ASSIGNMENT 3 T T K 4130 MODELING AND SIMULATION ALEKSANDER SEVERINSEN MTTK 5 ets up the following whate space: X= \[\frac{Pe}{4e} \], where e is earth frame, \\ \omegain \text{sin sketelliste frame.} \] I rus the following dynamical world: $\mathcal{H}_{n}^{e} = \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{H}_{n}^{e} \otimes \left(\omega_{i_{n}}^{n} \right)$ ife = - K L m/ 11/1pe/12. (I/pe/l) wien = 0 (constant) See the attached cools, O Hortunakely, this is all I was able to do ...

6

```
function [ state_dot ] = SatelliteDynamics( t, x, parameters )
    % Code your equations here...
    % The code must return in the order you selected, e.g.:
         state_dot = [velocity;
    응
                        orientation_dot;
    응
                        acceleration (ac);
                        angular acceleration (omega dot)];
    응
    응
         state
                    = [position; 1:3
    왕
                        orientation; 4:7
    응
                        velocity; 8:10
    응
                        angular velocity]; 11:13
    R = quat2rot(x(4:7));
    p_{dot} = R*x(8:10);
    q_{dot} = 0.5 * quatProd(x(4:7), x(11:13));
    v_{dot} = R'*(-(parameters.K / norm(x(1:3))^2) * (x(1:3) / (x(1:3))^2)
 norm(x(1:3)));
    w_{dot} = zeros(3, 1);
    state_dot = [p_dot;
                 q_dot;
                 v_dot;
                 w_dot];
end
Not enough input arguments.
Error in SatelliteDynamics (line 15)
    R = quat2rot(x(4:7));
```

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```
clear all
%close all
clc
% "parameters" allows you to pass some parameters to the
 "SatelliteDynamics" function
% f = 1 / (3600 * 24); % 1 rotation per day
% r earth = 6356e3; % m
% r_orbit = 36e6; % m
% M_earth = 5.972e24; % kg
% G = 6.67408e-11; % m^3 kq^-1 s^-2
% m_sat = 500; % kg. Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/
Small satellite
% 1 = 0.5; % m
f = 1 / 5; % 1 rotation per day
r_earth = 1; % m
r_orbit = 1; % m
M earth = 1; % kg
G = 1; % m^3 kq^{-1} s^{-2}
m_sat = 1; % kg. Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Small_satellite
1 = 1; % m
parameters.M = 1/6 * m sat * 1^2 * eye(3);
parameters.K = G*M_earth;
parameters.w = [0, 2*pi*f, 0]'; % The satellite pitches during
rotation
% Define your initial state, e.g. as:
% state = [position;
           orientation;
ુ
           velocity;
          angular velocity];
p0 = [0, 0, r_orbit]';
k = [0, 0, 1]';
alpha = pi/2;
q0 = [\cos(alpha/2); \sin(alpha/2)*k];
v0 = zeros(3, 1); %[2*pi*f*r_orbit, 0, 0]';
w0 = parameters.w;
state = [p0; q0; v0; w0];
time_final = 120; %Final time
% Simulate satellite dynamics
[time, statetraj] = ode45(@(t,x)SatelliteDynamics(t, x, parameters),
[0,time_final],state);
% Here below is a template for a real-time animation
tic; % resets Matlab clock
time_display = 0; % time displayed
% while time display < time(end)</pre>
      time_animate = toc; % get the current clock time
      % Interpolate the simulation at the current clock time
```

```
state_animate = interp1(time,statetraj,time_animate);
응
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응
     figure(1);clf;hold on
     % Use the example from "Satellite3DExample.m" to display your
응
satellite
     응
     omega = state_animate(11:13)'; % Omega
     q = state animate(4:7)';
응
     n = q(1);
응
     e = q(2:end)';
     R = eye(3) + 2*n*skew(e) + 2*skew(e)^2;
응
응
%
     ScaleFrame = 5; % Scaling factor for adjusting the frame size
(cosmetic)
ુ
     FS
                = 15; % Fontsize for text
응
     SW
                = 0.035; % Arrows size
9
응
     MakeFrame(zeros(3,1),eye(3),ScaleFrame,FS,SW,'a', 'color', 'k')
     MakeFrame(p,R,ScaleFrame,FS,SW,'b', 'color', 'r')
응
응
     MakeArrow(p,R*omega,FS,SW,'$$\omega$$', 'color', [0,0.5,0])
응
     DrawRectangle(p,R ,'color',[0.5,0.5,0.5]);
응
     FormatPicture([0;0;2],0.5*[73.8380 21.0967 30.1493])
응
응
     if time display == 0
응
응
         display('Hit a key to start animation')
응
         pause
         tic
응
     time_display = toc; % get the current clock time
응
% end
```

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