

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ CM: \_\_\_\_\_ Sect: \_\_\_\_\_

### Review Question

### Simple Object Questions

Draw the following boxes and pointer diagrams. Use the following classes:

```
class Ninja {  
    private String name;  
    private int level;  
  
    public Ninja(String name) {  
        this.name = name;  
        this.level = 1;  
    }  
  
    public void setLevel(int level) {  
        this.level = level;  
    }  
}
```

```
class Pirate {  
    private Ninja enemy;  
  
    public Pirate(Ninja n) {  
        this.enemy = n;  
    }  
  
    public Pirate() {  
        this.enemy = new Ninja("Foo");  
    }  
}
```

1.  
Ninja n = new Ninja("Sarah");  
double var = 3;

---

2.  
Ninja n = new Ninja("a");  
Ninja n2 = new Ninja("b");  
Ninja n3 = new Ninja("c");  
n2 = n3;

3.  
int level = 7;  
Ninja n = new Ninja("Bar");  
Pirate p = new Pirate();

---

```
4.  
Ninja n = new Ninja("a");  
Ninja n2 = n;  
n = new Ninja("b");
```

---

```
5.  
Ninja n = new Ninja("a");  
Pirate p1 = new Pirate(n);  
Pirate p2 = new Pirate(n);
```

---

```
6.  
Ninja[] ninjas1 = new Ninja[5];  
Ninja[] ninjas2 = ninjas1;  
ninjas1[0] = new Ninja("Steve");
```

```
7.  
String s = new String("Hello");  
Ninja n = new Ninja(s);  
s = s.replace("l","Q");
```

---

8.

```
Pirate p = new Pirate(null);
```

---

9.

```
String name = "Buffalo";
Ninja[] ninjas = new Ninja[3];
for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
    ninjas[i] = new Ninja(name);
    ninjas[i].setLevel(i);
}
```

---

10.

```
Ninja buffalo = new Ninja("Buffalo");
Ninja[] ninjas = new Ninja[3];
for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
    ninjas[i] = buffalo;
    ninjas[i].setLevel(i);
}
```

11. What gets printed when you execute the following code:

```
HashMap<Integer, String> map1 = new HashMap<Integer, String>();
HashMap<Integer, String> map2 = new HashMap<Integer, String>();
map1.put(1, "One");
map2.put(1, "One");
```

```
System.out.println("map1 == map2: " + (map1 == map2));    output:_____
```

```
System.out.println("map1.equals(map2): " + map1.equals(map2)); output:_____
```

---

Use the following code to answer the next three questions:

```
public class StaticMystery {
    private String var;
    public StaticMystery(String var) {
        this.var = var;
    }
    public String getVar() {
        return this.var;
    }
    public void fun() {
        //cool code
    }
    public static void staticFun() {
        //more cool code
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {

    }
}
```

12. Write code you would put in main to call fun() (hint: it's not static, so you'll need to construct an object first)

13. Write code you would put in main to call staticFun()

14. Why couldn't I change the function getVar() to be static?

15. Recall the Point example class and the two ways of calculating distance (static/instance). Assuming you have two variables a, b which are Points, show the code for invoking distance calculation: (method names: distanceBetween, distanceTo)

instance method: \_\_\_\_\_

static method: \_\_\_\_\_