



Megawastu Solusindo

Manual Instalasi Software Infrastruktur

File Sending Application



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INFORMASI DOKUMEN

Software Infrastruktur

Pada bab ini dijelaskan mengenai step-step instalasi software yang dibutuhkan untuk mendukung proses jalannya aplikasi FileSending OCBCMcD. Terdapat 6 Software yang perlu di install, yaitu:

1. JDK 1.6 update 24
2. Apache Tomcat
3. Apache Ant
4. Apache Active MQ
5. MySQL
6. GNUPG

JDK 1.6 update 24

Download JDK

Download Oracle JDK dari: <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html>

Pilih icon Java Download -> pilih platform linux x64 -> download jdk-6u24-linux-x64-rpm.bin

Install JDK

Misalkan jdk-6u24-linux-x64-rpm.bin adalah jdk_filename-rpm.bin

Login menggunakan root, atau su root, atau sudo. Lalu execute command:

```
chmod +x jdk_filename.bin
```

execute command dibawah ini untuk mengeluarkan file rpm pada direktori yang sama

```
./jdk_filename-rpm.bin
```

execute command dibawah ini untuk menginstall semua java JDK files di linux file system
/usr/java/jdk/jdk-version

```
rpm -i jdk_filename.rpm
```

membuat symbol link agar java dapat di install dimana saja:

```
ln -s /usr/java/jdk1.6.24/bin/java /usr/bin/java
```

```
ln -s /usr/java/jdk1.6.24/bin/javac /usr/bin/javac
```

Setting Environment Variable

Set JAVA_HOME ke environment variable, copy statement di bawah dan append ke file /etc/profile atau .bashrc.

```
export JAVA_HOME="/usr/java/jdk1.6.24;"
PATH=.:$JAVA_HOME/bin:$JAVA_HOME/jre/bin:$PATH
```

Test Environment Variable

Execute command dibawah ini untuk mengetest java sudah berhasil di install dengan sukses:

```
java -version
```

```
javac -version
```

jika command dikenali, maka JDK sudah diinstall dengan sukses

Referensi

<http://www.mkymong.com/java/how-to-install-java-jdk-on-fedora-core-linux/>

Apache Tomcat 7

Download Apache Tomcat

Download Apache Tomcat dari: <http://tomcat.apache.org/download-70.cgi>

Pilih binary distribution, download dilabel core dan pilih file [tar.gz](#)

Install Apache Tomcat

Login menggunakan root, atau su root, atau sudo. Lalu execute command:

```
tar xvzf apache-tomcat-7.0.11.tar.gz
```

pindahkan tomcat ke permanent location:

```
mv apache-tomcat-7.0.11 /usr/local/tomcat
```

tomcat membutuhkan JAVA_HOME, pastikan JAVA_HOME sudah di insert ke file /etc/profile atau .bashrc

Automatic Starting

Agar tomcat otomatis start saat computer boot up. Lakukan perintah berikut:

```
vi /etc/init.d/tomcat
```

Lalu paste script berikut

```
# Tomcat auto-start
#
# description: Auto-starts tomcat
# processname: tomcat
# pidfile: /var/run/tomcat.pid
export JAVA_HOME="/usr/java/jdk1.6.24;"
case $1 in
start)
    sh /usr/local/tomcat/bin/startup.sh
    ;;
```

```
stop)
    sh /usr/local/tomcat/bin/shutdown.sh
    ;;
restart)
    sh /usr/local/tomcat/bin/shutdown.sh
    sh /usr/local/tomcat/bin/startup.sh
    ;;
esac
exit 0
```

jalankan script berikut agar file tomcat pada direktori /etc/init.d executeable:

```
$chmod 755 /etc/init.d/tomcat
```

Jalankan perintah

```
ln -s /etc/init.d/tomcat /etc/rc1.d/K99tomcat
```

```
ln -s /etc/init.d/tomcat /etc/rc1.d/S99tomcat
```

Test Start and Stop Tomcat

Jalankan perintah di bawah ini untuk start tomcat:

```
sh /usr/local/tomcat/bin/startup.sh
```

Jalankan perintah di bawah ini untuk stop tomcat:

```
sh /usr/local/tomcat/bin/shutdown.sh
```

Referensi

<http://www.howtogeek.com/howto/linux/installing-tomcat-6-on-ubuntu/>

Apache Ant

Download Apache Ant

Download Apache Ant dari: <http://ant.apache.org/bindownload.cgi>

Pilih current release of ant, download [apache-ant-1.8.2-bin.tar.gz](http://ant.apache.org/bindownload.cgi)

Install Apache Ant

Login menggunakan root, atau su root, atau sudo. Lalu execute command:

```
tar xvzf apache-ant-1.8.2-bin.tar.gz
```

pindahkan tomcat ke permanent location:

```
mv apache-ant-1.8.2 /usr/local/ant
```

Setting Environment Variable

Set JAVA_HOME ke environment variable, copy statement di bawah dan append ke file /etc/profile atau .bashrc.

```
export ANT_HOME='/usr/local/ant'
```

```
PATH=.:$ANT_HOME/bin:$PATH
```

Test Ant

Execute command dibawah ini untuk mengetest ant sudah berhasil di install dengan sukses:

```
ant -version
```

Apache ActiveMQ

Download Apache ActiveMQ

Download ActiveMQ dari: <http://activemq.apache.org/activemq-542-release.html>

Pilih binary distribution, download [apache-activemq-5.4.2-bin.tar.gz](http://activemq.apache.org/activemq-542-release.html)

Install Apache ActiveMQ

Login menggunakan root, atau su root, atau sudo. Lalu execute command:

```
tar xvzf apache-ant-1.8.2-bin.tar.gz
```

pindahkan ActiveMQ ke permanent location:

```
mv apache-activemq-5.4.2 /usr/local/activemq
```

Test ActiveMQ

Execute command dibawah ini untuk start ActiveMQ

```
sh /usr/local/activemq/bin/activemq start
```

untuk stop ActiveMQ

```
sh /usr/local/activemq/bin/activemq stop
```

MySQL

Download MySQL

Check if already installed

```
$ rpm -qa | grep -i mysql
```

Configure yum repository on new server

```
$ su -
```

```
$ cd /tmp
```

```
$ wget http://public-yum.oracle.com/public-yum-el5.repo
```

```
$ sed -e "s/enabled=0/enabled=1/" public-yum-el5.repo > /etc/yum.repos.d/public-yum-el5.repo
```

Install MySQL

```
# Install MySQL
```

```
$ yum install -y mysql-server mysql
```

Start and Test ActiveMQ

Start and test MySQL Instance

```
$ /etc/init.d/mysqld start
```

```
$ mysql -u root -e "SELECT VERSION"
```

GnuPG

Download GnuPG

Download GnuPG dari: <http://www.gnupg.org/download/index.en.html>

Pilih GnuPG 1.4.11 source compressed using *gzip*. Download dari Link [FTP](#).

Install GnuPG

Login menggunakan root, atau su root, atau sudo. Lalu execute command:

```
$tar xvzf gnupg-1.4.11.tar.gz
```

Masuk ke direktori source gnupg-1.4.11

```
configure source
```

```
$./configure
```

compile source

```
$make
```

install GnuPG

```
$make install
```

Generate Key

Execute command

```
$gpg --gen-key
```

pilih nomor 1 (RSA and RSA), lalu enter

pilih 2048 keysize, lalu enter

pilih nomor 0 (key does not expired) , lalu enter

pilih y, lalu enter

Isi identity for key, Nama, email, Comment
lalu quit

Untuk mengecek key sudah di generate:
`$gpg --list-keys`