



# Formalization and Experiences of R2RML-based SPARQL to SQL query translation using Morph

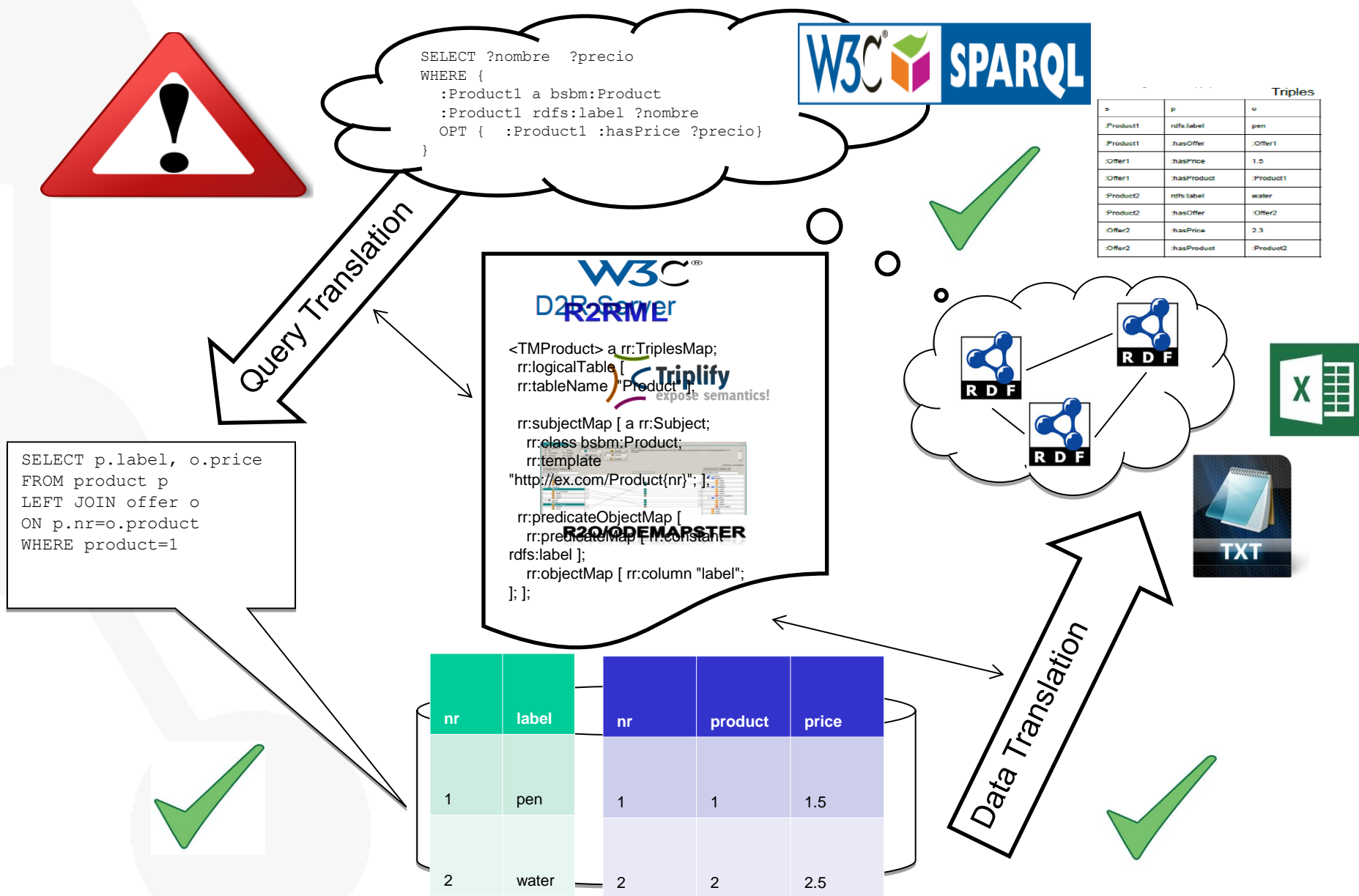
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# SPARQL to SQL: whose problem?

Integrative Cancer Research  
**INTEGRATE**  
Through Innovative Biomedical Infrastructures

**BIZKAISENSE**

**RÉPENNER**

```
SELECT DISTINCT 'T21 v. livingsubject'.id,
'T18 participation'.roleId, 'T8 v. observation'.methodCodeTitle,
'T14 v. observation'.referenceRangeMax,
'T7 v. observation'.methodCode, 'T10 v. observation'.valueST,
'T18 participation'.actId, 'T20 role'.id,
'T12 v. observation'.units, 'T1 v. observation'.id,
'T3 v. observation'.effectiveTime, 'T18 participation'.entityId,
'T5 v. observation'.targetSiteCodeTitle,
'T17 v. observation'.codeVocId,
'T13 v. observation'.referenceRangeMin,
'T6 v. observation'.targetSiteCodeVocId,
'T19 participation'.entityId,
'T16 v. observation'.actionNegationInd,
'T15 v. observation'.title, 'T9 v. observation'.methodCodeVocId,
'T20 role'.entityId, 'T2 v. observation'.id, 'T23 entity'.id,
'T18 participation'.typeCode, 'T22 v. livingsubject'.birthTime,
'T1 v. observation'.code, 'T24 entity'.code,
'T11 v. observation'.valuePO, 'T4 v. observation'.targetSiteCode'
FROM 'v. observation' AS 'T15 v. observation', 'v. observation' AS
'T10 v. observation', 'v. observation' AS 'T5 v. observation',
'v. observation' AS 'T13 v. observation', 'entity' AS 'T24 entity',
'role' AS 'T20 role', 'participation' AS 'T20 participation',
'v. observation' AS 'T7 v. observation', 'v. observation' AS
'T9 v. observation', 'v. observation' AS 'T4 v. observation',
'participation' AS 'T19 participation', 'v. livingsubject' AS
'T22 v. livingsubject', 'v. observation' AS 'T11 v. observation',
'v. observation' AS 'T17 v. observation', 'v. observation' AS
'T3 v. observation', 'v. observation' AS 'T16 v. observation',
'v. livingsubject' AS 'T21 v. livingsubject', 'participation' AS
'T18 participation', 'v. observation' AS 'T2 v. observation',
'v. observation' AS 'T14 v. observation', 'v. observation' AS
'T6 v. observation', 'v. observation' AS 'T12 v. observation',
'v. observation' AS 'T18 v. observation', 'role' AS 'T23 role',
'entity' AS 'T23 entity', 'v. observation' AS 'T1 v. observation',
'v. observation' AS 'T8 v. observation'
WHERE ('T10 v. observation'.id = 'T6 v. observation'.id' AND
'T10 v. observation'.valueST IS NOT NULL AND
'T11 v. observation'.id = 'T6 v. observation'.id' AND
'T11 v. observation'.valuePO IS NOT NULL AND
'T12 v. observation'.id = 'T6 v. observation'.id' AND
'T12 v. observation'.units IS NOT NULL AND 'T13 v. observation'.id'
= 'T6 v. observation'.id' AND
'T13 v. observation'.referenceRangeMin IS NOT NULL AND
'T13 v. observation'.referenceRangeMax IS NOT NULL AND
```

```
SELECT DISTINCT 'T2 Observations'.date, 'T1 Stations'.code,
'T5 Properties'.name, 'T5 Observations'.date,
'T3 Stations'.code, 'T6 Stations'.code, 'T1 Properties'.name,
'T1 Observations'.date, 'T6 Observations'.date,
'T5 Stations'.code, 'T7 Observations'.value,
'T6 Properties'.name
FROM 'Properties' AS 'T3 Properties', 'Observations' AS
'T3 Observations', 'Stations' AS 'T7 Stations', 'Properties' AS
'T6 Properties', 'Observations' AS 'T2 Observations', 'Properties'
AS 'T1 Properties', 'Observations' AS 'T6 Observations',
'Properties' AS 'T5 Properties', 'Stations' AS 'T3 Stations',
'Properties' AS 'T7 Properties', 'Stations' AS 'T1 Stations',
'Stations' AS 'T2 Stations', 'Stations' AS 'T6 Stations',
'Properties' AS 'T2 Properties', 'Observations' AS
'T5 Observations', 'Stations' AS 'T4 Stations', 'Observations' AS
'T1 Observations', 'Stations' AS 'T5 Stations', 'Observations' AS
'T7 Observations', 'Observations' AS 'T4 Observations',
'Properties' AS 'T4 Properties'
WHERE ('T1 Observations'.date = 'T3 Observations'.date' AND
'T1 Observations'.date IS NOT NULL AND 'T1 Observations'.prop_id'
= 'T1 Properties'.id' AND 'T1 Observations'.station_id' =
'T1 Stations'.id' AND 'T1 Properties'.name =
'T3 Properties'.name' AND 'T1 Properties'.name IS NOT NULL AND
'T1 Stations'.code = 'T3 Stations'.code' AND
'T1 Stations'.code IS NOT NULL AND 'T2 Observations'.date' <
'2011-01-02T00:00:00' AND 'T2 Observations'.date' =
'T3 Observations'.date' AND 'T2 Observations'.date' >=
'2011-01-01T00:00:00' AND 'T2 Observations'.date' IS NOT NULL AND
'T2 Observations'.value = 'T7 Observations'.value' AND
```

```
SELECT DISTINCT 'T2 icaen'.Expr1, 'T5 icaen'.Expr1,
'T6 icaen'.Expr1, 'T8 icaen'.CARACT_GEN_SUP,
'T4 icaen'.building_life_cycle_phase,
'T3 icaen'.building_life_cycle_phase, 'T1 icaen'.Expr1
FROM 'icaen' AS 'T2 icaen', 'icaen' AS 'T8 icaen', 'icaen' AS
'T7 icaen', 'icaen' AS 'T1 icaen', 'icaen' AS 'T6 icaen', 'icaen' AS
'T5 icaen', 'icaen' AS 'T4 icaen', 'icaen' AS 'T3 icaen'
WHERE ('T1 icaen'.Expr1 = 'T2 icaen'.Expr1' AND 'T1 icaen'.Expr1
IS NOT NULL AND 'T2 icaen'.Expr1 = 'T3 icaen'.Expr1' AND
'T2 icaen'.Expr1 = 'T5 icaen'.Expr1' AND 'T2 icaen'.Expr1 IS NOT
NULL AND 'T3 icaen'.Expr1 IS NOT NULL AND
'T3 icaen'.building_life_cycle_phase =
'T4 icaen'.building_life_cycle_phase' AND
'T3 icaen'.building_life_cycle_phase IS NOT NULL AND
'T4 icaen'.building_life_cycle_phase IS NOT NULL AND
'T5 icaen'.Expr1 = 'T6 icaen'.Expr1' AND 'T5 icaen'.Expr1 IS NOT
NULL AND 'T6 icaen'.Expr1 = 'T7 icaen'.Expr1' AND
'T6 icaen'.Expr1 IS NOT NULL AND 'T7 icaen'.CARACT_GEN_SUP' =
'T8 icaen'.CARACT_GEN_SUP' AND 'T7 icaen'.CARACT_GEN_SUP' IS NOT
NULL AND 'T7 icaen'.Expr1 IS NOT NULL AND
'T8 icaen'.CARACT_GEN_SUP' IS NOT NULL)
```

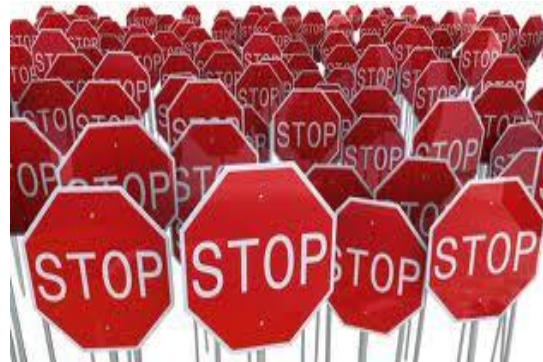
use rdb2rdf tools to expose  
large science  
archives for data integration.

SPARQL for expressing scientific queries, and the performance of several triple stores and RDB2RDF tools for executing queries over a moderately sized sample of a large astronomical data set. We found that more research and improvements are required into SPARQL and RDB2RDF tools to efficiently expose existing science archives for data integration.





- Query answering takes a lot of time
  - Inefficient queries
  - Some calculation is performed on memory



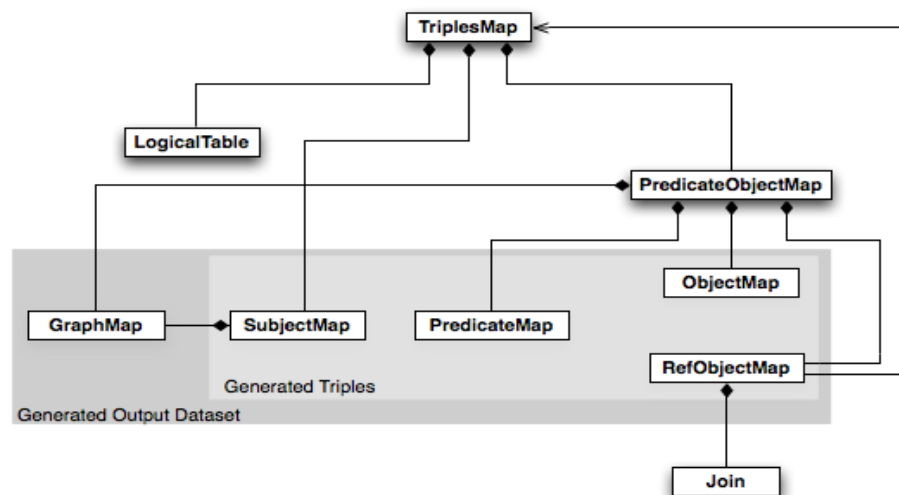
- Can't be evaluated
  - Too many tables



- Lack of formalization

## R2RML

- TriplesMap -> RDF Triples
- LogicalTable: Base Table or SQL Query
- SubjectMap -> subject
- PredicateObjectMap
  - PredicateMap -> predicate
  - ObjectMap -> object
  - RefObjectMap: join



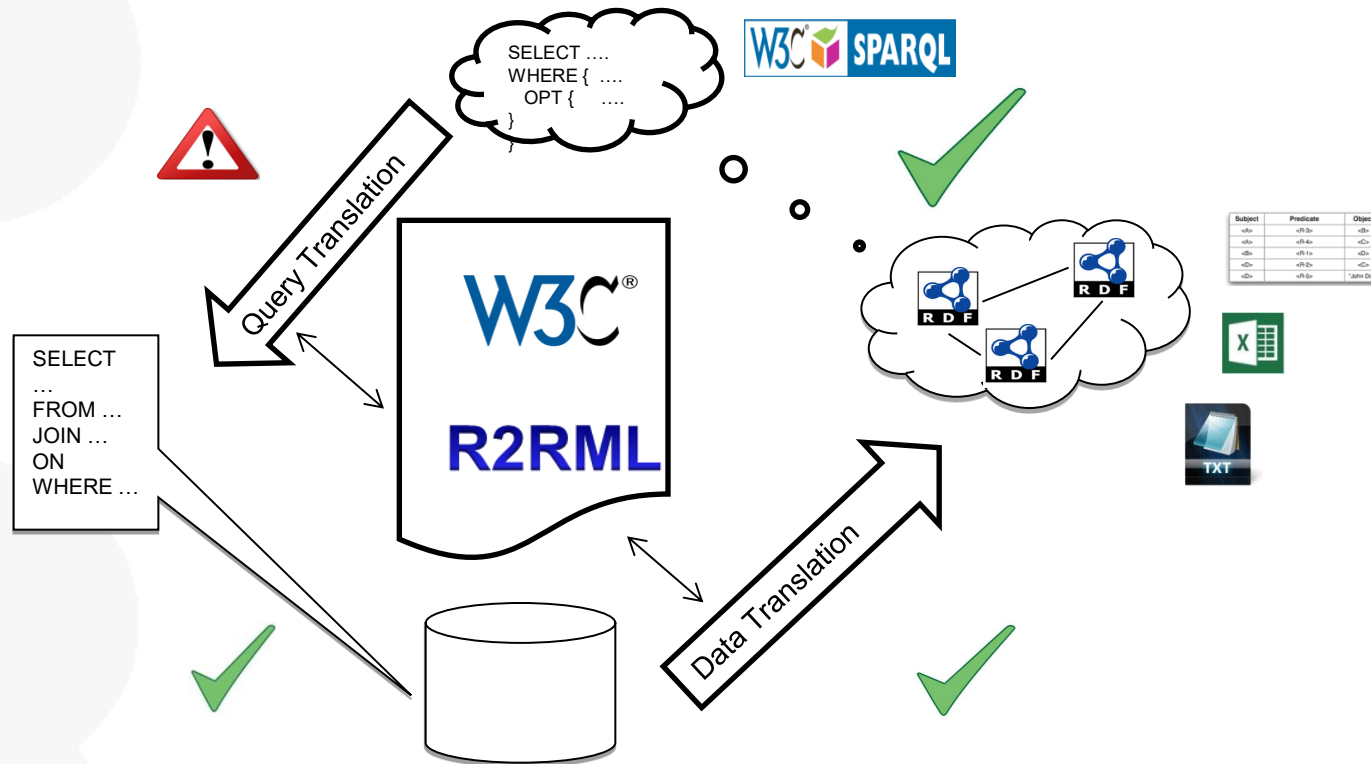
## Query Translation in Triples Stores

- Chebotko
- Elliot

## Query Translation in RDB2RDF

- R2O
- D2R
- Ontop
- Unbehauen
- Garrote

# R2RML-based Query Translation



- Query translation approaches applied for the implementation of query evaluation over RDB-backed triple stores can be extended to work with R2RML mappings
- R2RML-based query translation can be optimized, while preserving semantics, so that they can be applied in real-world cases



$trans(tp, \alpha, \beta) =$   
 $\text{Select Distinct } genPR\text{-}SQL(tp, \beta, name) \text{ From } \alpha(tp) \text{ Where } genCond\text{-}SQL(tp, \beta); \quad (13)$

$trans(gp_1 \text{ AND } gp_2, \alpha, \beta) =$   
 $\text{Select Distinct } name(a), [a|a \in (terms(gp_1) - terms(gp_2))] \text{ name}(b), [b|b \in (terms(gp_2) - terms(gp_1))]$   
 $\text{Coalesce}(r_1.name(c), r_2.name(c)) \text{ As } name(c), [c|c \in (terms(gp_1) \cap terms(gp_2))]$   
 $\text{From } (trans(gp_1, \alpha, \beta)) r_1 \text{ Inner Join } (trans(gp_2, \alpha, \beta)) r_2 \quad (14)$   
 $\text{On } (True \text{ And } [c|c \in (terms(gp_1) \cap terms(gp_2))])$   
 $(r_1.name(c) = r_2.name(c) \text{ Or } r_1.name(c) \text{ Is Null Or } r_2.name(c) \text{ Is Null});$   
 $\text{where } r_1 = alias() \text{ and } r_2 = alias().$

$trans(gp_1 \text{ OPT } gp_2, \alpha, \beta) =$   
 $\text{Select Distinct } name(a), [a|a \in (terms(gp_1) - terms(gp_2))] \text{ name}(b), [b|b \in (terms(gp_2) - terms(gp_1))]$   
 $\text{Coalesce}(r_1.name(c), r_2.name(c)) \text{ As } name(c), [c|c \in (terms(gp_1) \cap terms(gp_2))]$   
 $\text{From } (trans(gp_1, \alpha, \beta)) r_1 \text{ Left Outer Join } (trans(gp_2, \alpha, \beta)) r_2 \quad (15)$   
 $\text{On } (True \text{ And } [c|c \in (terms(gp_1) \cap terms(gp_2))])$   
 $(r_1.name(c) = r_2.name(c) \text{ Or } r_1.name(c) \text{ Is Null Or } r_2.name(c) \text{ Is Null});$   
 $\text{where } r_1 = alias() \text{ and } r_2 = alias().$

$trans(gp_1 \text{ UNION } gp_2, \alpha, \beta) =$   
 $\text{Select } name(a)_{[a|a \in A]}, name(b)_{[b|b \in B]}, r_1.name(c)_{[c|c \in C]} \text{ As } name(c)$   
 $\text{From } (trans(gp_1, \alpha, \beta)) r_1 \text{ Left Outer Join } (trans(gp_2, \alpha, \beta)) r_2 \text{ On } (False)$   
 $\text{Union}$   
 $\text{Select } name(a)_{[a|a \in A]}, name(b)_{[b|b \in B]}, r_3.name(c)_{[c|c \in C]} \text{ As } name(c)$   
 $\text{From } (trans(gp_2, \alpha, \beta)) r_3 \text{ Left Outer Join } (trans(gp_1, \alpha, \beta)) r_4 \text{ On } (False);$   
 $\text{where } r_1, r_2, r_3, \text{ and } r_4 = alias(); A, B, \text{ and } C \text{ are ordered sets } (terms(gp_1) - terms(gp_2)),$   
 $(terms(gp_2) - terms(gp_1)), \text{ and } (terms(gp_1) \cap terms(gp_2)), \text{ respectively.}$

$trans(gp \text{ FILTER } expr, \alpha, \beta) =$   
 $\text{Select } * \text{ From } (trans(gp, \alpha, \beta)) alias() \text{ Where } transexpr(expr); \quad (17)$

$trans(SELECT (v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n) WHERE(gp), \alpha, \beta) =$   
 $\text{Select Distinct } name(v_1), name(v_2), \dots, name(v_n) \text{ From } (trans(gp, \alpha, \beta)) alias(); \quad (18)$

$trans(tp)$

- Step1: Multiple mapped TriplesMaps
  - Ex: :fred hasID ?fredID
    - TriplesMapStudent
    - TriplesMapResearcher
  - UNION of  $trans(tp, tm)$
  - m is TriplesMap corresponding to the triple pattern tp
- Step2: Unbounded predicate
  - Ex: :fred ?p ?o
    - :fred hasID ?o
    - :fred hasName ?o
  - UNION of  $trans(tp, tm, predicateURI)$
  - predicateURI is the mapped predicate defined in tm

$trans(tp, tm, predicateURI) =$   
 $SELECT \ genPRSQL(tp, beta, name)$   
 $FROM \ alpha$   
 $WHERE \ genCondSQL(tp)$



## Query Translation - $\alpha^M(tp)$ - Definition

Definition (Mapping  $\alpha$  under  $M$ )

## Query Translation - $\beta^M(tp, pos)$ - Algorithm

$\beta^M(tp, pos, M) :$   
 $TriplesMap = getTriplesMap(tp, M)$   
 $IE\_pos = \dots$

## Query Translation - genCondSQL - Algorithm (2/2)



name, and a set  
 erates an SQL  
 relational  
 predicate,

## Query Translation - One of The Results

### The Telegraph

HOME NEWS SPORT FINANCE COMMENT BLOGS CULTURE TRAVEL LIFESTYLE  
 UK World Politics Obituaries Education Earth Science Defence Health News Royal  
 USA US Election 2012 Asia China Central Asia Europe Australasia Middle East Afr

### Glamorous Russian swimsuit model wins Women's World Chess Championship

A glamorous Russian part-time model has won the Women's World Chess Championship under the slogan "beauty and intelligence can go together".



Queen of Chess: Alexandra Koshenik became a chess grandmaster aged 14. Photo: ...

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 NEWS  
 IN RUSSIA

Freddy Priyatna - Query Translation for R2RML

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# R2RML-based Query Translation: Examples

- $\text{Trans}(\text{tp}, \text{tm}, \text{predicateURI}) =$   
 $\text{SELECT } \text{genPRSQL}(\text{tp}, \text{beta}, \text{name})$   
 $\text{FROM } \text{alpha}(\text{tp})$   
 $\text{WHERE } \text{genCondSQL}(\text{tp})$

```

<TMPProduct> a rr:TriplesMap;
  rr:logicalTable [ rr:tableName "Product" ];
  rr:subjectMap [ a rr:Subject; rr:class bsbm:Product;
    rr:template "http://ex.com/Product/{nr}"; ];
  rr:predicateObjectMap [
    rr:predicateMap [ rr:constant :hasProductName ];
    rr:objectMap [ rr:column "label"; ]; ];
  rr:predicateObjectMap [
    rr:predicateMap [ rr:constant :hasProductOffer ];
    rr:objectMap [ rr:parentTriplesMap <TriplesMapOffer>;
      rr:joinCondition [ rr:child "nr" ; rr:parent "product" ; ] ];
].

<TMOffer> a rr:TriplesMap;
  rr:logicalTable [ rr:tableName "Offer" ];
  rr:subjectMap [ a rr:Subject; rr:class bsbm:Offer;
    rr:template "http://ex.com/Offer/{nr}"; ];
  rr:predicateObjectMap [
    rr:predicateMap [ rr:constant bsbm:price ];
    rr:objectMap [ rr:column "price"; ]; ].
  
```

tp	Alpha(tp)	Beta(tp, pos)	genCondSQL(tp)	genPRSQL(tp, Beta, name)
<code>?product hasProductName ?prodName</code>	<code>{ Product }</code>	<code>Sub: Product.nr</code> <code>Pre: 'hasProductName'</code> <code>Obj: Product.label</code>	<code>Product.label IS NOT NULL</code>	<code>Product.nr AS var_product</code> <code>'hasProductName' AS iri_hasProductName</code> <code>Product.label AS var_prodName</code>
<code>:Product/1 hasProductOffer :Offer/3847</code>	<code>{ Product, Offer }</code>	<code>Sub: Product.nr</code> <code>Pre: 'hasProductOffer'</code> <code>Obj: Offer.nr</code>	<code>Product.nr=1</code> <code>AND</code> <code>Product.nr=Offer.product</code> <code>AND</code> <code>Offer.nr=3847</code>	<code>Product.nr AS iri_Product1</code> <code>'hasProductOffer' AS iri_hasProductOffer</code> <code>Offer.nr AS iri_Offer3847</code>

## SPARQL

```
SELECT DISTINCT ?pr ?productLabel
?productComment ?productProducer
WHERE {
  ?pr hasLabel ?label .
  ?pr hasComment ?comment .
  ?pr hasProducer ?producer .
}
```

## Naïve Translation

```
SELECT DISTINCT pr, productLabel, productComment, productProducer
FROM (
  SELECT p_1.pr, p_1.productLabel,
  p_2_3.productComment, p_2_3.productProducer
  FROM
    (SELECT nr AS pr, label AS productLabel FROM product
     WHERE nr IS NOT NULL AND label IS NOT NULL) p_1,
    (SELECT p_2.pr, p_2.productComment, p_3.productProducer FROM
     (SELECT nr AS pr, comment AS productComment FROM product
      WHERE nr IS NOT NULL AND comment IS NOT NULL) p_2,
     (SELECT nr AS pr, producer AS productProducer FROM product
      WHERE nr IS NOT NULL AND producer IS NOT NULL) p_3
     WHERE p_2.pr= p_3.pr) p_2_3
  WHERE p_1.pr = p_2_3.pr
) gp
```

## Self-join elimination

```
SELECT DISTINCT pr, productLabel, productComment, productProducer
FROM
  (SELECT p.nr AS pr, p.label AS productLabel
   , p.comment as productComment, p.producer AS productProducer
   FROM product p
   WHERE p.nr IS NOT NULL AND p.label IS NOT NULL
   AND p.comment IS NOT NULL AND p.producer IS NOT NULL
  ) gp
```

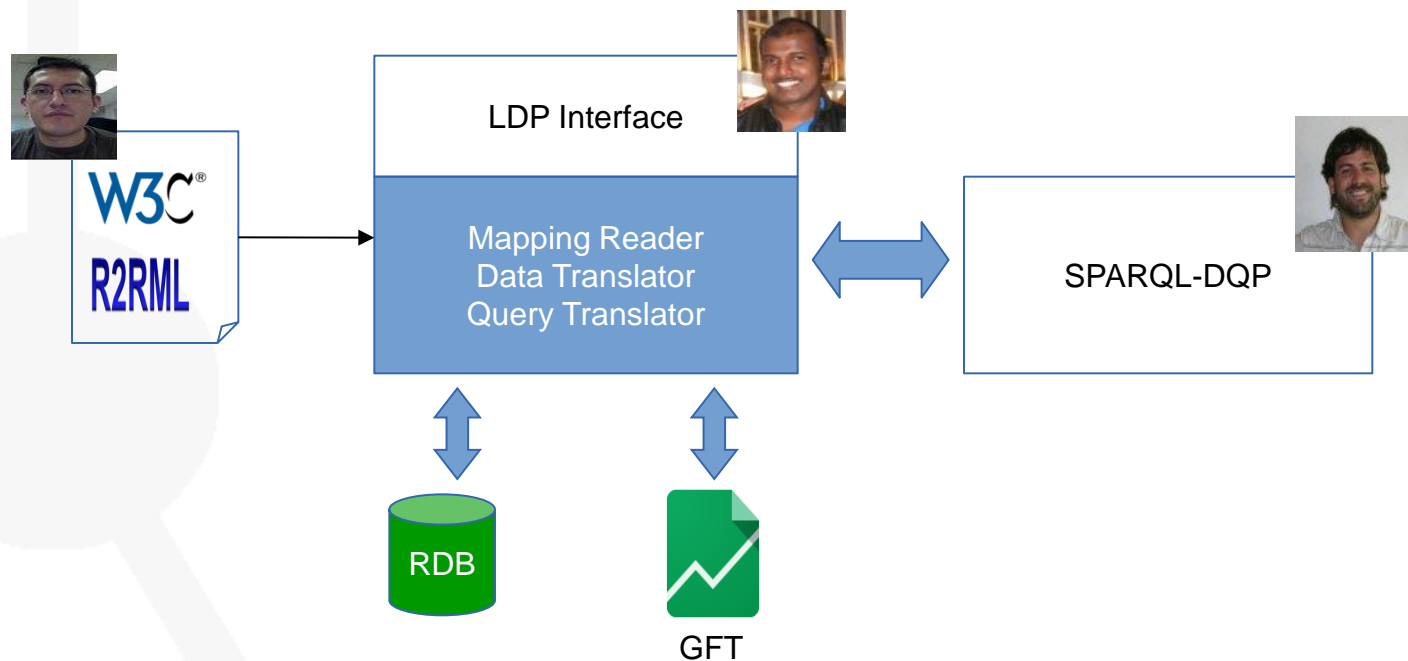
## Subquery Elimination

```
SELECT DISTINCT p1.nr AS pr, p1.label AS productLabel,
p2.comment AS productComment, p3.producer AS productProducer
FROM product p1, product p2, product p3
WHERE p1.nr = p2.nr AND p2.nr = p3.nr
AND p1.nr IS NOT NULL AND p2.nr IS NOT NULL
AND p3.nr IS NOT NULL AND p1.label IS NOT NULL
AND p2.comment IS NOT NULL AND p3.producer IS NOT NULL
```

## Both

```
SELECT DISTINCT p.nr AS pr, p.label AS productLabel,
p.comment AS productComment, p.producer AS productProducer
FROM product p
WHERE p.nr IS NOT NULL AND p.label IS NOT NULL
AND p.comment IS NOT NULL AND p.producer IS NOT NULL
```

- Morph: R2RML Engine
  - <https://github.com/fpriyatna/morph>



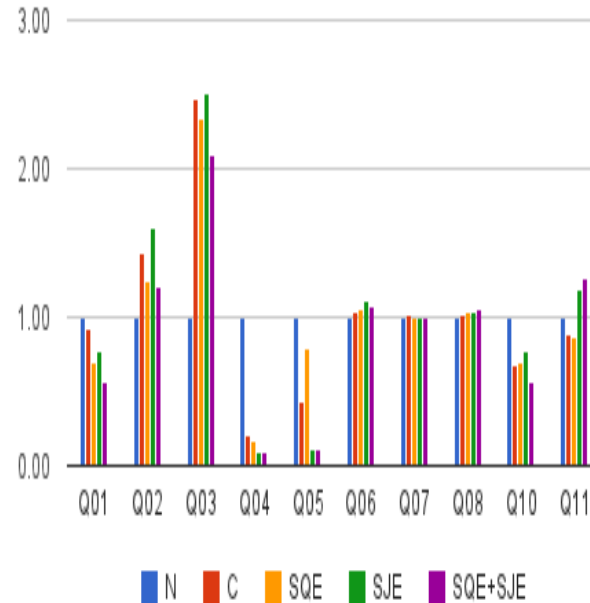
- Synthetic benchmark
  - BSBM (Ecommerce)

- Three Spanish/EU projects
  - BizkaiSense (Enviromental)
  - Repener (Energy)
  - Integrate (Clinical)



# Evaluation: Synthetic Benchmark

- Diverse type of operators/patterns
- Diverse type of solution modifiers
- Combination between low/high selectivity
- 100 millions triples
- 10 SELECT queries
  - Native (N)
  - Naive (C)
  - Subquery Elimination (SQE)
  - Selfjoin Elimination (SJE)
  - SQE+SJE
- 20 run for each query



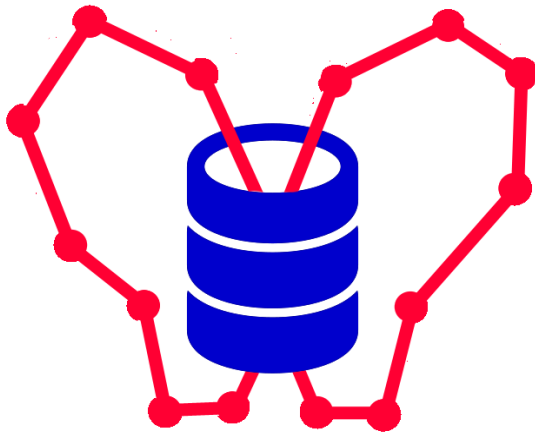
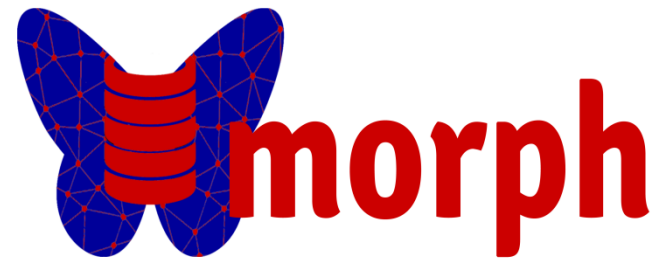
- Similar performance for queries types (N, C, SQE, SJE, SQE+SJE) for most queries
  - Non-correlated subquery elimination
  - Joins over indexes columns
- Q04
  - N: correlated subquery
  - Others: joins
- Q05
  - Join order
- Native queries should have been better optimized

# Evaluation: Real Cases

Project Name	Typical Queries	Result	Observation																																				
BizkaiSense	<p>Q01: observations coming from a particular weather or air quality station</p> <p>Q03: the average measures by property for a given week</p> <p>Q05: the maximum measure in all the stations for each property in a given day</p>	<table border="1"><caption>BizkaiSense Query Execution Times (Estimated)</caption><thead><tr><th>Query</th><th>D2R</th><th>Morph</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Q01 - Limit 100</td><td>0.5</td><td>0.5</td></tr><tr><td>Q01 - Limit 1000</td><td>1.5</td><td>1.5</td></tr><tr><td>Q01 - Limit 10000</td><td>15.0</td><td>15.0</td></tr><tr><td>Q02 - Limit 100</td><td>0.5</td><td>0.5</td></tr><tr><td>Q02 - Limit 1000</td><td>1.5</td><td>1.5</td></tr><tr><td>Q02 - Limit 10000</td><td>15.0</td><td>15.0</td></tr><tr><td>Q03</td><td>3.0</td><td>3.0</td></tr><tr><td>Q04</td><td>53.1</td><td>1.0</td></tr><tr><td>Q05</td><td>1.0</td><td>13.0</td></tr><tr><td>Q06</td><td>1.0</td><td>16.0</td></tr><tr><td>Q07</td><td>1.0</td><td>1.0</td></tr></tbody></table>	Query	D2R	Morph	Q01 - Limit 100	0.5	0.5	Q01 - Limit 1000	1.5	1.5	Q01 - Limit 10000	15.0	15.0	Q02 - Limit 100	0.5	0.5	Q02 - Limit 1000	1.5	1.5	Q02 - Limit 10000	15.0	15.0	Q03	3.0	3.0	Q04	53.1	1.0	Q05	1.0	13.0	Q06	1.0	16.0	Q07	1.0	1.0	Morph queries takes less time Q3, Q5, Q7 by D2R queries are not able to be evaluated
Query	D2R	Morph																																					
Q01 - Limit 100	0.5	0.5																																					
Q01 - Limit 1000	1.5	1.5																																					
Q01 - Limit 10000	15.0	15.0																																					
Q02 - Limit 100	0.5	0.5																																					
Q02 - Limit 1000	1.5	1.5																																					
Q02 - Limit 10000	15.0	15.0																																					
Q03	3.0	3.0																																					
Q04	53.1	1.0																																					
Q05	1.0	13.0																																					
Q06	1.0	16.0																																					
Q07	1.0	1.0																																					
RÉPENER	<p>Q01: buildings and their climatezone and building life cycle phase</p> <p>Q02: all buildings and their climatezone, building life cycle phase, and conditioned floor area.</p>	<table border="1"><caption>RÉPENER Query Execution Times (Estimated)</caption><thead><tr><th>Query</th><th>D2R</th><th>Morph</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Q01</td><td>22.0</td><td>5.0</td></tr><tr><td>Q02</td><td>28.0</td><td>10.0</td></tr></tbody></table>	Query	D2R	Morph	Q01	22.0	5.0	Q02	28.0	10.0	Morph queries are 2-3x faster																											
Query	D2R	Morph																																					
Q01	22.0	5.0																																					
Q02	28.0	10.0																																					
Integrate	<p>Q01/Q02/Q03 are similarly structured, with a code that specifies whether to obtain tumor size, tumor stage, or pregnant women.</p> <p>Q04 obtains multiple participants who have been treated with Antracyclines</p> <p>Q05 obtains demographic information (people that are older than 30 years old)</p> <p>Q06 obtains images and information that a diagnosis is based on</p>	<table border="1"><caption>Integrate Query Execution Times (Estimated)</caption><thead><tr><th>Query</th><th>D2R</th><th>Morph</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Q01</td><td>0.070</td><td>0.070</td></tr><tr><td>Q02</td><td>0.070</td><td>0.070</td></tr><tr><td>Q03</td><td>0.070</td><td>0.070</td></tr><tr><td>Q04</td><td>0.090</td><td>0.075</td></tr><tr><td>Q05</td><td>0.055</td><td>0.050</td></tr><tr><td>Q06</td><td>6.83</td><td>0.060</td></tr></tbody></table>	Query	D2R	Morph	Q01	0.070	0.070	Q02	0.070	0.070	Q03	0.070	0.070	Q04	0.090	0.075	Q05	0.055	0.050	Q06	6.83	0.060	Too many joined-tables error message for D2R Q01/Q02/Q30 Similar performance of Morph and D2R for Q04 and Q05 Significantly faster for Morph Q06 vs D2R Q06															
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Employing Semantics Query Optimizations for exploiting more indexes  
Making our implementation via Web Service







# Formalization and Experiences of R2RML-based SPARQL to SQL query translation using Morph

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