# Package Development:: **cheat sheet**

## Package Structure

A package is a convention for organizing files into directories.

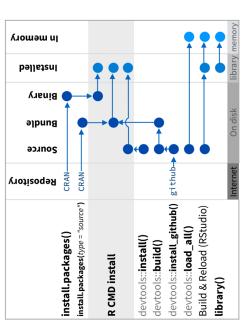
This sheet shows how to work with the 7 most common parts of an R package:



The contents of a package can be stored on disk as a:

- source a directory with sub-directories (as above)
- **bundle** a single compressed file (.*tar.gz*)
- binary a single compressed file optimized for a specific OS

Or installed into an R library (loaded into memory during an R session) or archived online in a repository. Use the functions below to move between these states.



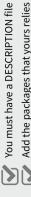
devtools::use\_build\_ignore("file")

Adds file to .Rbuildignore, a list of files that will not be included when package is built.



# Setup ( DESCRIPTION)

The 🖺 DESCRIPTION file describes your work, sets up how your package will work with other packages, and applies a copyright.



Add the packages that yours relies on with

devtools::**use\_package()** 

Adds a package to the Imports or Suggests field

No strings attached.

GPL-2 license applies to your code, and all code anyone your code if re-shared. MIT license applies to

bundles with it, if re-shared.

### Write Code ( 🗀 R/)

All of the R code in your package goes in  $\square$  R/. A package with just an R/ directory is still a very useful package.



devtools::**create(**"path/to/name") Create a new package project with

Create a template to develop into a package.

Save your code in  $\square$  R/ as scripts (extension .R)

#### WORKFLOW

- Edit your code.
- Load your code with one of

devtools::load\_all(

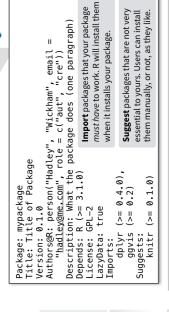
Re-loads all saved files in  $\square$  R/ into memory.

Saves all open files then calls load\_all() Ctrl/Cmd + Shift + L (keyboard shortcut)

- Experiment in the console.
- Use consistent style with r-pkgs.had.co.nz/r.html#style Click on a function and press F2 to open its definition
  - Search for a function with Ctrl +.



Visit **r-pkgs.had.co.nz** to learn much more about writing and publishing packages for R



#### ☐ tests/) Test (1

Use ☐ tests/ to store tests that will alert you if your code breaks.



#### Add a **tests**/ directory

Import testthat with devtools::use\_testthat(), which sets up package to use automated tests with testthat Write tests with context(), test(), and expect statements

Save your tests as .R files in tests/testthat/

#### WORKFLOW

- Modify your code or tests.
- 2. Test your code with one of devtools::test()
  - Runs all tests in □ tests/ Ctrl/Cmd + Shift + T
- **Example Test**

expect\_equal(1 + 1, 2) expect\_equal(1 + 2, 3) expect\_equal(1 + 3, 4) test\_that("Math works" context("Arithmetic")

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returns TRUE?

expect\_true()