### **CURRICULUM VITAE.**

07/10/2025 Date prepared: Name: **Oded Ghitza** Office address: Biomedical Engineering & Hearing Research Center **Boston University** 44 Cummington Street Boston, MA 02215 Work phone: Tel: 617-358-1948 oghitza@bu.edu Work email: **EDUCATION** 1971 – 1975 B.Sc. in Electrical Engineering, School of Engineering, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel 1975 – 1977 M.Sc. in Electrical Engineering, Dept. of Communications, Control and Computer Systems, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel. Title of M.Sc. thesis: "Pitch extraction of voiced speech – new approaches," (March 1977) 1977 – 1983 Ph.D. in Electrical Engineering, Dept. of Communications, Control and Computer Systems, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel. Title of Ph.D. thesis: "Auditory-based criteria for parameter quantization of linear prediction coded speech," (June 1983). PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE 1968 – 1975 Electrical Engineer, Signal Corps Research Lab, Israeli Defense Forces Research Associate, Department of Communications, Control and 1975 – 1984 Computer Systems, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel 1980 – 1984 Consultant, Signal Corps Research Lab, Israeli Defense Forces 1984 – 1985 Postdoctoral Trainee, MIT, Cambridge, Massachusetts 1984 – 1985 Consultant, Speech Systems Technology Group, MIT Lincoln Laboratory, Lexington, Massachusetts Member of Technical Staff, Acoustics and Speech Research, Bell Labs, 1985 - 2003Murray Hill, New Jersey 2003 - 2011Senior Research Scientist, Sensimetrics Corporation, Malden, Massachusetts 2005 - 2008MIT Affiliate, Research Laboratory of Electronics, MIT 2006 – 2011 Senior Research Associate, Boston University 2011 – Now Research Professor, Boston University 2017 – 2022 Visiting Researcher, Neuroscience Department, Max Planck Institute for

Visiting Professor, Ernst Strüngmann Institute (ESI) for Neuroscience,

Empirical Aesthetics, Frankfurt, Germany

Frankfurt, Germany

2022 – 2025

## **MOST SIGNIFICANT AWARDS**

- 1998 Elected Fellow of the Acoustical Society of America, "For contributions to signal processing techniques for speech"
- 1993 Elected Senior Member of IEEE
- 1984 Recipient of the MIT Myron A. Bantrell post-doctoral fellowship.

## **ORGANIZING COMMITTEE CHAIR**

Workshop on "Brain Rhythms in Speech Perception and Production" (2008). Cambridge, Massachusetts, November.

### **GUEST EDITOR**

Special Issue on "Objective Quality Assessment of Speech and Audio" (2006). IEEE Trans. Audio, Speech and Language Proc., SAP-14(6).

### **MOST SIGNIFICANT TALKS**

- 1. "On the role of hearing research in contemporary speech technology" (2000). MIT EECS Colloquium, Cambridge, USA, November. (Plenary Talk.)
- 2. "On the perceptual distance between two segments" (1996). Workshop on The Auditory Basis of Speech Perception, Keele, UK, July. (Keynote address.)
- "Auditory models as a front end to automatic speech recognition" (1993). DoD workshop on Robust Speech Analysis, Piscataway, New Jersey, August. (Keynote address.)
- 4. "An acoustic-phonetic diagnostic tool for the evaluation of auditory models" (1991). Workshop on The Psychophysics of Speech Perception", Utrecht, Netherlands, July. (Keynote address.)

## **PUBLICATIONS**

## **Peer-Reviewed Articles**

- 1. Sun, Y., Michalareas, G., Ghitza, O. and Poeppel, D. (2025). "Complex Impact of Stimulus Envelope on Motor Synchronization to Sound". *Journal of Neuroscience*, 45(25). https://doi.org/10.1523/JNEUROSCI.1488-24.2025
- 2. Rimmele, J. M., Sun, Y., Michalareas, G., Ghitza O., and Poeppel, D. (2023). "Dynamics of functional networks for syllable and word-level processing". *Neurobiology of Language*, 4(1). 120–144. https://doi.org/10.1162/nol a 00089
- Ghitza, O. (2020). "Acoustic-driven oscillators as cortical pacemaker." Language, Cognition & Neuroscience, 35(9), 1100-1105. https://doi.org/10.1080/23273798.2020.1737720
- 4. Penn, L. R., Ayasse, N. D., Wingfield, A. and Ghitza, O. (2018). "The possible role of brain rhythms in perceiving fast speech: Evidence from adult aging." *J. Acoust. Soc. Am.*, 144 (4) 2088–2094. doi:10.1121/1.5054905
- 5. Bosker, H. R. and Ghitza, O. (2018). "Entrained theta oscillations guide perception of subsequent speech: behavioural evidence from rate normalisation." *Language, Cognition and Neuroscience*, 33(8), 955-967, DOI:10.1080/23273798.2018.1439179
- 6. Ghitza, O. (2017). "Acoustic-driven delta rhythms as prosodic markers." *Language, Cognition & Neuroscience*, 32(5), DOI:10.1080/23273798.2016.1232419

- 7. Farbood, M. F., Rowland, J., Marcus, G., Ghitza, O. and Poeppel, D. (2014). "Decoding time for the identification of musical key." *Atten Percept Psychophys*. doi:10.3758/s13414-014-0806-0
- 8. Ghitza, O. (2014). "Behavioral evidence for the role of cortical theta oscillations in determining auditory channel capacity for speech." *Front. Psychol.* **5**:652. doi:10.3389/fpsyg.2014.00652
- 9. Jepsen, M. L., Dau, T. and Ghitza, O. (2014). "Refining a model of hearing impairment using speech psychophysics." *J. Acoust. Soc. Am.*, 135 (4), EL179, doi:10.1121/1.4869256
- 10. Doelling, K. B., Arnal, L. H., Ghitza, O. and Poeppel, D. (2014). "Acoustic landmarks drive delta—theta oscillations to enable speech comprehension by facilitating perceptual parsing." *NeuroImage*, 85:761–768. doi:10.1016/j.neuroimage.2013.06.035
- 11. Ghitza O. (2013). "The theta-syllable: a unit of speech information defined by cortical function." *Front. Psychol.* **4**:138. doi: 10.3389/fpsyg.2013.00138
- 12. Ghitza O., Giraud A-L and Poeppel D. (2013). "Neuronal oscillations and speech perception: critical-band temporal envelopes are the essence." *Front. Hum. Neurosci.* **6**:340. doi: 10.3389/fnhum.2012.00340
- 13. Ghitza, O. (2012). "On the role of theta-driven syllabic parsing in decoding speech: intelligibility of speech with a manipulated modulation spectrum." *Front. Psychol.* **3**:238. doi:10.3389/fpsyg.2012.00238
- 14. Ghitza, O. (2011). "Linking speech perception and neurophysiology: speech decoding guided by cascaded oscillators locked to the input rhythm." *Front. Psychol.* **2**:130. doi: 10.3389/fpsyg.2011.00130
- **15.** Ghitza, O. and Greenberg, S. (2009). "On the possible role of brain rhythms in speech perception: Intelligibility of time compressed speech with periodic and aperiodic insertions of silence." Phonetica 66:113–126. doi:10.1159/000208934
- 16. Shamir, M., Ghitza, O., Epstein, S. and Kopell, N. (2009). "Representation of time-varying stimuli by a network exhibiting oscillations on a faster time scale." PLoS Comput Biol 5(5). doi:10.1371/journal.pcbi.1000370
- 17. Messing, D. P., Delhorne, L., Bruckert, E., Braida, L. D. and Ghitza, O. (2009). "A non-linear efferent-inspired model of the auditory system; matching human confusions in stationary noise." Speech Communication 51:668-683. doi:10.1016/j.specom.2009.02.002
- 18. Rix, A. W., Beerends, J. G., Kim, D.-S., Kroon, P. and Ghitza, O. (2006). "Objective Assessment of Speech and Audio Quality Technology and Applications," IEEE Trans. Audio, Speech and Language Proc., SAP-14(6), 1890-1901
- 19. Ghitza, O. (2001). "On the upper cutoff frequency of the auditory critical-band envelope detectors in the context of speech perception." *J. Acoust. Soc. Am.*, 110(3), 1628-1640
- 20. Ghitza, O. and Sondhi, M. M. (1997). "On the perceptual distance between speech segments." J. Acoust. Soc. Am., 101(1), 522-529
- 21. Ghitza, O. (1994). "Auditory models and human performance in tasks related to speech coding and speech recognition." IEEE Trans. on Speech and Audio, SAP-2(1). Special issue on Neural networks for Speech Processing, 115-132 (Invited)

- 22. Ghitza, O. (1993c). "Processing of spoken CVCs in the auditory periphery: I. Psychophysics," *J. Acoust. Soc. Am.*, 94(5), 2507-2516
- 23. Ghitza, O. (1993b). "Adequacy of auditory models to predict internal human representation of speech sounds." *J. Acoust. Soc. Am.*, 93(4), 2160-2171
- 24. Ghitza, O. and Sondhi, M. M. (1993a). "Hidden Markov Models with Templates as Nonstationary States: An Application to Speech Recognition." Computer Speech and Language, 7(2), 101-119
- 25. Ghitza, O. (1988). "Temporal non-place information in the auditory nerve firing patterns as a front-end for speech recognition in a noisy environment." Journal of Phonetics, 16(1), 109-124. Theme issue on the "Representation of speech in the auditory periphery" (Invited)
- 26. Ghitza, O. (1987). "Auditory nerve representation criteria for speech analysis/synthesis." IEEE Trans. Acoust. Speech and Signal Proc., ASSP-35(6), 736-740
- 27. Ghitza, O. (1986). "Auditory nerve representation as a front-end for speech recognition in a noisy environment." Computer Speech and Language, 1(2), 109-131
- 28. Ghitza, O. and Goldstein, J. L. (1986). "Scalar LPC quantization based on formant JNDs." IEEE Trans. Acoust. Speech and Signal Proc., ASSP-34(4), 697-709.

# **Most Significant Non Peer-Reviewed Publications**

- Davidesco I, Thesen T, Honey CJ, Melloni L, Doyle W, Devinsky O, Ghitza O, Schroeder C, Poeppel D, Hasson U (2018) Electrocorticographic responses to timecompressed speech vary across the cortical auditory hierarchy. *bioRxiv*, doi: https://doi.org/10.1101/354464
- 2. Lee, C-Y, Glass, J. and Ghitza, O. (2011). "An efferent-inspired auditory model frontend for speech recognition." Interspeech 2011, 49-52, Florence, Italy, August
- 3. Jepsen, M. L., Dau, T. and Ghitza, O. (2009). "Modeling a damaged cochlea: beyond non-speech psychophysics." International Symposium on Auditory and Audiological Research, Copenhagen, Denmark, August
- 4. Ghitza, O. (2007). "Using auditory feedback and rhythmicity for diphone discrimination of degraded speech." Proceed. Intern. Conf. on Phonetics, ICPhS XVI, 163-168, Saarbrücken, Germany, August
- **5.** Ghitza, O. (2004). "On the possible role of MOC efferents in speech reception in noise." *J. Acoust. Soc. Am.*, 115(5), A., 2500
- 6. Ghitza, O. and Kroon, P. (2000). "Dichotic presentation of interleaving critical-band envelopes: An application to multi-descriptive coding." in Proc. IEEE Speech Coding Workshop, 72-74, Delavan, Wisconsin, September
- 7. Ghitza, O. and Sondhi, M. M. (1999). "Perceptually motivated measures for automatic speech recognition." in: Proc. Robust Methods for Speech Recognition in Adverse Condition, Tampere, Finland, May
- 8. Kim, D. S., Ghitza, O. and Kroon, P. (1999). "A computational model for MOS prediction." in Proc. IEEE Speech Coding Workshop, Provoo, Finland, June
- 9. Sandhu, S., Ghitza, O. and Lee C-H. (1995). "A comparative study of MEL Cepstra and EIH for phone classification under adverse conditions." International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing ICASSP '95, 409-412, Detroit, May

- Ghitza, O. (1988). "Auditory neural feedback as a basis for speech processing."
  International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing ICASSP '88, 91-94, New York, April
- 11. Ghitza, O. (1987). "Robustness agaist noise: The role of timing-syncrony measurement." International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing ICASSP '87, Dallas, April
- 12. Ghitza, O. (1986). "Speech analysis/synthesis based on matching the synthesized and the original auditory nerve representation." International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing ICASSP '86, 2372-2375, Japan, April
- 13. Ghitza, "A measure of in-synchrony regions in the auditory nerve firing patterns as a basis for speech vocoding." International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing ICASSP '85, 505-508, Tampa, March.

# **Book Chapters**

- Ghitza, O. and Greenberg, S. (2010). "Intelligibility of time-compressed speech with periodic and aperiodic insertions of silence: evidence for endogenous brain rhythms in speech perception?" In: The Neurophysiological Bases of Auditory Perception (Eds.) E. A. Lopez-Poveda, A. R. Palmer, R. Meddis, Springer-Verlag, Berlin Heidelberg, 393-406
- Ghitza, O., Messing, D., Delhorne, L., Braida, L., Bruckert, E., and M. M. Sondhi (2007). "Towards predicting consonant confusions of degraded speech." In: Hearing – from sensory processing to perception (Eds.) B. Kollmeier, G. Klump, V. Hohmann, U. Langemann, M. Mauermann, S. Uppenkamp and J. Verhey, Springer-Verlag, Berlin Heidelberg, 541-550
- 3. Ghitza, O. (1994). "Auditory models and human performance in tasks related to speech coding and speech recognition." In: Modern methods of speech processing (Eds.) R. P. Ramachandran, R. J. Mammone, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 401-448
- Ghitza, O. (1992). "Auditory nerve representation as a basis for speech processing."
  In: Advances in speech signal processing (Eds.) S. Furui and M. M. Sondhi, Marcel Dekker, New York, 453-485
- 5. Ghitza, O. and Goldstein, J. L. (1983). "JNDs for the spectral envelope parameters in natural speech." In: Hearing Physiological Bases and Psychophysics (Eds.) R. Klinke and R. Hartmann, Springer-Verlag, Berlin Heidelberg, 352-359.

## **PATENTS**

- "Method And Apparatus For Performing Audio Coding And Decoding By Interleaving Smoothed Critical Band Envelopes At Higher Frequencies" (2002). European Patent Number: EP1158494
- 2. "Method And Apparatus For Estimating Subjective Audio Signal Quality From Objective Distortion Measures" (2003). U.S Patent Number: 6,609,092
- 3. "Analysis arrangement based on a model of human neural responses" (1990). U.S Patent Number: 4,905,285.

### **RESEARCH SUPPORT**

Ghitza (PI)

AFOSR (Contract)

3/15/03 - 12/31/03

Completed

"Auditory Peripheral Processing of Degraded Speech." Formulating signal processing principles realized by the auditory periphery, in particular when the input signal is speech in noise

Ghitza (PI)

9/1/03 - 8/31/04

Completed

AFOSR (STTR-Phase I)

"Application of Cortical Processing Theory to Acoustical Analysis." Using psychophysical approach to determine phenomenological models of cortical processing of speech sounds

Ghitza (PI)

AFOSR (STTR-Phase II)

4/1/05 - 6/31/07

Completed

"Application of Cortical Processing Theory to Acoustical Analysis."

Ghitza (PI)

AFOSR (Contract)

4/1/07 - 12/31/07

Completed

"Spoken Word Recognition by Humans: A Single- or a Multi- Layer Process?" Providing psychophysical support for a possible single-layer process for lexical access of words with meaning

Ghitza (PI)

NSF (STTR-Phase I)

1/1/07 - 12/31/07

Completed

"Exploiting Nervous System Rhythmicity for Spoken Word Recognition." Recognizing diphones (i.e. speech segments of duration of few tens of milliseconds) by exploiting the presumed role of nervous-system rhythms in neural computation

Ghitza (PI)

AFOSR (Grant)

3/1/08 – 3/31/11

Completed

"Decoding Speech Using Neural Rhythmicity and Synchrony." Using psychophysical approach to validate the role of brain rhythms in speech perception.

Ghitza (PI)

AFOSR (Grant)

9/1/11 - 8/31/16

Completed

"Cascading Oscillators in decoding speech: a reflection of a cortical computation principle." Using psychophysical approach to develop a computational model of speech perception with an array of cascaded oscillators locked to the input rhythm at its core.

Ghitza (PI)

AFOSR (Grant)

7/1/17 - 10/31/20

Completed

"Parsing continuous speech: the role of neuronal oscillations and sentential context." Testing whether a model of speech comprehension based on cortical oscillations can account for the improved intelligibility afforded by the contextual information contained in continuous everyday speech.

Ghitza (PI)

co-PIs: Ahissar (Weizmann Institute, Israel); Jennings (University of Utah); Lackner (Brandeis University)

AFOSR (Grant) 9/15/22 – 9/15/25 Active

"Gravity dependent cortical control of sensation."

Characterizing the dependency of active hearing on vestibular conditions and to examine the hypothesized functioning of cortico—inner-ear control loops. The case study is speaker segregation, in upright and supine conditions.

## **RESEARCH AREAS OF INTERESTS**

### Past

Hearing; Speech perception; Speech technology (Speech recognition, Speech and Audio coding.); Perception based signal analysis methods for speech recognition and speech coding; Objective, diagnostic assessment of speech intelligibility and speech quality.

### Present

Decoding speech using neuronal oscillations; Hierarchical neuronal oscillators and the basis for cortical computation; Analysis of MEG signals recorded while performing a speech perception task; Predicting consonant confusions in noise; Closed-loop auditory models for robust automatic speech recognition; Modeling damaged cochleae using speech-governed methodologies.