Midterm (MT2013-211-session 1)

UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY - VNUHCM Faculty of Applied Science Department of Applied Mathematics

MT2013 - Probability and Statistics - SEMESTER 211 MIDTERM EXAM (SESSION 1)

Date: October 9, 2021. Time: 9:00

Duration: 40 minutes INTRODUCTION:

- Students are NOT allowed to use any software/electrical devices during the exam, except their pocket calculators, printed/written documents, camera and a computer/laptop (for doing the exam). This means that students are NOT allowed to open any pdf file. The table of statistical distributions will be provided in the exam.
- Do not round in between steps. Round your final answers to four decimal places (e.g. 5.1234).
- Students are allowed to try only one time on each question. Students must fill in answer boxes or choose correct answers, then submit their answers on time (Do not wait until the very last minute). The maximum score: 100 points.
- Students must have their camera to be turned on and show their face during the exam. On their screen, there must be one big window for BKEL, one small window for Google!Meeting showing their face (put at a corner of the screen), and another small window Google!Meeting for recording (showing the list of participants).

1. (0 pts)

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Your full name:	
Your student ID:	
If you have any concern about some questions of the exam, please dis your instructors an email after the exam.	cuss it in the box below and send

Below are some statistical tables. Please click [+] for more details.

Statistical Tables [+]

2. (30 pts)

A factory has four assembly lines, which manufacture the same products. The following table includes the contribution of these assembly lines to the total output of the factory and the percentages of defective parts produced by them.

The contribution of each assembly line to the total output $P(D_i)$	Assembly line	The percentage of NON-defective (N) parts produced by each assembly line $P(N D_i)$
27 %	D_1	90 %
32 %	D_2	87 %
30 %	D_3	85 %
11 %	D_4	92 %

1.	. Compute the probability that randomly selected part is NON-defective.
	Answer:
2.	Select a part at random for inspection. If this part is defective, what is the probability that it was produced by assembly line D_1 ?
	Answer:
3.	. Select randomly a sample of 12 parts produced by assembly line $D_{f 3}.$ Compute the probability
	that there are exactly 4 defective parts among 12 selected parts and the average number of defective
	parts in the sample.
	The probability:
	The average number of defective:

3. (30 pts)

Assume that a company's products are sold in packages of 4 products and the number of defective products in each package has the following distribution:

X	0	1	2	3	4
P	0.15	0.25	0.21	0.23	С

1	Find	~

Answer C —

2. Compute the mean and the standard deviation of the number of defective products in one package.

Answer: E(X) = _______

3. Assume that the numbers of defective products in the packages are independent. Find the probability that the total number of defective products in 501 packages is more than 943 products. Answer: ______

4. (20 pts)

Suppose that the number of telephone calls received by the customer service department of a company in an hour is a random variable X following a Poisson distribution with the average of 23 calls every hour, and the number of emails received by the same department in an hour is a random variable Y following a Poisson distribution with the average of 42 emails every hour.

1.	Compute the probability that this department receives exactly 21 telephone calls in one hour.
	Answer:
2.	Suppose further that X and Y are independent. Calculate the standard deviation of the total number of responses (via email or telephone) received by this department in 17 minutes. Answer:

5. (20 pts)

Let X be a random variable with the density function satisfying $f(x) = cx^2$ for all $x \in (0,3.5)$ and f(x) = 0 for all $x \notin (0,3.5)$, where c is a constant.

1.	Find C.
	Answer:
2.	Calculute the expectation $E(X^3)$.
	Answer:
3.	Calculate the probability $P(X<2.1 X<2.5)$
	Answer:

- 1 ~ ~ ~
- 2. 0.8776 ~ 0.22058823529412 ~ 0.068284422509008 ~ 1.8
- 3. 2 ~ 1.3114877048604 ~ [0.975,0.978] ~ 0.16
- 4. 0.079280715504883 ~ 4.2914643965279
- 5. 0.06997084548105 ~ 21.4375 ~ 0.592704

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Midterm (MT2013-211-make-up)

UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY - VNUHCM Faculty of Applied Science Department of Applied Mathematics

MT2013 - Probability and Statistics - SEMESTER 211 MIDTERM EXAM (Make-up)

Date: October 21, 2021. Time: 18:30

Duration: 40 minutes INTRODUCTION:

- Students are NOT allowed to use any software/electrical devices during the exam, except their pocket calculators, printed/written documents, camera and a computer/laptop (for doing the exam). This means that students are NOT allowed to open any pdf file. The table of statistical distributions will be provided in the exam.
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1. (0 pts)

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Your full name:	
Your student ID:	
If you have any concern about some questions of the exam, please disc your instructors an email after the exam.	cuss it in the box below and send

Below are some statistical tables. Please click [+] for more details.

Statistical Tables [+]

2. (20 pts)

69% of the light aircraft that disappear while in flight in a region are subsequently discovered. Of the aircraft that are discovered, 59% have an emergency locator, whereas 11% of the aircraft not discovered do not have such a locator. Suppose a light aircraft has disappeared.

1.	If it has an emergency locator, what is the probability that it will not be discovered?
	Answer :
	What is the probability that it it has an emergency locator?
	Answer :

3. (30 pts)

A video game company conducts a survey about the number of minutes it tooks players to complete each level in a released game. The company notes that the time it takes to complete level I is a random variable X_1 , which follows a normal distribution with the mean of 54.6 minutes and the standard deviation of 12.4 minutes.

1. Compute the probability that a randomly chosen player needs more than 56.1 minutes to complete level I of the game.

Answer: _____

2. The company wants to determine the time t_0 such that 95% of players need less than t_0 minutes to complete level I of the game. What is t_0 ?

Answer: ______

3. Suppose that there are 3 levels in this game, and X_2 and X_3 are the numbers of minutes required to complete level II and level III of the game respectively. Suppose further that $X_2 \sim N\big(46.6,14.9^2\big)$ and $X_3 \sim N\big(52.4,15.3^2\big)$, and the variables X_1 , X_2 , and X_3 are independent. Compute the expectation and the standard deivation of the total number of minutes that a randomly chosen player needs to complete all three levels.

The expectation: _____ (minutes)

The standard deviation: _____ (minutes)

4. (25 pts)

In preparation for student assessment, a math teacher recorded the number of absences (X) of his students and the results are give in the following table:

X	0	1	3	4	5
P	0.64	0.13	0.06	?	?

1. Given that E(X) \equiv 1.08, compute the probabilities P(X \equiv 4) and P(X \equiv 5) .

Answer: P(X=4) = ______. Answer: P(X=5) = ______.

2. Randomly select a student in this class. Compute the probability that this student is absent for at most 1 class meeting.

Answer: ______.

3. If the randomly chosen student is absent for less than 3 meetings, calculate the probability that this student misses exactly 1 meeting.

Answer:

5. (25 pts)

A skilled worker requires at least 9 minutes and less than 21 minutes to complete an ordinary task. Let X be the time (minutes) that a skilled worker need to complete an ordinary task. The density function of X is given as below.

$$f(x)=rac{c}{x^2}$$
 if $9\leq x\leq 21$ and $f(x)\equiv 0$ elsewhere, where c is a constant.

1. Find	C.
Δnev	or.

	Allswei.
2.	. Find the probability that a skilled worker need less than 14 minutes to complete an ordinary task
	Answer:

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Key - Form 1

- 1. ~ ~ ~
- 2. 0.077289211242067 ~ 0.4412
- 3. [0.451,0.452] ~ [74.812,75.06] ~ 153.6 ~ 24.695343690664
- 4. 0.08 ~ 0.09 ~ 0.77 ~ 0.1566265060241
- 5. 15.75 ~ 0.625

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Midterm (MT2013-211-session 1)

UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY - VNUHCM Faculty of Applied Science Department of Applied Mathematics

MT2013 - Probability and Statistics - SEMESTER 211 MIDTERM EXAM (SESSION 1)

Date: October 9, 2021. Time: 9:00

Duration: 40 minutes INTRODUCTION:

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1. (0 pts)

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Below are some statistical tables. Please click [+] for more details.

Statistical Tables [+]

2. (30 pts)

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32 %	D_2	87 %
30 %	D_3	85 %
11 %	D_4	92 %

1.	. Compute the probability that randomly selected part is NON-defective.
	Answer:
2.	Select a part at random for inspection. If this part is defective, what is the probability that it was produced by assembly line D_1 ?
	Answer:
3.	. Select randomly a sample of 12 parts produced by assembly line $D_{f 3}.$ Compute the probability
	that there are exactly 4 defective parts among 12 selected parts and the average number of defective
	parts in the sample.
	The probability:
	The average number of defective:

3. (30 pts)

Assume that a company's products are sold in packages of 4 products and the number of defective products in each package has the following distribution:

X	0	1	2	3	4
P	0.15	0.25	0.21	0.23	С

1	Find	-

Answer: C =

2. Compute the mean and the standard deviation of the number of defective products in one package.

Answer: E(X) = _______

3. Assume that the numbers of defective products in the packages are independent. Find the probability that the total number of defective products in 501 packages is more than 943 products.

Answer: _____

4. (20 pts)

Suppose that the number of telephone calls received by the customer service department of a company in an hour is a random variable *X* following a Poisson distribution with the average of 23 calls every hour, and the number of emails received by the same department in an hour is a random variable Y following a Poisson distribution with the average of 42 emails every hour.

	Answer:
2.	Suppose further that $oldsymbol{X}$ and $oldsymbol{Y}$ are independent. Calculate the standard deviation of the total
	number of responses (via email or telephone) received by this department in 17 minutes.
	Answer:

1. Compute the probability that this department receives exactly 21 telephone calls in one hour.

5. (20 pts)

Let X be a random variable with the density function satisfying $f(x) = cx^2$ for all $x \in (0,3.5)$ and $f(x) \equiv 0$ for all $x \notin (0,3.5)$, where c is a constant.

1. I	Find C.
	Answer:
2. 0	Calculute the expectation $Eig(X^3ig)$.
I	Answer:
3. 0	Calculate the probability $P(X \!\!<\! \! 2.1 X \!\!<\! \! 2.5)$
I	Answer:

+++++++++++++

Key - Form 1

- 1. ~ ~ ~
- 2. 0.8776 ~ 0.22058823529412 ~ 0.068284422509008 ~ 1.8
- $3.2 \sim 1.3114877048604 \sim [0.975, 0.978] \sim 0.16$
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- 5. 0.06997084548105 ~ 21.4375 ~ 0.592704

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Midterm (MT2013-211-session 2)

UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY - VNUHCM Faculty of Applied Science Department of Applied Mathematics

MT2013 - Probability and Statistics - SEMESTER 211 MIDTERM EXAM (SESSION 2)

Date: October 9, 2021. Time: 11:00

Duration: 40 minutes INTRODUCTION:

- Students are NOT allowed to use any software/electrical devices during the exam, except their pocket calculators, printed/written documents, camera and a computer/laptop (for doing the exam). This means that students are NOT allowed to open any pdf file. The table of statistical distributions will be provided in the exam.
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1. (0 pts)

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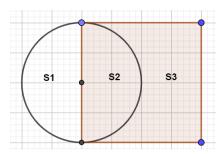
Your full name:		
Your student ID:		
If you have any concern about some questions of your instructors an email after the exam.	of the exam, please disc	cuss it in the box below and send

Below are some statistical tables. Please click [+] for more details.

Statistical Tables [+]

2. (20 pts)

Consider a game which is simplified from a Vietnamese traditional game. To start this game, a kid must throw a stone into the goal region, which consists of a circle and a square with a radius of 50 cm.



1. Find the probability that the kid's stone fell into the circle, given that the stone was in the goal region.

Answer: _____

2. If the assigned scores are given as below:

 $S1\!=\!1$, $S2\!=\!5$, and $S3\!=\!3$ (see the figure), find the average score that a kid can earn in one throw.

Answer:

3. (30 pts)

In a product quality inspection, products are tested in two rounds. A product is qualified if it has a rating of 1 or 2, and it is not qualified if it has a rating of 0. The following is the joint probability distribution:

	Round 1 (X)			
		2		
		0.125	0.121	0.013
Round 2 (Y)	1	0.048	0.049	0.095
	2	0.058	0.29	0.201

1. If a product is randomly chosen, find the probability that this product is evaluated as qualified in both rounds.

Answer: _____

2. If a product is randomly chosen, find the probability that this product is evaluated as qualified in the second round given that it is not qualified in the first round.

Answer:

3. Compute $\overline{E(XY)}$.

Answer:

4. (20 pts)

A skilled worker requires at least 10 minutes and less than 24 minutes to complete an ordinary task. Let X be the time (minutes) that a skilled worker need to complete an ordinary task. The density function of X is given as below.

$$f(x) = \frac{c}{x^2}$$
 if $10 \le x \le 24$ and $f(x) = 0$ elsewhere, where c is a constant.

1.	Find	C	
----	------	---	--

Answer: _____

2. Find the probability that a skilled worker need less than 19 minutes to complete an ordinary task. Answer:

5. (30 pts)

A motorcycle manufacturer observes that the fuel efficiency of their brand A motorcycles (X_A) is normally distributed with a mean of 2.05 (litres/100km) and a standard deviation of 1.05 (liters/100km).

1. Find the proportion of motorcycles that the fuel efficiencies are less than 3.1 (litres/100km). Answer:

- 2. A motorcycle is qualified if its fuel efficiency is less than 3.1 (litres/100km). If this manufacturer is surveying 19 motorcycles, find the probability that there are at least 18 of them to be qualified. Answer:
- 3. This manufacturer also conducted a survey on motorcycles of brand B (X_B). Suppose that X_B also follows a normal distribution, which is $X_B \sim N(2.89,0.54)$, and fuel efficiencies of these two motorcycle brands are independent. Let $Y = X_A X_B$, compute P(Y>0).

Answer: _____

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Key - Form 11. ~ ~ ~

- 2. 0.56393960024693 ~ 3
- 3. 0.635 ~ 0.45887445887446 ~ 1.623
- 4. 17.142857142857 ~ 0.81203007518797
- 5. 0.8413 ~ 0.17191770201137 ~ 0.2546

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Midterm exam 212

UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY - VNUHCM Faculty of Applied Science Department of Applied Mathematics

MT2013 - Probability and Statistics - SEMESTER 212

MIDTERM EXAM (SESSION 1)

Date: March 6, 2022. Time: 12:00

Duration: 40 minutes INSTRUCTIONS:

- Students are NOT allowed to use any software/electrical devices during the exam, except their pocket calculators, printed/written documents, camera and a computer/laptop (for doing the exam). This means that students are NOT allowed to open any pdf file. The table of statistical distributions is provided in the exam.
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- You must have your camera to be turned on and show your face during the exam. You must also record the screen of your laptop/computer during the exam (Click here to know how to do it). On your screen, there must be two windows:
 - one big window for BKEX (to do the exam)
 - one small window for Google!Meeting (checking attendance)
- After the exam, you must upload the recorded video (.mp4, small resolution, less than 1GB) to your Google!Drive account and fill in a Google!form with the link (Do not send the file).
- If you get caught cheating, your score will be zero and the event will be reported to the Academic Affairs Office.

1. (0 pts)

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Your full name:

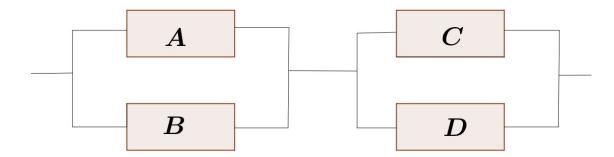
Your student ID:

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Below are some statistical tables. Please click [+] for more details.

Statistical Tables

2. (30 pts)



An electrical system consists of four components illustrated in the figure. The circuit operates if and only if there is a path of functional devices from left to right. Let A,B,C and D represent the events that the corresponding devices function and the probabilities are given by

$$P(A)=0.95$$
, $P(B)=0.9$, $P(C)=0.95$, $P(D)=0.9$.

Assume that the devices function independently.

a. Find the probability that the device *A* functions but the device *B* does not.

Answer: .

b. Find the probability that the device *A* or the device *B* or both function.

Answer: .

c. Find the probability that the circuit operates.

Answer: .

d. It is known that the circuit is operating, find the probability that the device *A* is functional.

Answer: .

3. (20 pts)

The number of stork sightings on a route in South Carolina per year follows a Poisson distribution with a mean of 3.

a. What is the probability that there are exactly 3 sightings within 8 months?

Answer:

b. What is the mean time between two consecutive sightings?

Answer: (years)

c. What is the probability that the time until the first sighting is more than 2 months?

Answer:

4. (30 pts)

A dealer's profit, in units of \$1000, on a new automobile is a random variable X having density function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (2-x)/2, & \text{if } 0 < x < 2, \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

a. Find the expectation and the variance of the dealer's profit.

The expectation = (dollars)

The variance = (square dollars)

b. What is the probability that the profit does not exceed \$200?

Answer: .

c. Select 68 new automobiles randomly and independently. Find the probability that the average profit of the dealer on these automobiles will be more than \$740.

Answer:

5. (20 pts)

The lifetime of a semiconductor laser at a constant power is normally distributed with a mean of 6650 hours and a standard deviation of 600 hours.

- a. What is the probability that a laser fails before 6250 hours?
- b. If 5 lasers are used in a product and they are assumed to fail independently, find the standard deviation of the average lifetime of these lasers.

(hours)

c. If 5 lasers are used in a product and they are assumed to fail independently, what is the probability that there are exactly 2 lasers failing before 6250 hours?

+++++++++++++

Key - Form 1

- 1. ~ ~ ~
- $2. \quad 0.095 \sim 0.995 \sim 0.990025 \sim 0.95477386934673$

- 5. $[0.2514, 0.2546] \sim 268.32815729997 \sim [0.265, 0.269]$

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Make-up exam 212

1. (0 pts)

I hereby declare that I will follow the Code of Student Conduct as defined by the University, the Faculty, and the Department, and that I will not cheat or condone cheating in this exam. I am aware that in the efforts to maintain exam integrity I may be required by my lecturer, after receiving the exam and before receiving the final grade, to explain some of my answers.

(Tôi xin cam đoan rằng, với tất cả lòng tự trọng của mình, tôi sẽ tuân thủ các quy định của trường, khoa, và bộ môn và tôi sẽ không gian lận hay đồng loã với việc gian lận dưới bất kỳ hình thức nào trong kỳ thi này. Tôi hiểu rằng, nhằm đảm bảo tính toàn vẹn của kỳ thi, giảng viên có thể yêu cầu tôi giải thích cách làm và đáp số của mình cho các câu hỏi của kỳ thi. Nếu tôi không thể giải thích hay giải thích không rõ ràng cách làm và đáp số của mình, bài thi của tôi có thể bị trừ điểm.)

Your	full	name:

Your student ID:

If you have any concern about some questions of the exam, please discuss it in the box below and send your instructors an email after the exam.

Below are some statistical tables. Please click [+] for more details.

Statistical Tables

2. (25 pts)

Glass tubes are shipped in the laboratory, each was shipped in one of three boxes: small, medium, and large. Assume that there were 2%, 3%, 1% glass tubes broken during transportation corresponding to the above three types of boxes. It is known that there were 49% tubes shipped in small boxes and 35% shipped in medium boxes.

a) If we choose a tube randomly, find the probability that this tube was shipped in a large box.

Answer: .

b) Find the probability that there was a broken tube during the transportation.

Answer: .

c) Find the probability that a tube was shipped in a medium box given that this tube was broken.

Answer: .

3. (20 pts)

The joint probability distribution of two discrete random variables X and Y is given by $f(x,y)=c\,x\,y$, where x=2,4,5, y=2,3,4 and f(x,y)=0 for any others pairs of (x,y).

a) Find the constant c.

Answer:

b) Compute $P(X=4 \mid Y=2)$

Answer:

c) Compute E(XY).

Answer:

4. (30 pts)

Assume that the number of cars that cross a walking line in each one second is a Poisson random variable with an average of 0.37. A person reaches the walking line at the time t0. Assume that this person can only cross the street if no cars crosses the walking line for at least 6 seconds, otherwise he must wait.

1. Find the probability that this person must wait.

Answer:

2. Let T be the duration (seconds) between two successive cars that crossed the walking line. It is known that T follows an exponential distribution with $\lambda = i$ 0.37. Compute the mean and the standard deviation of T.

Answer: E(T)=i (seconds); V(T)=i (second²)

3. Compute the average number of cars that had crossed the walking line until this person can cross the street.

Hint:
$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} k a^{k-1} = \frac{1}{(1-a)^2}$$
, with $a < 1$.

Answer: (cars)

5. (25 pts)

Assume that the vitamin C content in each 100g can of tomato juice follows a normal distribution with the mean μ =34.1 (mg) and the standard deviation σ =2.4 (mg).

- a) Find the probability that a randomly selected can contains vitamin C greater than $36.2\ \text{mg}$. Answer:
- b) Find the vitamin C content threshold (mg) that 24% of the tomato juice cans has the vitamin C content greater than this threshold.

Answer:

c) Suppose that the vitamin C contents are independent between cans. Find the probability that, in 10 randomly selected cans, there are exactly 3 cans that contain vitamin C greater than 36.2 mg.

Answer:

+++++++++++++

Key - Form 1

- 1. ~~~
- 2. $0.16 \sim 0.0219 \sim 0.47945205479452$
- 3. $0.01010101010101 \sim 0.36363636363636 \sim 13.181818181818$
- 4. $0.89139089117504 \sim 2.7027027027027 \sim 7.3046018991965 \sim 8.2073308658822$
- 5. $[0.18,0.2] \sim [35.78,35.804] \sim [0.174,0.202] \sim \sim$

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	Midtern	Exam	Semester/Acad. year	1 2022-2023
BK TP.HCM			Date	October 23 rd , 2022
UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY - VNUHCM	Course title		and Statistics	
Faculty of Applied Science	Course ID	MT2013	Overtion about and	0011
	Duration	50 minutes	Question sheet code	2211
Instructions to students:				
- You are allowed to use your OW	N materials and	l calculator.	Total available score: 10).
- At the beginning of the working	time, you MUST	T fill in your j	full name and student ID	on this question
sheet. There are 20 questions or	n 🙎 pages. Do n	ot round betw	een steps. Round your fi	inal answers to 4
$decimal\ places.$				
Student's full name:			Invigilator 1:	
0. 1 11				
Student Id: Invigilator 2:				
Questions [1] through [4]. We los	ad on a plane	39 packages	whose weights are ind	ependent random
variables that are uniformly distrib	-		0	1
v			•	
1. Find the mean of the total we	ight which is lo	paded by this	plane.	
(A) 564.8 (B) 565.3 (C) 57	(3.2 D) 560.2	(E) 569.	4	
	J			
2. Find the standard deviation of	t the total weig	th which is I	oaded by this plane.	
(A) 22.1869 (B) 31.3683	© 35.6333 (\bigcirc 26.883	E 29.9387	
3. What is the probability that t	he total weight	will exceed	588 5 pounds?	
•			-	
(A) 0.2713 (B) 0.0429 (C)	0.7374 D 0	0.5699 (E)	0.7519	
4. Suppose that the weight of pac	ckages loaded o	n all planes a	are independent and not	rmally distributed
	and the variation	_		

(D) 48.6691

Quizzes at the end of each lecture in a Calculus course contain either 1 or 2 questions with equal probability. Suppose that student A gives an incorrect answer for a question with probability 0.69,

5. What is the probability that student A gives incorrect answers to all questions of a quiz?

 \bigcirc 0.7075

 \bigcirc 0.5161

(D) 1.2 (E) 2.75

6. If student A gave incorrect answers to all the questions of a quiz, what is the probability that the

7. Let X be the number of questions in a quiz and Y be the number of questions answered incorrectly

(E) 28.3621

(E) 0.457

 \bigcirc 0.7757

 $\widehat{\mathbf{F}}$ 0.4082

that 20 percent of packages loaded on all planes are heavier than this value.

(C) 39.4636

(C) 0.5831

 \bigcirc 0.5917

(A) 32.5305

(A) 0.7677

 \bigcirc 0.7723

(A) 1.725

Questions 5 through 8

independently of other questions.

quiz contains 2 questions?

(B) 43.8766

(B) 0.7275

 \bigcirc 0.3771

by student A in that quiz. Compute E(XY). (B) 1.48 (C) 0.74

8. What is the variance of Y? (A) 1.1678 (B) 0.7051 (C) 1.7112 (D) 0.9877 (E) 0.4399

Questions 9 through 12.

The duration of the independent interval times between two successive cars on the Trans-Australian Highway is modeled by an exponential distribution with the mean of 0.9 minutes.

9. Find the average number of cars passing the Highway within 5 minutes.

(A) 0.4 (B) 6.6 (C) 4.6 (D) 5.5556 (E) 4.5

10. It is known that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is at least 20 seconds. Find the probability that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is less than 21 seconds.

A 0.0183 **B** 0.8395 **C** 0.1364 **D** 0.7955 **E** 0.678

11. Determine the duration of time (second) in which there is no car passing the Highway with probability 0.5.

(A) None of the others (B) 38.3733 (C) 37.3271 (D) 37.5355 (E) 37.4299

12. An old wombat requires 28 seconds to cross the highway, and he starts out immediately after a car goes by. What is the probability that he will survive?

(A) 0.7851 (B) None of the others (C) 0.6565 (D) 0.5954 (E) 0.0306

Questions 13 through 16

The diameter of a particle of contamination (in micrometers) is modeled by the cumulative distribution

function: $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x < 4, \\ k(1/4 - 1/x), & \text{if } 4 \le x \le 10, \\ 1, & \text{if } x > 10. \end{cases}$

13. Find the constant k. (A) 6.6667 (B) 8.6667 (C) 9.1667 (D) 1.6667 (E) None of the others

14. Find the median diameter of the particle.

(A) 7.4586 (B) 7.2288 (C) 6.9846 (D) 5.7143 (E) None of the others

15. Let Y = 4X + 10. Find the standard deviation of Y.

(A) 5.8943 (B) 3.8123 (C) None of the others (D) 2.3773 (E) 6.5543

16. Find the probability P(8.1 < X < 16.9).

(A) None of the others (B) 0.1276 (C) 0.7864 (D) 0.1564 (E) 0.0803

Questions 17 through 20

A and B are playing chess. In each match, A wins with probability 0.7 and B wins with probability 0.2. Suppose that the match results are independent.

17. Consider a random match between A and B. Find the probability that the match result is a draw.

(A) 0.4 (B) None of the others (C) 0.1 (D) 0.3 (E) 0.2

18. Assuming that A and B play 6 matches, find the probability that A win half of the number of matches. A 0.1369 B 0.0998 C 0.1852 D 0.4293 E None of the others

19. Assuming that A and B play 6 matches, find the average number of matches that result in a win or loss. A None of the others B 0.4 C 1.4 D 3.4 E 5.4

20. Assuming that A and B play 5 matches, find the probability that A doesn't lose at all.

(A) 0.2266 (B) None of the others (C) 0.3277 (D) 0.0065 (E) 0.0883

Answers Sheet

Question sheet code 2211: 1 E 2 B 3 A 4 A 5 C 6 E 7 A 8 E 9 D 10 A 11 E 12 D 13 A 14 D 15 E 16 D 17 C. 18 C. 19 E. 20 C. Question sheet code 2212: 1 B 2 B 3 C 4 C 5 C 6 D 7 B 8 E 9 A 10 E 11 D 12 B 13 B 14 B 15 B 16 A 17 A. 18 D. 19 D. 20 E. Question sheet code 2213: 1 C 2 B 3 D 4 C 5 A 6 A 7 E 8 B 9 A 10 D 11 B 12 D 13 A 14 C 15 C 16 B 17 A. 18 D. 19 B. 20 E. Question sheet code 2214: 1 E 2 B 3 B 4 B 5 B 6 E 7 E 8 C 9 D 10 C 11 B 12 D 13 B 14 C 15 E 16 B 17 B. 18 B. 19 D. 20 B. Question sheet code 2215: 1 C 2 A 3 A 4 E 5 E 6 B 7 C 8 C 9 E 10 B 11 B 12 A 13 E 14 A 15 E 16 B 17 D. 18 C. 19 B. 20 A. Question sheet code 2216: 1 C 2 A 3 C 4 C 5 D 6 D 7 C 8 A 9 A 10 B 11 D 12 B 13 B 14 A 15 E 16 B 17 B. 18 B. 19 E. 20 C. Question sheet code 2217: 1 B 2 C 3 D 4 E 5 B 6 B 7 C 8 C 9 E 10 C 11 A 12 C 13 B 14 B 15 D 16 D 17 A 18 A 19 A 20 B Question sheet code 2218:

1 C 2 E 3 E 4 E 5 D 6 E 7 E 8 C 9 A 10 E 11 C 12 D 13 C 14 C 15 D 16 A

17 C. 18 C. 19 A. 20 A.

	Midterm Exam		Semester/Acad. year	1 2022-2023
ВК			Date	October 23 rd , 2022
I PACE	Course title Probability		and Statistics	
UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY - VNUHCM	Course ID MT2013			
Faculty of Applied Science	Duration	50 minutes	Question sheet code	2212
Instructions to students:				
 You are allowed to use your OW At the beginning of the working sheet. There are 20 questions or decimal places. 	time, you MUS'	T fill in your j	full name and student IL	on this question
Student's full name:			Invigilator 1:	
Student Id:			Invigilator 2:	
Questions 1 through 4 We lovariables that are uniformly distri	-		0	ependent random
1. Find the mean of the total we (A) 574.8 (B) 567 (C) 56		oaded by this E 561	plane.	
2. Find the standard deviation o	f the total weight	ght which is le	oaded by this plane.	
(A) 42.6745 (B) 40.7934	© 43.2463	① 32.8441	E 34.1977	
3. What is the probability that to (A) 0.9489 (B) 0.4949 (C)	the total weight 0.9713 \bigcirc		489.5 pounds? 0.0999	
4. Suppose that the weight of paction with the mean of 23.5 (pound	9	-	-	v

that 35 percent of packages loaded on all planes are heavier than this value.

(D) 26.2315

Quizzes at the end of each lecture in a Calculus course contain either 1 or 2 questions with equal probability. Suppose that student A gives an incorrect answer for a question with probability 0.62,

 \bigcirc 0.0133

 \bigcirc 0.3827

(D) 2.58 (E) 2.75

6. If student A gave incorrect answers to all the questions of a quiz, what is the probability that the

7. Let X be the number of questions in a quiz and Y be the number of questions answered incorrectly

5. What is the probability that student A gives incorrect answers to all questions of a quiz?

(E) 30.6395

(E) 0.4426

 $(\widehat{E}) 0.2608$

 $\widehat{\text{F}}$ 0.6173

 \bigcirc 27.1869

(C) 0.5022

 \bigcirc 0.6467

 \bigcirc 3.35

(A) 20.28

(A) 0.7191

(A) 0.1804

(A) 1.89

Questions 5 through 8

independently of other questions.

quiz contains 2 questions?

(B) 23.4535

(B) 0.1284

(B) 0.667

(B) 1.55

by student A in that quiz. Compute E(XY).

8. What is the variance of Y? (A) 1.3489 (B) 0.5015 (C) 0.5406 (D) 0.4219 (E) 0.4495

Questions 9 through 12

The duration of the independent interval times between two successive cars on the Trans-Australian Highway is modeled by an exponential distribution with the mean of 1 minutes.

9. Find the average number of cars passing the Highway within 2 minutes.

(A) 2 (B) 1 (C) 4 (D) 3.6 (E) 2

10. It is known that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is at least 14 seconds. Find the probability that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is less than 24 seconds.

(A) 0.3991 (B) 0.5924 (C) 0.4205 (D) 0.0853 (E) 0.1535

11. Determine the duration of time (second) in which there is no car passing the Highway with probability 0.5.

(A) 41.6864 (B) 41.3442 (C) 42.3803 (D) 41.5888 (E) None of the others

12. An old wombat requires 28 seconds to cross the highway, and he starts out immediately after a car goes by. What is the probability that he will survive?

(A) 0.487 (B) 0.6271 (C) 0.3416 (D) None of the others (E) 0.8353

Questions 13 through 16.

The diameter of a particle of contamination (in micrometers) is modeled by the cumulative distribution

function: $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x < 4, \\ k(1/4 - 1/x), & \text{if } 4 \le x \le 8, \\ 1, & \text{if } x > 8. \end{cases}$

13. Find the constant k. A 6 B 8 C 6.5 D 4.5 E None of the others

14. Find the median diameter of the particle.

(A) 5.3955 (B) 5.3333 (C) 4.4799 (D) None of the others (E) 6.3153

15. Let Y = 4X + 8. Find the standard deviation of Y.

 $\textcircled{A} \ \ 3.3639 \qquad \textcircled{B} \ \ 4.4739 \qquad \textcircled{C} \ \ 1.0229 \qquad \textcircled{D} \ \ 1.4659 \qquad \textcircled{E} \ \ \text{None of the others}$

16. Find the probability P(6.2 < X < 12.9) .

(A) 0.2903 (B) 0.0121 (C) None of the others (D) 0.7407 (E) 0.2279

Questions 17 through 20

A and B are playing chess. In each match, A wins with probability 0.3 and B wins with probability 0.6. Suppose that the match results are independent.

17. Consider a random match between A and B. Find the probability that the match result is a draw.

f A 0.1 f B None of the others $\bf C$ 0.2 $\bf D$ 0.3 $\bf E$ 0.4

18. Assuming that A and B play 14 matches, find the probability that A win half of the number of matches. A 0.1763 B 0.3903 C 0.559 D 0.0618 E None of the others

19. Assuming that A and B play 14 matches, find the average number of matches that result in a win or loss. (A) 13.6 (B) 9.6 (C) 7.6 (D) 12.6 (E) None of the others

20. Assuming that A and B play 3 matches, find the probability that A doesn't lose at all.

(A) 0.1489 (B) None of the others (C) 0.3467 (D) 0.4264 (E) 0.064

e, you MUS' pages. Do n	MT2013 50 minutes d calculator. T fill in your	full name and student ID veen steps. Round your fi	O on this question inal answers to 4
naterials and e, you MUSI pages. Do n	MT2013 50 minutes d calculator. T fill in your tot round between	Question sheet code Total available score: 16 full name and student ID ween steps. Round your fi	O. O on this question inal answers to 4
naterials and e, you MUS' pages. Do n	d calculator. T fill in your o not round betu	Total available score: 10 full name and student ID veen steps. Round your fi	O. O on this question inal answers to 4
e, you MUS' pages. Do n	T fill in your on the second of the second between	full name and student ID veen steps. Round your fi	O on this question inal answers to 4
e, you MUS' pages. Do n	T fill in your on the second of the second between	full name and student ID veen steps. Round your fi	O on this question inal answers to 4
		Invisilation 1.	
		Invigilator 1:	
		Invigilator 2:	
ed between	8.8 and 49.8 paded by this	pounds. s plane.	ependent random
	_		
_		•	
	on a plane ed between which is leaded weight total weight	ed between 8.8 and 49.8 which is loaded by this 42.7 D 1144.5 E e total weight which is loaded weight will exceed total weight will exceed 083 D 0.6902 E ges loaded on all planes at the end of the e	on a plane 39 packages whose weights are indeed between 8.8 and 49.8 pounds. which is loaded by this plane. 42.7 ① 1144.5 ② 1143 e total weight which is loaded by this plane. 71.0909 ② 66.0274 ② 70.5353 cotal weight will exceed 1106 pounds?

(D) 48.2107

Quizzes at the end of each lecture in a Calculus course contain either 1 or 2 questions with equal probability. Suppose that student A gives an incorrect answer for a question with probability 0.27,

5. What is the probability that student A gives incorrect answers to all questions of a quiz?

 \bigcirc 0.4102

 \bigcirc 0.6463

6. If student A gave incorrect answers to all the questions of a quiz, what is the probability that the

7. Let X be the number of questions in a quiz and Y be the number of questions answered incorrectly

(E) 57.4187

(E) 0.3235

 (\widehat{E}) 0.2125

 $\widehat{\text{F}}$ 0.1781

that 35 percent of packages loaded on all planes are heavier than this value.

(C) 44.9411

 \bigcirc 0.6497

 \bigcirc 0.1685

 $\bigcirc 0.01 \quad \bigcirc 1.14$

(A) 49.1082

 \bigcirc 0.7872

(A) 1.85

Questions 5 through 8

independently of other questions.

quiz contains 1 question?

 \bigcirc 0.63

(B) 61.4757

(B) 0.1921

(B) 0.6374

by student A in that quiz. Compute E(XY).

8. What is the variance of Y? (\widehat{A}) 0.7136 (\widehat{B}) 0.3139 (\widehat{C}) 1.4981 (\widehat{D}) 0.8492 (\widehat{E}) 1.0778

Questions 9 through 12.

The duration of the independent interval times between two successive cars on the Trans-Australian Highway is modeled by an exponential distribution with the mean of 0.7 minutes.

9. Find the average number of cars passing the Highway within 5 minutes.

(A) 7.1429 (B) 13 (C) 1.6 (D) 3.5 (E) 8.4

10. It is known that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is at least 19 seconds. Find the probability that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is less than 21 seconds.

(A) 0.5257 (B) 0.6391 (C) 0.4433 (D) 0.0465 (E) 0.8664

11. Determine the duration of time (second) in which there is no car passing the Highway with probability 0.5.

(A) None of the others (B) 29.1122 (C) 28.6541 (D) 28.6357 (E) 28.2479

12. An old wombat requires 24 seconds to cross the highway, and he starts out immediately after a car goes by. What is the probability that he will survive?

(A) 0.7047 (B) 0.9445 (C) None of the others (D) 0.5647 (E) 0.0579

Questions 13 through 16

The diameter of a particle of contamination (in micrometers) is modeled by the cumulative distribution

function: $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x < 6, \\ k(1/6 - 1/x), & \text{if } 6 \le x \le 8, \\ 1, & \text{if } x > 8. \end{cases}$

13. Find the constant k. (A) 24 (B) 26.5 (C) None of the others (D) 28 (E) 27.5

14. Find the median diameter of the particle.

15. Let Y = 6X + 8. Find the standard deviation of Y.

(A) None of the others (B) 3.6921 (C) 3.4451 (D) 1.6661 (E) 4.4071

16. Find the probability P(6.8 < X < 12.6).

(A) None of the others (B) 0.5294 (C) 0.8671 (D) 0.7033 (E) 0.4205

Questions 17 through 20

A and B are playing chess. In each match, A wins with probability 0.1 and B wins with probability 0.6. Suppose that the match results are independent.

17. Consider a random match between A and B. Find the probability that the match result is a draw.

A 0.3 B 0.4 C 0.2 D 0.5 E None of the others

18. Assuming that A and B play 16 matches, find the probability that A win half of the number of matches. (A) 0.2403 (B) 0.3585 (C) None of the others (D) 0.0001 (E) 0.117

19. Assuming that A and B play 16 matches, find the average number of matches that result in a win or loss. A 9.2 B 11.2 C None of the others D 8.2 E 7.2

20. Assuming that A and B play 4 matches, find the probability that A doesn't lose at all.

(A) 0.1551 (B) 0.5174 (C) 0.2247 (D) None of the others (E) 0.0256

	Midterm Exam		Semester/Acad. year	1 2022-2023
BK TP.HGM			Date	October 23 rd , 2022
UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY - VNUHCM	Course title Course ID	Probability MT2013	and Statistics	
Faculty of Applied Science	Duration	50 minutes	Question sheet code	2214
Instructions to students:	Duration	oo minutes	Question sheet code	2214
 You are allowed to use your OW At the beginning of the working a sheet. There are 20 questions or decimal places. 	time, you MUS'	Γ fill in your j	full name and student IL	on this question
Student's full name:			Invigilator 1:	
Student Id:			Invigilator 2:	
Questions 1 through 4 We lower are uniformly distributed. Find the mean of the total we (A) 596.3 (B) 594.2 (C) 59	buted between ight which is lo	8.9 and 27.7 baded by this	pounds. plane.	ependent random
2. Find the standard deviation of (A) 23.2263 (B) 31.1763	_	ght which is leading $\widehat{\mathbb{D}}$ 27.8197	oaded by this plane. (E) 39.3651	
3. What is the probability that to (A) 0.4396 (B) 0.329 (C)	he total weight 0.6021 \bigcirc 0		617.7 pounds? 0.1001	
4. Suppose that the weight of pact with the mean of 22 (pound)	~	-	_	ŭ

(D) 26.2401

Quizzes at the end of each lecture in a Calculus course contain either 1 or 2 questions with equal probability. Suppose that student A gives an incorrect answer for a question with probability 0.24,

 $\bigcirc 0.5403$

6. If student A gave incorrect answers to all the questions of a quiz, what is the probability that the

7. Let X be the number of questions in a quiz and Y be the number of questions answered incorrectly

5. What is the probability that student A gives incorrect answers to all questions of a quiz?

 \bigcirc 0.0234

(E) 34.4926

(E) 0.2939

(E) 0.8065

 $\widehat{\text{F}}$ 0.4241

that 10 percent of packages loaded on all planes are heavier than this value.

(C) 33.6346

 \bigcirc 0.4769

(C) 0.149

(D) 0.66

(A) 12.6426

(A) 0.5355

(A) 0.3298

(A) 1.04

Questions 5 through 8

independently of other questions.

quiz contains 1 question?

(B) 2.12

(B) 31.811

(B) 0.1488

(B) 0.1935

by student A in that quiz. Compute E(XY).

(C) 0.81

8. What is the variance of Y? (A) 1.4779 (B) 1.3471 (C) 0.288 (D) 0.3374 (E) 0.0407

Questions 9 through 12.

The duration of the independent interval times between two successive cars on the Trans-Australian Highway is modeled by an exponential distribution with the mean of 0.1 minutes.

9. Find the average number of cars passing the Highway within 3 minutes.

10. It is known that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is at least 11 seconds. Find the probability that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is less than 14 seconds.

 \bigcirc 0.6175 \bigcirc 0.3296 \bigcirc 0.3935 \bigcirc 0.5783 \bigcirc 0.4451

11. Determine the duration of time (second) in which there is no car passing the Highway with probability 0.7.

(A) None of the others (B) 2.14 (C) 2.8994 (D) 3.1233 (E) 2.1374

12. An old wombat requires 24 seconds to cross the highway, and he starts out immediately after a car goes by. What is the probability that he will survive?

(A) None of the others (B) 0.7731 (C) 0.8573 (D) 0.0183 (E) 0.7119

Questions 13 through 16

The diameter of a particle of contamination (in micrometers) is modeled by the cumulative distribution

function: $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x < 6, \\ k(1/6 - 1/x), & \text{if } 6 \le x \le 10, \\ 1, & \text{if } x > 10. \end{cases}$

13. Find the constant k. (A) None of the others (B) 15 (C) 18 (D) 11 (E) 18.5

14. Find the median diameter of the particle.

(A) 9.285 (B) 6.7651 (C) 7.5 (D) 6.0323 (E) None of the others

15. Let Y = 6X + 10. Find the standard deviation of Y.

(A) 8.9021 (B) 4.3031 (C) None of the others (D) 9.6741 (E) 6.8091

16. Find the probability P(6.7 < X < 15.4).

(A) 0.3208 (B) 0.7388 (C) 0.7917 (D) None of the others (E) 0.0808

Questions 17 through 20

A and B are playing chess. In each match, A wins with probability 0.6 and B wins with probability 0.1. Suppose that the match results are independent.

17. Consider a random match between A and B. Find the probability that the match result is a draw.

 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc 0.2 \bigcirc \bigcirc 0.3 \bigcirc 0.5 \bigcirc 0.7 \bigcirc \bigcirc None of the others

18. Assuming that A and B play 10 matches, find the probability that A win half of the number of matches. (A) 0.3244 (B) 0.2007 (C) None of the others (D) 0.5403 (E) 0.1785

19. Assuming that A and B play 10 matches, find the average number of matches that result in a win or loss. A None of the others B 5 C 4 D 7 E 9

20. Assuming that A and B play 5 matches, find the probability that A doesn't lose at all.

(A) None of the others (B) 0.5905 (C) 0.9868 (D) 0.4314 (E) 0.497

	ъл: 14		Semester/Acad. year	1 2022-2023	
ВК	Midterm Exam		Date	October 23rd, 2022	
TP.HCM	Course title Probability		and Statistics	,	
UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY - VNUHCM	Course ID MT2013				
Faculty of Applied Science	Duration	50 minutes	Question sheet code	2215	
Instructions to students:			,		
 You are allowed to use your OW At the beginning of the working sheet. There are 20 questions or decimal places. 	time, you MUS'	T fill in your j		O on this question	
Student's full name:			Invigilator 1:		
Student Id:			Invigilator 2:		
Questions 1 through 4 We lower variables that are uniformly distributed. Find the mean of the total we (A) 879.9 (B) 888 (C) 888	buted between ight which is lo	6.4 and 42.7 baded by this	pounds.	ependent random	
2. Find the standard deviation o (A) 62.8734 (B) 58.1529 (C)	_		oaded by this plane. © 66.1942		
3. What is the probability that to (A) 0.0353 (B) 0.1784 (C)	_	_	997.5 pounds? 0.7339		
4. Suppose that the weight of package with the mean of 34.95 (pour such that 35 percent of package)	nd) and the va	riance of 206	$.61 \text{ (pound}^2). Determi$	ne a weight value	

(D) 51.9744

Quizzes at the end of each lecture in a Calculus course contain either 1 or 2 questions with equal probability. Suppose that student A gives an incorrect answer for a question with probability 0.3,

5. What is the probability that student A gives incorrect answers to all questions of a quiz?

 \bigcirc 0.3185

6. If student A gave incorrect answers to all the questions of a quiz, what is the probability that the

7. Let X be the number of questions in a quiz and Y be the number of questions answered incorrectly

 \bigcirc 0.2308

(E) 40.5558

(E) 0.195

 \bigcirc 0.6772

 $\widehat{\text{(F)}}$ 0.7226

(A) 33.8114

(A) 0.5561

(A) 0.91

Questions 5 through 8

independently of other questions.

quiz contains 1 question?

(B) 0.52

(B) 21.9239

(B) 0.6142

(B) 0.7692

by student A in that quiz. Compute E(XY).

(C) 0.75

(C) 19.7904

 \bigcirc 0.1143

 \bigcirc 0.3139

 \bigcirc 2.25

8. What is the variance of Y? (A) 1.499 (B) 1.3047 (C) 0.3375 (D) 0.3802 (E) 0.3674

Questions 9 through 12

The duration of the independent interval times between two successive cars on the Trans-Australian Highway is modeled by an exponential distribution with the mean of 0.2 minutes.

9. Find the average number of cars passing the Highway within 5 minutes.

(A) 1 (B) 20.5 (C) 14.3 (D) 33.8 (E) 25

10. It is known that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is at least 16 seconds. Find the probability that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is less than 21 seconds.

 \bigcirc 0.4828 \bigcirc 0.3408 \bigcirc 0.3787 \bigcirc 0.7323 \bigcirc 0.6891

11. Determine the duration of time (second) in which there is no car passing the Highway with probability 0.5.

(A) 9.2485 (B) 8.3178 (C) None of the others (D) 8.0354 (E) 8.1844

12. An old wombat requires 26 seconds to cross the highway, and he starts out immediately after a car goes by. What is the probability that he will survive?

(A) 0.1146 (B) 0.6273 (C) 0.8968 (D) None of the others (E) 0.3234

Questions 13 through 16

The diameter of a particle of contamination (in micrometers) is modeled by the cumulative distribution

function: $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x < 6, \\ k(1/6 - 1/x), & \text{if } 6 \le x \le 10, \\ 1, & \text{if } x > 10. \end{cases}$

13. Find the constant k. A None of the others B 15.5 C 16.5 D 14 E 15

14. Find the median diameter of the particle.

(A) 7.5 (B) 9.104 (C) 9.7809 (D) None of the others (E) 8.2768

15. Let Y = 6X + 10. Find the standard deviation of Y.

(A) 3.1361 (B) None of the others (C) 6.8951 (D) 3.8101 (E) 6.8091

16. Find the probability P(9.9 < X < 11.4) .

(A) 0.3092 (B) 0.0152 (C) None of the others (D) 0.3391 (E) 0.9441

Questions 17 through 20

A and B are playing chess. In each match, A wins with probability 0.3 and B wins with probability 0.2. Suppose that the match results are independent.

17. Consider a random match between A and B. Find the probability that the match result is a draw.

A 0.7 B 0.8 C 0.6 D 0.5 E None of the others

18. Assuming that A and B play 16 matches, find the probability that A win half of the number of matches. (A) None of the others (B) 0.2463 (C) 0.0487 (D) 0.1877 (E) 0.1976

19. Assuming that A and B play 16 matches, find the average number of matches that result in a win or loss. A 4 B 8 C 9 D 6 E None of the others

20. Assuming that A and B play 4 matches, find the probability that A doesn't lose at all.

(A) 0.4096 (B) 0.4843 (C) None of the others (D) 0.7515 (E) 0.0772

	Midtern	Exam	Semester/Acad. year	1 2022-2023
BK TP-HCM			Date	October 23 rd , 2022
UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY - VNUHCM		Course title Probability and Statistics		
	Course ID WI 12019			
Faculty of Applied Science	Duration	50 minutes	Question sheet code	2216
Instructions to students:				
- You are allowed to use your OW	N materials and	l calculator.	Total available score: 10).
- At the beginning of the working			full name and student ID	on this question
sheet. There are 20 questions or	n 🛮 pages. Do n	ot round betw	een steps. Round your fi	inal answers to 4
$decimal\ places.$				
Student's full name:			Invigilator 1:	
C. I. I.				
Student Id:			Invigilator 2:	
Questions 1 through 4 We lo	ad on a plane	33 nackares	whose weights are ind	enendent random
ariables that are uniformly distri	-		0	ependent random
arrables that are uniformly distir	butted between	0.1 and 21.5	pounds.	
1. Find the mean of the total we	ight which is lo	aded by this	plane.	
(A) 551.6 (B) 560.7 (C) 5	561 (D) 568.6	(E) 564.4		
<u> </u>	, or <u>E</u> , 500.0	<u>a</u> 301.1		
2. Find the standard deviation o	f the total weig	th which is l	oaded by this plane.	
(A) 34.1612 (B) 28.3394 (© 41.2744 (I	26.2283	(E) 43.5138	
© 3111012 © 2 013001	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
3. What is the probability that t	he total weight	will exceed	605.2 pounds?	
\bigcirc 0.9795 \bigcirc 0.5045 \bigcirc \bigcirc	0.0979 (D)	0.4665 \bigcirc	0.3825	
3 0.0.00	0.00.0	0.1000	0.0020	
4. Suppose that the weight of page	ckages loaded o	n all planes a	are independent and no	mally distributed

(D) 41.0572

Quizzes at the end of each lecture in a Calculus course contain either 1 or 2 questions with equal probability. Suppose that student A gives an incorrect answer for a question with probability 0.34,

5. What is the probability that student A gives incorrect answers to all questions of a quiz?

 \bigcirc 0.7463

(D) 0.83 (E) 0.81

 \bigcirc 0.2278

6. If student A gave incorrect answers to all the questions of a quiz, what is the probability that the

7. Let X be the number of questions in a quiz and Y be the number of questions answered incorrectly

(E) 52.1587

 $\widehat{\text{(F)}}$ 0.3831

(E) 0.5712

(E) 0.3965

that 10 percent of packages loaded on all planes are heavier than this value.

 \bigcirc 42.6806

(C) 0.2943

(C) 0.68

(A) 33.4242

(A) 0.0351

(A) 0.1089

(A) 2.31

Questions 5 through 8

independently of other questions.

quiz contains 1 question?

(B) 1.82

(B) 53.5867

(B) 0.2258

 \bigcirc 0.2537

by student A in that quiz. Compute E(XY).

 \bigcirc 0.85

8. What is the variance of Y? (A) 0.3655 (B) 0.6716 (C) 0.7033 (D) 1.4408 (E) 0.8006

Questions 9 through 12.

The duration of the independent interval times between two successive cars on the Trans-Australian Highway is modeled by an exponential distribution with the mean of 0.9 minutes.

9. Find the average number of cars passing the Highway within 2 minutes.

(A) 2.2222 (B) 4.3 (C) 3.4 (D) 1.8 (E) 3.3

10. It is known that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is at least 7 seconds. Find the probability that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is less than 17 seconds.

 \bigcirc 0.7618 \bigcirc 0.169 \bigcirc 0.7689 \bigcirc 0.6266 \bigcirc 0.2035

11. Determine the duration of time (second) in which there is no car passing the Highway with probability 0.7.

(A) 19.6934 (B) 19.8739 (C) None of the others (D) 19.2604 (E) 19.0519

12. An old wombat requires 23 seconds to cross the highway, and he starts out immediately after a car goes by. What is the probability that he will survive?

(A) 0.5473 (B) 0.6532 (C) 0.2339 (D) 0.6587 (E) None of the others

Questions 13 through 16

The diameter of a particle of contamination (in micrometers) is modeled by the cumulative distribution

function: $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x < 2, \\ k(1/2 - 1/x), & \text{if } 2 \le x \le 6, \\ 1, & \text{if } x > 6. \end{cases}$

13. Find the constant k. A 2 B 3 C None of the others D 5 E 7

14. Find the median diameter of the particle.

 (\widehat{A}) 3 (\widehat{B}) 5.1578 (\widehat{C}) None of the others (\widehat{D}) 4.3163 (\widehat{E}) 2.4924

15. Let Y = 2X + 6. Find the standard deviation of Y.

(A) 0.636 (B) 5.814 (C) None of the others (D) 2.825 (E) 2.133

16. Find the probability P(2.6 < X < 10.5) .

 \bigcirc 0.728 \bigcirc 0.6538 \bigcirc 0.4657 \bigcirc 0.7595 \bigcirc None of the others

Questions 17 through 20

A and B are playing chess. In each match, A wins with probability 0.4 and B wins with probability 0.3. Suppose that the match results are independent.

17. Consider a random match between A and B. Find the probability that the match result is a draw.

 \bigcirc A) 0.5 \bigcirc B) 0.3 \bigcirc C) 0.1 \bigcirc D) None of the others \bigcirc D.2

18. Assuming that A and B play 16 matches, find the probability that A win half of the number of matches. (A) 0.3927 (B) 0.1417 (C) None of the others (D) 0.3237 (E) 0.3975

19. Assuming that A and B play 16 matches, find the average number of matches that result in a win or loss. (A) 10.2 (B) 12.2 (C) 14.2 (D) None of the others (E) 11.2

20. Assuming that A and B play 4 matches, find the probability that A doesn't lose at all.

(A) None of the others (B) 0.395 (C) 0.2401 (D) 0.3669 (E) 0.0614

	Midterm	Exam	Semester/Acad. year	1 2022-2023		
BK PARCM			Date	October 23 rd , 2022		
UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY - VNUHCM	Course title Probability			and Statistics		
Faculty of Applied Science	Course ID Duration	MT2013 50 minutes	Question sheet code	2217		
	Duration	50 minutes	Question sheet code	2211		
Instructions to students: - You are allowed to use your OW	N materials and	l calculator	Total available score: 10	า		
- At the beginning of the working						
sheet. There are 20 questions or	, •			-		
$decimal\ places.$	Fuguer 2 cons		Jene Grand Jene Jene Jene Jene Jene Jene Jene Je	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Student's full name:			Invigilator 1:			
Student Id:	Invigilator 2:					
Questions 1 through 4. We los	ad on a plane	33 nackages	whose weights are ind	ependent random		
ariables that are uniformly distrib	-	• 0	0	op on de mara en mara		
•						
1. Find the mean of the total we	_	•	-			
(A) 479.7 (B) 478.5 (C) 4	169.4 (D) 478	.4 E 481.	9			
2. Find the standard deviation of	f the total weig	ht which is l	oaded by this plane.			
	_	D) 21.2344	(E) 32.6447			
(1) 10.2190 D 13.2030 (20.2000	D) 21.2044	L) 02.0441			
3. What is the probability that t	he total weight	will exceed	466.5 pounds?			
$(\widehat{A}) \ 0.4511 (\widehat{B}) \ 0.2776 (\widehat{C})$	0.2856 D	0.683 (E) (0.2071			
		<u> </u>				
4. Suppose that the weight of page	rkages loaded o	n all blabes a	are independent and not	rmally distributed		

that 35 percent of packages loaded on all planes are heavier than this value.

(D) 13.5797

Quizzes at the end of each lecture in a Calculus course contain either 1 or 2 questions with equal probability. Suppose that student A gives an incorrect answer for a question with probability 0.44,

 \bigcirc 0.4222

 \bigcirc 0.7811

6. If student A gave incorrect answers to all the questions of a quiz, what is the probability that the

7. Let X be the number of questions in a quiz and Y be the number of questions answered incorrectly

5. What is the probability that student A gives incorrect answers to all questions of a quiz?

23.4321

(E) 0.0591

 \bigcirc 0.1011

 $\widehat{\text{(F)}}$ 0.5353

 \bigcirc 15.9577

 \bigcirc 0.1352

 \bigcirc 0.3056

(C) 1.1 (D) 2.09

(A) 41.0227

(A) 0.7196

(A) 0.1313

(A) 2.66

Questions 5 through 8

independently of other questions.

quiz contains 1 question?

(B) 3.01

(B) 7.9867

(B) 0.3168

(B) 0.6944

by student A in that quiz. Compute E(XY).

8. What is the variance of Y? (\widehat{A}) 0.4528 (\widehat{B}) 0.8094 (\widehat{C}) 0.418 (\widehat{D}) 0.7778 (\widehat{E}) 0.6558

Questions 9 through 12

The duration of the independent interval times between two successive cars on the Trans-Australian Highway is modeled by an exponential distribution with the mean of 1 minutes.

9. Find the average number of cars passing the Highway within 2 minutes.

(A) 2 (B) 1.7 (C) 1.4 (D) 3.5 (E) 2

10. It is known that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is at least 10 seconds. Find the probability that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is less than 21 seconds.

 $\bigcirc A 0.0287 \quad \bigcirc B 0.0855 \quad \bigcirc C 0.1675 \quad \bigcirc D 0.3079 \quad \bigcirc D 0.8911$

11. Determine the duration of time (second) in which there is no car passing the Highway with probability 0.6.

(A) 30.6495 (B) 30.4488 (C) 30.479 (D) None of the others (E) 31.6282

12. An old wombat requires 28 seconds to cross the highway, and he starts out immediately after a car goes by. What is the probability that he will survive?

A 0.9892 B None of the others C 0.6271 D 0.965 E 0.0027

Questions 13 through 16

The diameter of a particle of contamination (in micrometers) is modeled by the cumulative distribution

function: $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x < 6, \\ k(1/6 - 1/x), & \text{if } 6 \le x \le 10, \\ 1, & \text{if } x > 10. \end{cases}$

13. Find the constant k. A 20 B 15 C 11.5 D None of the others E 18.5

14. Find the median diameter of the particle.

(A) 8.6664 (B) 7.5 (C) 8.3101 (D) None of the others (E) 6.693

15. Let Y = 6X + 10. Find the standard deviation of Y.

(A) None of the others (B) 4.0071 (C) 7.6501 (D) 6.8091 (E) 6.6641

16. Find the probability P(6.9 < X < 16.2).

A 0.6406 B 0.6353 C None of the others D 0.6739 E 0.1665

Questions 17 through 20

A and B are playing chess. In each match, A wins with probability 0.5 and B wins with probability 0.4. Suppose that the match results are independent.

17. Consider a random match between A and B. Find the probability that the match result is a draw.

A 0.1 B 0.5 C 0.2 D 0.3 E None of the others

18. Assuming that A and B play 10 matches, find the probability that A win half of the number of matches. (A) 0.2461 (B) None of the others (C) 0.1448 (D) 0.0778 (E) 0.0857

19. Assuming that A and B play 10 matches, find the average number of matches that result in a win or loss. A 9 B 5 C 4 D 6 E None of the others

20. Assuming that A and B play 5 matches, find the probability that A doesn't lose at all.

(A) 0.0143 (B) 0.0778 (C) 0.4288 (D) 0.1244 (E) None of the others

RV	Midterm Exam		Semester/Acad. year Date	1 2022-2023 October 23 rd , 2022		
THICM	Course title Probability			and Statistics		
UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY - VNUHCM	Course ID	MT2013				
Faculty of Applied Science	Duration	50 minutes	Question sheet code	2218		
Instructions to students:						
 You are allowed to use your OW At the beginning of the working a sheet. There are 20 questions or decimal places. 	time, you MUS'	Γ fill in your j	full name and student IL	on this question		
Student's full name:			Invigilator 1:			
Student Id:			Invigilator 2:			
Questions 1 through 4. We low variables that are uniformly distributed. 1. Find the mean of the total we (A) 676.1 (B) 676.7 (C) 6	buted between	9.2 and 27.9 paded by this	pounds. plane.	ependent random		
2. Find the standard deviation of (A) 30.0187 (B) 35.0358 (C)	_		oaded by this plane. E) 32.3894			
3. What is the probability that t (A) 0.5417 (B) 0.4387 (C)	_		618.6 pounds? 0.9356			
4. Suppose that the weight of pact with the mean of 24.05 (pound	~	_		*		

(D) 14.9989

Quizzes at the end of each lecture in a Calculus course contain either 1 or 2 questions with equal probability. Suppose that student A gives an incorrect answer for a question with probability 0.68,

5. What is the probability that student A gives incorrect answers to all questions of a quiz?

 \bigcirc 0.443

 \bigcirc 0.5712

6. If student A gave incorrect answers to all the questions of a quiz, what is the probability that the

7. Let X be the number of questions in a quiz and Y be the number of questions answered incorrectly

(E) 30.6308

 $\widehat{\text{F}}$ 0.4048

(E) 0.9242

(E) 0.8185

that 15 percent of packages loaded on all planes are heavier than this value.

(C) 37.0634

(C) 0.2304

 \bigcirc 0.1806

 \bigcirc 2.91

(B) 27.4449

(B) 0.5182

(B) 0.6679

by student A in that quiz. Compute E(XY).

(C) 1.63

(A) 35.8384

(A) 0.8505

(A) 0.5952

(A) 1.15

Questions 5 through 8

independently of other questions.

quiz contains 2 questions?

(B) 1.57

8. What is the variance of Y? (\widehat{A}) 1.448 (\widehat{B}) 0.3526 (\widehat{C}) 0.442 (\widehat{D}) 0.8729 (\widehat{E}) 0.0056

Questions 9 through 12.

The duration of the independent interval times between two successive cars on the Trans-Australian Highway is modeled by an exponential distribution with the mean of 0.2 minutes.

9. Find the average number of cars passing the Highway within 3 minutes.

(A) 15 (B) 0.6 (C) 24.3 (D) 18.6 (E) 17.9

10. It is known that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is at least 22 seconds. Find the probability that the duration of time between two successive cars on the Highway is less than 23 seconds.

(A) 0.9408 (B) 0.3102 (C) 0.6532 (D) 0.8518 (E) 0.08

11. Determine the duration of time (second) in which there is no car passing the Highway with probability 0.5.

A 8.4268 B 7.9209 C 8.3178 D None of the others E 9.2415

12. An old wombat requires 29 seconds to cross the highway, and he starts out immediately after a car goes by. What is the probability that he will survive?

(A) 0.8788 (B) None of the others (C) 0.6756 (D) 0.0892 (E) 0.3063

Questions 13 through 16.

The diameter of a particle of contamination (in micrometers) is modeled by the cumulative distribution

function: $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } x < 2, \\ k(1/2 - 1/x), & \text{if } 2 \le x \le 10, \\ 1, & \text{if } x > 10. \end{cases}$

13. Find the constant k. A 3.5 B 1.5 C 2.5 D 7 E None of the others

14. Find the median diameter of the particle.

(A) None of the others (B) 3.2265 (C) 3.3333 (D) 7.5233 (E) 4.5328

15. Let Y = 2X + 10. Find the standard deviation of Y.

(A) 2.0902 (B) None of the others (C) 4.5012 (D) 3.9042 (E) 4.8982

16. Find the probability P(3.6 < X < 18.1) .

(A) 0.4444 (B) 0.8632 (C) 0.1823 (D) None of the others (E) 0.6415

Questions 17 through 20

A and B are playing chess. In each match, A wins with probability 0.7 and B wins with probability 0.1. Suppose that the match results are independent.

17. Consider a random match between A and B. Find the probability that the match result is a draw.

 \bigcirc 0.6 \bigcirc 0.3 \bigcirc 0.2 \bigcirc None of the others \bigcirc 0.1

18. Assuming that A and B play 6 matches, find the probability that A win half of the number of matches. A 0.1698 B None of the others C 0.1852 D 0.618 E 0.0974

19. Assuming that A and B play 6 matches, find the average number of matches that result in a win or loss. A 4.8 B 5.8 C 3.8 D None of the others E 0.8

20. Assuming that A and B play 3 matches, find the probability that A doesn't lose at all.

(A) 0.729 (B) 0.7074 (C) 0.426 (D) 0.784 (E) None of the others