Ocean Lu CS 3010 Professor 11/04/19

Programming Project 2

Please view the link for source code:

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1LFAN_636FjU95JrHzYgltZuvYlvwxWcO

Bisection Method

My code for this method looks like:

```
# Bisection Method
def f(x):
    return (x^{**3} + 2^*x^{**2} + 10^*x - 20)
def bisection_method(a, b, tol):
    counter = 1
    print("Bisection Method:")
    if f(a)*f(b) > 0:
        print("No root found.")
        while (b - a)/2.0 > tol:
            midpoint = (a + b)/2.0
            if f(midpoint) == 0:
                return(midpoint)
            elif f(a)*f(midpoint) < 0:
                b = midpoint
            else:
                a = midpoint
            print("Step", counter)
            print("Value of Root:", midpoint)
            print("Value of Function:", f(midpoint))
            print("Error:", (b - a)/2.0, "\n")
            counter = counter + 1
        return(midpoint)
a = 1
b = 2
E = 0.000005
answer = bisection_method(a, b, E)
print("Final answer:", answer)
```

The output looks like:

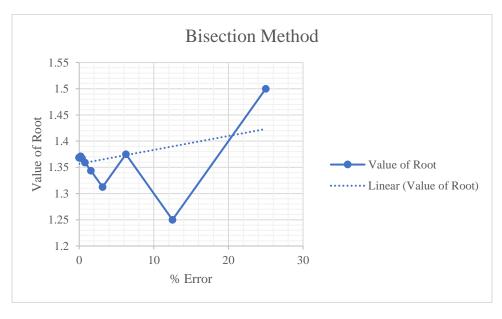
Value of Function: 0.007015503942966461

Error: 0.0009765625

Bisection Method: Step 10 Step 1 Value of Root: 1.3681640625 Value of Root: 1.5 Value of Function: -0.013584337197244167 Value of Function: 2.875 Error: 0.00048828125 Error: 0.25 Step 11 Step 2 Value of Root: 1.36865234375 Value of Root: 1.25 Value of Function: -0.003285872400738299 Value of Function: -2.421875 Error: 0.000244140625 Error: 0.125 Step 12 Step 3 Value of Root: 1.368896484375 Value of Function: 0.001864451784058474 Value of Root: 1.375 Value of Function: 0.130859375 Error: 0.0001220703125 Error: 0.0625 Step 13 Value of Root: 1.3687744140625 Step 4 Value of Function: -0.000710801299646846 Value of Root: 1.3125 Error: 6.103515625e-05 Value of Function: -1.168701171875 Error: 0.03125 Step 14 Step 5 Value of Root: 1.36883544921875 Value of Function: 0.0005768024936969596 Value of Root: 1.34375 Error: 3.0517578125e-05 Value of Function: -0.524810791015625 Error: 0.015625 Step 15 Step 6 Value of Root: 1.368804931640625 Value of Root: 1.359375 Value of Function: -6.70050900168917e-05 Value of Function: -0.19845962524414062 Error: 1.52587890625e-05 Error: 0.0078125 Step 16 Value of Root: 1.3688201904296875 Step 7 Value of Function: 0.0002548972800688887 Value of Root: 1.3671875 Value of Function: -0.03417253494262695 Error: 7.62939453125e-06 Error: 0.00390625 Step 17 Value of Root: 1.3688125610351562 Step 8 Value of Root: 1.37109375 Value of Function: 9.394573958587671e-05 Value of Function: 0.04825013875961304 Error: 3.814697265625e-06 Error: 0.001953125 Final answer: 1.3688125610351562 Step 9 Value of Root: 1.369140625

Table of the results for Bisection method:

n	Value of Root	Value of Function	Error	% Error
1	1.5	2.875	0.25	25
2	1.25	-2.421875	0.125	12.5
3	1.375	0.130859375	0.0625	6.25
4	1.3125	-1.168701171875	0.03125	3.125
5	1.34375	-0.524810791015625	0.015625	1.5625
6	1.359375	-0.19845962524414062	0.0078125	0.78125
7	1.3671875	-0.03417253494262695	0.00390625	0.390625
8	1.37109375	0.04825013875961304	0.001953125	0.1953125
9	1.369140625	0.007015503942966461	0.0009765625	0.09765625
10	1.3681640625	-0.013584337197244167	0.00048828125	0.048828125
11	1.36865234375	-0.003285872400738299	0.000244140625	0.024414063
12	1.368896484375	0.001864451784058474	0.0001220703125	0.012207031
13	1.3687744140625	-0.000710801299646846	6.103515625e-05	0.006103516
14	1.36883544921875	0.0005768024936969596	3.0517578125e-05	0.003051758
15	1.368804931640625	-6.70050900168917e-05	1.52587890625e-05	0.001525879
16	1.3688201904296875	0.0002548972800688887	7.62939453125e-06	0.000762939
17	1.3688125610351562	9.394573958587671e-05	3.814697265625e-06	0.00038147



False Position Method

My code for this method looks like:

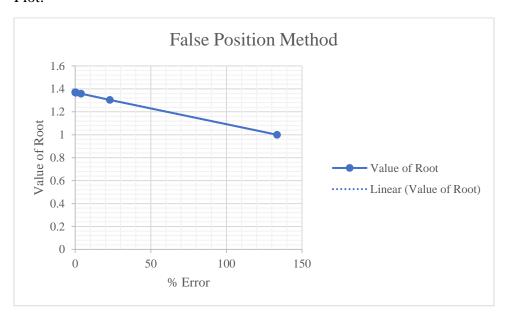
```
# False Position Method
import math
import numpy as np
def f(x):
    return (x^{**3} + 2^*x^{**2} + 10^*x - 20)
def regulaFalsi(a,b,TOL):
    print("False Position Method:")
    i = 1
    FA = f(a)
    while True:
        p = (a*f(b)-b*f(a))/(f(b) - f(a))
        FP = f(p)
        if(FP == 0 \text{ or np.abs}(f(p)) < TOL):
            break
        else:
            print("Step", i)
            print ("Value of Root:", a)
            print("Value of Function:",f(a))
            print("Error:", np.abs(f(p)), "\n")
        i = i + 1
        if(FA*FP > 0):
             a = p
        else:
            b = p
    print("Final answer: ", a)
a = 1
b = 2
E = 0.000005
regulaFalsi(a, b, E)
```

The output looks like:

False Position Method: Step 1 Value of Root: 1 Value of Function: -7 Error: 1.3347579518369344 Step 2 Value of Root: 1.3043478260869565 Value of Function: -1.3347579518369344 Error: 0.22913572958733397 Step 3 Value of Root: 1.3579123046578667 Value of Function: -0.22913572958733397 Error: 0.03859187677837639 Step 4 Value of Root: 1.3669778048165133 Value of Function: -0.03859187677837639 Error: 0.006478728147058632 Step 5 Value of Root: 1.3685009755999702 Value of Function: -0.006478728147058632 Error: 0.001087042825339779 Step 6 Value of Root: 1.368756579007422 Value of Function: -0.001087042825339779 Error: 0.00018237436024648446 Step 7 Value of Root: 1.3687994628833735 Value of Function: -0.00018237436024648446 Error: 3.059667520943776e-05 Step 8 Value of Root: 1.3688066574760007 Value of Function: -3.059667520943776e-05 Error: 5.133145471347689e-06 Final answer: 1.3688078644997985

Table of the results for False Position Method:

n	Value of Root	Value of Function	Error	% Error
1	1	-7	1.3347579518369344	133.4757952
2	1.3043478260869565	-1.3347579518369344	0.22913572958733397	22.91357296
3	1.3579123046578667	-0.22913572958733397	0.03859187677837639	3.859187678
4	1.3669778048165133	-0.03859187677837639	0.006478728147058632	0.647872815
5	1.3685009755999702	-0.006478728147058632	0.001087042825339779	0.108704283
6	1.368756579007422	-0.001087042825339779	0.00018237436024648446	0.018237436
7	1.3687994628833735	-0.00018237436024648446	3.059667520943776e-05	0.003059668
8	1.3688066574760007	-3.059667520943776e-05	5.133145471347689e-06	0.000513315



Newton Method

My code for this method looks like:

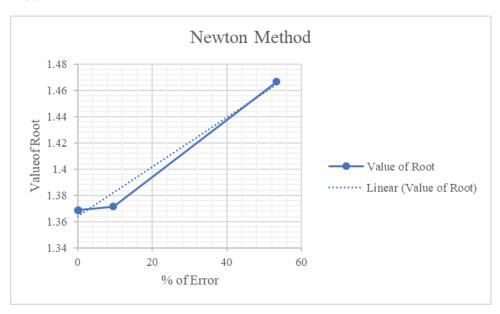
```
# Newton Method
def f(x):
    return (x^{**}3 + 2^*x^{**}2 + 10^*x - 20)
def df( x ):
    return (3*x**2 + 4*x + 10)
def newtonRaphson(x, TOL):
    h = f(x) / df(x)
    print("Newton Method:")
    while abs(h) >= TOL:
      h = f(x)/df(x)
      print("Step", i)
      print("Value of Root:", x)
      print("Value of Function:", f(x))
      print("Error:", h, "\n")
      i = i + 1
    print("Final answer:", x)
x\theta = 2
E = 0.000005
newtonRaphson(x0, E)
```

The output looks like:

```
Newton Method:
Step 1
Value of Root: 1.46666666666668
Value of Function: 2.123851851851853
Error: 0.5333333333333333
Step 2
Value of Root: 1.3715120138059207
Value of Function: 0.05708664190432344
Error: 0.0951546528607461
Value of Root: 1.3688102226338952
Value of Function: 4.4614406963461306e-05
Error: 0.0027017911720254935
Step 4
Value of Root: 1.3688081078226673
Value of Function: 2.731326276261825e-11
Error: 2.1148112279961915e-06
Final answer: 1.3688081078226673
```

Table of the results for Newton Method:

n	Value of Root	Value of Function	Error	% Error
1	1.466666666666668	2.123851851851853	0.533333333333333	53.33333333
2	1.3715120138059207	0.05708664190432344	0.0951546528607461	9.515465286
3	1.3688102226338952	4.4614406963461306e-05	0.0027017911720254935	0.270179117
4	1.3688081078226673	2.731326276261825e-11	2.1148112279961915e-06	0.000211481



Secant Method

My code for this method looks like:

```
# Secant method
def f(x):
    return (x^{**3} + 2^*x^{**2} + 10^*x - 20)
def secant(x1, x2, E):
    print("Secant Method:")
    n = 0; xm = 0; x0 = 0; c = 0;
    if (f(x1) * f(x2) < 0):
      while True:
        x0 = ((x1 * f(x2) - x2 * f(x1)) / (f(x2) - f(x1)));
        c = f(x1) * f(x0);
        x1 = x2;
        x2 = x0;
        n += 1;
        print("Step", n)
        print("Value of Root:", x0)
        print("Value of Function:", c)
        if (c == 0):
          break;
        xm = ((x1 * f(x2) - x2 * f(x1)) / (f(x2) - f(x1)));
        print("Error:", abs(xm - x0), "\n")
        if(abs(xm - x\theta) < E):
          break;
    else:
      print("Can not find a root in ", "the given inteval");
    print("Final answer:", x0)
x\theta = 2;
x1 = 1;
E = 0.000005;
secant(x0, x1, E);
```

The output looks like:

```
Secant Method:
Step 1
Value of Root: 1.3043478260869565
Value of Function: -21.35612722939095
Error: 0.07170579430504076

Step 2
Value of Root: 1.3760536203919973
Value of Function: -1.0722130640657355
Error: 0.007381666860655445

Step 3
Value of Root: 1.3686719535313419
Value of Function: 0.003833714047466499
Error: 0.00013586899387907359

Step 4
Value of Root: 1.368807822525221
Value of Function: -9.218959719539044e-07
Error: 2.8530739548671136e-07
```

Table of the results for Secant Method:

n	Value of Root	Value of Function	Error	% Error
1	1.3043478260869565	-21.35612722939095	0.07170579430504076	7.170579431
2	1.3760536203919973	-1.0722130640657355	0.007381666860655445	0.738166686
3	1.3686719535313419	0.003833714047466499	0.00013586899387907359	0.013586899
4	1.368807822525221	-9.218959719539044e-07	2.8530739548671136e-07	2.85307E-05

