Reactivitv

COPY A DATA FRAME INTO SPARK

sdf_copy_to(sc, iris, "spark_iris")

sdf_copy_to(sc, x, name, memory, repartition, overwrite)

MPORT INTO SPARK FROM A FILE

sc, name, path, options = list(), repartition = 0, Arguments that apply to all functions: memory = TRUE, overwrite = TRUE

CSV

delimiter = "," quote = "\"", escape = "\\", columns = NULL, infer_schema = TRUE, spark_read_csv(header = TRUE,

charset = "UTF-8", null_value = NULL)

spark_read_json()

PARQUET spark_read_parquet()

SPARK SQL COMMANDS

my_var <- tbl_cache(sc, name= "hive iris")

name= "hive_iris")

dplyr::tbl(scr,...)

Creates a reference to the table without loading it into memory

Visualize & Communicate

c("Petal_Length", "Petal_Width")) nl_decision_tree(my_table,

rating.column = "rating", item.column = "item" **nl_als_factorization(**x, user.column = "user"

Download a Spark DataFrame to an R DataFrame

dplyr::collect(x)

Returns contents of a single column to R

sdf_read_column(x, column)

/idth~Petal_Length, data=r_table)

DOWNLOAD DATA TO R MEMORY

table <- collect(my_table

ml.options = ml_options())

ml_options()) Same options for: ml_gradient_boosted_trees = 5L, type = c("auto", "regression", "classification"), ml.options =

intercept = TRUE, family = gaussian(link = "identity"), iter.max = nl_generalized_linear_regression(x, response, features,

delimiter = ",", quote = "\"", escape = "\\",

spark_read_csv(header = TRUE,

CSV

charset = "UTF-8", null_value = NULL)

spark_read_json(mode = NULL)

JSON

Arguments that apply to all functions: x, path

SAVE FROM SPARK TO FILE SYSTEM

ml_kmeans(x, centers, iter.max = 100, features = dplyr::tbl_vars(x),

(50/k) + 1, beta = 0.1 + 1, ml.options = ml_options())

alpha = 0, lambda = 0, iter.max = 100L, ml.options = ml_options()) ml_linear_regression(x, response, features, intercept = TRUE,

ml_multilayer_perceptron(x, response, features, layers, iter.max = 100, seed = sample(.Machine\$integer.max, 1), ml.options = ml_options())

nl_naive_bayes(x, response, features, lambda = 0, ml.options =

ml_one_vs_rest(x, classifier, response, features, ml.options =

ml_pca(x, features = dplyr::tbl_vars(x), ml.options = ml_options())

max.depth = 5L, num.trees = 20L, type = c("auto", "regression", ml_random_forest(x, response, features, max.bins = 32L

ml_survival_regression(x, response, features, intercept =

nterface is an R





rank = 10L, regularization.parameter = 0.1, iter.max = 10L

nl_decision_tree(x, response, features, max.bins = 32L, max.depth

100L, ml.options = ml_options())

compute.cost = TRUE, tolerance = 1e-04, ml.options = ml_options()) ml_lda(x, features = dplyr::tbl_vars(x), k = length(features), alpha =

Same options for: ml_logistic_regression

ml_options())

ml_options())

"classification"), ml.options = ml_options())

TRUE,censor = "censor", iter.max = 100L, ml.options = ml_options())

nl_binary_classification_eval(predicted_tbl_spark, label, score, metric = "areaUnderROC")

ml_classification_eval(predicted_tbl_spark, label, predicted_lbl, metric = "f1"

ml_tree_feature_importance(sc, model)

Spark sparklyr for

DBI::dbWriteTable(sc, "spark_iris", iris)

DBI::dbWriteTable(conn, name,

FROM A TABLE IN HIVE

tbl_cache(sc, name, force = TRUE) Loads the table into memory

my_var <- dplyr::tbl(sc,

PARQUET spark_read_parquet(mode = NULL)

Reading & Writing from Apache Spark

ft_binarizer(my_table,input.col="Petal_Le

Translates into Spark SQL statements

SPARK SQL VIA DPLYR VERBS

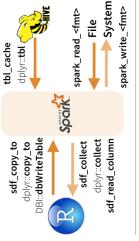
Wrangle

filter(Species=="setosa") %>%

sample_n(10)

my_table <- my_var %>%

ML TRANSFORMERS



x, input.col = NULL, output.col = NULL

Arguments that apply to all functions:

Extensions

ft_discrete_cosine_transform(inverse

Numeric column to discretized column

ft_bucketizer(splits)

Assigned values based on threshold

my_table <- DBI::**dbGetQuery**(sc , "SELECT *

FROM iris LIMIT 10")

DIRECT SPARK SQL COMMANDS

DBI::dbGetQuery(conn, statement)

ft_binarizer(threshold = 0.5)

Create an R package that calls the full Spark API & provide interfaces to Spark packages.

CORE TYPES

ft_elementwise_product(scaling.col)

Time domain to frequency domain

= FALSE)

Element-wise product between 2 cols

Index labels back to label as strings

ft_index_to_string()

sdf_partition(x, ..., weights = NULL, seed =

Works like dplyr mutate function

sdf_mutate(.data)

SCALA API VIA SDF FUNCTIONS

sdf_partition(x, training = 0.5, test = 0.5)

sample (.Machine\$integer.max, 1))

spark_connection() Connection between R and the spark_jobj() Instance of a remote Spark object spark_dataframe() Instance of a remote Spark Spark shell process

CALL SPARK FROM R

ft_quantile_discretizer(n.buckets=5L)

sdf_sample(x, fraction = 1, replacement =

Gives a Spark DataFrame a table name

sdf_register(x, name = NULL)

Continuous to binary vectors

ft_one_hot_encoder()

Continuous to binned categorical

DataFrame object

invoke_new() Create a new object by invoking a invoke() Call a method on a Java object

nvoke_static() Call a static method on an object

MACHINE LEARNING EXTENSIONS

Column of labels into a column of label

ft_string_indexer(params = NULL)

ft_sql_transformer(sql)

Sorts by >=1 columns in ascending order

sdf_sort(x, columns) TRUE, seed = NULL)

 $sdf_with_unique_id(x, id = "id")$

Combine vectors into single row-vector

f_vector_assembler()

Spark DataFrame with predicted values

R Studio

sdf_predict(object, newdata)

ml_options() ml_model() ml_prepare_response_features_intercept() ml_create_dummy_variables() ml_prepare_dataframe()

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