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```

function x = ImplicitEulerTemplate(f, dfdx, T, x0)
    % Returns the iterations of the implicit Euler method
    % f: Function handle
    %     Vector field of ODE, i.e.,  $\dot{x} = f(t, x)$ 
    % dfdx: Function handle
    %     Jacobian of f w.r.t. x
    % T: Vector of time points, 1 x Nt
    % x0: Initial state, Nx x 1
    % x: Implicit Euler iterations, Nx x Nt
    %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
    % Define variables
    % Allocate space for iterations (x)

    Nx = size(x0, 1);
    Nt = size(T, 2);
    x = zeros(Nx, Nt);
    x(:, 1) = x0;

    %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
    xt = x0; % initial iteration
    % Loop over time points
    for nt=2:Nt
        %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
        % Update variables
        % Define the residual function for this time step
        % Define the Jacobian of this residual
        % Call your Newton's method function
        % Calculate and save next iteration value xt

        dt = T(nt) - T(nt - 1);
        tk = T(nt);
        phi = @(x) xt + dt * f(tk, x) - x;
        J_phi = @(x) dt * dfdx(tk, x) - eye(Nx);
        X_newton = NewtonsMethodTemplate(phi, J_phi, xt);
        xt = X_newton(:, end);
        x(:, nt) = xt;

        %%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
    end
end

```

*Not enough input arguments.*

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Error in ImplicitEulerTemplate (line 14)
    Nx = size(x0, 1);

```

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