

UNIVERZITET U BEOGRADU
ELEKTROTEHNIČKI FAKULTET

KATEDRA ZA ELEKTRONIKU



PROJEKAT IZ RAČUNARSKE ELEKTRONIKE

A R K A N O I D

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„Igrač u igrici kontroliše pedalu pomerajući je levo i desno tako da kuglica ne dodirne donju ivicu prozora. Kuglica i pedala se na početku nalaze na sredini donje ivice prozora i kuglica započinje svoje kretanje uvek pod istim uglom. Kada kuglica udari u neku od gornjih prepreka, ruši ih i igrač osvaja bodove. Udarom o bilo koju prepreku, izlazni ugao kuglice je jednak ulaznom u odnosu na normalu prepreke, pedale ili leve i desne ivice prozora. Prepreke u zavisnosti od boje nose različit broj poena: zelena - 80 poena, crvena - 90 poena, žuta - 120 poena, ljubičasta - 100 poena i plava - 50 poena. Siva prepreka se uništava ukoliko je dva puta udarena, a ako pedala uhvati srušenu sivu prepreku, povećava se dva puta. Igrica se završava kada se unište sve prepreke ili kada se izgubi 10 života kuglice. Na ekranu je sve vreme potrebno ispisivati preostali broj života kuglice i broj osvojenih poena. Igrica može da se prekine i pritiskom tastera ESC.”

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1. Uvod



Slika 1. Izgled prozora neposredno pre početka igrice – Početni grafički interfejs

Pre samog početka izveštaja smatramo da je neophodno uvesti i objasniti pojmove koji predstavljaju osnovne gradivne elemente unutar same igrice, kao i objasniti načine na koje smo realizovali neke ideje i ciljeve koje smo sledili u realizaciji tih ideja.

Ono čemu smo težili jeste da u relativno grafički oskudnoj konzoli unesemo što veću dinamičnost da bi povećali interesantnost same igrice i privukli veću pažnju onoga ko je igra. Takođe smo se trudili da što više napravimo igricu fleksibilnijom u smislu podešavanja i konfiguracije da bi se prilagodili većem broju igrača. Na primer, pretpostavili smo da će postojati igrači koji će želiti da imaju mogućnost da ubrzaju ili usporavaju igricu, tj. da ubrzaju ili usporavaju pad, da će postojati igrači koji žele da određene blokove udaraju većim brojem puta, da će postojati igrači koji žele da razni blokovi nose različit broj poena, ... *Default* podešavanja su nameštena tako da zadovolje specifikacije projekta.

Gore navedena fleksibilnost omogućava da se igrice nadogradi dodatnim grafičkim interfejsima koji bi recimo igraču omogućavali da na početku igrice bira težinu igrice a svaka od težina bi sama podešavala ove parametre. Mi nismo bili u mogućnosti da odradimo to jer bi to isuviše otišlo od samog zahteva projekta ali smo ostavili mogućnost za dalju nadogradnju i rad na projektu u cilju njegovog usavršavanja.

Da bi smo, kao što smo već naveli, napravili igricu da bude što dinamičnija bilo je neophodno detaljnije istražiti funkcionisanje samog rada konzole i procedura koje omogućavaju određena ponašanja konzole. Ovde smo morali da odemo dalje od procedura i struktura koje pripadaju *Irvine32* biblioteci i da koristimo neke od procedura i struktura koje pripadaju Microsoft bibliotekama kao što su *kernel32.lib* i *user32.lib*. U ovim bibliotekama se nalaze procedure koje omogućavaju veću slobodu nad samom konzolom (inače funkcije *irvine32.lib* biblioteke su samo

apstrakcija funkcija *kernel32.lib* i *user32.lib* a u to se možemo uveriti ako pogledamo kodove funkcija iz *irvine32.lib* biblioteke). Deklaracija funkcija koje smo koristili a ne pripadaju *irvine32.lib* smeštene su u AdditionalDef.inc fajlu

```

;=====
;-----
;----- AdditionalDef.inc -----
;-----
;----- Authors: -----
;----- Turkmanovic Haris 516/2014 -----
;----- Vukoje David 541/2014 -----
;=====
;Description:
;   This .inc file contains declarations of functions which are located in windows system Libraries such as
kernel32.lin and
;user32.lib . These declarations are necessary because they are not directly declared in Irvine32.lib
;=====

INCLUDE Irvine32.inc
FreeConsole PROTO
AllocConsole PROTO

WriteConsoleOutputA PROTO ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    ArrayForRead:PTR _CHAR_INFO,
    SizeOfArrayForRead:COORD,
    StartPositionForRead:COORD,
    ScreenBufferAreaForWrite:PTR SMALL_RECT

WriteConsoleOutputW PROTO ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    ArrayForRead:PTR _CHAR_INFO,
    SizeOfArrayForRead:COORD,
    StartPositionForRead:COORD,
    ScreenBufferAreaForWrite:PTR SMALL_RECT

WriteConsoleOutputCharacterW PROTO,
    hConsoleOutput:HANDLE,
    lpCharacter:PTR WORD,
    nLength:DWORD,
    dwWriteCoord:COORD,
    lpNumberOfCharsWritten:PTR DWORD

SetConsoleCursorPosition PROTO,
    hConsoleOutput:HANDLE,
    wCursorPosition:COORD

ReadConsoleOutputA PROTO ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    ArrayForRead:PTR _CHAR_INFO,
    SizeOfArrayForRead:COORD,
    StartPositionForRead:COORD,
    ScreenBufferAreaForWrite:PTR SMALL_RECT

CreateConsoleScreenBuffer PROTO,
    dwDesiredAccess          :DWORD ,
    dwShareMode              :DWORD ,
    lpSecurityAttributes     :PTR _SECURITY_ATTRIBUTES ,
    dwFlags                  :DWORD,
    lpScreenBufferData       :PTR DWORD

SetConsoleActiveScreenBuffer PROTO,
    handlee:HANDLE

FillConsoleOutputAttribute PROTO,
    hConsoleOutput:HANDLE,
    lpCharacter:WORD,
    nLength:DWORD,
    dwWriteCoord:COORD,
    lpNumberOfCharsWritten:PTR DWORD

WriteConsoleOutputW PROTO ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    ArrayForRead:PTR _CHAR_INFO,
    SizeOfArrayForRead:COORD,
    StartPositionForRead:COORD,
    ScreenBufferAreaForWrite:PTR SMALL_RECT

_CHAR_INFO STRUCT
    AsciiChar WORD 219
    Attributes WORD 0
_CHAR_INFO ENDS

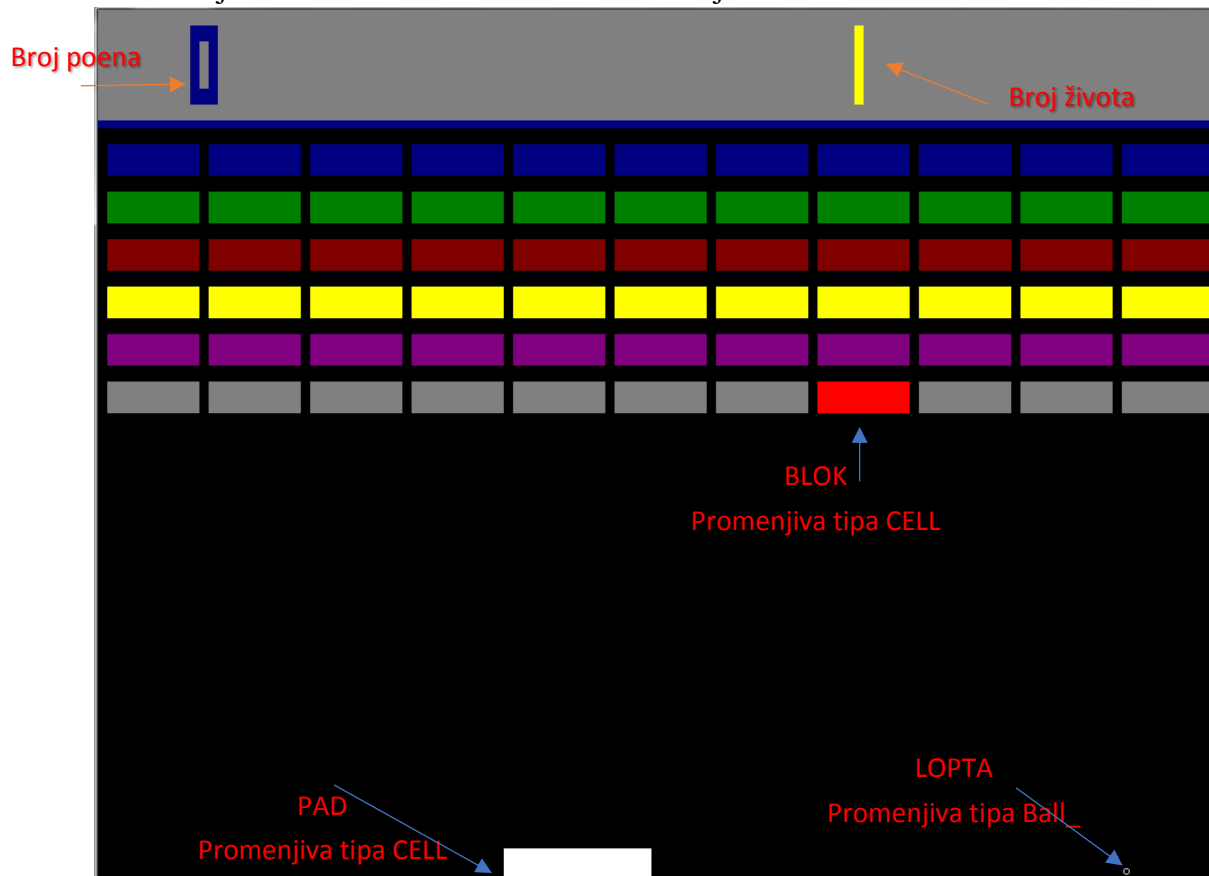
_SECURITY_ATTRIBUTES STRUCT
    nLength DWORD 0
    lpSecurityDescriptor DWORD 0
    bInheritHandle DWORD 0
_SECURITY_ATTRIBUTES ENDS

```

Slika 2. Sadržaj Additional.inc fajla

Sada je potrebno da uvedemo pojmove koji definišu osnovne gradivne elemente same igrice, a to su *ćelija*, *lopta*, *blok*, *pad*.

Postoje dve osnovne strukture u samoj igrici a to su strukture CELL i BALL_. Ćelija je ustvari sama struktura CELL. *Lopta* je promenljiva tipa BALL_. *Blok* je promenljiva tipa CELL dok je i *Pad* je promenljiva tipa CELL. Razlika između Pada i Bloka jeste u informaciji koju nose



Slika 3. Grafički interfejs glavnog dela igrice

Neophodno je naglasiti da su Lopta i Pad globalne promenjive dok su blokovi raspoređeni u memorijske lokacije koje posmatramo kao matricu. Matrica blokova je takodje globalna.

Deo grafičkog interfejsa glavnog dela igrice koji se nalazi iznad plave linije predstavlja trenutnu informaciju o tome koliko igrač ima poena i koliko mu je preostalo života. O načinu i funkcijama koje su omogućile ispis brojeva i slova biće reči kasnije.

!NAPOMENA Preporuka je da se pre pokretanja igrice izvrši podešavanje konzole koje je objašnjeno u odeljku „Pokretanje igrice“

2. Grafički interfejs

Zbog boljeg razumevanja grafičkih delova igrice neophodno je prvo objasniti kako funkcioniše ekran konzole i koje funkcije iz biblioteka *kernel32.lib* i *user32.lib* omogućavaju manipulaciju grafičkim delovima konzole.

Naime, prozor konzole je podeljen na veliki broj malih pravougaonika. U svaki od tih pravougaonika moguće je upisivati određeni karakter koji može biti zadat preko ASCII vrednosti ili Unicode vrednosti. Svakom od tih pravougaonika moguće je menjati boju pozadine i boju karaktera koji je upisan u taj pravougaonik. Takođe moguće je odjednom preko određenih funkcija manipulirati matricom tih pravougaonika a moguće je i editovati svaki od tih pravougaonika pojedinačno.

Pravougaonik je abstrahovan strukturom `_CHAR_INFO` koja ima dva polja:

- `AsciiChar`
- `Attributes`

Polje `AsciiChar` nosi informaciju o ASCII vrednosti karaktera koji upisujemo u pravougaonik a polje `Attributes` nosi informaciju o boji pozadine i karaktera.

Funkcije koje omogućavaju da upisujemo u bafer konzole (bafer- memorija iz koje se čita ono što će biti ispisano na ekranu) su *WriteConsoleOutputCharacterA* i *WriteConsoleOutputA*. Ovo su funkcije koje rade sa ASCII vrednostima ali postoje i funkcije *WriteConsoleOutputCharacterW* i *WriteConsoleOutputW* koje rade sa Unicode vrednostima ali one nisu korišćene u projektu. *WriteConsoleOutputA* je funkcija koja je najviše korišćena u svrhu ispisivanja na ekran pa ćemo je detaljno i objasniti.

Funkcija *WriteConsoleOutputA* omogućava ispisivanje matrice promenljivih tipa `_CHAR_INFO` na ekran konzole. To znači da će funkcija uzeti sa određene memoriske lokacije određen broj promenljivih tipa `_CHAR_INFO` i upisati ih u bafer konzole. Upisom u bafer konzole, konzola određenim mehanizmima ispisuje ASCII karakter definisan u polju strukture pod nazivom `AsciiChar`, u pravougaonik koji ima pozadinu definisanu poljem `Attributes` u strukturi `_CHAR_INFO`. Deklaracije funkcije *WriteConsoleOutputA* je sledeća

```
WriteConsoleOutputA PROTO ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    ArrayForRead:PTR _CHAR_INFO,
    SizeOfArrayForRead:COORD,
    StartPositionForRead:COORD,
    ScreenBufferAreaForWrite:PTR SMALL_RECT
```

- *oHandle* – pokazivac tipa `HANDLE` na prozor konzole
- *ArrayForRead* – pokazivač na niz tipa `_CHAR_INFO` u kome su skladištene informacije o izgledu karaktera koji treba ispisati, boji karaktera i boji pozadine pravougaonika u koji se taj karakter upisuje
- *SizeOfArrayForRead* – argument tipa `COORD` koji nosi informaciju o veličini matrice iz koje se čita. X polje označava broj vrsta a Y polje označava broj kolona.
- *StartPositionForRead* – argument tipa `COORD` koji označava početno mesto sa koga se čita u odnosu na trenutnu poziciju kursora.
- *ScreenBufferAreaForWrite* – argument tipa pokazivača na `SMALL_RECT` koji označava oblast na ekranu, posmatrana u odnosu na trenutnu poziciju kursora, u koju treba upisati karaktere sa određenim atributima. Kao

povratnu vrednost ova funkcija modifikuje ovaj argument upisujući u njega vrednosti koje označavaju oblast koja je ispunjena. Ovo može biti korisno za proveru uspešnosti odrađene funkcije.

Naravno, pre upotrebe ove funkcije treba dovesti kursor na određenu poziciju da bi smo ostvarili ispis u određenu oblast na ekranu.

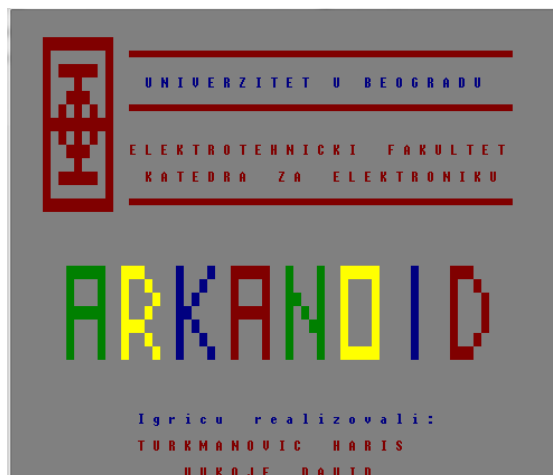
Upotreba ove funkcije omogućava vrlo efikasno ispisivanje grupe karaktera na ekranu kao što su blokovi, padovi, slova, brojevi.

Igrica ima dva grafička interfejsa:

- Početni grafički interfejs
- Glavni grafički interfejs

2.1 Početni grafički interfejs

Početni grafički interfejs je napravljen je kao pokazatelj fleksibilnosti rada sa već postojećim kodom, tačnije sa delom koda koji se odnosi na formiranje slova i brojeva. Sama konzola ne nudi mogućnost da se ispisuju karakteri veći od veličine jednog pravougaonika pa je trebalo osmisliti kod koji omogućava i tu opciju a sve u cilju obogaćenja grafičkih delova igrice. Ovde je zgodno mesto da objasnimo kako smo realizovali ispisivanje proizvoljnih simbola u različitoj boji i veličini.



Slika 4. Početni grafički interfejs

Dakle, svako slovo koje se ispisuje na ekranu je niz memorijskih lokacija sastavljen od „praznih“ i „punih“ pravougaonika čijom kombinacijom se kreira šablon svakog slova ponaosob. Prazan pravougaonik je označen sa *None* i predstavlja promenljivu tipa `_CHAR_INFO` čiji su atributi podešeni tako da odgovaraju boji pozadine a ASCII vrednost je 0 dok je pun pravougaonik karakter koji odgovara ASCII vrednosti 219 (vrednost za pravougaonik) a čiji atributi su podešeni za default boju koja je u ovom slučaju crvena.

Svako slovo koje se ispisuje kao i svaki broj predstavljaju određenu matricu karaktera koja kada se ispiše na ekran daje određeno slovo ili broj. Veličina te matrice predstavlja veličinu slova ili broja. Svaki broj ili slovo ima svoj jedinstven „*template*“ koji je neophodno ispisati da bi na ekranu videli željeno slovo. Fajlovi u kojima su smešteni šabloni slova i brojeva su sledeći:

- fontemplate3x5
- fontemplate5x7
- fontemplate9x13


```

;This part of code contain default font information like font color and font backround
Font_Block      = 219
Font_Color      = Red
Font_Backround  = 80h

Point           TEXTEQU    <<Font_Block,Font_Color>>
None           TEXTEQU    <<0,Font_Backround>>

.data
Letter_Size1   COORD <3,5>

;This is template for SPACE char
Delete_font10   _CHAR_INFO None,None,None
Delete_font11   _CHAR_INFO None,None,None
Delete_font12   _CHAR_INFO None,None,None
Delete_font13   _CHAR_INFO None,None,None
Delete_font14   _CHAR_INFO None,None,None

;This is template for Digit 1
Number_One     _CHAR_INFO None,None,Point
Number_One1    _CHAR_INFO None,none,Point
Number_One2    _CHAR_INFO none,None,Point
Number_One3    _CHAR_INFO None,None,Point
Number_One4    _CHAR_INFO None,None,Point

;This is template for Digit 2
Number_Two     _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Two1    _CHAR_INFO None, None, Point
Number_Two2    _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Two3    _CHAR_INFO point,None,None
Number_Two4    _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point

;This is template for Digit 3
Number_Three   _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Three1  _CHAR_INFO None, None, Point
Number_Three2  _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Three3  _CHAR_INFO none, none, point
Number_Three4  _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point

```

Slika 5. Deo jednog template fajla

U imenu šablona je sadržana veličina slova koja se nalaze u tom šablonu. Svaki od *template* fajlova sadrži samo šablone za ona slova i brojeve koji su bili neophodni u samoj igrici, međutim ukoliko želimo da dodamo neko slovo, broj ili proizvoljan simbol neophodno je dodati šablon za to. Ako dodajemo šablon iz ASCII tabele nije potrebno definisati kod za taj šablon, međutim ako dodajemo proizvoljne simbole neophodno je da dodamo i kod za taj simbol. Primer ovoga jeste simbol pod nazivom ETF_LOGO (slika 7.) koji predstavlja simbol Elektrotehničkog fakulteta a koji naravno ne postoji u ASCII tabeli pa je zbog toga bilo potrebno dodati deklaraciju kojom ovom simbolu dajemo jedinstven kod (neophodno je da kod bude jedinstven da se ne bi poklapao sa nekim od kodova iz ASCII tabele).

Sve funkcije koje su neophodne za rad sa slovima i brojevima nalaze se deklarisanе u fajlu *font.inc* čiji sadržaj je sledeći.

ETF_LOGO_CODE	= 2000
DELETE_CODE	= 2001
CreateLetter PROTO,	
	oHandle :HANDLE,
	Array_Size :COORD,
	Start_Position :COORD,
	Letter_Array :PTR _CHAR_INFO,
	Letter_Color :DWORD
WriteLetter PROTO,	
	oHandle :HANDLE,
	Ascii_Code :WORD,
	Letter_Start_Position :COORD,
	Font_Group :WORD,
	Color :DWORD
WriteBigString PROTO,	
	oHandle :HANDLE,
	String :PTR WORD,
	L :DWORD,
	Font_Group :WORD,
	Array_Font_Color:PTR DWORD,
	Start_Position :COORD,
	Font_Step :DWORD
.data	
Delete_Array	WORD 5 DUP(DELETE_CODE)

Slika 6. Sadržaj fajla font.inc

WriteBigString procedura je procedura koja prima pokazivač na *String* dužine *L* koji treba ispisati u odgovarajućoj boji (*Array_Font_Color*) sa odgovarajućim razmakom između slova (*Font_Step*) počevši od pozicije (*Start_Position*). *Font_Group* je broj template-a koji treba koristiti (svaki template koji se doda mora imati jedinstven ID). Ova procedura zatim za svako slovo iz *Stringa* pozove proceduru *WriteLetter*. *WriteLetter* se poziva sve dok se ne dođe do kraja stringa. Ova procedura takođe vodi računa o tome da se svako slovo ispiše na odgovarajućoj poziciji. Inače pozicija slova je relativna i meri se u odnosu na početak niza.

WriteLetter funkcija na osnovu ID broja template-a (*Font_Group*) zna koji template treba uzeti. Na osnovu *Ascii_Code* određuje šablon simbola iz odgovarajućeg template-a. Nakon toga ova procedura poziva proceduru *CreateLetter*

CreateLetter procedura je zadužena za ispis slova na ekran na odgovarajućoj poziciji. Ova procedura ispisuje slovo odgovarajuće veličine na odgovarajućoj poziciji u odgovarajućoj boji a sve to radi pozivajući proceduru *WriteConsoleOutputA* čije je ponašanje već opisano.

Dakle, uz pomoć ove tri funkcije moguće je ispisati bilo šta bilo gde na ekranu u bilo kojoj veličini. Potrebno je samo napraviti odgovarajuće šablone i modifikovati proceduru *WriteLetter* tako da zna da u slučaju poziva nekog simbola taj simbol postoji. Potrebno je naglasiti da u slučaju ispisa brojeva, pre nego što se pozove procedura *WriteBigString* treba broj konvertovati u niz ASCII vrednosti.

```

Font_Block      = 219
Font_Color      = Red
Font_Background = 80h

Point          TEXTEQU <<Font_Block,Font_Color>>
None           TEXTEQU <<0,Font_Background>>
.data
Letter_Size3   COORD <9,13>

ETF_Logo       _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point
ETF_logo1      _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, None, None, None, None,Point
ETF_logo2      _CHAR_INFO Point, None,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point, None,Point
ETF_logo3      _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point, None, None, None,Point
ETF_logo4      _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None,Point,Point,Point, None, None,Point
ETF_logo5      _CHAR_INFO Point, None,Point, None,Point, None,Point, None,Point
ETF_logo6      _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point
ETF_logo7      _CHAR_INFO Point, None,Point, None,Point, None,Point, None,Point
ETF_logo8      _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None,Point,Point,Point, None, None,Point
ETF_logo9      _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point, None, None, None,Point
ETF_logo10     _CHAR_INFO Point, None,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point, None,Point
ETF_logo11     _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, None, None, None, None,Point
ETF_logo12     _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point

```

Slika 7. Izgled šablona proizvoljnog simbola

2.2 Glavni grafički interfejs

Glavni grafički interfejs se sastoji od dva dela. Jedan deo se nalazi iznad plave linije čija je pozadina siva. Na tom delu se nalaze informacije o broju trenutnih poena (levo) i broju preostalih života (desno). Ovi brojevi su ispisani metodama koje su pomenute u prethodnom delu teksta. Ispisivanje poena se vrši pozivom procedure *WritePoints*.

WritePoints procedura ispisuje broj poena u deo glavnog grafičkog interfejsa iznad plave linije. Funkciji se prosleđuje broj poena kao tip podatka DWORD. Nakon toga se na početku procedure konvertuje ta celobrojna vrednost u niz ASCII karaktera. To konvertovanje se vrši delom koda koji je izdvojen u MACRO i označen sa *DecimalToAsciiim*. Nakon što se izvrši konverzija u niz ASCII karaktera, dobijeni niz je u obrnutom poretku pa ga treba rotirati tako da prvi element niza postane poslednji a poslednji element niza postane prvi itd. Nakon rotacije ova procedura poziva proceduru *WriteBigString* prosleđujući joj pokazivač na novi niz ASCII karaktera. Ispisivanje života se radi istim principom.

Ispod plave linije se nalazi drugi deo glavnog grafičkog interfejsa koji se sastoji od blokova, pada i lopte.

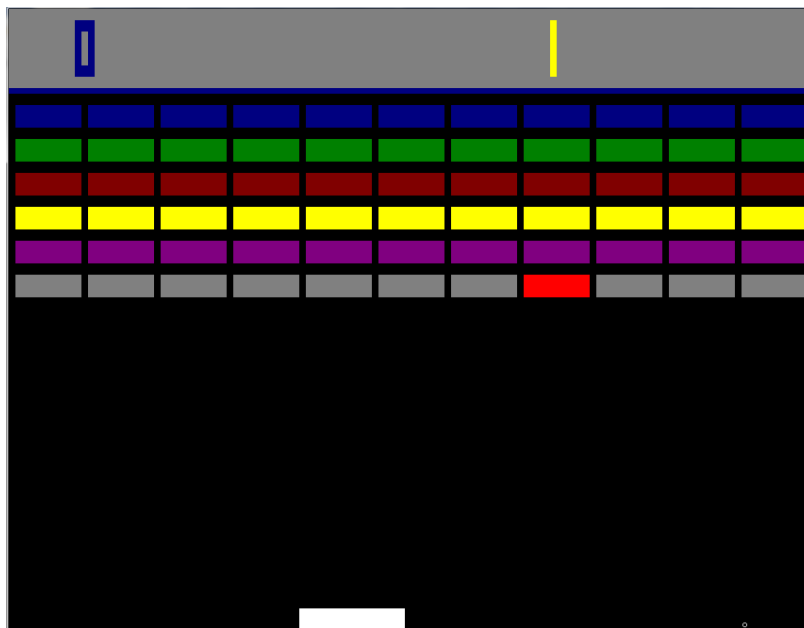
Blok je promenljiva strukture CELL koja se sastoji od matrice koja ima 3 vrste gornju, centralnu i donju. Gornju vrstu čini niz karaktera čija je ASCII vrednost 220, ispod nje se nalazi centralna vrsta čija je ASCII vrednost karaktera 219 a ispod nje se nalazi donja vrsta koja je sastavljena od ASCII karaktera vrednosti 223. Ove tri vrste su spakovane u jednu matricu čiji

```

DecimalToAsciiim MACRO
    push ebx
    .WHILE eax!=0
        mov edx,0
        mov ebx,10
        div ebx
        add edx,48
        mov WORD
PTR[ecx],dx
        add ecx,2
        INC Counter
    .ENDW
    pop ebx
ENDM

```

Slika 8. Makro koji vrši konverziju iz decimalnog zapisa u heksadecimalni niz



Slika 9. Glavni grafički interfejs

broj kolona može biti proizvoljan. U našem slučaju broj kolona u jednoj matrici bloka jeste 10. Broj vrsta i kolona u jednom bloku se mogu menjati. Iscrtavanje jednog bloka na konzoli se vrši pozivom funkcije *WriteBlock*.

WriteBlock procedura na osnovu prosledene informacije o bloku u promenljivoj *Cell_Info* ispisuje blok na ekranu tako što prvo podesi boju i ASCII vrednosti svake vrste a zatim pozove funkciju *WriteConsoleOutputA* koja ispiše blok na odgovarajućoj poziciji. Procedura koja vodi

računa o tome da svaki blok bude ispisan na odgovarajućem mestu jeste procedura *WriteRow*.

WriteRow procedura je zadužena za ispis jedne vrste matrice blokova. Ova procedura kao argumente prima pokazivač na praznu vrstu matrice blokova *Cell_Array* kao i veličinu vrste izraženu u blokovima. Takođe prima argumente koji označavaju početnu poziciju reda (*Row_Start_Position*), boju vrste (*Row_Color*), koliko poena nosi vrsta (*Row_point*), informaciju o tome koliko puta je neophodno da bude udaren blok u vrsti da bi on nestao (*Hit_Counter*) kao i informaciju o tome da li je red padajući ili ne (*Fall_Flag*). Padajući red je onaj red čiji blokovi padaju nakon udara i ukoliko ih pad pokupi broj poena koji nosi taj blok se udvostručava.

Nakon poziva funkcije *WriteRow* ona vrši inicijalizaciju svakog bloka unutar vrste, zatim poziva funkciju *WriteBlock* koja ispisuje blok na određenoj poziciji. Pozicija je prethodno proračunata i njena vrednost je relativna u odnosu na početak vrste. *WriteRow* procedura se poziva svaki put kada treba ispisati red a poziva je procedura *MakeStartBlocksMatrix*.

MakeStartBlocksMatrix procedura je zadužena za ispravnu inicijalizaciju cele matrice blokova. Ona kao argumente prima praznu matricu blokova koju treba da ispuni, prima nizove koji sadrže informacije o boji svake vrste, poenima za svaku vrstu, da li je vrsta padajuća ili ne, kao i niz sa informacijama o tome koliko puta treba da bude udaren neki blok da bi nestao sa ekrana. Ovu proceduru poziva *main* procedura.

Dakle, redosled poziva procedura je sledeći:

1. Main procedura poziva *MakeStartBlocksMatrix*
2. *MakeStartBlocksMatrix* poziva *WriteRow* proceduru
3. *WriteRow* procedura poziva *WriteBlock*

Pored procedure *WriteBlock* postoji i procedura *DeleteBlock* koja briše blok sa određene pozicije upisivajući na tim pozicijama ASCII vrednost 0. Ova procedura ima naročit značaj u slučaju pomeranja bloka kada je blok neophodno prvo izbrisati, zatim pomeriti pa ponovo iscrtati.

Pad je promenljiva structure CELL koja je grafički slična bloku ali ima dve vrste ASCII karaktera vrednosti 219. Takođe postoje procedure za ispis (*WritePad*) i brisanje pada (*DeletePad*) koji imaju ulogu u kretanju pada. Kontrolu nad ovim procedurama ima procedura *MovPad* koja kontroliše kretanje pada na onsovu toga da li je pritisnuta leva ili desna strelica na tastaturi.

Lopta je promenljiva tipa BALL. Ispisivanje kružića koji predstavlja loptu se vrši pozivom procedure *WriteBallCell* a brisanje kružića pozivom procedure *DeleteBallCell*. Ove dve procedure u pozadini pozivaju procedure *WriteConsoleOutputCharacterW* i *WriteConsoleOutputAttribute* koje ustvari služe za ispis odnosno podešavanje atributa karaktera.

Veći deo elemenata u delu glavnog grafičkog interfejsa ispod plave linije ima mogućnost da se pomera. Načini, algoritmi i ideje koje su korišćene u realizaciji pomeranja objekata biće objašnjene u narednom poglavlju.

3. Algoritmi za pomeranje elemenata u igrici

3.1 Brzina kretanja elemenata

Da bi mogli da ispunimo zahtev projekta koji kaže da ukoliko igrač uhvati blok koji je dva puta udaren da dobija duplo više poena, bilo je neophodno omogućiti elementima koji se kreću da imaju mogućnost da se kreću proizvoljnom brzinom. Bzinu kretanja objekata u igrici smo uveli na sledeći način:

Pošto se procedure koje se odnose na dinamiku u igrici (kretanje, promena broja poena, promena broja života, ...) pozivaju svaki put u main proceduri, ograničavanjem poziva procedura po nekom modulu daje efekat brzine kretanja objekata. Naime, main procedura se poziva svaki put. Kada program naiđe na proceduru pokrene je i u proceduri se proverava koliko puta je do sada pozvana ta procedura. Ukoliko je pozvana određeni broj put pristupa se njenom izvršavanju u suprotnom se preskače. Informacija o broju poziva neke procedure čuva se u vremenskim promenljivim koji su deklarirani pri dnu fajla *structure.inc*

Gray_Row_Time_Info	DWORD	Number_of_cell_in_Row	DUP(0)
Pad_Time_Info	DWORD	0	
Ball_Time_Info	DWORD	0	

Slika 10. Deklaracija vremenskih promenljivih u *strcture.inc* fajlu

Početna vrednost ovih promenljivih je nula. Pri pozivu neke procedure, koja je zadužena za kretanje bloka, pada ili lopte, se u tu proceduru iz main funkcije prosleđuje kao argument neka od gore navedenih vremenskih promenljivih. Vrednost ovih promenljivih se unutar procedure inkrementira i proverava da li je zadovoljena brzina koja je zadata od strane korisnika u fajlu *configuration.inc*. Ukoliko nije zadovoljena procedura skače na svoj kraj i izlazi se iz procedure. Ukoliko je zadovoljena, prvo se resetuje vremenski brojač a zatim ide algoritam zadužen za kretanje elemenata.

3.2 Kretanje elemenata

3.2.1 Kretanje Pad-a

U main proceduri se poziva procedura *MovPadCell* kojoj se kao argumenti prosleđuju pokazivač na *Pad* i pokazivač na vremensku promenljivu *Pad_Time_Info*. Pri ulasku u proceduru se prvo vrši provera da li je zadovoljen broj poziva procedure koji simulira brzinu kretanja pada. Ako jeste vrši se poziv procedure *MovPad* a zatim reset vremenske promenljive na 0

Nakon ulaska u *MovPad* proceduru prvo se iscrta pad na ekranu a zatim se proverava da li je pritisnuta neka od strelica na tastaturi. Ukoliko nije izlazi se iz procedure a ukoliko jeste skače se na odgovarajući deo koda u proceduri koji odgovara pritisnutoj strelici.

Nakon odlaska u deo koda koji odgovara pritisnutoj strelici vrši se brisanje pada procedurom *DeletePad*, zatim zadavanje nove pozicije pada. Onda sledi provera da li je pad stigao na ivice konzole, ako jeste padu se vraćaju stare koordinate a ukoliko pad nije stigao do ivica konzole vrši se crtanje pada sa novim koordinatama. Na ovaj način je izvršeno kretanje pada levo ili desno.

3.2.2 Kretanje Lopte

U main proceduri se poziva procedura *MovBall* kojoj se kao argumenti prosleđuju pokazivači na matricu blokova *Blocks_Cell_Array*, vremensku promenljivu *Ball_Time_Info* i pokazivač na promenljivu koja nosi informaciju o trenutnom broju života *Game_Lifes*. Na početku ove procedure se prvo proverava da li je zadovoljen broj poziva procedure kojim se simulira brzina kretanja lopte. Ukoliko je brzina zadovoljena nastavlja se sa izvršavanjem procedure a ukoliko nije izlazi se iz procedure.

Ukoliko je brzina zadovoljena prvo se briše lopta sa stare pozicije pozivom *DeleteBallCell* procedure a zatim se poziva procedura *NextBallPosition*.

NextBallPosition procedura određuje koordinate sledeće pozicije na kojoj lopta treba da se nađe. Proračun sledeće koordinate se vrši na osnovu prethodne i trenutne koordinate. U zavisnosti od sledeće koordinate skače se na odgovarajući deo koda u proceduri. Nakon skoka u odgovarajući deo vrši se poziv procedure *FindCollision* koja vrši proveru da li se sledeće koordinate lopte sudaraju sa nekim blokom ili padom. Funkcija *FindCollision* vraća 0 u *eax* registar ukoliko sudara nije bilo ili odgovarajuću vrednost u *eax* ukoliko je sudara bilo. Vrednost u *eax* registru koja je različita od 0 daje informaciju o tome sa koje strane se desio sudar. Ukoliko je bilo sudara ova funkcija vraća adresu memorijske lokacije bloka ili pada sa kojim se sudarila lopta.

Nakon što izađemo iz procedure *FindCollision* proverava se vrednost *eax* registra. Ukoliko je ta vrednost različita od 0 vrši se umanj enje *HitCounter* promenljive u bloku sa kojim se loptica sudarila. Ukoliko je nova vrednost jednaka 1 to znači da je u pitanju blok koji treba da bude udaren veći broj puta da bi nestao sa ekrana. Ovakvi blokovi dobijaju novu boju definisanu vrednošću *HitColor* promenljive koju takodje korisnik može sam da odabere. Ova mogućnost je dodata da bi se blokovi koje je neophodno udariti veći broj puta razlikovali od ostalih blokova.

Nakon što smo umanjili vrednost *HitCounter* promenljive unutar bloka, vrši se deo koda koji je izdvojen u MACRO a koji na osnovu pravca iz kog je došla loptica i na osnovu strane

sa koje se desio udar procenjuje sledeću vrednost koordinate lopte. Za ovaj proračun zadužena je funkcija *ReBoundBall* koja pravi nove koordinate lopte na osnovu zadatog pravca koji dobija kao argument.

Ukoliko nije bilo sudara sa nekim od elemenata unutar igrice moramo proveriti da li je loptica došla do ivica konzole. Za tu proveru pozivamo procedutu *IsAtScreenEdge* iza koje se krije ista ideja kao i iza funkcije *FindCollision*.

Ako se loptica nije sudarila sa blokom ili padom ili došla do ivica konzole postoji mogućnost da je pala van Pad-a i da smo izgibili život. Ukoliko se to desilo potrebno je oduzeti jedan život, staviti lopticu u neaktivno stanje stavljajući vrednost *Active* promenljive unutar lopte na 0. Nakon ovoga poziva se procedura *LifeCheck* koja ima za zadatak da ispiše novi broj života na ekranu.

Na kraju ukoliko se nije desio nijedan sudar ni sa padom, ni sa blokom niti je loptica pala van ivica konzole potrebno je pozvati funkciju *SetNextBallPosition* koja stavlja nove koordinate lopte na osnovu prethodne i trenutne koordinate.

Nakon izlaska iz procedure *NextBallPosition* potrebno je sada iscertati loptu sa novim koordinatama za šta je zadužena procedura *WriteBallCell*

3.2.3 Kretanje Bloka

U *main* proceduri se poziva *UpdateScreenMatrix* procedura. Unutar te procedure se prolazi ponaosob kroz matricu blokova i za svaki od tih blokova se proverava da li je blok aktivan proveravajući flag *Activate* unutar svakog bloka. Ukoliko je blok neaktivan prelazi se na sledeći blok u matrici. Ukoliko je blok aktivan ispituje se da li je dostignut dovoljan broj udara loptice u blok. Ako nije, blok se ponovo ispisuje, tj. vrši se osvežavanje tog bloka u konzoli. Ukoliko je dostignut traženi broj udara vrši se provera da li je blok padajući ili nije.

Ukoliko je blok padajući poziva se procedura *MovBlock*. Unutar procedure *MovBlock* se vrši provera da li je dostignuta odgovarajuća brzina padanja, tj. da li je funkcija za pomeranje bloka pozvana dovoljan broj puta. Ako je zadovoljena brzina unutar ove funkcije se poziva funkcija *GoDown* koja ima zadatak da na konzoli grafički spusti blok za jedno mesto niže i da ukoliko je blok stigao na kraj konzole postavi odgovarajući flag (*DownFlag*).

Nakon što se blok spusti za jedno mesto niže proverava se da li je došlo do sudara između Pad-a i bloka. Ukoliko je došlo do sudara prvo se setuje flag *BlockPadCollisionFlag*. Zatim se ukoliko je došlo do sudara vrednosti unutar Pad-a inicijalizuju na odgovarajuće vrednosti i to tako što se *Fall_Flag* unutar Pad-a setuje na vrednost 1 što daje informaciju da je došlo do sudara. Zatim se vrednost *Value* koja pripada Pad-u setuje na vrednost onog bloka sa kojim se pad sudario a zatim se *Fall_Flag* unutar bloka setuje na 0 čime padajući blok sada postaje kao i svaki drugi blok.

Nakon izlaska iz procedure *MovBlock* proveravamo *Fall_Flag* unutar Pad-a i ukoliko je na jedinici to je znak da je došlo do sudara sa nekim od blokova koji je imao vrednost koju smo upisali u polje *Value* samog Pad-a. Sada je potrebno tu vrednost dodati na trenutni broj poena i pozvati proceduru *WritePoints* zaduženu za ispis poena.

Ukoliko blok nije padajući a udaren je lopticom već dovoljan broj puta, potrebno je staviti vrednost *Activate* na 0 unutar odgovarajućeg bloka, na trenutni broj poena dodati broj poena bloka i izbrisati blok sa konzole.

4. Main procedura

```

main PROC
    ;This part of code move pointer to console to variable oHandle
    INVOKE GetSTDHandle , STD_OUTPUT_HANDLE
    mov OHandle,eax

    INVOKE WriteWelcomeScreen,oHandle,1

L2:    INVOKE CLRSCR

        INVOKE SetStartWindow,                oHandle,GameBufferSize,                ADDR
GameWindowSize, ADDR AppTitle
        INVOKE WriteStartLine,                oHandle,ADDR StartLine
        INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputA,            ohandle,ADDR GameInfoBackground, GameInfoSize,
GameInfoStartPosition,                ADDR GameInfoA

        INVOKE MakeStartBlocksMatrix,    oHandle,ADDR Blocks_Cell_Array, Blocks_Matrix_Size,
ADDR Blocks_Collor_Array,                ADDR Blocks_Points_Array,                ADDR Blocks_Hit_Array, ADDR
Blocks_Fall_Array
        INVOKE SetConsoleCursorInfo,    oHandle,ADDR Cursor_Info
        INVOKE SetStartPosition,        ADDR Pad, ADDR Ball
        INVOKE WritePoints,                ohandle,Game_Points
        INVOKE LifeCheck,                oHandle,Game_Lifes , ADDR Ball

    mov edx, OFFSET Ball

L1: INVOKE MovPadCell,                oHandle,ADDR Pad,                ADDR
Pad_Time_Info
    INVOKE MovBall,                oHandle,ADDR Ball,
ADDR Blocks_Cell_Array, ADDR Ball_Time_Info, ADDR Game_Lifes
    INVOKE UpdateScreenMatrix,    oHandle,ADDR Blocks_Cell_Array, ADDR Pad,
ADDR Game_Points

    mov edx, Offset ball
    movzx eax, (BALL_ PTR[edx]).Active
    .IF eax == 0
        mov edx,OFFSET Game_Points
        mov eax,0
        mov [edx],eax
        mov edx,OFFSET Game_Lifes
        mov eax,DWORD PTR [edx]
        .IF eax>0
            mov eax,3000
            INVOKE delay
        .ELSE
            mov eax,1000
            INVOKE delay
        .ENDIF
        mov eax,1
        mov edx, Offset ball
        mov (BALL_ PTR[edx]).Active,al
        JMP L2
    .ENDIF

SKIP:
    push ecx
    mov eax,KEY_TIME_PRESS
    INVOKE Delay
    add DelayBlock,Pad_Speed
    INVOKE GetKeyState,VK_ESCAPE
    AND eax,KEY_DOWN
    JNZ THEEND

    mov eax,Game_Lifes
    .IF eax == 0
        JMP THEEND
    .ENDIF
    pop ecx
    JMP L1

```



```

THEEND:
    INVOKE clrscr
    INVOKE WriteStartLine,          oHandle, ADDR StartLine
    INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputA,    ohandle, ADDR GameInfoBackground, GameInfoSize,
        GameInfoStartPosition,    ADDR GameInfoA
    INVOKE MakeStartBlocksMatrix,  Ohandle, ADDR Blocks_Cell_Array, Blocks_Matrix_Size,
    ADDR Blocks_Collor_Array,      ADDR Blocks_Points_Array,      ADDR Blocks_Hit_Array,  ADDR
    Blocks_Fall_Array
    INVOKE WriteBigString,          oHandle, ADDR GameOverString,      GameOverStringLengt,
    2,                              ADDR GameOverStringColor,
    GameOverStringPosition, 2

    mov eax, 3000
    INVOKE delay
    exit
main ENDP
END main

```

Slika 11. Kod u main proceduri

Procedura *WriteWelcomeScreen* ispisuje početni ekran konzole koji sadrži informacije o autorima i predmetu iz koga je projekat rađen

Nakon ove procedure pozivamo proceduru *CLRSCR* koja briše sve iz konzole. Nakon nje pozivamo proceduru *SetStartWindow* koja podešava veličinu bafera, prozora i naziv konzole. Posle nje sledi procedura zadužena da iscrtava startu liniju ispod koje će biti igrački deo a iznad koje će biti informacije o trenutnom stanju igrice kao što su broj poena i života. Nakon ove procedure sledi procedura koja boji pozadinu iznad linije u sivo odvajajući je tako od ostatka igrice.

Procedura *MakeStartBlocksMatrix* kreira matricu blokova i inicijalizuje polja odgovarajućim vrednostima. Ova procedura takodje iscrtava red po red blokova na konzoli.

Procedura *SetConsolCursorInfo* pravi kursor nevidljivim i time onemogućava korišćenje kursora u igrici.

SetStartPosition procedura određuje početne koordinate Pad-a i lopte.

WritePoints i *LifeCheck* procedure ispisuju početni broj života i poena respektivno.

MovPadCell procedura je zadužena za kontrolu kretanja pada levo i desno, dok je procedura *MovBall* zadužena za ispravno kretanje i odbijanje loptice.

UpdateScreenMatrix procedura je zadužena za osvežavanje matrice blokova tako što svaki put ispisuje blok.

Deo koda koji sledi do labela *SKIP* je zadužen za proveru preostalog broja života u igrici. Prvo se proverava flag *Activ* koji pripada Lopti. U slučaju da je taj flag na nuli to je znak da je došlo do gubitka jednog od života i u tom slučaju je potrebno staviti broj poena na nulu, pauzirati igricu oko 3 sekunde da bi igrač mogao da se pripremi za novu igricu, i ponovo pokrenuti igricu skokom na labelu *L2*.

Deo koda koji sledi posle *SKIP* labela pa sve do labela *THEEND* je deo koda koji proverava da li su ispunjeni uslovi za kraj igrice, tj. da li je pritisnut taster ESC ili je broj života na



Slika 10. Izgled kraja igrice

Slika 12. Izgled kraja igrice

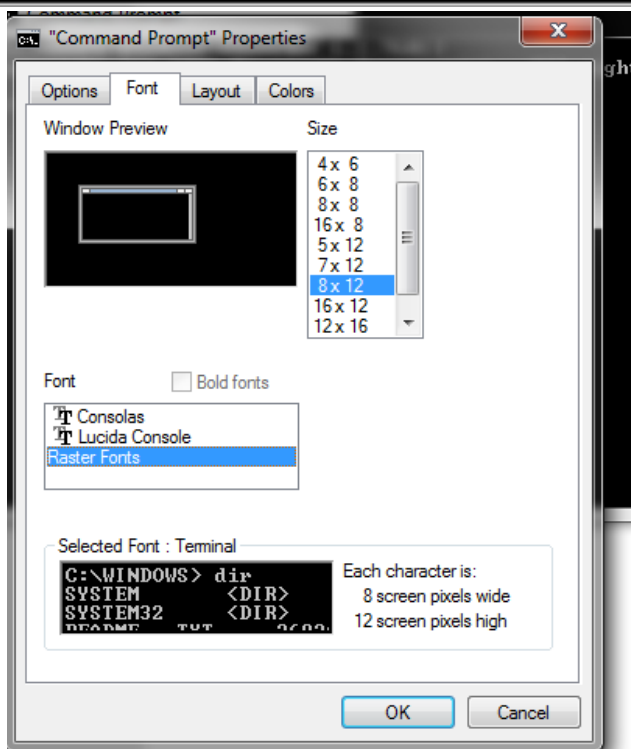
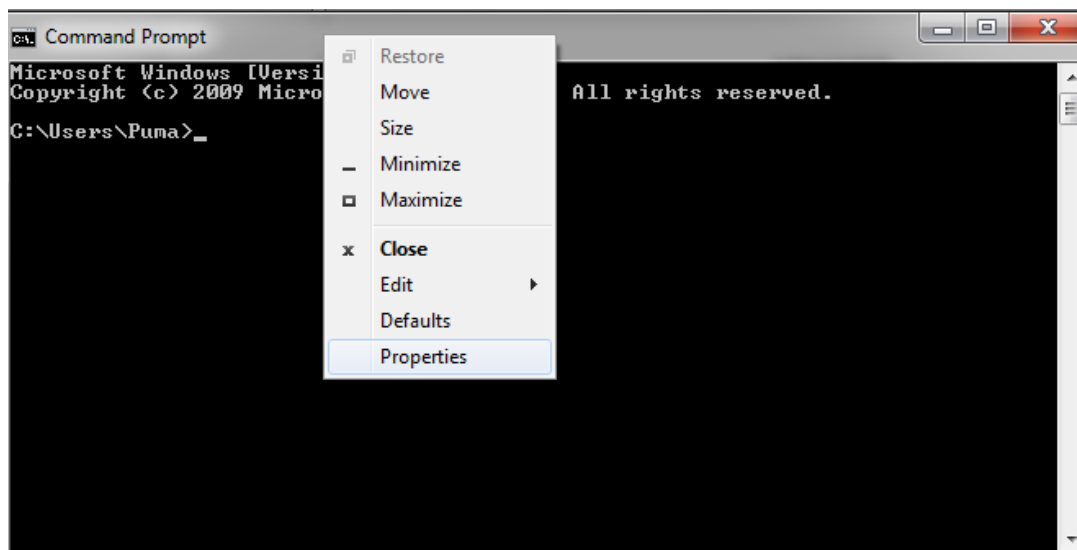
nuli. Ako je ispunjen neki od ovih uslova skače se na labelu *THEEND* a u suprotnom se skače na labelu *LI*.

Kod posle labele *THEEND* je kod koji briše sve sa ekrana, ponovo iscrtava startnu liniju, pozadinu boji u sivo iznad startne linije i iscrtava matricu blokova, ispisuje "GAME OVER" i pauzira igricu na 3 sekunde.

5. Pokretanje igrice

Zbog toga što je na različitim računarima različito podešena konzola a igrica je pravljen prema jednoj rezoluciji konzole potrebno je izvršiti sledeća podešavanja u vašoj konzoli pre nego što pokrenete igricu.

Korak 1



Korak 2

Naravno , ova podešavanja će na nekim računarima već biti odrađena ali da bi se dobila puna efikasnost igrice najbolje je prvo proveriti ova podešavanja pa onda pokrenuti igricu.

6. Kodovi

- Sadržaj fajla function.inc

```

DecimalToAsciiM MACRO
    push ebx
    .WHILE eax!=0
        mov edx,0
        mov ebx,10
        div ebx
        add edx,48
        mov WORD PTR[ecx],dx
        add ecx,2
        INC Counter
    .ENDW
    pop ebx
ENDM
ReverseArraym MACRO
    mov ecx,Counter
    LEA edi,Ascii_Array
    mov esi,edi
    .WHILE ecx>1
        add esi,TYPE WORD
        dec ecx
    .ENDW
    mov ecx,Counter
    .WHILE ecx>0
        movzx eax,WORD PTR[edi]
        movzx edx,WORD PTR[esi]
        mov WORD PTR[edi],dx
        mov WORD PTR[esi],ax
        sub esi,TYPE WORD
        add edi,TYPE WORD
        .IF edi>=esi
            .BREAK
        .ENDIF
    .ENDW
ENDM
mUP_Left MACRO
    .IF eax == Left_Collision
        INVOKE ReBoundBall, Ball_Cell,Up_Right
    .ELSEIF eax == TopBottom_Collision
        INVOKE ReBoundBall, Ball_Cell,Down_Left
    .ENDIF
ENDM
mUP_Right MACRO
    .IF eax == Right_Collision
        INVOKE ReBoundBall, Ball_Cell,Up_Left
    .ELSEIF eax == TopBottom_Collision
        INVOKE ReBoundBall, Ball_Cell,Down_Right
    .ENDIF
ENDM
mDown_Left MACRO
    .IF eax == Left_Collision
        INVOKE ReBoundBall, Ball_Cell,Down_Right
    .ELSEIF eax == TopBottom_Collision
        INVOKE ReBoundBall, Ball_Cell,UP_Left
    .ENDIF
ENDM
mDown_Right MACRO
    .IF eax == Right_Collision
        INVOKE ReBoundBall, Ball_Cell,Down_Left
    .ELSEIF eax == TopBottom_Collision
        INVOKE ReBoundBall, Ball_Cell,UP_Right
    .ENDIF
ENDM
SetColorAndASCII PROTO,
    InArr:PTR _CHAR_INFO,
    Color:DWORD,
    ASCII:DWORD,
    Siz:DWORD

```

```

SetStartWindow PROTO,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    BuffSize:COORD,
    WinSize:PTR SMALL_RECT,
    GameName:PTR BYTE

WriteBlock PROTO ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    Cell_Info:PTR CELL

DeleteBlock PROTO ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    Cell_Info:PTR CELL

WritePad PROTO ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    Cell_Info:PTR CELL

DeletePad PROTO ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    Cell_Info:PTR CELL

WriteStartLine PROTO,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    Line:PTR _CHAR_INFO

WriteRow PROTO,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    Cell_Array:PTR CELL,
    Cell_Array_Size:DWORD,
    Row_Start_Position:WORD,
    Row_Color:DWORD,
    Row_Point:DWORD,
    Hit_Count:WORD,
    Fall_Ready:DWORD

MakeStartBlocksMatrix PROTO,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    Cell_Matrix:PTR CELL,
    Cell_Matrix_Size:COORD,
    Collor_Array:PTR DWORD,
    Points_Array:PTR DWORD,
    Hit_Array:PTR WORD,
    Fall_Array:PTR DWORD

MovPad PROTO,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    Pad_:PTR CELL

GoDown PROTO,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    Block:PTR CELL,
    BottomFlag:PTR DWORD

MovBlock PROTO,
    oHandle          :HANDLE,
    Block            :PTR CELL,
    Pad              :PTR CELL

UpdateScreenMatrix PROTO,
    oHandle          :HANDLE,
    Matrix           :PTR CELL,
    Pad              :PTR CELL,
    Points           :PTR DWORD

MovPadCell PROTO,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    PadCell:PTR CELL,
    Row_Time_Info:PTR DWORD

FindCollision PROTO,
    Array:PTR CELL,
    Cordinate:COORD,
    Out_BLOCK:PTR DWORD

ReBoundBall PROTO, ;Funkcija koja generise naredne koordinate Ball strukture u slucaju odbijanja od objekta
    Ball_Cell:PTR BALL_,

```

```

Direction:DWORD

NextBallPosition PROTO,
    oHandle:HANDLE,           ;This Procedure calculate next ball position by Previos and current position
of BALL.Also this procedure check if Ball is at the window edge or fall from window.If there is Collision with the other block
    Ball_Cell:PTR BALL_,
    Blocks_Matrix: PTR CELL,
    Lives      :PTR DWORD

SetNextBallPosition PROTO, ;This Procudete set next ball position define by NextPosition
    Ball_Cell:PTR BALL_,
    NextPosition:COORD

WriteBallCell PROTO,
    oHandle : HANDLE,
    Ball_Cell: PTR BALL_

DeleteBallCell PROTO,
    oHandle : HANDLE,
    Ball_Cell: PTR BALL_

IsAtScreenEdge PROTO,           ;this function return 0 in EAX if Ball is in window,1 if BALL is window edge
and 2 if ball fall
    Position:COORD

MovBall PROTO,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    BALL_CELL:PTR BALL_,
    Blocks_Matrix:PTR CELL,
    Time_Info:PTR DWORD,
    Lives:PTR DWORD

WritePoints PROTO,
    ohandle :HANDLE,
    Points :DWORD

SetStartPosition PROTO,
    Pad_Cell:PTR CELL,
    Ball_Cell:PTR BALL_

LifeCheck PROTO,
    ohandle :HANDLE,
    Lives :DWORD,
    Ball_Cell :PTR BALL_

```

- Sadržaj fajla function.asm

```

INCLUDE AdditionalDef.inc
INCLUDE Configuration.inc
INCLUDE structure.inc
INCLUDE Function.inc
INCLUDE Font.inc

```

```
.code
```

```

;-----
;-----Start condition procedure-----
;-----
;In this section there are Procedure which cinfugure start condition of game such as windows size, start block
;position, ....
;This procedure set Window size,Window Title and Window Buffer size.Procedure call kernel32 procedure such as
;SetConsoleScreenBufferSize, SetConsoleWindowInfo, SetConsoleTitle . For understanding this Procedure visit MSDM WebSite
SetStartWindow PROC ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    BuffSize:COORD,
    WinSize:PTR SMALL_RECT,
    GameName:PTR BYTE
    pushad
    INVOKE SetConsoleScreenBufferSize, oHandle, BuffSize
    INVOKE SetConsoleWindowInfo, oHandle, TRUE, WinSize
    INVOKE SetConsoleTitle, GameName
    popad
    ret

SetStartWindow ENDP

;This function make Start Matrix and Initializes BLOKCS CELL

```

```

MakeStartBlocksMatrix PROC,
    oHandle                :HANDLE,                ;Handle to window
    Cell_Matrix            :PTR CELL,              ;Pointer to Uninitialize Matrix
    Cell_Matrix_Size:COORD,                ;Size of matrix. X is number of rows and Y is number of
columns
    Collor_Array           :PTR DWORD,            ;This Array contains color for each row
    Points_Array           :PTR DWORD,            ;This Array contains points for each row
    Hit_Array              :PTR WORD,
    Fall_Array             :PTR DWORD

    LOCAL RowStartPosition :DWORD,
        CollorArrayPTR     :DWORD,
        PointsArrayPTR     :DWORD,
        HitArrayPTR        :DWORD,
        FallArrayPTR       :DWORD,
        ArraySize          :DWORD,
        RowColor           :DWORD,
        RowValue           :DWORD,
        Temp               :DWORD,
        HitCounter         :WORD,
        FallFlag           :DWORD

    pushad

    movzx ecx, Cell_Matrix_Size.Y ;Initialize Counter

    movzx edx, Cell_Matrix_Size.X
    mov ArraySize, edx

    mov edi, Cell_Matrix
    mov esi,0
    mov RowStartPosition, 0

    mov eax,Collor_Array
    mov CollorArrayPTR,eax

    mov eax,Points_Array
    mov PointsArrayPTR,eax

    mov eax,Hit_Array
    mov HitArrayPTR,eax

    mov eax,Fall_Array
    mov FallArrayPTR,eax

L1:    mov eax,esi
        mov edx,Block_Height
        mul edx

        ;Calculating rows start position
        mov RowStartPosition,eax
        add RowStartPosition,1
        add RowStartPosition,StartLinePosition

        mov edx,CollorArrayPTR
        mov eax,[edx]
        mov RowColor,eax

        mov edx,PointsArrayPTR
        mov eax,[edx]
        mov RowValue,eax

        mov edx,HitArrayPTR
        movzx eax,WORD PTR [edx]
        mov HitCounter,ax

        mov edx,FallArrayPTR
        mov eax,[edx]
        mov FallFlag,eax

        JMP L3

L2:    JMP L1
error told that this loop is too long
L3:    INVOKE WriteRow, oHandle, edi, Arraysize, WORD PTR RowStartPosition, RowColor,
RowValue,HitCounter,FallFlag

```

;I need to cut this Because MASM

```

mov eax,CollorArrayPTR
add eax,4
mov CollorArrayPTR,eax

mov eax,PointsArrayPTR
add eax,4
mov PointsArrayPTR,eax

mov eax,HitArrayPTR
add eax,2
mov HitArrayPTR,eax

mov eax,FaLLArrayPTR
add eax,4
mov FallArrayPTR,eax

inc esi

mov eax,TYPE_CELL
mov edx,ArraySize
mul edx
add edi,eax

LOOP L2

popad
ret

```

MakeStartBlocksMatrix ENDP

```

;This procedure Initializes all blocks in one row
;This procedure is call by:
;    - MakeStartCellMatrix procedure
WriteRow PROC,

```

```

oHandle                :HANDLE,
Cell_Array              :PTR_CELL,
Cell_Array_Size         :DWORD,
Row_Start_Position      :WORD,
Row_Color               :DWORD,
Row_Point               :DWORD,
Hit_Count               :WORD,
Fall_Flag               :DWORD

LOCAL   RowStartPositionYTOP      :WORD,
        RowStartPositionYBOTTOM  :WORD,
        RowStartPositionXLEFT    :WORD,
        RowStartPositionXRIGHT   :WORD

```

pushad

```

mov ecx,Cell_Array_Size
mov edi,Cell_Array

```

```

mov ax, Row_Start_Position
mov RowStartPositionYTOP, ax
add eax, Block_Height
sub eax, 1
mov RowStartPositionYBOTTOM,ax
mov ax,1

```

```

;This Part of code calculating Left,Right,Top and Bottom position for each cell.
;Than call WriteCell procedure for write that particular cell

```

```

L1: mov RowStartPositionXLEFT,ax
    add eax, Block_Width
    sub eax,1
    mov RowStartPositionXRIGHT,ax
    add ax,1
    mov edx,Fall_Flag
    mov (CELL_PTR [edi]).Fall_Flag, edx
    movzx edx,Hit_Count
    mov (CELL_PTR [edi]).HitCount, dx
    mov edx,1
    mov (CELL_PTR [edi]).Activate, dl
    mov esi,Row_Color
    mov (CELL_PTR [edi]).Color, esi
    mov esi,Row_Point

```

```

mov (CELL PTR [edi]).Value, esi
mov dx,RowStartPositionYTOP
mov (CELL PTR [edi]).Area_position.TOP, dx
mov dx,RowStartPositionYBOTTOM
mov (CELL PTR [edi]).Area_position.BOTTOM, dx
mov dx,RowStartPositionXLEFT
mov (CELL PTR [edi]).Area_position.LEFT, dx
mov dx,RowStartPositionXRIGHT
mov (CELL PTR [edi]).Area_position.RIGHT, dx

add dx,Block_Height
sub dx,1
mov ax,dx

INVOKE WriteBlock, oHandle, edi

add edi,TYPE CELL

LOOP L1

popad
ret

WriteRow ENDP
;This procedute write start line to screen.Start line indicate new upper bound of GameScreen.Above this line is Game
information such as
;points and Remaining lifes
;This procedure is call by :
;      - Main procedure
WriteStartLine PROC ,
oHandle      :HANDLE,
Line         :PTR _CHAR_INFO

LOCAL  ArraySize      :COORD,
ReadFromPosition      :COORD,
WriteToScreenBufferPosition :SMALL_RECT

pushad

mov ArraySize.X,GameWindow_Width
mov ArraySize.Y,1
mov ReadFromPosition.X,0
mov ReadFromPosition.Y,0
mov WriteToScreenBufferPosition.LEFT, 0
mov WriteToScreenBufferPosition.TOP, StartLinePosition
mov WriteToScreenBufferPosition.BOTTOM, StartLinePosition
mov WriteToScreenBufferPosition.RIGHT,GameWindow_Width-1

INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputA, oHandle, Line, ArraySize, ReadFromPosition, ADDR

WriteToScreenBufferPosition

popad
ret

WriteStartLine ENDP

;-----
;-----Block procedure-----
;-----
;Write Block to Screen and remember information about cell in CELL structure
;This Procedure is call by next procedures:
;      - WriteRow
;      - GoDown
;      - UpdateScreenMatrix
WriteBlock PROC ,
oHandle      :HANDLE,
Cell_Info    :PTR CELL

LOCAL  CellArray[Max_Cell_Area] :_CHAR_INFO, ;This array contains information(AsciiValue and
collor) about CHAR from which it was created one Block
color      :DWORD,
ArraySize  :COORD, ;This Data
give information about Array size for read
ArrayStartPosition :COORD,
RegionForWrite     :SMALL_RECT

```



```

        pushad

        mov esi,Cell_Info
        mov eax,(CELL_PTR [esi]).Color
        mov color,eax

        ;Each individual block is composed of three sets(Arrays):
        ;      - Up array
        ;      - Central array
        ;      - Down array
        ;Each of them is array of AscII char.Length of Array is equal to Block_Width

        INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (sCellRow0),color, 220, Block_Width ;220 is AscII code for up block side
        INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (sCellRow1),color, 219, Block_Width ;219 is AscII code for cetral part
of the block
        INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (sCellRow2),color, 223, Block_Width ;223 is AscII code for Bottom part
of the block

        mov Arraysize.X,Block_Width
        mov Arraysize.Y,Block_Height

        mov ArrayStartPosition.X,0
        mov ArrayStartPosition.Y,0

        mov ax,(CELL_PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Left
        mov RegionForWrite.Left,ax
        mov ax,(CELL_PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Top
        mov RegionForWrite.Top,ax
        mov ax,(CELL_PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Right
        mov RegionForWrite.Right,ax
        mov ax,(CELL_PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Bottom
        mov RegionForWrite.Bottom,ax

        INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputA, OHandle, ADDR CellArray, Arraysize, ArrayStartPosition, ADDR
RegionForWrite
        popad
        ret
WriteBlock ENDP
;This procedure Initializes _Char_Info Structure
;This procedure is call by next procedures:
;      -WriteBlock
;      -DeleteBlock
SetColorAndASCII PROC,
        InArr      :PTR _CHAR_INFO,
        Color      :DWORD,
        ASCII      :DWORD,
        Siz        :DWORD
        pushad

        mov ecx,Siz
        mov edi,InArr
        mov eax, ASCII
        mov edx, COLOR
        L1:      mov DWORD PTR [edi],eax
        add edi,2
        mov DWORD PTR [EDI],edx
        add edi,2
        LOOP L1

        popad
        ret
SetColorAndASCII ENDP

;This procedure delete Block from screen.Procedure set zero value of color to area of screen defined by Cell_Info.
;;This Procedure is call by next procedures:
;      - GoDown
;      - UpdateScreenMatrix
DeleteBlock PROC ,
        oHandle      :HANDLE,
        Cell_Info     :PTR CELL

        LOCAL   CellArray[Max_Cell_Area] : _CHAR_INFO,
                color:DWORD,Array_Size    :COORD,
                Array_Start_Position      :COORD,

```

```

                                Region_For_Write      :SMALL_RECT,
                                temp:DWORD

pushad

mov esi,Cell_Info
mov eax,0
mov color,eax
mov temp,eax

INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (sCellRow0),color,220, Block_Width
INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (sCellRow1),color,219, Block_Width
INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (sCellRow2),color,223, Block_Width

mov Array_size.X,Block_Width
mov Array_size.Y,Block_Height
mov Array_Start_Position.X,0
mov Array_Start_Position.Y,0
mov ax,(CELL_PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Left
mov Region_For_Write.Left,ax
mov ax,(CELL_PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Top
mov Region_For_Write.Top,ax
mov ax,(CELL_PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Right
mov Region_For_Write.Right,ax
mov ax,(CELL_PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Bottom
mov Region_For_Write.Bottom,ax

Region_For_Write INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputA, OHandle, ADDR CellArray, Array_size, Array_Start_Position, ADDR

;After seting color to 0 we must return original color information to Block

INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (sCellRow0),temp,220, Block_Width
INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (sCellRow1),temp,219, Block_Width
INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (sCellRow2),temp,223, Block_Width

popad
ret

DeleteBlock ENDP
;This procedure lowers the block position.This is used when we have Fall block
;This Procedure is call by next procedures:
;
;      - MovBlock

GoDown PROC,

oHandle      :HANDLE,
Block        :PTR CELL,
Bottom_Flag  :PTR DWORD

LOCAL  lSize      :COORD,
        StartPosition :COORD,
        AreaForWrite :SMALL_RECT

pushad

mov edi,Bottom_Flag      ;Set bottom flag to 0
mov DWORD PTR [edi],0

mov edx, block           ;set edx to be Pointer to block
mov lSize.X,Block_Width
mov lSize.Y,Block_Height
mov StartPosition.X,0
mov StartPosition.Y,0

;Decreasing Block position
movzx eax, (CELL_PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Bottom
INC eax
mov AreaForWrite.Bottom,ax
movzx eax, (CELL_PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Top
INC eax
mov AreaForWrite.TOP,ax

;Check if BLOCK is at the bottom
SUB eax,GameWindow_height
JNZ SKIP
mov DWORD PTR [edi],1      ;Indicate that cell is Disappeared from screen
SKIP:mov ax,(CELL_PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Left
mov AreaForWrite.Left,ax

```

```

mov ax,(CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Right
mov AreaForWrite.Right,ax

;Frist we delete block from old position
INVOKE DeleteBlock,oHandle, Block

;Mov new position coordinate to block
mov ax,AreaForWrite.Left
mov (CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Left,ax
mov ax,AreaForWrite.Right
mov (CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Right,ax
mov ax,AreaForWrite.Top
mov (CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Top,ax
mov ax,AreaForWrite.Bottom
mov (CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Bottom,ax

;Call WriteBlock procedute to write block with new coordinate
INVOKE WriteBlock, oHandle, Block

popad
ret

```

GoDown ENDP

;This procedure move block down with desire speed.Also this procedure give information to outside world about collision between block and pad.

;That information is remember in PAD cell

;Procedure is call by next procedures:

; - UpdateScreenMatrix

MovBlock PROC,

```

oHandle          :HANDLE,
Block            :PTR CELL,
Pad_            :PTR CELL

```

```

LOCAL   RowPTR          :DWORD,
        DownFlag        :DWORD,
        Temp            :WORD,
        BlockPadCollisionFlag :DWORD

```

pushad

;Frist we check if time condition is satisfied.

mov BlockPadCollisionFlag,0

mov DownFlag,0

mov edx,Block

;edx is now pointer to Block

mov eax,(CELL PTR[edx]).Time

INC eax

mov (CELL PTR[edx]).Time,eax

.IF eax>=Fall_Speed

;If time condition is satisfied than

;Time reset

mov eax,0

mov (CELL PTR[edx]).Time,eax

;Decrese Block Position

INVOKE GoDown,oHandle,Block,ADDR DownFlag

;Did new block coordinates in collision with pad?

mov edi,Pad_ ;edi is now pointer to pad

;Frist we check is Top side of pad equal to Bottom side of block

movzx eax,(CELL PTR [edx]).Area_Position.Bottom

movzx ecx,(CELL PTR[edi]).Area_Position.Top

.IF eax == ecx

;if Top side of pad equal to Bottom side of block than we check is pad left side

lower or equal to block right side

movzx eax,(CELL PTR [edx]).Area_Position.Right

movzx ecx,(CELL PTR[edi]).Area_Position.Left

.IF ecx<=eax

side greater than block left side Reduced by pad width

;if pad left side lower or equal to block right side than we check is par left

movzx eax,(CELL PTR [edx]).Area_Position.Left

sub eax,Pad_width

movzx ecx,(CELL PTR[edi]).Area_Position.left

cmp ecx,eax

```

        .IF !Sign? || Zero? ;This way to compare sign value.This is equal to ecx>=eax
            mov BlockPadCollisionFlag,1 ;
        .ENDIF
    .ENDIF
    .ENDIF
    mov eax,BlockPadCollisionFlag
    .IF eax == 1
        ;Now we set new value of fall flag IN PAD CELL which indicate collision
        ;This remember information about collision In an area that's out of procedure
        mov (CELL PTR [edi]).Fall_Flag,1

        ;Mov bonus point to pad value
        ;This remember information about collision In an area that's out of procedure
        mov eax,(CELL PTR [edx]).Value
        mov (CELL PTR [edi]).Value,eax

        ;Now set fall flag in block to 0 which indicate that Falling block is now
        ordinary block
        mov eax,0
        mov (CELL PTR [edx]).Fall_Flag,eax
    .ENDIF
    ;Is block at the bottom?
    .IF DownFlag == 1
        mov eax,0
        mov (CELL PTR [edx]).Fall_Flag,eax
    .ENDIF
    .ENDIF
    popad
    ret
MovBlock ENDP

```

```

;-----
;-----Pad procedure-----
;-----

```

```

;This procedure write PAD cell to screen
;This Procedure is call by next procedures:
;    - MovPad

```

```

WritePAD PROC ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    Cell_Info:PTR CELL
    LOCAL Cell_Array[Max_Cell_Area]:_CHAR_INFO,
    color:DWORD,Array_Size:COORD,Array_Start_Position:COORD,Region_For_Write:SMALL_RECT
    pushad

    mov esi,Cell_Info
    mov eax,(CELL PTR [esi]).Color
    mov color,eax

    INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (PadRow0),color,219, Pad_Width
    INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (PadRow1),color,219, Pad_Width
    mov Array_size.X,Pad_Width
    mov Array_size.Y,Pad_Height
    mov Array_Start_Position.X,0
    mov Array_Start_Position.Y,0
    mov ax,(CELL PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Left
    mov Region_For_Write.Left,ax
    mov ax,(CELL PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Top
    mov Region_For_Write.Top,ax
    mov ax,(CELL PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Right
    mov Region_For_Write.Right,ax
    mov ax,(CELL PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Bottom
    mov Region_For_Write.Bottom,ax
    INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputA, OHandle, ADDR Cell_Array, Array_size, Array_Start_Position, ADDR
    Region_For_Write
    popad
    ret
WritePAD ENDP

;This procedure write PAD cell to screen

```

;This Procedure is call by next procedures:

; - MovPad

DeletePAD PROC ,

oHandle:HANDLE,

Cell_Info:PTR CELL

LOCAL Cell_Array[Max_Cell_Area]:_CHAR_INFO,

color:DWORD,Array_Size:COORD,Array_Start_Position:COORD,Region_For_Write:SMALL_RECT

pushad

mov esi,Cell_Info

mov eax,0

mov color,eax

INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (PadRow0),color,220, Pad_Width

INVOKE SetColorAndASCII,ADDR (PadRow1),color,223, Pad_Width

mov Array_size.X,Pad_Width

mov Array_size.Y,Pad_Height

mov Array_Start_Position.X,0

mov Array_Start_Position.Y,0

mov ax,(CELL PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Left

mov Region_For_Write.Left,ax

mov ax,(CELL PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Top

mov Region_For_Write.Top,ax

mov ax,(CELL PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Right

mov Region_For_Write.Right,ax

mov ax,(CELL PTR [esi]).Area_Position.Bottom

mov Region_For_Write.Bottom,ax

INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputA, OHandle, ADDR Cell_Array, Array_size, Array_Start_Position, ADDR

Region_For_Write

popad

ret

DeletePAD ENDP

;This procedure check is pressed left or is pressed right key and move pad to appropriate side if key is down

;This procedure is call by next procedures:

; - MovPadCell

MovPad PROC,

oHandle :HANDLE,

Pad_ :PTR CELL

pushad

INVOKE WritePad, oHandle, Pad_

;Check if left key arrow is down?

START: INVOKE GetKeyState,VK_LEFT

AND eax, KEY_DOWN

;If key is pressed , the highest bit in EAX register is equal to 1

JNZ LEFT

;If left key is pressed than we jump to part of code where MOVE PAD TO LEFT

INVOKE GetKeyState,VK_RIGHT

AND eax, KEY_DOWN

JNZ RIGHT

;If right key is pressed than we jump to part of code where MOVE PAD TO right

JMP GO_EXIT

;If no one is pressed than exit from procedure

;Code where processe left move for PAD cell

LEFT: INVOKE DeletePad, oHandle, Pad_

mov edx, Pad_ ;EDX is now pointer to PAD

sub (CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Right,Pad_Step ;Decrease Right PAD side

sub (CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Left, Pad_Step ;Decrease LEFT PAD side

JLE CORRECTION_LEFT

;if left side is lower than screen border JMP to the part of the code

where we return pad to screen

M_LEFT: INVOKE WritePad,oHandle,Pad_

JMP GO_EXIT

;Code where processe right move for PAD cell.This is same like left PAD move

RIGHT: INVOKE DeletePad,oHandle,Pad_

mov edx, Pad_

add (CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Right,Pad_Step

add (CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Left,Pad_Step

MOVZX eax,(CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Right

mov edi,GameWindow_Width

SUB edi,1

SUB eax,edi

JGE CORRECTION_RIGHT

```
M_RIGHT:INVOKE WritePad,oHandle,Pad_
                JMP GO_EXIT
```

```
CORRECTION_LEFT:
    add (CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Right,Pad_Step
    add (CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Left,Pad_Step
    JMP M_LEFT
```

```
CORRECTION_RIGHT:
    sub (CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Right,Pad_Step
    sub (CELL PTR[edx]).Area_Position.Left,Pad_Step
    JMP M_RIGHT
```

```
GO_EXIT:popad
        ret
```

```
MovPad ENDP
;This procedure mov PAD with define speed
;This procedure is call by next procedures:
;    - Main procedure
MovPadCell PROC,
```

```
    oHandle                :HANDLE,
    Pad_                   :PTR CELL,
    Row_Time_Info          :PTR DWORD

    pushad

    mov edx, Row_Time_Info
    mov eax, [edx]
    INC eax
    mov [edx],eax
    CMP eax,Pad_Speed      ;Check if speed is satisfied
    JL GO_END
    INVOKE MovPad, Ohandle, Pad_
    mov eax,0
    mov [edx], eax
```

```
GO_END:popad
```

```
        ret
```

```
MovPadCell ENDP
```

```
;-----
;-----Screen procedure-----
;-----
```

```
;This Complex function Update screen blocks matrix.Update is Re-writing of blocks cell if it becomes inactive.Blocks becomes inactive
;if ball hit block enough number of times.HitCount is a number that shows how many times a block should be hit.If that number is reach
;than block becomes inactive.
```

```
;This procedure is call by next procedures:
;    - Main procedure
```

```
UpdateScreenMatrix PROC,
```

```
    oHandle                :HANDLE,
    Matrix                 :PTR CELL,
    Pad_                   :PTR CELL,
    Points                 :PTR DWORD
```

```
    pushad
    mov edx,Matrix ;now is edx pointer to matrix
    mov ecx,Start_Blocks_Array_Size
```

```
START:    movzx eax,(CELL PTR [edx]).Activate;Check if block active?
        .IF eax ==1;If block is active than we check if rich enough hit number
            movsx eax,(CELL PTR [edx]).HitCount
            cmp eax,0
            .IF SIGN? || ZERO? ;If HitCount <= 0 .This is way for compare two sign number
                mov eax,(CELL PTR [edx]).Fall_Flag
                .IF eax == 1
                    INVOKE MovBlock,ohandle,edx,Pad_
                    mov edi,Pad_
                    mov eax,(CELL PTR[edi]).Fall_Flag
                    .IF eax == 1
                        mov eax,(CELL PTR[edi]).Value
                        mov esi,points
```

```

                                add [esi],eax
                                mov eax,[esi]
                                JMP SKIP
CUT:                                JMP START
SKIP:

                                INVOKE WritePoints,ohandle,eax
                                mov eax,0
                                mov (CELL_PTR[edi]).Fall_Flag,eax
                                mov (CELL_PTR[edi]).Value,eax
                                .ENDIF
                                .ELSE
                                mov eax,0
                                mov (CELL_PTR[edx]).Activate,a1
                                mov eax,(CELL_PTR[edx]).Value
                                mov edi,Points
                                add [edi],eax
                                mov eax,[edi]
                                INVOKE WritePoints,ohandle,eax
                                INVOKE DeleteBlock, ohandle,edx
                                JMP END_LOOP
                                .ENDIF
                                .ENDIF
                                INVOKE WriteBlock,ohandle,edx
                                .ENDIF
END_LOOP:    add edx,Cell_Size
                                LOOP CUT

                                popad
                                ret
UpdateScreenMatrix ENDP

WritePoints PROC,
    ohandle                :HANDLE,
    Points                 :DWORD
    LOCAL Ascii_Array[5]   :WORD,
                                Counter           :DWORD,
                                temp                :DWORD

    pushad
    mov Counter,0
    mov eax,Points
    LEA ecx,Ascii_Array
    .IF eax ==0
        add eax,48
        mov WORD PTR [ecx],ax
        mov Counter,1
        JMP WRITE_POINTS
    .ENDIF

    DecimalToAscIIm
    ReverseArraym

WRITE_POINTS:
    INVOKE WriteBigString, oHandle, ADDR Delete_array, 5, 1, ADDR Points_Color_Array,
Points_Start_Position, 1
    INVOKE WriteBigString, ohandle, ADDR Ascii_Array , Counter, 1, ADDR Points_Color_Array,
Points_Start_Position, 1

    popad
    ret
WritePoints ENDP

LifeCheck PROC,
    ohandle                :HANDLE,
    Lives                  :DWORD,
    Ball_Cell              :PTR BALL_
    LOCAL Ascii_Array[5]   :WORD,
                                Counter           :DWORD,
                                temp                :DWORD

    pushad
    mov Counter,0
    mov eax,Lives
    LEA ecx,Ascii_Array

```

```

DecimalToAsciiM
ReverseArraym

Life_Start_Position INVOKE WriteBigString, oHandle, ADDR Delete_array, 5      , 1, ADDR Life_Color_Array,
, 1
Life_Start_Position INVOKE WriteBigString, ohandle, ADDR Ascii_Array , Counter, 1, ADDR Life_Color_Array,
, 1
mov edx,Ball_Cell
popad
ret
LifeCheck ENDP
WriteBallCell PROC,
oHandle :      HANDLE,
Ball_Cell:      PTR BALL_
LOCAL char:WORD,Attribute:WORD,WrittenChar:DWORD,Position:COORD
pushad
mov char,25CBh
mov Attribute,Ball_color
mov edx, Ball_Cell
movzx eax, (BALL_ PTR [edx]).CurrentPos.x
mov Position.x,ax
movzx eax, (BALL_ PTR [edx]).CurrentPos.y
mov Position.y,ax
INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputCharacterW,oHandle,ADDR char,1,Position,ADDR WrittenChar
INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputAttribute,oHandle,ADDR Attribute,1,Position,ADDR WrittenChar

popad
ret
WriteBallCell ENDP
DeleteBallCell PROC,
oHandle :      HANDLE,
Ball_Cell:      PTR BALL_
LOCAL char:WORD,Attribute:WORD,WrittenChar:DWORD,Position:COORD
pushad
mov char,25CBh
mov Attribute,0
mov edx, Ball_Cell
movzx eax, (BALL_ PTR [edx]).CurrentPos.x
mov Position.x,ax
movzx eax, (BALL_ PTR [edx]).CurrentPos.y
mov Position.y,ax
INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputCharacterW,oHandle,ADDR char,1,Position,ADDR WrittenChar
INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputAttribute,oHandle,ADDR Attribute,1,Position,ADDR WrittenChar

popad
ret
DeleteBallCell ENDP

FindCollision PROC, ;This function return 0 in EAX register if dont find collision between Ball and Block or Ball and Pad.In
other case return 1 in EAX register
Array:PTR CELL,
Coordinate:COORD,
Out_BLOCK:PTR DWORD
LOCAL Counter:DWORD,Top:DWORD,Left:DWORD,Right:DWORD,Bottom:DWORD
mov Counter,0
.WHILE (Counter<Start_Blocks_Array_Size+1)
    mov eax,counter
    mov edx,Cell_Size
    mul edx
    add eax,array
    mov edx,eax
    movzx eax,(CELL PTR [edx]).Area_Position.Left
    mov Left ,eax
    movzx eax,(CELL PTR [edx]).Area_Position.Right
    mov Right ,eax
    movzx eax,(CELL PTR [edx]).Area_Position.Top
    mov Top ,eax
    movzx eax,(CELL PTR [edx]).Area_Position.Bottom
    mov Bottom ,eax
    movzx eax, Coordinate.Y
    .IF (eax>=Top) && (eax<=Bottom) ;Check is BALL in range?
        movzx eax, Coordinate.X
        .IF (eax>=Left) && (eax<=Right)
            movzx eax, Coordinate.Y

```



```

        .IF(eax == Bottom) || (eax == Top)
            mov eax,TopBottom_Collision
            JMP Check_Active
        .ENDIF
        movzx eax, Coordinate.X
        .IF ( eax == Left)
            mov eax,Right_Collision
            JMP Check_Active
        .ELSEIF (eax == Right)
            mov eax,Left_Collision
            JMP Check_Active
        .ENDIF

        .ENDIF
    .ENDIF
    .ENDIF
    INC Counter
    .CONTINUE
Check_Active:  movzx edi, (CELL_PTR [edx]).Activate
                .IF  edi == 1
                    mov edi, Out_Block
                    mov [edi],edx
                    JMP END_PROC
                .ELSE
                    mov eax, NoCollision
                    JMP END_PROC
                .ENDIF
    .ENDW
    mov eax,NoCollision
END_PROC:
    ret
FindCollision ENDP

ReBoundBall PROC,
    Ball_Cell:PTR BALL_,
    Direction:DWORD
    LOCAL x_curr:DWORD,y_curr:DWORD,NextPosition:COORD
    pushad
    mov eax,Direction
    mov edx,Ball_Cell
    .IF eax==UP_Left
        JMP UP_LEFTL
    .ELSEIF eax==UP_RIGHT
        JMP UP_RIGHTL
    .ELSEIF eax==DOWN_RIGHT
        JMP DOWN_RIGHTL
    .ELSEIF eax==DOWN_LEFT
        JMP DOWN_LEFTL
    .ENDIF
    JMP END_PROC
UP_RIGHTL:  movzx eax,(BALL_ PTR[edx]).CurrentPos.X
            INC eax
            mov NextPosition.X,ax
            movzx eax,(BALL_ PTR[edx]).CurrentPos.Y
            DEC eax
            mov NextPosition.Y,ax
            INVOKE SetNextBallPosition, edx, NextPosition
            JMP END_PROC
UP_LEFTL:   movzx eax,(BALL_ PTR[edx]).CurrentPos.X
            DEC eax
            mov NextPosition.X,ax
            movzx eax,(BALL_ PTR[edx]).CurrentPos.Y
            DEC eax
            mov NextPosition.Y,ax
            INVOKE SetNextBallPosition, edx, NextPosition
            JMP END_PROC
DOWN_RIGHTL:movzx eax,(BALL_ PTR[edx]).CurrentPos.X
            INC eax
            mov NextPosition.X,ax
            movzx eax,(BALL_ PTR[edx]).CurrentPos.Y
            INC eax
            mov NextPosition.Y,ax
            INVOKE SetNextBallPosition, edx, NextPosition
            JMP END_PROC
DOWN_LEFTL: movzx eax,(BALL_ PTR[edx]).CurrentPos.X

```

```

        DEC eax
        mov NextPosition.X,ax
        movzx eax,(BALL_ PTR[edx]).CurrentPos.Y
        INC eax
        mov NextPosition.Y,ax
        INVOKE SetNextBallPosition, edx, NextPosition
        JMP END_PROC

END_PROC:  popad
          ret

ReBoundBall ENDP

NextBallPosition PROC,
;This Procedure calculate next ball position by Previos and current position of BALL.Also this
procedure check if Ball is at the window edge or fall from window
oHandle:HANDLE,
Ball_Cell:PTR BALL_,
Blocks_Matrix:PTR CELL,
Lifes :PTR DWORD
LOCAL NextPosition:COORD, CurrentPosition:COORD,CollisionBlockPTR:DWORD
pushad
mov edx,Ball_Cell
movzx eax, (BALL_ PTR [edx]).CurrentPos.X
mov CurrentPosition.X,ax
movzx eax, (BALL_ PTR [edx]).CurrentPos.Y
mov CurrentPosition.Y,ax
movzx eax,(BALL_ PTR [edx]).PrevPos.X
.IF ax > CurrentPosition.X
    movzx eax,(BALL_ PTR [edx]).PrevPos.Y
    JMP LEFTL
.ELSE
    movzx eax,(BALL_ PTR [edx]).PrevPos.Y
    JMP RIGHTL
.ENDIF
LEFTL:    .IF ax > CurrentPosition.Y
          JMP UP_LEFTL
        .ELSE
          JMP DOWN_LEFTL
        .ENDIF
RIGHTL:   .IF ax > CurrentPosition.Y
          JMP UP_RIGHTL
        .ELSE
          JMP DOWN_RIGHTL
        .ENDIF
UP_LEFTL: DEC CurrentPosition.X
          DEC CurrentPosition.Y
          INVOKE FindCollision,Blocks_Matrix, CurrentPosition,ADDR CollisionBlockPTR
          .IF eax != NoCollision
            mov edx,CollisionBlockPTR
            DEC (CELL PTR [edx]).HitCount
            movzx edi, (CELL PTR [edx]).HitCount
            .IF edi == 1
              mov (CELL PTR [edx]).Color,HitColor
            .ENDIF
            mUP_Left
          .ELSEIF
            INVOKE IsAtScreenEdge,CurrentPosition
            .IF eax!=NoCollision && eax != DeadBall
              mUP_Left
            .ELSEIF eax == DeadBall
              mov edx,Ball_Cell
              mov (BALL_ PTR[edx]).Active,0
              mov edx,Lifes
              mov eax,DWORD PTR [edx]
              dec eax
              mov DWORD PTR [edx],eax
              INVOKE LifeCheck,                                oHandle,eax,                ADDR Ball
            .ELSE
              INVOKE SetNextBallPosition,Ball_Cell,CurrentPosition
            .ENDIF
          .ENDIF
          JMP END_PROC
UP_RIGHTL: INC CurrentPosition.X
          DEC CurrentPosition.Y
          INVOKE FindCollision,Blocks_Matrix, CurrentPosition,ADDR CollisionBlockPTR

```

```

        .IF eax != NoCollision
            mov edx,CollisionBlockPTR
            DEC (CELL PTR [edx]).HitCount
            movzx edi, (CELL PTR [edx]).HitCount
            .IF edi == 1
                mov (CELL PTR [edx]).Color,HitColor
            .ENDIF
            mUP_Right
        .ELSEIF
            INVOKE IsAtScreenEdge,CurrentPosition
            .IF eax!=NoCollision && eax!= DeadBall
                mUP_Right
            .ELSEIF eax == DeadBall
                mov edx,Ball_Cell
                mov (BALL_ PTR[edx]).Active,0
                mov edx,Lifes
                mov eax,DWORD PTR [edx]
                dec eax
                mov DWORD PTR [edx],eax
                INVOKE LifeCheck,                                oHandle,eax,                ADDR Ball
            .ELSE
                INVOKE SetNextBallPosition,Ball_Cell,CurrentPosition
            .ENDIF
        .ENDIF
        JMP END_PROC
DOWN_LEFTL:  DEC CurrentPosition.X
            INC CurrentPosition.Y
            INVOKE FindCollision,Blocks_Matrix, CurrentPosition,ADDR CollisionBlockPTR
            .IF eax != NoCollision
                mov edx,CollisionBlockPTR
                DEC (CELL PTR [edx]).HitCount
                movzx edi, (CELL PTR [edx]).HitCount
                .IF edi == 1
                    mov (CELL PTR [edx]).Color,HitColor
                .ENDIF
                mDown_Left
            .ELSEIF
                INVOKE IsAtScreenEdge,CurrentPosition
                .IF eax!=NoCollision && eax != DeadBall
                    mDown_Left
                .ELSEIF eax == DeadBall
                    mov edx,Ball_Cell
                    mov (BALL_ PTR[edx]).Active,0
                    mov edx,Lifes
                    mov eax,DWORD PTR [edx]
                    dec eax
                    mov DWORD PTR [edx],eax
                    INVOKE LifeCheck,                                oHandle,eax,                ADDR Ball
                .ELSE
                    INVOKE SetNextBallPosition,Ball_Cell,CurrentPosition
                .ENDIF
            .ENDIF
            JMP END_PROC
DOWN_RIGHTL:  INC CurrentPosition.X
            INC CurrentPosition.Y
            INVOKE FindCollision,Blocks_Matrix, CurrentPosition,ADDR CollisionBlockPTR
            .IF eax != NoCollision
                mov edx,CollisionBlockPTR
                DEC (CELL PTR [edx]).HitCount
                movzx edi, (CELL PTR [edx]).HitCount
                .IF edi == 1
                    mov (CELL PTR [edx]).Color,HitColor
                .ENDIF
                mDown_Right
            .ELSEIF
                INVOKE IsAtScreenEdge,CurrentPosition
                .IF eax!=NoCollision && eax != DeadBall
                    mDown_Right
                .ELSEIF eax == DeadBall
                    mov edx,Ball_Cell
                    mov (BALL_ PTR[edx]).Active,0
                    mov edx,Lifes
                    mov eax,DWORD PTR [edx]
                    dec eax
                    mov DWORD PTR [edx],eax

```

```

                INVOKE LifeCheck,                                oHandle,eax,        ADDR Ball
                .ELSE
                INVOKE SetNextBallPosition,Ball_Cell,CurrentPosition
                .ENDIF
        .ENDIF
END_PROC:    popad
                ret
NextBallPosition ENDP
SetNextBallPosition PROC,
    Ball_Cell:PTR BALL_,
    NextPosition:COORD
    pushad
    mov edx,Ball_Cell
    movzx eax, (BALL_ PTR [edx]).CurrentPos.X
    mov (BALL_ PTR [edx]).PrevPos.X, ax
    movzx eax, (BALL_ PTR [edx]).CurrentPos.Y
    mov (BALL_ PTR [edx]).PrevPos.Y, ax
    movzx eax, NextPosition.X
    mov (BALL_ PTR [edx]).CurrentPos.X, ax
    movzx eax, NextPosition.Y
    mov (BALL_ PTR [edx]).CurrentPos.Y, ax
    popad
    ret
SetNextBallPosition ENDP

IsAtScreenEdge PROC,                                ;this function return 0 in EAX if Ball is in window,1 if BALL is window edge
and 2 if ball fall
    Position:COORD
    mov eax,0
    .IF Position.x>=GameWindow_Width
        mov eax,Right_Collision
    .ELSEIF Position.X<=0
        mov eax,Left_Collision
    .ELSEIF Position.Y<=StartLinePosition
        mov eax,TopBottom_Collision
    .ELSEIF Position.Y>=GameWindow_height
        mov eax,4
    .ENDIF
    ret
IsAtScreenEdge ENDP
MovBall PROC,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    BALL_CELL:PTR BALL_,
    Blocks_Matrix:PTR CELL,
    Time_Info:PTR DWORD,
    Lives:PTR DWORD
    pushad
    mov edx,Time_info
    mov eax,[edx]
    .IF eax>=Ball_Speed
        INVOKE DeleteBallCell,ohandle,BALL_CELL
        INVOKE NextBallPosition,ohandle, BALL_Cell,Blocks_Matrix,Lives
        INVOKE WriteBallCell,ohandle,Ball_Cell
        mov edx,Time_info
        mov eax,[edx]
        mov WORD PTR[edx],0
        JMP END_P
    .ENDIF
    mov edx,Time_info
    mov eax,[edx]
    INC eax
    mov [edx],eax
END_P:
    popad
    ret
MovBall ENDP
SetStartPosition PROC,
    Pad_Cell:PTR CELL,
    Ball_Cell:PTR BALL_,
    LOCAL    tempc:COORD,
                tempp:COORD,
                randomVal:DWORD
    pushad
    mov eax,GameWindow_Width

```

```

        INVOKE RandomRange
        mov randomVal,eax
        mov edx,Pad_Cell
        mov edi,Ball_Cell
        mov (CELL_PTR [edx]).Area_Position.Left,ax
        mov ebx,Pad_Width
        add eax,ebx
        dec eax
        mov (CELL_PTR [edx]).Area_Position.Right,ax
        dec eax
        dec eax
        mov (BALL_PTR [edi]).CurrentPos.X,ax
        dec eax
        mov (BALL_PTR [edi]).PrevPos.X,ax
        mov eax,GameWindow_Height
        dec eax
        mov (CELL_PTR [edx]).Area_Position.Bottom,ax
        sub eax,Pad_Height
        mov (BALL_PTR [edi]).CurrentPos.Y,ax
        inc eax
        mov (CELL_PTR [edx]).Area_Position.Top,ax
        mov (BALL_PTR [edi]).PrevPos.Y,ax

        popad
        ret
SetStartPosition ENDP

```

END

- Sadržaj fajla Additionaldef.inc

```

;=====
;-----
;----- Function.inc -----
;-----
;----- Authors: -----
;----- Turkmanovic Haris 516/2014 -----
;----- Vukoje David 541/2014 -----
;=====
;Description:
; This .inc file contains declaration of function which is located in windows system Libraries such as kernel32.lin and
;user32.lib . These declaration are necessary because they are not directly declared in Irvine32.lib
;=====

```

```

INCLUDE Irvine32.inc
FreeConsole PROTO
AllocConsole PROTO

WriteConsoleOutputA PROTO ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    ArrayForRead:PTR _CHAR_INFO,
    SizeOfArrayForRead:COORD,
    StartPositionForRead:COORD,
    ScreenBufferAreaForWrite:PTR SMALL_RECT
WriteConsoleOutputW PROTO ,
    oHandle:HANDLE,
    ArrayForRead:PTR _CHAR_INFO,
    SizeOfArrayForRead:COORD,
    StartPositionForRead:COORD,
    ScreenBufferAreaForWrite:PTR SMALL_RECT
WriteConsoleOutputCharacterW PROTO,
    hConsoleOutput:HANDLE,
    lpCharacter:PTR WORD,
    nLength:DWORD,
    dwWriteCoord:COORD,
    lpNumberOfCharsWritten:PTR DWORD
SetConsoleCursorPosition PROTO,
    hConsoleOutput:HANDLE,

```

```

        wCursorPosition:COORD
ReadConsoleOutputA PROTO ,
        oHandle:HANDLE,
        ArrayForRead:PTR _CHAR_INFO,
        SizeOfArrayForRead:COORD,
        StartPositionForRead:COORD,
        ScreenBufferAreaForWrite:PTR SMALL_RECT
CreateConsoleScreenBuffer PROTO,
        dwDesiredAccess          :DWORD ,
        dwShareMode              :DWORD ,
        lpSecurityAttributes     :PTR _SECURITY_ATTRIBUTES ,
        dwFlags                  :DWORD,
        lpScreenBufferData       :PTR DWORD
SetConsoleActiveScreenBuffer PROTO,
        handlee:HANDLE
FillConsoleOutputAttribute PROTO,
        hConsoleOutput:HANDLE,
        lpCharacter:WORD,
        nLength:DWORD,
        dwWriteCoord:COORD,
        lpNumberOfCharsWritten:PTR DWORD
WriteConsoleOutputW PROTO ,
        oHandle:HANDLE,
        ArrayForRead:PTR _CHAR_INFO,
        SizeOfArrayForRead:COORD,
        StartPositionForRead:COORD,
        ScreenBufferAreaForWrite:PTR SMALL_RECT

```

```

_CHAR_INFO STRUCT
        AsciiChar WORD 219
        Attributes WORD 0
_CHAR_INFO ENDS

_SECURITY_ATTRIBUTES STRUCT
        nLength DWORD 0
        lpSecurityDescriptor DWORD 0
        bInheritHandle DWORD 0
_SECURITY_ATTRIBUTES ENDS

```

- Sadržaj fajla Configuration.inc

```

;=====
;----- Configuration.inc -----
;-----
;----- Authors: -----
;----- Turkmanovic Haris 516/2014 -----
;----- Vukoje David 541/2014 -----
;=====
;Description:
; This include file contains game properties like number of lives,ball speed,pad speed, ....
; Also , there is game windows properties
; Thanks to this .inc file game is more flexible and the player can adjust the game according to his affinities
; Part of .inc file mark as private can't be modified by player
;=====

;Windows size
GameWindow_Width      = 122 ;Start width of game window
GameWindow_Height     = 55  ;Start Hight of game window
WelcomeScreen_Width   = 70
WelcomeScreen_Hight   = 35

;GameGraphic
StartLinePosition     = 7 ;+1 position where is Frist Block Matrix row start. Unit is CHAR
StartLineColor        = Blue
Block_Width           = 10
Block_Height          = 3
Pad_Width             = 16
Pad_Height            = 2

```

```

Pad_Color           = White
Ball_Color          = 7
HitColor            = lightRed
Points_color        = BLUE
Life_color          = Yellow

```

```

;GameOptions
Start_Life_Number   = 2
Pad_speed           = 0
Ball_Speed          = 1
Pad_step            = 1
Fall_Speed          = 4
Number_Of_Colors    = 6
Number_of_Cell_in_Row = 11
Max_Cell_Area       = 100; This is max area which cell can obtain. Unit is CHAR
WS_Time_Duration    = 50

```

```

AppName TEXT EQU <"Arkanoid",0>

```

```

;-----Private-----
KEY_DOWN EQU 80000000h
KEY_TIME_PRESS = 10
Cell_Size      = 27
Dec_LIFE       = 0 ;Flag which indicate that Ball is fall

```

```

sCellRow0 EQU CellArray+0*4*Block_Width
sCellRow1 EQU CellArray+1*4*Block_Width
sCellRow2 EQU CellArray+2*4*Block_Width

```

```

PadRow0 EQU Cell_Array+0*4*Pad_Width
PadRow1 EQU Cell_Array+1*4*Pad_Width

```

```

MatrixRow0 EQU Blocks_Cell_Array+0*Number_of_Cell_in_Row*Cell_Size
MatrixRow1 EQU Blocks_Cell_Array+1*Number_of_Cell_in_Row*Cell_Size
MatrixRow2 EQU Blocks_Cell_Array+2*Number_of_Cell_in_Row*Cell_Size
MatrixRow3 EQU Blocks_Cell_Array+3*Number_of_Cell_in_Row*Cell_Size
MatrixRow4 EQU Blocks_Cell_Array+4*Number_of_Cell_in_Row*Cell_Size
MatrixRow5 EQU Blocks_Cell_Array+5*Number_of_Cell_in_Row*Cell_Size

```

```

Pad_X_Start_Position = GameWindow_width/2-Pad_Width/2;Private
Pad_Y_Start_Position = GameWindow_height-1-Pad_Height;Private

```

```

Row EQU StartLinePosition+1+esi*Cell_Height
Start_Blocks_Array_Size EQU Number_Of_Colors*Number_of_Cell_in_Row

```

```

NoCollision      = 0
TopBottom_Collision = 1
Left_Collision   = 2
Right_Collision  = 3
UP_LEFT         = 1
UP_RIGHT        = 2
DOWN_LEFT       = 3
DOWN_RIGHT      = 4
DeadBall        = 4

```

```

GameInfoArea EQU GameWindow_width*StartLinePosition

```

- Sadržaj fajla font.inc

```

ETF_LOGO_CODE = 2000
DELETE_CODE   = 2001

```

```

CreateLetter PROTO,
                oHandle      :HANDLE,
                Array_Size   :COORD,
                Start_Position :COORD,
                Letter_Array  :PTR _CHAR_INFO,

```

```

Letter_Color      :DWORD

WriteLetter PROTO,
    oHandle        :HANDLE,
    Ascii_Code     :WORD,
    Letter_Start_Position :COORD,
    Font_Group     :WORD,
    Color          :DWORD

```

```

WriteBigString PROTO,
    oHandle        :HANDLE,
    String         :PTR WORD,
    L              :DWORD,
    Font_Group     :WORD,
    Array_Font_Color :PTR DWORD,
    Start_Position :COORD,
    Font_Step      :DWORD

```

```

.data
Delete_Array      WORD 5 DUP(DELETE_CODE)

```

- Sadržaj fajla font.asm

```

INCLUDE Additionaldef.INC
INCLUDE Font.Inc
INCLUDE fontemplate3x5.INC
INCLUDE fontemplate5x7.INC
INCLUDE fontemplate9x13.INC

```

```

.code

```

```

CreateLetter PROC,
    oHandle        :HANDLE,
    Array_size     :COORD,
    Start_Position :COORD,
    Letter_Array   :PTR _CHAR_INFO,
    Letter_Color   :DWORD

    LOCAL    ToWriteArea      :SMALL_RECT,
             WriteStartPosition :COORD

    pushad

    mov eax,Letter_Color
    CMP eax,0
    .IF !SIGN?;If Color >=0 than we change color
        mov edx,Letter_Array
        movzx eax,Array_Size.x
        movzx ecx,Array_Size.Y
        mul ecx
        mov ecx,eax
        mov edx,Letter_Array
        .WHILE ecx>0
            mov eax,Letter_Color
            movzx edi,(_CHAR_INFO PTR [edx]).Attributes
            .IF edi != Font_Background
                mov (_CHAR_INFO PTR [edx]).Attributes,ax
            .ENDIF
            dec ecx
            add edx,TYPE _CHAR_INFO
        .ENDW
    .ENDIF

    movzx eax,Start_Position.X
    mov ToWriteArea.Left,ax
    movzx eax,Start_Position.Y
    mov ToWriteArea.Top,ax
    movzx eax,Array_Size.x
    movzx ecx,Start_Position.X
    add eax,ecx
    mov ToWriteArea.Right,ax
    movzx eax,Array_Size.Y
    movzx ecx,Start_Position.Y

```



```

    add eax,ecx
    mov ToWriteArea.Bottom,ax
    mov WriteStartPosition.X,0
    mov WriteStartPosition.Y,0
    INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputA,ohandle,Letter_Array,Array_Size,WriteStartPosition,ADDR ToWriteArea
    popad
    ret

CreateLetter ENDP

WriteLetter PROC,

    oHandle                                :HANDLE,
    Ascii_Code                            :WORD,
    Letter_Start_Position                  :COORD,
    Font_Group                            :WORD,
    Color                                 :DWORD
    pushad

    movzx eax,Ascii_Code
    .IF eax == DELETE_CODE
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size1,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
Delete_font10,color
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size1,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
Delete_font20,color
        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == ETF_LOGO_CODE
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 3
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size3,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
ETF_Logo,color
        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == '1'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size1,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
NUMBER_ONE,color
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == '2'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size1,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
NUMBER_TWO,color
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == '3'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size1,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
NUMBER_THREE,color
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == '4'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size1,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
NUMBER_FOUR,color
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == '5'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size1,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
NUMBER_FIVE,color
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == '6'
        movzx eax,Font_Group

```

```

        .IF eax == 1
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size1,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
NUMBER_SIX,color

        .ELSEIF eax == 2

        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == '7'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size1,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
NUMBER_SEVEN,color

        .ELSEIF eax == 2

        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == '8'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size1,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
NUMBER_EIGHT,color

        .ELSEIF eax == 2

        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == '9'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size1,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
NUMBER_NINE,color

        .ELSEIF eax == 2

        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == '0'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size1,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
NUMBER_ZERO,color

        .ELSEIF eax == 2

        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == 'A'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size2,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
A_Letter_20,color

        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == 'R'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size2,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
R_Letter_20,color

        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == 'K'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size2,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
K_Letter_20,color

        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == 'N'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size2,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
N_Letter_20,color

        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == 'O'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size2,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
O_Letter_20,color

        .ENDIF
    .ELSEIF eax == 'I'
        movzx eax,Font_Group

```

```

        .IF eax == 1
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size2,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
I_Letter_20    ,color
        .ENDIF
        .ELSEIF eax == 'D'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size2,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
D_Letter_20,color
        .ENDIF
        .ELSEIF eax == 'G'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size2,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
G_Letter_20,color
        .ENDIF
        .ELSEIF eax == 'M'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size2,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
M_Letter_20,color
        .ENDIF
        .ELSEIF eax == 'E'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size2,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
E_Letter_20,color
        .ENDIF
        .ELSEIF eax == 'V'
        movzx eax,Font_Group
        .IF eax == 1
        .ELSEIF eax == 2
            INVOKE CreateLetter,ohandle,Letter_Size2,Letter_Start_Position,ADDR
V_Letter_20,color
        .ENDIF
        .ENDIF
        popad
        ret

WriteLetter ENDP
WriteBigString PROC,

        oHandle           :HANDLE,
        String             :PTR WORD,
        L                  :DWORD,
        Font_Group         :WORD,
        Array_Font_Color:PTR DWORD,
        Start_Position     :COORD,
        Font_Step          :DWORD

        LOCAL   Letter_Start_Position :COORD,
                Char                    :WORD,
                Color                   :DWORD

        pushad
        movzx eax,Start_Position.X
        mov Letter_Start_Position.X,ax
        movzx eax,Start_Position.Y
        mov Letter_Start_Position.Y,ax
        mov edx,String
        mov edi,Array_Font_Color
        mov ecx,0
        .WHILE ecx<L
            movzx eax,WORD PTR [edx]
            mov char,ax
            mov eax,DWORD PTR [edi]
            mov Color,eax
            INVOKE WriteLetter,ohandle,Char,Letter_Start_Position,Font_Group,Color
            .IF Font_Group == 1
                movzx eax,Letter_Size1.x
            .ELSEIF Font_Group == 2
                movzx eax,Letter_Size2.x

```

```

        .ELSEIF Font_Group == 3
            movzx eax,Letter_Size3.x
        .ENDIF
        add eax,Font_Step
        add Letter_Start_Position.X,ax
        add edx,TYPE WORD
        add edi,TYPE DWORD
        INC ecx
    .ENDW
    popad
    ret

WriteBigString ENDP
END

```

- Sadržaj fajla fonttemplate3x7.inc

```

;=====
;----- fonttemplate3x5.inc -----
;----- Authors: -----
;----- Turkmanovic Haris 516/2014 -----
;----- Vukoje David 541/2014 -----
;=====
;Description:
;    This include file contain font templates which size is 3 screen point width and 5 screen point height
;    This include file is create to storage tempaltes for digit.This digit is used with points but can be used by other
text
;    In this include file you can import template for other font which size is 3x5
;=====

;This part of code contain default font information like font color and font background
Font_Block      = 219
Font_Color      = Red
Font_Background = 80h

Point           TEXTEQU    <<Font_Block,Font_Color>>
None            TEXTEQU    <<0,Font_Background>>

.data
Letter_Size1    COORD <3,5>

;This is template for SPACE char
Delete_font10   _CHAR_INFO None,None,None
Delete_font11   _CHAR_INFO None,None,None
Delete_font12   _CHAR_INFO None,None,None
Delete_font13   _CHAR_INFO None,None,None
Delete_font14   _CHAR_INFO None,None,None

;This is template for Digit 1
Number_One      _CHAR_INFO None,None,Point
Number_One1     _CHAR_INFO None,none,Point
Number_One2     _CHAR_INFO none,None,Point
Number_One3     _CHAR_INFO None,None,Point
Number_One4     _CHAR_INFO None,None,Point

;This is template for Digit 2
Number_Two      _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Two1     _CHAR_INFO None,None,Point
Number_Two2     _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Two3     _CHAR_INFO point,None,None
Number_Two4     _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point

;This is template for Digit 3
Number_Three     _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Three1    _CHAR_INFO None,None,Point
Number_Three2    _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Three3    _CHAR_INFO none,none,point
Number_Three4    _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point

;This is template for Digit 4
Number_Four      _CHAR_INFO Point,none,Point
Number_Four1     _CHAR_INFO point,None,Point
Number_Four2     _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point

```

```

Number_Four3 _CHAR_INFO none,none,point
Number_Four4 _CHAR_INFO none,none,Point

;This is template for Digit 5
Number_Five _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Five1 _CHAR_INFO Point,None,None
Number_Five2 _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Five3 _CHAR_INFO None,None,Point
Number_Five4 _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point

;This is template for Digit 6
Number_Six _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Six1 _CHAR_INFO Point,None,None
Number_Six2 _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Six3 _CHAR_INFO Point,None,Point
Number_Six4 _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point

;This is template for Digit 7
Number_Seven _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Seven1 _CHAR_INFO none,none,Point
Number_Seven2 _CHAR_INFO none,none,Point
Number_Seven3 _CHAR_INFO none,none,Point
Number_Seven4 _CHAR_INFO none,none,Point

;This is template for Digit 8
Number_Eight _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Eight1 _CHAR_INFO Point,None,Point
Number_Eight2 _CHAR_INFO Point,point,point
Number_Eight3 _CHAR_INFO Point,None,Point
Number_Eight4 _CHAR_INFO Point,point,Point

;This is template for Digit 9
Number_Nine _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Nine1 _CHAR_INFO Point,None,Point
Number_Nine2 _CHAR_INFO Point,point,point
Number_Nine3 _CHAR_INFO none,None,Point
Number_Nine4 _CHAR_INFO none,none,Point

;This is template for Digit 0
Number_Zero _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point
Number_Zero1 _CHAR_INFO Point,None,Point
Number_Zero2 _CHAR_INFO Point,none,point
Number_Zero3 _CHAR_INFO Point,None,Point
Number_Zero4 _CHAR_INFO Point,point,Point

```

- Sadržaj fajla fonttemplate5x7.inc

```

;=====
;-----
;----- fonttemplate5x7.inc -----
;-----
;----- Authors: -----
;----- Turkmanovic Haris 516/2014 -----
;----- Vukoje David 541/2014 -----
;=====
;Description:
; This include file contain font templates which size is 5 screen point width and 7 screen point hight
; This include file is create to storage templates for Letter.This letter is used in welcomeScreen
; In this include file you can import template for other font which size is 5x7
; Here are the fonts that are used but can be added afterwards
;=====

;This part of code contain default font information like font color and font background

Font_Block          = 219
Font_Color           = Red
Font_Background     = 80h

Point               TEXT EQU <<Font_Block,Font_Color>>
None                TEXT EQU <<0,Font_Background>>

.data

```

Letter_Size2 COORD <5,7>

;This is template for SPACE char

```
Delete_Font20 _CHAR_INFO None, None, None, None, None
Delete_Font21 _CHAR_INFO None, None, None, None, None
Delete_Font22 _CHAR_INFO None, None, None, None, None
Delete_Font23 _CHAR_INFO None, None, None, None, None
Delete_Font24 _CHAR_INFO None, None, None, None, None
Delete_Font25 _CHAR_INFO None, None, None, None, None
Delete_Font26 _CHAR_INFO None, None, None, None, None
```

;This is template for Letter A

```
A_Letter_20 _CHAR_INFO Point, Point, Point, Point, Point
A_Letter_21 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
A_Letter_22 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
A_Letter_23 _CHAR_INFO Point, Point, Point, Point, Point
A_Letter_24 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
A_Letter_25 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
A_Letter_26 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
```

;This is template for Letter R

```
R_Letter_20 _CHAR_INFO Point, Point, Point, None, None
R_Letter_21 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, Point, None
R_Letter_22 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
R_Letter_23 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, Point, None
R_Letter_24 _CHAR_INFO Point, Point, Point, None, None
R_Letter_25 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, Point, None
R_Letter_26 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
```

;This is template for Letter K

```
K_Letter_20 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
K_Letter_21 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, Point, None
K_Letter_22 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, Point, None, None
K_Letter_23 _CHAR_INFO Point, Point, None, None, None
K_Letter_24 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, Point, None, None
K_Letter_25 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, Point, None
K_Letter_26 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
```

;This is template for Letter N

```
N_Letter_20 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
N_Letter_21 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
N_Letter_22 _CHAR_INFO Point, Point, None, None, Point
N_Letter_23 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, Point, None, Point
N_Letter_24 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, Point, Point
N_Letter_25 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
N_Letter_26 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
```

;This is template for Letter O

```
O_Letter_20 _CHAR_INFO Point, Point, Point, Point, Point
O_Letter_21 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
O_Letter_22 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
O_Letter_23 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
O_Letter_24 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
O_Letter_25 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
O_Letter_26 _CHAR_INFO Point, Point, Point, Point, Point
```

;This is template for Letter I

```
I_Letter_20 _CHAR_INFO None, None, Point, None, None
I_Letter_21 _CHAR_INFO None, None, Point, None, None
I_Letter_22 _CHAR_INFO None, None, Point, None, None
I_Letter_23 _CHAR_INFO None, None, Point, None, None
I_Letter_24 _CHAR_INFO None, None, Point, None, None
I_Letter_25 _CHAR_INFO None, None, Point, None, None
I_Letter_26 _CHAR_INFO None, None, Point, None, None
```

;This is template for Letter D

```
D_Letter_20 _CHAR_INFO Point, Point, Point, None, None
D_Letter_21 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, Point, None
D_Letter_22 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
D_Letter_23 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
D_Letter_24 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, Point
D_Letter_25 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, Point, None
D_Letter_26 _CHAR_INFO Point, Point, Point, None, None
```

;This is template for Letter G

```
G_Letter_20 _CHAR_INFO None, None, Point,Point, None
G_Letter_21 _CHAR_INFO None, Point, None, None,Point
G_Letter_22 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point
G_Letter_23 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, None
G_Letter_24 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None,Point,Point
G_Letter_25 _CHAR_INFO None ,Point, None, None,Point
G_Letter_26 _CHAR_INFO None , None, Point,Point, None
```

```
;This is template for Letter M
```

```
M_Letter_20 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point
M_Letter_21 _CHAR_INFO Point,Point, None,Point,Point
M_Letter_22 _CHAR_INFO Point, None,Point, None,Point
M_Letter_23 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point
M_Letter_24 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point
M_Letter_25 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point
M_Letter_26 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point
```

```
;This is template for Letter E
```

```
E_Letter_20 _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point,Point,Point
E_Letter_21 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, None
E_Letter_22 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, None
E_Letter_23 _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point,Point, None
E_Letter_24 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, None
E_Letter_25 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, None
E_Letter_26 _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point,Point,Point
```

```
;This is template for Letter V
```

```
V_Letter_20 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point
V_Letter_21 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point
V_Letter_22 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point
V_Letter_23 _CHAR_INFO None,Point, None,Point, None
V_Letter_24 _CHAR_INFO None,Point, None,Point, None
V_Letter_25 _CHAR_INFO None, None,Point, None, None
V_Letter_26 _CHAR_INFO None, None,Point, None, None
```

- Sadržaj fajla fonttemplate9x13.inc

```
;=====
;-----
;----- fonttemplate9x13.inc -----
;-----
;----- Authors: -----
;----- Turkmancovic Haris 516/2014 -----
;----- Vukoje David 541/2014 -----
;=====
;Description:
; This include file contain font templates which size is 9 screen point width and 13 screen point height
; This include file is create special for draw ETF logo
; In this include file you need to import template for other font which size is 9x13
;=====
```

```
;This part of code contain default font information like font color and font background
```

```
Font_Block          = 219
Font_Color           = Red
Font_Background     = 80h
```

```
Point               TEXT EQU <<Font_Block,Font_Color>>
None                TEXT EQU <<0,Font_Background>>
.data
Letter_Size3 COORD <9,13>
```

```
ETF_Logo_CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point
ETF_logo1 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, None, None, None, None,Point
ETF_logo2 _CHAR_INFO Point, None,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point, None,Point
ETF_logo3 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point, None, None, None,Point
ETF_logo4 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None,Point,Point,Point, None, None,Point
ETF_logo5 _CHAR_INFO Point, None,Point, None,Point, None,Point, None,Point
ETF_logo6 _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point
ETF_logo7 _CHAR_INFO Point, None,Point, None,Point, None,Point, None,Point
ETF_logo8 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None,Point,Point,Point, None, None,Point
ETF_logo9 _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None,Point, None, None, None,Point
ETF_logo10 _CHAR_INFO Point, None,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point, None,Point
```

```
ETF_logo11      _CHAR_INFO Point, None, None, None, None, None, None, None, Point
ETF_logo12      _CHAR_INFO Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point,Point
```

- Sadržaj fajla structure.inc

```
;=====
;-----
;----- structure.inc -----
;-----
;----- Authors: -----
;----- Turkmanovic Haris 516/2014 -----
;----- Vukoje David 541/2014 -----
;=====
;Description:
; Include file contain data and properties which is important for game.In this file is defined CELL structure which is
basic
; part of the game.Also here is defined BALL_ structure which represent moving ball in game.Here are also data which is
imortant
; for game window and game itself. Here we can set how much points is Assigned to row , row color, ball start position , ....
; Thanks to this file we can change the performance of the game itself
;=====

;-----
;-----Graphic part-----
CELL STRUCT
    ActivateBYTE    1
    Value            DWORD    0
    Color            DWORD    0
    HitCountWORD     0
    AREA_Position    SMALL_RECT <0,0,0,0> ; Position of cell in console. This is set by PROCEDURE which use this STRUCTURE
    FALL_Flag        DWORD 0 ;This flag mark Falling Block
    TIME             DWORD 0;
CELL ENDS

BALL_ STRUCT
    CurrentPos       COORD <>
    PrevPos          COORD <>
    Active           BYTE 1
BALL_ ENDS

.data
;-----
;-----Welcome screen Window data-----
;-----
WelcomeScreenBufferSize    COORD    <WelcomeScreen_Width ,WelcomeScreen_Hight>
WelcomeScreenWindowSize    SMALL_RECT    <0,0,WelcomeScreen_Width-1,WelcomeScreen_Hight-1>

;-----Gamewindow data-----

GameBufferSize             COORD    <GameWindow_width,GameWindow_Height>
GameWindowSize             SMALL_RECT    <0,0,GameWindow_width-1,GameWindow_height-1>
AppTitle                   BYTE    AppName
Cursor_Info                CONSOLE_CURSOR_INFO    <100,0>

;-----
;-----Graphic data-----

StartLine                  _CHAR_INFO    GameWindow_width
                          DUP(<223,StartLineColor>)
Blocks_Collor_Array        DWORD    BLUE, GREEN, RED, YELLOW, MAGENTA, GRAY
;!!! Blocks_Cell_Array And Pad_Cell NEED TO BE ADJACENT beacouse sometimes PROCEDURE look at this part of memory as one PART
Blocks_Cell_Array          CELL    Start_Blocks_Array_Size DUP(<>)
Pad                        CELL
    <1,0,Pad_Color,0,<Pad_X_Start_Position,Pad_Y_Start_Position,Pad_X_Start_Position+Pad_width-
1,Pad_Y_Start_Position+Pad_Height-1>>
Blocks_Points_Array        DWORD    50, 80, 90, 120, 100, 60
Ball                      BALL_    <<0,0>,<0,0>>

;-----
;-----GAME data-----
```



```

Blocks_Hit_Array      WORD      1,      1, 1, 1, 1, 2
Blocks_Fall_Array     DWORD      0,      0, 0, 0, 0, 1
Blocks_Matrix_size    COORD      <Number_of_cell_in_Row,Number_Of_Colors>
Points_Start_Position COORD      <10,1>
Points_Color_Array    DWORD      10      DUP(Points_Color)
Life_Start_Position   COORD      <80,1>
Life_Color_Array      DWORD      10      DUP(Life_Color)
GameInfoBackground    _CHAR_INFO GameInfoArea DUP(<0,80h>)
GameInfoSize          COORD      <GameWindow_width,StartLinePosition>
GameInfoA             SMALL_RECT <0,0,GameWindow_width,StartLinePosition>
GameInfoStartPosition COORD      <0,0>
Game_Points           DWORD      0
Game_Lives            DWORD      Start_Life_Number
GameOverString        WORD      'G','A','M','E',DELETE_CODE,'O','V','E','R'
GameOverStringLengt   WORD      9
GameOverStringColor   DWORD      9 DUP(RED)
GameOverStringPosition COORD      <30,0>

;-----Time data-----
Gray_Row_Time_Info    DWORD      Number_of_cell_in_Row      DUP(0)
Pad_Time_Info         DWORD      0
Ball_Time_Info        DWORD      0

```

- Sadržaj fajla WelcomeScreen.asm

```

INCLUDE Additionaldef.inc
INCLUDE WelcomeScreen.inc
INCLUDE Configuration.inc
INCLUDE Function.inc
INCLUDE Structure.inc
INCLUDE Font.inc

.code

;This is procedure which create WelcomeScreen.
WriteWelcomeScreen PROC,
    oHandle      :HANDLE,
    StartColor   :DWORD
    LOCAL temp:DWORD,ArrPTR:DWORD

.data
WSBackground      _CHAR_INFO      WSBackgroundAreaSize      DUP(<0,WSBackgroundColor>)
WSBackgroundSize  COORD            <WelcomeScreen_Width,WelcomeScreen_Hight>
WSBackgroundStartPosition COORD    <0,0>
WSBackgroundArea  SMALL_RECT      <0,0,WelcomeScreen_Width-1,WelcomeScreen_Hight-1>
WSTemp            DWORD            0
WSString1         BYTE            "U N I V E R Z I T E T   U   B E O G R A D U",0
WSString2         BYTE            "E L E K T R O T E H N I C K I   F A K U L T E T",0
WSString3         BYTE            "K A T E D R A   Z A   E L E K T R O N I K U",0
WSString4         BYTE            "I g r i c u   r e a l i z o v a l i :",0
WSString5         BYTE            "T U R K M A N O V I C   H A R I S ",0
WSString6         BYTE            "V U K O J E   D A V I D ",0
WSString1Size     DWORD            0
WSString2Size     DWORD            0
WSString3Size     DWORD            0
WSString4Size     DWORD            0
WSString5Size     DWORD            0
WSString6Size     DWORD            0
WSString1Attribute WORD            Blue
WSString2Attribute WORD            Red
WSString3Attribute WORD            Red
WSString4Attribute WORD            Blue
WSString5Attribute WORD            Red
WSString6Attribute WORD            Red
WSString1StartPosition COORD      <StartTextAreaPositionX+2,StartTextAreaPositionY+2>
WSString2StartPosition COORD      <StartTextAreaPositionX,StartTextAreaPositionY+7>

```

WSString3StartPosition	COORD	<StartTextAreaPositionX+2,StartTextAreaPositionY+9>
WSString4StartPosition	COORD	<StartTextAreaPositionX+1,WelcomeScreen_Hight-5>
WSString5StartPosition	COORD	<StartTextAreaPositionX+1,WelcomeScreen_Hight-3>
WSString6StartPosition	COORD	<StartTextAreaPositionX+7,WelcomeScreen_Hight-1>
WSLine	_CHAR_INFO	100 DUP(<223,WSLineColor>)
WSLineSize	COORD	<0,1>
WSLineStartPosition	COORD	<0,0>
WSLineArea1	SMALL_RECT	
<StartTextAreaPositionX,StartTextAreaPositionY,0,StartTextAreaPositionY+1>		
WSLineArea2	SMALL_RECT	
<StartTextAreaPositionX,StartTextAreaPositionY+4,0,StartTextAreaPositionY+5>		
WSLineArea3	SMALL_RECT	
<StartTextAreaPositionX,StartTextAreaPositionY+11,0,StartTextAreaPositionY+12>		
MaxStringSize	DWORD	0
WSETFLogoStartPosition	COORD	<0,0>
WSETFLogoColor	DWORD	Red
WSArkanoidString	WORD	'A','R','K','A','N','O','I','D'
WSArkanoidStringSize	DWORD	8
WSArkanoidColor	DWORD	Blue,Red,Green,Yellow,Blue,Red,Green,Yellow
WSArkanoidStartPosition	COORD	<0,0>
WSArkanoidXindent	DWORD	3
WSArkanoidYindent	DWORD	4

.code

```

pushad
INVOKE SetConsoleCursorInfo,ohandle,ADDR Cursor_Info
INVOKE SetStartWindow, oHandle, WelcomeScreenBufferSize,ADDR WelcomeScreenWindowSize, ADDR AppTitle
INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputA, oHandle,ADDR WSBbackground, WSBbackgroundSize,WSBbackgroundStartPosition,ADDR
WSBbackgroundArea

```

```

mov eax,StartTextAreaPositionY
sub eax,1
mov WSETFLogoStartPosition.Y,ax
mov eax,StartTextAreaPositionX
sub eax,11
mov WSETFLogoStartPosition.X,ax
add eax,WSArkanoidXindent
mov WSArkanoidStartPosition.X,ax
movzx eax,WSLineArea3.Bottom
add eax,WSArkanoidYindent
mov WSArkanoidStartPosition.Y,ax

```

```

INVOKE WriteLetter, ohandle, ETF_LOGO_CODE,WSETFLogoStartPosition,3 ,WSETFLogoColor

```

```

mov eax,WSBackgroundcolor
or ax,WSString1Attribute
mov WSString1Attribute,ax
mov eax,WSBackgroundcolor
or ax,WSString2Attribute
mov WSString2Attribute,ax
mov eax,WSBackgroundcolor
or ax,WSString3Attribute
mov WSString3Attribute,ax
mov eax,WSBackgroundcolor
or ax,WSString4Attribute
mov WSString4Attribute,ax
mov eax,WSBackgroundcolor
or ax,WSString5Attribute
mov WSString5Attribute,ax
mov eax,WSBackgroundcolor
or ax,WSString6Attribute
mov WSString6Attribute,ax

```

```

mov eax,LENGTHOF WSString1
mov WSString1Size,eax
.if eax>MaxStringSize
    mov MaxStringSize,eax
.ENDIF
mov eax,LENGTHOF WSString2
mov WSString2Size,eax
.if eax>MaxStringSize
    mov MaxStringSize,eax

```

```

.ENDIF
mov eax,LENGTHOF WString3
mov WString3Size,eax
.IF eax>MaxStringSize
    mov MaxStringSize,eax
.ENDIF
mov eax,MaxStringSize
mov WLineStyle.X,ax
movzx ecx,WLineArea1.Left
add eax,ecx
mov WLineArea1.Right,ax
mov WLineArea2.Right,ax
mov WLineArea3.Right,ax

mov eax,LENGTHOF WString4
mov WString4Size,eax
mov eax,LENGTHOF WString5
mov WString5Size,eax
mov eax,LENGTHOF WString6
mov WString6Size,eax

INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputA,    oHandle,ADDR WLine,    WLineStyle,WLineStyleStartPosition,ADDR WLineArea1
INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputA,    oHandle,ADDR WLine,    WLineStyle,WLineStyleStartPosition,ADDR WLineArea2
INVOKE WriteConsoleOutputA,    oHandle,ADDR WLine,    WLineStyle,WLineStyleStartPosition,ADDR WLineArea3

INVOKE SetConsoleCursorPosition,oHandle,WString1StartPosition
mov edx,OFFSET WString1
INVOKE WriteString
INVOKE FillConsoleOutputAttribute, ohandle, WString1Attribute    ,WString1Size,WString1StartPosition,ADDR
WSTemp

INVOKE SetConsoleCursorPosition,oHandle,WString2StartPosition
mov edx,OFFSET WString2
INVOKE WriteString
INVOKE FillConsoleOutputAttribute, ohandle, WString2Attribute    ,WString2Size,WString2StartPosition,ADDR
WSTemp

INVOKE SetConsoleCursorPosition,oHandle,WString3StartPosition
mov edx,OFFSET WString3
INVOKE WriteString
INVOKE FillConsoleOutputAttribute, ohandle, WString3Attribute    ,WString3Size,WString3StartPosition,ADDR
WSTemp

INVOKE SetConsoleCursorPosition,oHandle,WString4StartPosition
mov edx,OFFSET WString4
INVOKE WriteString
INVOKE FillConsoleOutputAttribute, ohandle, WString4Attribute    ,WString4Size,WString4StartPosition,ADDR
WSTemp

INVOKE SetConsoleCursorPosition,oHandle,WString5StartPosition
mov edx,OFFSET WString5
INVOKE WriteString
INVOKE FillConsoleOutputAttribute, ohandle, WString5Attribute    ,WString5Size,WString5StartPosition,ADDR
WSTemp

INVOKE SetConsoleCursorPosition,oHandle,WString6StartPosition
mov edx,OFFSET WString6
INVOKE WriteString
INVOKE FillConsoleOutputAttribute, ohandle, WString6Attribute    ,WString6Size,WString6StartPosition,ADDR
WSTemp

mov edx,WS_Time_Duration
.WHILE !SIGN?
    mov eax,WSFontRefreshTime
    INVOKE Delay
    Invoke WriteBigString,ohandle,ADDR WSArkanoidString ,WSArkanoidStringSize,2,ADDR WSArkanoidColor
    ,WSArkanoidStartPosition,2

    push edx
    mov edi,OFFSET WSArkanoidColor
    mov ArrPTR,edi
    add edi,28

```

```

        mov esi,edi
        sub esi,TYPE DWORD
        mov eax,DWORD PTR [edi]
        mov temp,eax

        .WHILE edi!=ArrPTR
            mov eax,DWORD PTR[esi]
            mov DWORD PTR[edi],eax
            SUB esi,TYPE DWORD
            sub edi,TYPE DWORD
        .ENDW
        mov eax,temp
        mov DWORD PTR [edi],eax
        pop edx
        dec edx
        CMP edx,0

    .ENDW
    popad
    Ret
WriteWelcomeScreen ENDP
END

```

- Sadržaj fajla WelcomeScreen.inc

```

;=====
;----- WelcomeScreen.inc -----
;-----
;----- Authors: -----
;----- Turkmanovic Haris 516/2014 -----
;----- Vukoje David 541/2014 -----
;=====
;Description:
;    This .inc file is important for WelcomeScreen.asm . Here is located some properties of welcome screen.
;=====

```

```

StartTextAreaPositionX = 15
StartTextAreaPositionY = 3
WSBackgroundColor      = 80h
WSLineColor            = 84h
WSFontRefreshTime      = 100
WSBackgroundAreaSize   EQU WelcomeScreen_Width*WelcomeScreen_Hight

WriteWelcomeScreen PROTO,
    oHandle           :HANDLE,
    StartColor        :DWORD

```