## Git Branches: Takeaways 🖻

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## **Syntax**

· Create a branch

```
git branch [branch name]
```

• Switch to branch

```
git checkout [branch name]
```

• Create and switch to branch

```
git checkout -b [branch name]
```

• Show all of the remote branches

```
git branch -r
```

• Show all of the branches availably locally

```
git branch -a
```

· Merge a branch

```
git merge
```

• Delete a branch

```
git branch -d [branch name]
```

• Update Git's list of branch names and commits

```
git fetch
```

## Concepts

- Branches allow us to create several different work areas within the same repo.
- Switching branches is useful when we want to work on changes to a project that regione different amounts of developmenet timem

- Git will prevent you from switching to a different branch if there is a potential merge conflict with the branch we're switching to.
- Git uses HEAD to refer to the current branch, as well the branch with the latest commit in that branch.
- Django is a popular Web framework for Python that programmers develop using Git and GitHub.
- In order to merge branch B into branch A, switch to branch A then merge the branch.
- Pull requests will show us the differences between branches in an attractive interface, and allow other developers to add comments.
- Typical branch names:

Feature : feature/happy - bot
Fix : fix/remove - error
Chore : chore/add - analytics

## Resources

- Pull Requests
- Django



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