

Introduction to Java: Eclipse Setup Guide

Step-by-step instructions for installing JDK and Eclipse, creating a project, and using the built-in terminal. Note – the versions may vary – as long as your JDK works!

1. Install the Java Development Kit (JDK)

Eclipse runs on the Java platform, so you need a **Java Development Kit (JDK)** before installing the IDE. A JDK **includes** the runtime (JRE) plus tools and source code.

1. **Download the JDK** – Visit the [Eclipse Temurin downloads page](#) and select the long-term support installation, we suggest **JDK 21 (LTS)** for **Windows x64** (choose the `.msi` installer for easiest installation). If you already have JDK 25 (LTS) installed, that's also fine, but see the Java 25 note below about Eclipse support.)
2. **Run the installer** – After the download completes, double-click the `.msi` file. Accept the license agreement and use the default installation path unless you have a specific reason to change it.
3. **Verify the installation** – Open a Command Prompt (press `Win + R`, type `cmd`, press **Enter**) and run `java -version`. You should see the current version information.

 *Oracle vs Temurin distribution: If you need a completely free, production-ready JDK with multi-year LTS updates, Temurin is generally the go-to choice.*

If you require Oracle's commercial support guarantees (SLA), or depend on their specific certification and branding, Oracle JDK with a support subscription may be preferable.

2. Install the Eclipse IDE

1. **Download the installer** – Go to the official [Eclipse Installer download page](#) and choose the **Windows 64-bit** installer.
2. **Run the installer** – When the installer opens, pick “**Eclipse IDE for Java Developers**” from the list of packages (this package includes everything you need for Java programming).



Figure 1. The Eclipse Installer lists available packages; choose “Eclipse IDE for Java Developers.”

3. **Choose an installation folder** – The default location is usually fine. Click **Install** to begin. The installer will download and install the IDE automatically.
 4. **Select your Eclipse workspace** 
- On first launch, Eclipse will ask for a **workspace directory**. This is where Eclipse stores its own settings, metadata, and preferences.
- Always** choose a folder that **only** holds these Eclipse files!

Choose a location (e.g., C:\Users\YourName\eclipse-workspace) and click **Launch**

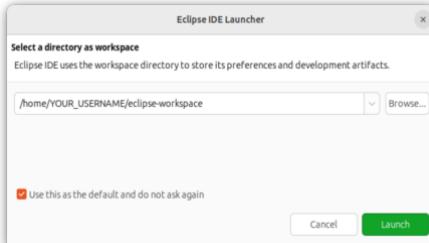


Figure 2. Eclipse prompts for a workspace folder on first launch.

 **Tip:** Check the “Use this as the default and do not ask again” box if you don’t want to choose the workspace every time.

Java 25 in Eclipse

The current Eclipse release (2025-09 / 4.37) supports Java up to **Java 24** out of the box. If you installed **JDK 25 (LTS)** on your machine, Eclipse may only show JavaSE-24 as an option when you create a new project.

If you really want Eclipse to recognize **Java 25** explicitly (showing JavaSE-25 in the execution environment list), you can install the official Java 25 support patch:

1. In Eclipse, go to **Help → Install New Software...**
2. In the **Work with** box, paste this URL:
<https://download.eclipse.org/jdt/updates/4.37-P-builds/>
3. Press Enter, select **Java 25 Support for Eclipse 2025-09 (4.37)** (or similar), and complete the installation.
4. Restart Eclipse. When you create a new Java project, JavaSE-25 should now appear as an execution environment.

Important for CSSE 220: You do **not** need Java 25 for this course. Using **JDK 21 (LTS)** is perfectly fine and recommended unless your instructor says otherwise

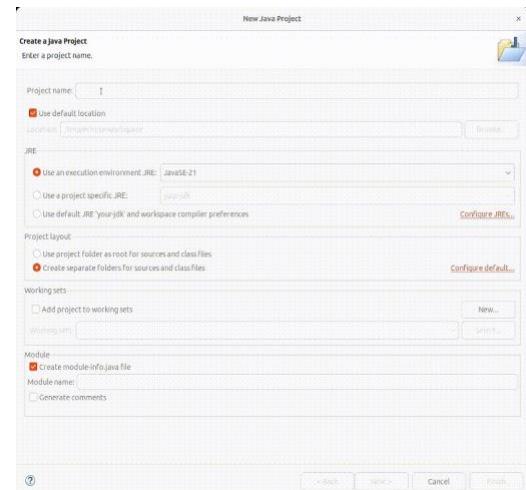
3. Create a Java Project, Package, and Class

Time to create your first project! 

Before you begin: Create a top-level **course folder** on your drive named, for example, CSSE220. Inside it, make a **subfolder** for this practice, intro.

Now you are ready:

1. In Eclipse, from the top menu, go to **File → New → Java Project**.
2. The New Java Project wizard opens. Enter a project name: HelloWorld
3. **Uncheck Use default location**
4. Click **Browse...** and navigate to your course subfolder
5. Uncheck *Create module-info.java* (modules aren't needed for intro projects).
6. Click **Finish**.

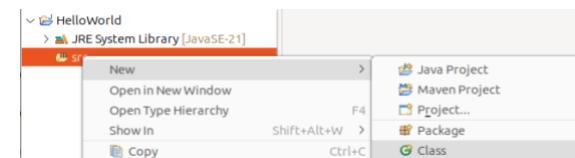


Create a package

In the *Project Explorer* on the left, right-click the `src` folder and select **New → Package**. Enter a package name, such as `introduction` (lower case), and click **Finish**. Packages organize classes.

Create a class

Right-click the package you just created and choose **New → Class**. Name the class (e.g., `HelloWorld`). Check the box to generate a `public static void main(String[] args)` method and click **Finish**.



When you click **Finish**, Eclipse will create your class and open it in the editor. Type:

```
System.out.println("Hello, world!");
```

inside the main method, save the file, and click the **Run** button (the green play icon) to see your program output in the console.

```
1 package introduction;
2
3 public class HelloWorld {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         System.out.println("Hello, World");
6     }
7 }
```

Lost or stuck? 😞 No worries!

1. In Eclipse's top menu, click **Help** → Choose **Window → Tutorials**
2. Select the **Hello World** tutorial and work through the steps

3. Eclipse Shortcuts Every Undergrad Should Know

- **Indent:** Ctrl + I
 - **De-Indent:** Shift + Tab
 - **Toggle line comment:** Ctrl + /
 - **Block comment:** Ctrl + Shift + / (wraps selection with /* */)
 - **Move line up/down:** Alt + ↑ / Alt + ↓
 - **Duplicate line:** Ctrl + Alt + ↓
 - **sysout snippet:** type sysout → press Ctrl + Space
 - **General auto-suggest:** Ctrl + Space
 - **Maximize/restore current panel:** Ctrl + M
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5. You're Ready to Code!

Congratulations 🎉 – you've set up your Java development environment! You installed the JDK and Eclipse, created your first project, package and class. Have fun and keep learning! 🚀