty requirements to your satisfaction at the time of sale, and upon your request at any later date.
3. Each Yamaha motorcycle dealer is held responsible for his setup, service and warranty repair work.
- Q. Is the warranty transferable to second owners?
A. Yes. The remainder of the existing warranty can be transferred upon request. The unit has to be inspected and re-registered by an authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer for the policy to remain effective.

CUSTOMER SERVICE

If your machine requires warranty service, you must take it to any authorized Yamaha motorcycle dealer within the continental United States. Be sure to bring your warranty registration card or other valid proof of the original date of purchase. If a question or problem arises regarding the warranty, first contact the owner of the dealership. Since all warranty matters are handled at the dealer level, this person is in the best position to help you. If you are still not satisfied and require additional assistance, please write to:

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A.
CUSTOMER RELATIONS DEPARTMENT
P.O. Box 6555
Cypress, California 90630

When contacting Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A., don't forget to include any important information such as names, addresses, model, V.I.N. (frame number), dates, and receipts.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

The federal government requires each manufacturer of a motor vehicle to maintain a complete, up-to-date list of all first purchasers against the possibility of a safety-related defect and recall. This list is compiled from the purchase registrations sent to Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. by the selling dealer at the time of your purchase.

If you should move after you have purchased your new motorcycle, please advise us of your new address by sending a postcard listing your motorcycle model name, V.I.N. (frame number), dealer number (or dealer's name) as it is shown on your warranty card, your name and new mailing address. Mail to:

YAMAHA MOTOR CORPORATION, U.S.A.
P.O. Box 6555
Cypress, California 90630
Attention: Warranty Department

This will ensure that Yamaha Motor Corporation, U.S.A. has an up-to-date registration record in accordance with federal law.

Consumer information

YAMAHA EXTENDED SERVICE (Y.E.S.)

Keep your Yamaha protected even after your warranty expires with genuine Yamaha Extended Service (Y.E.S.).

- Y.E.S. is designed and administered by Yamaha Motor Corporation to provide maximum owner satisfaction. You get uninterrupted factory-backed coverage for extra peace of mind.
- Y.E.S. is flexible. You choose the plan that's right for you: 12 months, 24 months, 36 months or, on certain models, even 48 months beyond your warranty period.
- Y.E.S. is designed and administered by the same Yamaha people who handle your warranty – and it shows in the comprehensive coverage benefits. There are no mileage limitations. Coverage isn't limited to "moving parts" or the "drive train" like many other plans. And Y.E.S. covers manufacturing defects just like the warranty. See the sample contract at your Yamaha dealer to see how comforting uninterrupted factory-backed protection can be.
- You don't have to pay anything for covered repairs. There's no deductible to pay, and repairs aren't "pro-rated." You don't have any "out-of-pocket" expenses for covered repairs.

- In addition, Travel and Recreation Interruption Protection (TRIP) is included at no extra cost. TRIP gives you up to \$250 reimbursement per occurrence for any reasonable expenses you incur because your Yamaha needs covered service: replacement vehicle rental, emergency towing, phone calls, even food and lodging when you are away from home. This superb coverage goes into effect when you purchase Y.E.S., so it applies to any warranty repairs as well as covered repairs during your entire Y.E.S. plan period.
- Y.E.S. coverage is honored at any authorized Yamaha dealer nationwide.
- Y.E.S. coverage is transferable to a new owner if you sell or trade-in. That can make your Yamaha much more valuable!

This excellent Y.E.S. plan coverage is only available to Yamaha owners like you, and only while your Yamaha is still within the Yamaha Limited Warranty period. So visit your authorized Yamaha dealer to get all the facts. He can show you how easy it is to protect your investment with Yamaha Extended Service.

EAU26752

Consumer information

We urge you to act now. You'll get the excellent benefits of TRIP coverage right away, and you'll rest easy knowing you'll have strong factory-backed protection even after your Yamaha Limited Warranty expires.

A special note:

If visiting your dealer isn't convenient, contact Yamaha with your Primary ID number (your frame number). We'll be happy to help you get the Y.E.S. coverage you need.

Yamaha Service Marketing
P.O. Box 6555
Cypress, CA 90630
1-(866)-YES-EXTD (1-866-937-3983)



YAMAHA EXTENDED SERVICE

Index

A

| | |
|-----------------------------|------|
| ABS..... | 4-19 |
| ABS warning light..... | 4-3 |
| Air filter element..... | 7-17 |
| Auxiliary DC connector..... | 4-37 |
| Auxiliary DC jack..... | 4-37 |
| Auxiliary lights..... | 7-35 |

B

| | |
|---|------|
| Battery..... | 7-31 |
| Brake and clutch levers, checking and lubricating..... | 7-28 |
| Brake and shift pedals, checking and lubricating..... | 7-28 |
| Brake fluid, changing..... | 7-24 |
| Brake fluid level, checking..... | 7-23 |
| Brake lever..... | 4-18 |
| Brake lever free play, checking..... | 7-21 |
| Brake light switches..... | 7-22 |
| Brake pedal..... | 4-19 |
| Brake/tail light..... | 7-36 |

C

| | |
|---|------|
| Cables, checking and lubricating..... | 7-27 |
| Canister (for California)..... | 7-11 |
| Care..... | 8-1 |
| Catalytic converter..... | 4-24 |
| Centerstand and sidestand, checking and lubricating..... | 7-29 |
| Clutch lever..... | 4-17 |
| Clutch lever free play, adjusting..... | 7-21 |
| Coolant..... | 7-14 |

D

| | |
|------------------------------|------|
| Data recording, vehicle..... | 10-3 |
| Diagnostic connector..... | 10-3 |
| Dimmer/Pass switch..... | 4-16 |

D-mode (drive mode)..... 4-15

| | |
|--|------|
| Drive chain, cleaning and lubricating..... | 7-26 |
| Drive chain slack..... | 7-25 |

E

| | |
|--|------|
| Engine break-in..... | 6-4 |
| Engine idling speed, checking..... | 7-17 |
| Engine oil and oil filter cartridge..... | 7-11 |
| Engine serial number..... | 10-1 |
| Engine trouble warning light..... | 4-3 |

F

| | |
|---|------|
| Front and rear brake pads, checking..... | 7-22 |
| Front fork, adjusting..... | 4-31 |
| Front fork, checking..... | 7-30 |
| Fuel..... | 4-23 |
| Fuel tank breather hose and overflow hose..... | 4-24 |
| Fuel tank cap..... | 4-22 |
| Fuses, replacing..... | 7-33 |

H

| | |
|------------------------------------|------|
| Handlebar position, adjusting..... | 4-31 |
| Handlebar switches..... | 4-16 |
| Hazard switch..... | 4-16 |
| Headlight beams, adjusting..... | 4-30 |
| Headlights..... | 7-35 |
| Helmet holder..... | 4-28 |
| High beam indicator light..... | 4-3 |
| Horn switch..... | 4-16 |

I

| | |
|--|------|
| Identification numbers..... | 10-1 |
| Ignition circuit cut-off system..... | 4-35 |
| Indicator lights and warning lights..... | 4-2 |

K

| | |
|--------------------------------|------|
| Key identification number..... | 10-2 |
|--------------------------------|------|

L

| | |
|--|------|
| Labels, location..... | 1-1 |
| License plate light bulb, replacing..... | 7-37 |
| Luggage strap holders..... | 4-34 |

M

| | |
|--|------|
| Main switch/steering lock..... | 4-1 |
| Maintenance and lubrication, periodic..... | 7-5 |
| Maintenance, emission control system..... | 7-3 |
| Maintenance record..... | 10-6 |
| Matte color, caution..... | 8-1 |
| Menu switch..... | 4-17 |
| Model label..... | 10-2 |
| Multi-function meter unit..... | 4-4 |

N

| | |
|------------------------------|------|
| Neutral indicator light..... | 4-3 |
| Noise regulation..... | 10-5 |

O

| | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Oil level warning light..... | 4-3 |
|------------------------------|-----|

P

| | |
|-------------------------------------|-----|
| Panel, removing and installing..... | 7-9 |
| Parking..... | 6-5 |
| Part locations..... | 3-1 |

R

| | |
|-----------------------------------|------|
| Rider seat height, adjusting..... | 4-26 |
|-----------------------------------|------|

S

| | |
|---|------|
| Safety defects, reporting..... | 10-4 |
| Safety information..... | 2-1 |
| Seats..... | 4-25 |
| Select switch..... | 4-17 |
| Shifting..... | 6-2 |
| Shift pedal..... | 4-18 |
| Shock absorber assembly, adjusting..... | 4-32 |
| Sidestand..... | 4-34 |
| Spark plugs, checking..... | 7-10 |

| | |
|------------------------------------|------|
| Specifications | 9-1 |
| Starting the engine | 6-1 |
| Steering, checking | 7-31 |
| Stop/Run/Start switch | 4-16 |
| Storage | 8-4 |
| Storage compartment | 4-29 |
| Swingarm pivots, lubricating | 7-30 |

T

| | |
|---|------|
| Throttle grip and cable, checking and lubricating | 7-27 |
| Throttle grip free play, checking | 7-17 |
| Tires | 7-18 |
| Tool kit | 7-2 |
| Traction control system | 4-20 |
| Traction control system indicator light | 4-4 |
| Troubleshooting | 7-38 |
| Troubleshooting charts | 7-39 |
| Turn signal indicator lights | 4-2 |
| Turn signal light bulb, replacing | 7-36 |
| Turn signal switch | 4-16 |

V

| | |
|--|------|
| Valve clearance | 7-18 |
| Vehicle Emission Control Information label | 10-2 |
| Vehicle identification number | 10-1 |

W

| | |
|--------------------------------|-------|
| Warranty, extended | 10-10 |
| Warranty, limited | 10-8 |
| Wheel bearings, checking | 7-31 |
| Wheels | 7-20 |
| Windshield | 4-30 |

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For your best ownership experience, think **Genuine Yamaha!**

Genuine Yamaha Parts – Genuine Yamaha replacement parts are the exact same parts as the ones originally equipped on your vehicle, providing you with the performance and durability you have come to expect. Why settle for aftermarket parts that may not provide full confidence and satisfaction?

Genuine Yamaha Accessories – Yamaha only offers accessories that meet our high standards for quality and performance. Buy with confidence, knowing your Genuine Yamaha Accessories will fit right and perform right – right out of the box.

Yamalube – Take care of your Yamaha with legendary Yamalube oils, lubricants, and care products. They're formulated and approved by the toughest judges we know: the Yamaha engineering teams that know your Yamaha from the inside out.

Genuine Yamaha Service Manuals – Get the same factory manual for your vehicle that the technicians at your authorized Yamaha dealer use. Service manuals are available through your Yamaha dealer or you can order them directly through yamahapubs.com (for US consumers only).

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