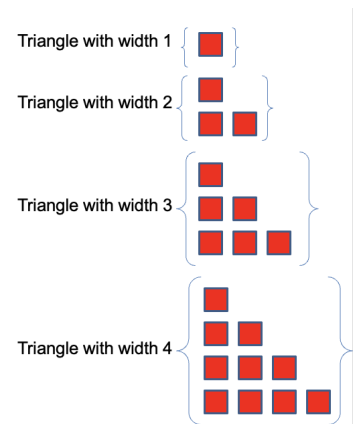


CSSE 220 – Object-Oriented Software Development
 Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology

Worksheet 11

Name (Print): _____ Section: _____

1. _____: a programming technique where a method calls itself to solve a problem
2. A recursive method 1) breaks a _____ problem into _____ subproblems, 2) solves each one until a _____ is reached.
3. Calculate the area for each triangle, given that each red block = 1.



4. Fill in the table provide the recursive formula answers:

| | Work Top to Bottom with this Column | Work Bottom to Top with these Columns | |
|-----------------|---|---|------------------------|
| Triangle(4) = | <input type="text"/> + Triangle(<input type="text"/>) | = <input type="text"/> + <input type="text"/> | = <input type="text"/> |
| Triangle(3) = | <input type="text"/> + Triangle(<input type="text"/>) | = <input type="text"/> + <input type="text"/> | = <input type="text"/> |
| Triangle(2) = | <input type="text"/> + Triangle(<input type="text"/>) | = <input type="text"/> + <input type="text"/> | = <input type="text"/> |
| Triangle(1) = | <input type="text"/> | | |

5. Write the recursive formula for triangle problem: _____
6. True/False Every recursive method must have a base case

7. Write the steps for the recursion frame:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

8. Draw traces

```
1 public int rightTriangleArea(int inputWidth) {  
2     if (inputWidth < 1)  
3         return 0;  
4     return inputWidth + rightTriangleArea(inputWidth - 1);  
5 }  
6 //call from main:  
7 rightTriangleArea(3);
```

9. Draw Traces

```
1 public int recursiveFactorial(int curVal) {  
2     if(curVal == 1)  
3         return 1;  
4     return curVal * recursiveFactorial(curVal - 1);  
5 }  
6 //call from main:  
7 recursiveFactorial(4);
```