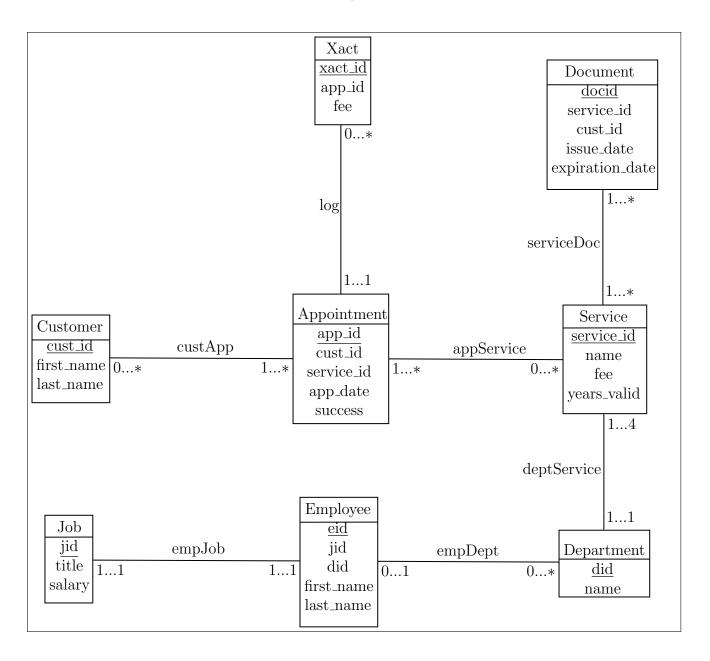
# Program #4: Database Design and Implementation

Due Date: December 6<sup>th</sup>, 2021, at the beginning of class

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## 1 Conceptual Database Design



## 2 Logical database design

Customer <u>cust\_id</u> first\_name last\_name Appointment app\_id cust\_id service\_id app\_date success Xact <u>xact\_id</u> app\_id Service service\_id fee name years\_valid Document docid service\_id cust\_id | issue\_date expiration\_date Job jid title salary Employee eid jid  $\operatorname{did}$  $first\_name$ last\_name Department did name

## 3 Normalization analysis

#### Customer:

 $cust_id \rightarrow first_name$ 

 $cust\_id \rightarrow last\_name$ 

1NF: Becasue its attributes are not set-valued.

2NF: Every non-prime attribute is fully functionally dependent upon every CK.

3NF + BCNF: In both FDs cust\_id is a super key of the relation.

#### Appointment:

 $app\_id \rightarrow cust\_id$ 

app\_id→service\_id

app\_id→app\_app\_date

 $app_id \rightarrow success$ 

1NF: Becasue its attributes are not set-valued.

2NF: Every non-prime attribute is fully functionally dependent upon every CK.

3NF + BCNF: In both FDs app\_id is a super key of the relation.

#### Xact:

 $xact_id \rightarrow app_id$ 

 $xact_id \rightarrow fee$ 

1NF: Becasue its attributes are not set-valued.

2NF: Every non-prime attribute is fully functionally dependent upon every CK.

3NF + BCNF: In both FDs xact\_id is a super key of the relation.

#### Service:

service\_id→name

 $service_id \rightarrow fee$ 

service\_id \rightarrow years\_valid

1NF: Becasue its attributes are not set-valued.

2NF: Every non-prime attribute is fully functionally dependent upon every CK.

3NF + BCNF: In both FDs <u>service\_id</u> is a super key of the relation.

#### Document:

doc\_id→service\_id

doc\_id→cust\_id

doc\_id→expiration\_date

1NF: Becasue its attributes are not set-valued.

2NF: Every non-prime attribute is fully functionally dependent upon every CK.

3NF + BCNF: In both FDs doc\_id is a super key of the relation.

Job:

 $jid \rightarrow title$ 

jid→salary

1NF: Becasue its attributes are not set-valued.

2NF: Every non-prime attribute is fully functionally dependent upon every CK.

3NF + BCNF: In both FDs jid is a super key of the relation.

#### Employee:

eid→jid

 $eid \rightarrow did$ 

eid→first\_name

 $eid \rightarrow last\_name$ 

1NF: Becasue its attributes are not set-valued.

2NF: Every non-prime attribute is fully functionally dependent upon every CK.

3NF + BCNF: In both FDs eid is a super key of the relation.

#### Department:

 $\overline{\text{did}}\rightarrow\text{name}$ 

1NF: Becasue its attributes are not set-valued.

2NF: Every non-prime attribute is fully functionally dependent upon every CK.

3NF + BCNF: In both FDs did is a super key of the relation.

## 4 Query description

SELECT salary
FROM Job, Employee
WHERE Job.jid = Employee.jid
AND Employee.first\_name = '%s'
AND Employee.last\_name = '%s'

Our self–designed query answers the question: "What is the salary of a given Employee". Given the first and last name from the user and by preforming a join on the Employee and Job relations, we are able to determine the answer to this question. The utility of the query allows users to get insight into the people that work at the DMV.