# Programming review

DS110, Fall 2022

also download the Kahob t. app

~Open a new Colab notebook before we begin~

lists

1 Squar, brackets · storp values · first index is · elements may have different types · iterate through items with for loop items can be repeated.

Can use map (Filter on it

- lists
- functions

```
set of instrs, that can be reused
· should return something can use Functions within functions
helps modularity of pronmams
4 Ses local variable
· arguments specify inputs to function and are local variables themselves
```

- lists
- functions
- dictionaries

```
* follow key/value format instead
of indices
accessions a dictionary is much fastor than searching a list could store bookup values too strings treat as unordered
```

- lists
- functions
- dictionaries
- DataFrames

· can croate from . Eft or , tsv files - Can create datatramps that match dr original but are filtered 20 and the 10 is a Series · can mix data Types in the table VSt & Dalean

- lists
- functions
- dictionaries
- DataFrames
- good code style

```
proper specing - good spring on tabs
good variable names - match style of
naming, describes its data
· Comment large blocks of code,
especially functions
· avoid repeated code - use
functions instead
* USP Existing modules when possible
```

# Spot the bug

• What is wrong with this code? How do we fix it?

```
mylist = ['A', 'B', '1']

def contains_number(mylist):
   for item in mylist:
     if item.isdigit():
        return True # number found
     else:
        return False
```

#### Reading code with map and lambda

- What does the following code do, without running it?
- Can you rewrite it as a list comprehension?

```
list(map(lambda s: s.lower(), mylist))
```

#### Process

- · check rest of notebook for names that might collide etc
  - How do you write code?

7'sketchideas \* break it down vrite in psrudocode first try out some small code in d

• In what order do you write and run the code?

• How do you debug? walk through logic print the intermediate

[ look at the error message of intermediate

\* scale back to a simpler out what the return valuer function and get it to work of try out examples that exercise logical, and where bug is

\* Comment out sections to track bug down

#### Iteration and numpy

• Fill an 11 x 11 array with the multiplication table for 0 through 10, so for example table[2][3] = 6. Print the table. (Hint: you can initialize the table with np.zeros().)

#### Dictionaries and strings

- Write a function animalhasher() that
  - Takes a single comma-separated string as input ("panda,lion,bear,bear")
  - Creates a dictionary that stores how often each string appears in the sequence
  - For every value over 1, creates a "plural" key with "s" appended that returns the same value ("bears": 2)
  - Returns this dictionary

#### Functions and lists (and sets?)

 Write a function unique() that returns True if every element in its list argument is unique - no duplicates. (Otherwise, it returns False.)