# Arduino Client for MQTT | API Documentation

# **API Documentation**

Library version: 2.8

### Constructor

- PubSubClient ()
- PubSubClient (client)
- PubSubClient (server, port, [callback], client, [stream])

## **Function**

- boolean **connect** (clientID, [username, password], [willTopic, willQoS, willRetain, willMessage], [cleanSession])
- void disconnect ()
- boolean publish (topic, payload, [length], [retained])
- boolean publish\_P (topic, payload, [length], [retained])
- boolean beginPublish (topic, length, retained)
- int write (byte)
- int write (payload, length)
- boolean endPublish ()
- boolean **subscribe** (topic, [qos])
- boolean unsubscribe (topic)
- boolean loop ()
- boolean connected ()
- int state ()
- PubSubClient\* setCallback (callback)
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- uint16\_t getBufferSize ()
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### Other

- Configuration Options
- Subscription Callback

### PubSubClient ()

Creates an uninitialised client instance.

Before it can be used, it must be configured with the property setters:

```
EthernetClient ethClient;
PubSubClient client;

void setup() {
    client.setClient(ethClient);
    client.setServer("broker.example.com",1883);
    // client is now configured for use
}
```

# PubSubClient (client)

Creates a partially initialised client instance.

Before it can be used, the server details must be configured:

```
EthernetClient ethClient;
PubSubClient client(ethClient);

void setup() {
    client.setServer("broker.example.com",1883);
    // client is now ready for use
}
```

### **Parameters**

• client - the network client to use, for example WiFiClient

PubSubClient (server, port, [callback], client, [stream])

Creates a fully configured client instance.

### **Parameters**

- server IPAddress, uint8\_t[] or const char[] the address of the server
- port int the port to connect to
- callback function\* (optional) a pointer to a message callback function called when a message arrives for a subscription created by this client
- client the network client to use, for example WiFiClient
- stream Stream (optional) a stream to write received messages to

boolean **connect** (clientID, [username, password], [willTopic, willQoS, willRetain, willMessage], [cleanSession])

Connects the client.

### **Parameters**

- clientID const char[] the client ID to use when connecting to the server
- Credentials (optional)
  - username const char[] the username to use. If NULL, no username or password is
    used
  - password const char[] the password to use. If NULL, no password is used
- Will (optional)
  - willTopic const char[] the topic to be used by the will message
  - o willQoS int: 0,1 or 2 the quality of service to be used by the will message
  - willRetain boolean whether the will should be published with the retain flag
  - willMessage const char[] the payload of the will message
- cleanSession boolean (optional) whether to connect clean-session or not

#### Returns

- false connection failed
- true connection succeeded

void disconnect ()

Disconnects the client.

boolean **publish** (topic, payload, [length], [retained])

Publishes a message to the specified topic.

### **Parameters**

- topic const char[] the topic to publish to
- payload const char[], byte[] the message to publish
- length unsigned int (optional) the length of the payload. Required if payload is a byte[]
- retained boolean (optional) whether the message should be retained
  - o false not retained
  - true retained

### Returns

- false publish failed, either connection lost or message too large
- true publish succeeded

boolean publish\_P (topic, payload, [length], [retained])

Publishes a message stored in PROGMEM to the specified topic.

#### **Parameters**

- topic const char[] the topic to publish to
- payload const char[], byte[] the message to publish
- length unsigned int (optional) the length of the payload. Required if payload is a byte[]
- retained boolean (optional) whether the message should be retained
  - false not retained
  - true retained

### Returns

- false publish failed, either connection lost or message too large
- true publish succeeded

boolean beginPublish (topic, length, retained)

Begins sending a publish message. The payload of the message is provided by one or more calls to write followed by a call to endPublish.

### **Parameters**

- topic const char[] the topic to publish to
- length unsigned int the length of the payload to be sent
- retained boolean whether the message should be retained
  - o false not retained
  - true retained

#### Returns

- false publish failed, either connection lost or message too large
- true publish succeeded

int write (byte)

Writes a byte as a component of a publish started with a call to beginPublish.

#### **Parameters**

byte uint8 t - a byte to write to the publish payload

### Returns

• int - the number of bytes written

int write (payload, length)

Writes an array of bytes as a component of a publish started with a call to beginPublish.

### **Parameters**

- payload byte[] the bytes to write
- length unsigned int the length of the payload to be sent

# Returns

• int - the number of bytes written

# boolean endPublish ()

Finishing sending a message that was started with a call to beginPublish.

### Returns

- false publish failed, either connection lost or message too large
- true publish succeeded

boolean subscribe (topic, [qos])

Subscribes to messages published to the specified topic.

### **Parameters**

- topic const char[] the topic to subscribe to
- qos int: 0 or 1 only (optional) the qos to subscribe at

### Returns

- false sending the subscribe failed, either connection lost or message too large
- true sending the subscribe succeeded

boolean unsubscribe (topic)

Unsubscribes from the specified topic.

### **Parameters**

• topic const char[] - the topic to unsubscribe from

### Returns

- false sending the unsubscribe failed, either connection lost or message too large
- · true sending the unsubscribe succeeded

# boolean loop ()

This should be called regularly to allow the client to process incoming messages and maintain its connection to the server.

#### Returns

- false the client is no longer connected
- · true the client is still connected

# boolean connected ()

Checks whether the client is connected to the server.

#### Returns

- false the client is not connected
- true the client is connected

# int state ()

Returns the current state of the client. If a connection attempt fails, this can be used to get more information about the failure.

All of the values have corresponding constants defined in PubSubClient.h.

#### Returns

- -4: MQTT\_CONNECTION\_TIMEOUT the server didn't respond within the keepalive time
- -3: MQTT\_CONNECTION\_LOST the network connection was broken
- -2: MOTT\_CONNECT\_FAILED the network connection failed
- -1 : MOTT\_DISCONNECTED the client is disconnected cleanly
- 0 : MQTT\_CONNECTED the client is connected
- 1 : MQTT\_CONNECT\_BAD\_PROTOCOL the server doesn't support the requested version of MQTT
- 2 : MQTT\_CONNECT\_BAD\_CLIENT\_ID the server rejected the client identifier
- 3 : MQTT\_CONNECT\_UNAVAILABLE the server was unable to accept the connection

- 4 : MQTT\_CONNECT\_BAD\_CREDENTIALS the username/password were rejected
- 5 : MQTT\_CONNECT\_UNAUTHORIZED the client was not authorized to connect

# PubSubClient\* setCallback (callback)

Sets the message callback function.

#### **Parameters**

 callback function\* - a pointer to a message callback function called when a message arrives for a subscription created by this client.

### Returns

PubSubClient\* - the client instance, allowing the function to be chained

# PubSubClient\* setClient (client)

Sets the network client instance to use.

### **Parameters**

• client - the network client to use, for example WiFiClient

### Returns

• PubSubClient\* - the client instance, allowing the function to be chained

# PubSubClient\* setServer (server, port)

Sets the server details.

### **Parameters**

- server IPAddress, uint8\_t[] or const char[] the address of the server
- port int the port to connect to

### Returns

• PubSubClient\* - the client instance, allowing the function to be chained

## PubSubClient\* **setStream** (stream)

Sets the stream to write received messages to.

### **Parameters**

stream stream - a stream to write received messages to

### Returns

• PubSubClient\* - the client instance, allowing the function to be chained

# uint16\_t getBufferSize()

Gets the current size of the internal buffer.

By default, it is set to 256 bytes - as defined by the MQTT\_MAX\_MESSAGE\_SIZE constant in PubSubClient.h.

### Returns

• uint16 t - the size of the internal buffer

# boolean setBufferSize (size)

Sets the size, in bytes, of the internal send/receive buffer. This must be large enough to contain the full MQTT packet. When sending or receiving messages, the packet will contain the full topic string, the payload data and a small number of header bytes.

By default, it is set to 256 bytes - as defined by the MQTT\_MAX\_MESSAGE\_SIZE constant in PubSubClient.h.

Note: setBufferSize returns a boolean flag to indicate whether it was able to reallocate the memory to change the buffer size. This means, unlike the other setXYZ functions that return a reference to the client, this function cannot be chained with those functions.

### **Parameters**

• size uint16\_t - the size, in bytes, for the internal buffer

#### Returns

- false the buffer could not be resized
- true the buffer was resized

# PubSubClient\* setKeepAlive (keepAlive)

Sets the keep alive interval used by the client. This value should only be changed when the client is not connected.

By default, it is set to 15 seconds - as defined by the MQTT\_KEEPALIVE constant in PubSubClient.h.

### **Parameters**

• keepAlive uint16 t - the keep alive interval, in seconds

### Returns

PubSubClient\* - the client instance, allowing the function to be chained

PubSubClient\* setSocketTimeout (timeout)

Sets the socket timeout used by the client. This determines how long the client will wait for incoming data when it expects data to arrive - for example, whilst it is in the middle of reading an MQTT packet.

By default, it is set to 15 seconds - as defined by the MQTT\_SOCKET\_TIMEOUT constant in PubSubClient.h.

### **Parameters**

• timeout uint16\_t - the socket timeout, in seconds

### Returns

PubSubClient\* - the client instance, allowing the function to be chained

# **Configuration Options**

The following configuration options can be used to configure the library. They are contained in PubSubClient.h.

MQTT\_MAX\_PACKET\_SIZE

Sets the largest packet size, in bytes, the client will handle. Any packet received that exceeds this size will be ignored.

This value can be overridden by calling setBufferSize(size).

Default: 128 bytes

MQTT\_KEEPALIVE

Sets the keepalive interval, in seconds, the client will use. This is used to maintain the connection when no other packets are being sent or received.

This value can be overridden by calling setKeepAlive(keepAlive).

Default: 15 seconds

MQTT\_VERSION

Sets the version of the MQTT protocol to use.

Default: MQTT 3.1.1

MQTT\_MAX\_TRANSFER\_SIZE

Sets the maximum number of bytes passed to the network client in each write call. Some hardware has a limit to how much data can be passed to them in one go, such as the Arduino Wifi Shield.

Default: undefined (complete packet passed in each write call)

```
MQTT_SOCKET_TIMEOUT
```

Sets the timeout when reading from the network. This also applies as the timeout for calls to connect.

This value can be overridden by calling setSocketTimeout(timeout).

Default: 15 seconds

# **Subscription Callback**

If the client is used to subscribe to topics, a callback function must be provided in the constructor. This function is called when new messages arrive at the client.

The callback function has the following signature:

```
void callback(const char[] topic, byte* payload, unsigned int length)
```

### **Parameters**

- topic const\_char[] the topic the message arrived on
- payload byte[] the message payload
- length unsigned int the length of the message payload

Internally, the client uses the same buffer for both inbound and outbound messages. After the callback function returns, or if a call to either publish or subscribe is made from within the callback function, the topic and payload values passed to the function will be overwritten. The application should create its own copy of the values if they are required after the callback returns.