

CSSE 220 – Object-Oriented Software Development  
**Rose-Hulman** Institute of Technology

Worksheet 07

Name (Print): \_\_\_\_\_ Section: \_\_\_\_\_

1. **Check Your Understanding: Instance, Static, Final.**

Field Type	What it means
Instance field	
<b>final</b> instance field	
<b>static</b> field	
<b>static final</b> field	

2. **True or False**

Every object gets its own copy of an instance field. (T / F)

A **final** instance field can be changed after the constructor finishes. (T / F)

A **static** field belongs to the class (T / F)

A **static final** field is best described as a true **constant** shared by all objects (T / F)

3. **Quest Class**

```
public class Quest {
    private String title;
    private final int xpReward;
    private static int totalQuests;
    private static final int MAX_XP = 500;
}
```

(a) Each Quest has its own (**title / xpRewards, totalQuests, MAX\_XP**)

(b) xpReward can be assigned: (**once / many times**)

(c) totalQuests is shared by: (**each object / the class**)

(d) MAX\_XP can: (**change / never change**)

4. Review: **Principle 1 Proper Functionality**. This principle answers:

\_\_\_\_\_ ?

5. Review: **Principle 2 Design around data**. This principle answers:

\_\_\_\_\_ ?

## 6. Encapsulation

Encapsulation means an object \_\_\_\_\_ its own data by \_\_\_\_\_  
how it is accessed and modified

## 7. Design. There are two major goals of all program design:

- (a) Easy to \_\_\_\_\_
- (b) Easy to \_\_\_\_\_

## 8. The Big Picture: OOP Pillars

- Encapsulation → objects \_\_\_\_\_ their data
- Abstraction → users see a \_\_\_\_\_ interface
- Inheritance → related classes \_\_\_\_\_ structure
- Polymorphism → one method call, \_\_\_\_\_ behavior

## 9. Pizza Design. From the problem statement:

Primary nouns (classes): \_\_\_\_\_

Attributes of Order: \_\_\_\_\_

Attributes of Pizza: \_\_\_\_\_

Verbs that became methods: \_\_\_\_\_

## 10. Bad Design Example. Consider the Pizza class below which violates Principle 3:

```

1 public class Pizza {
2     private ArrayList<Topping> toppings;
3     public Pizza() {
4         toppings = new ArrayList<>();
5     }
6     public void addTopping(Topping t) {
7         toppings.add(t);
8     }
9     public ArrayList<Topping> getToppings() {
10        return toppings;
11    }
12 }

```

Why? \_\_\_\_\_

## 11. Before You Leave

Write one question you still have about *static*, *final*, or *overriding*.

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