

Chapter 9. Programming Models

Bilkent University | CS443 | 2021, Spring | Dr. Orçun Dayıbaş

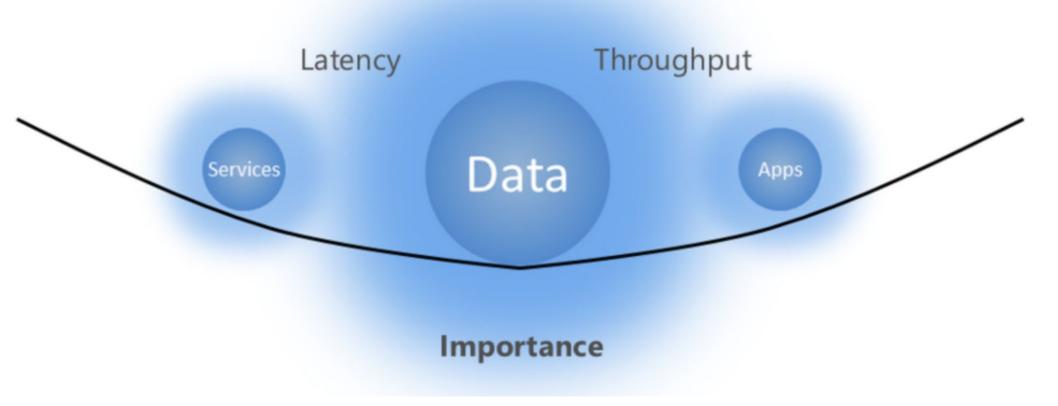
Introduction

Application landscape is changing

Then	Now
One datasource	Multiple datasources
Entire business logic embedded	Various BL sources
Purpose built	Mash-up services/apps
Single programming language	Polyglot programming
Single channel consumption	Multi-channel experience
Single DC deployment	Parts can exist anywhere
Planned update/release cycles	CI/CD
Failing is not an option	Fail fast

Introduction

• The rising value of data



Data-oriented Models

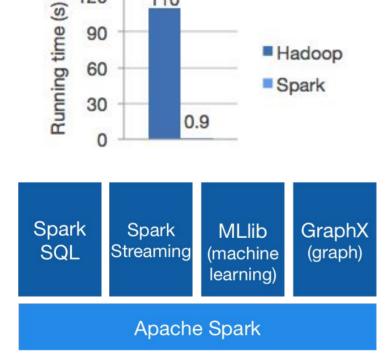
Big Data Analytics

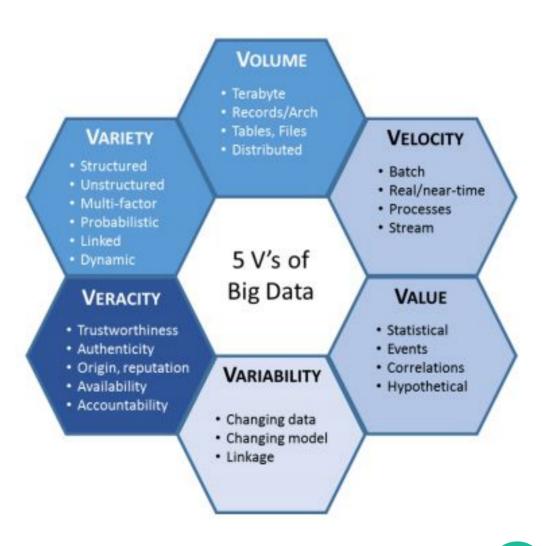
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Hadoop

120

- HDFS, MapReduce, YARN
- Apache Spark





Microservices

- It's just an architectural style → lots of different approach
- Not complete

Cloud-native Application Dev.

Couple of principles, still too loose to draw a boundary

Service Mesh

- A way to control how different parts of an application share data with one another
- Unlike other systems for managing this communication, a service mesh is a dedicated infrastructure layer built right into an app
- This visible infrastructure layer can document how well (or not) different parts of an app interact, so it becomes easier to optimize communication and avoid downtime as an app grows

Service Mesh

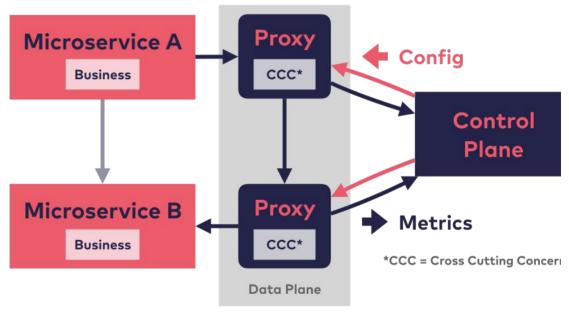
Microservices

Microservice A Business CCC* Microservice B

Business

CCC*

Microservices + Service Mesh

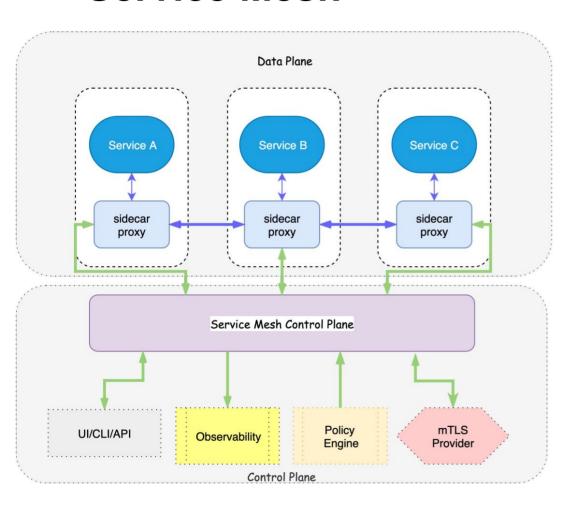


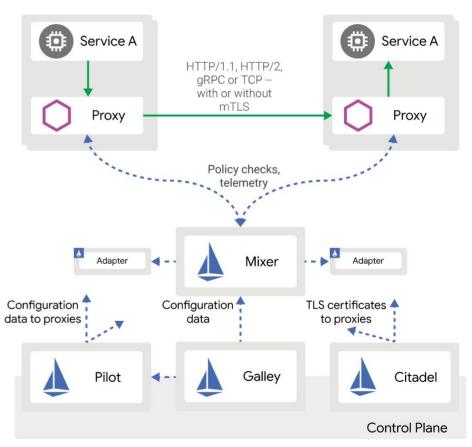
Business = Business Logic, Business Metrics

CCC*

 $= Traffic \ Metrics, \ Routing, \ Retry, \ Timeout, \ Circuit \ Breaking, \ Encryption, \ Decryption, \ Authorization, \ \dots$

Service Mesh





Service Mesh

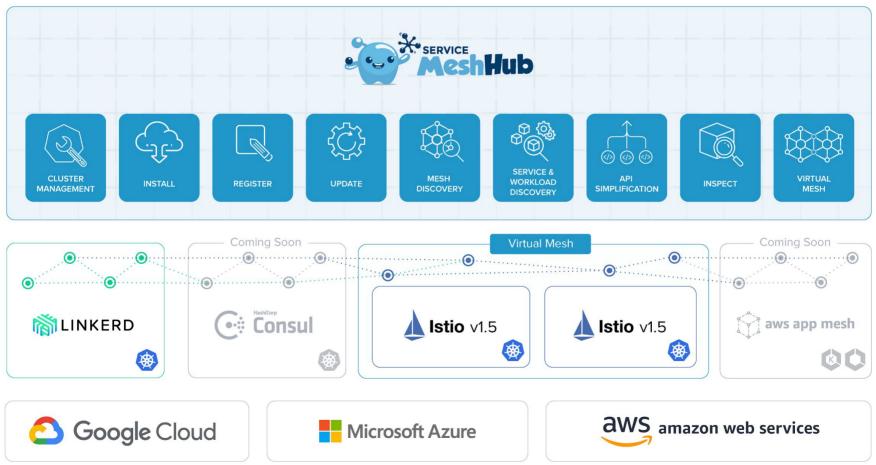
- Manageability
- Observability
- Reliability
- Security
- Progressive Delivery

Which implementation to choose?

- Istio
- Linkerd
- Consul connect
- Maesh
- Kuma (Kong Mesh)
- o etc.

Service Mesh

Landscape: https://layer5.io/landscape



Q/A