



# SparqlDQP

## Stay at EPCC & NeSC

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- Introduction
- OGSA-DAI & OGSA-DQP
- SparqlDQP
- Future work
- Way of working at
  - EPCC
  - NeSC
- Conclusions

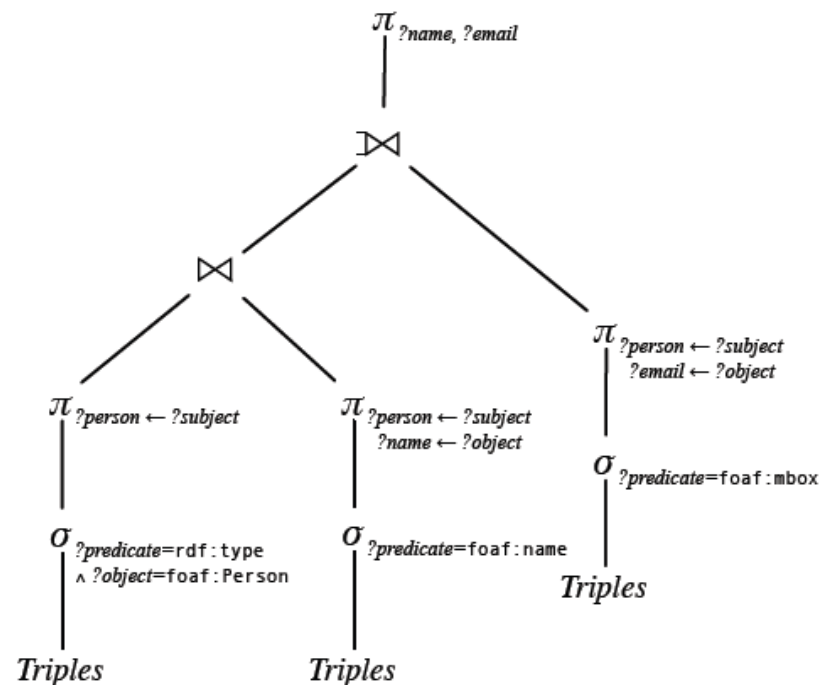
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- Can RDB2RDF Tools Feasibly Expose Large Science Archives for Data Integration?, ESWC 2009
  - No, among other reasons there is no research in Sparql Query Optimisation (authors dixit)
- Currently there are only a few approaches to federate SPARQL queries
  - Networked Graphs (Staab WWW2008)
  - Executing SPARQL Queries over the Web of Linked Data (Hartig, Bizer, Freytag, ISWC09)
  - DARQ (2006)
  - SemWIQ (Langegger, iiWAS2008)
- Problems from the previous approaches
  - They implement a basic system for optimising Sparql queries
  - They do not take into account blank nodes

- Proposal: use existing techniques for SQL query optimisation in SPARQL
- Why?
  - A relational algebra for SPARQL, Richard Cyganiak (2005)
  - The expressive power of SPARQL, Renzo Angles and Claudio Gutierrez (2008)

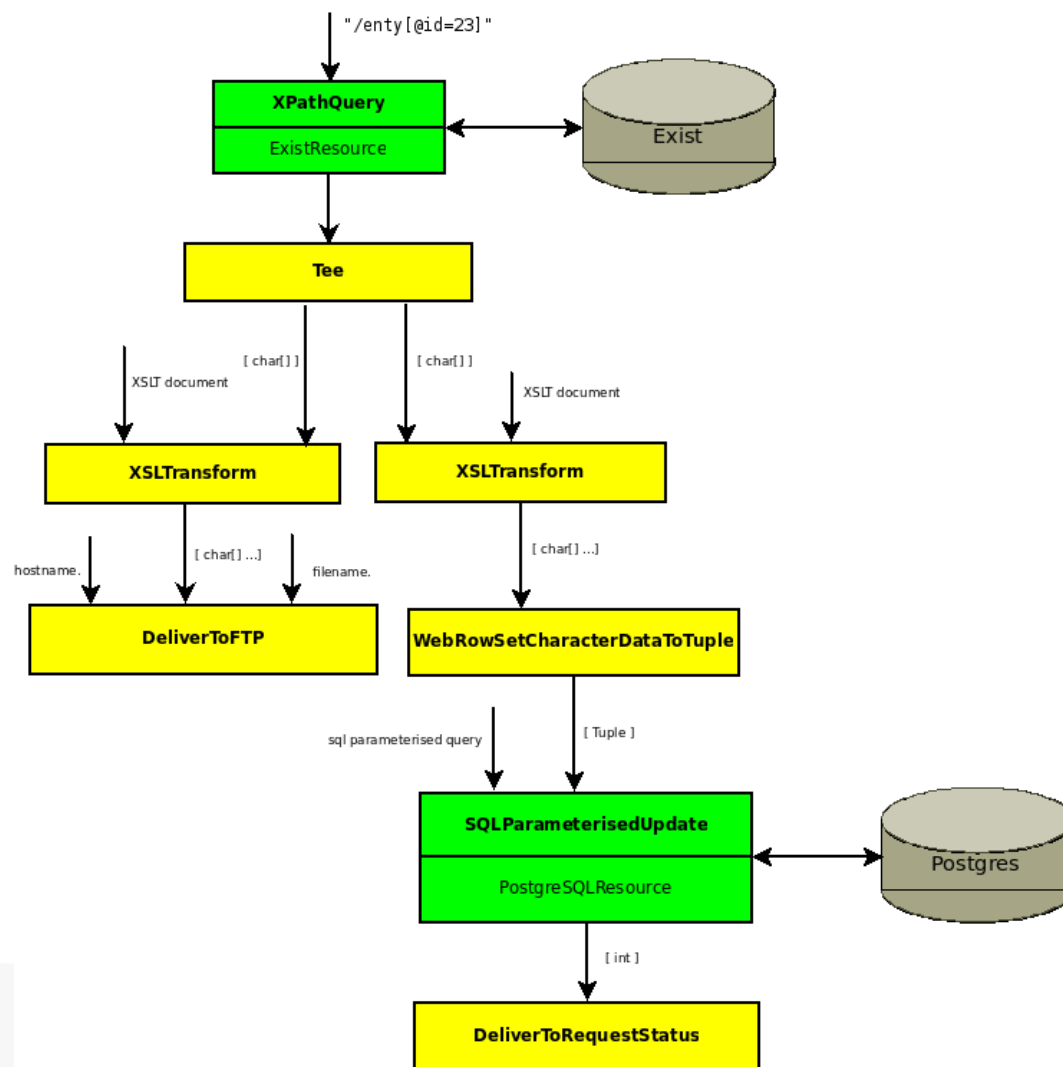
```

SELECT ?name ?email
WHERE {
  ?person rdf:type foaf:Person .
  ?person foaf:name ?name .
  OPTIONAL { ?person foaf:mbox ?email }
}
    
```



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- SparqlDQP
- Reasoning Web Summer School
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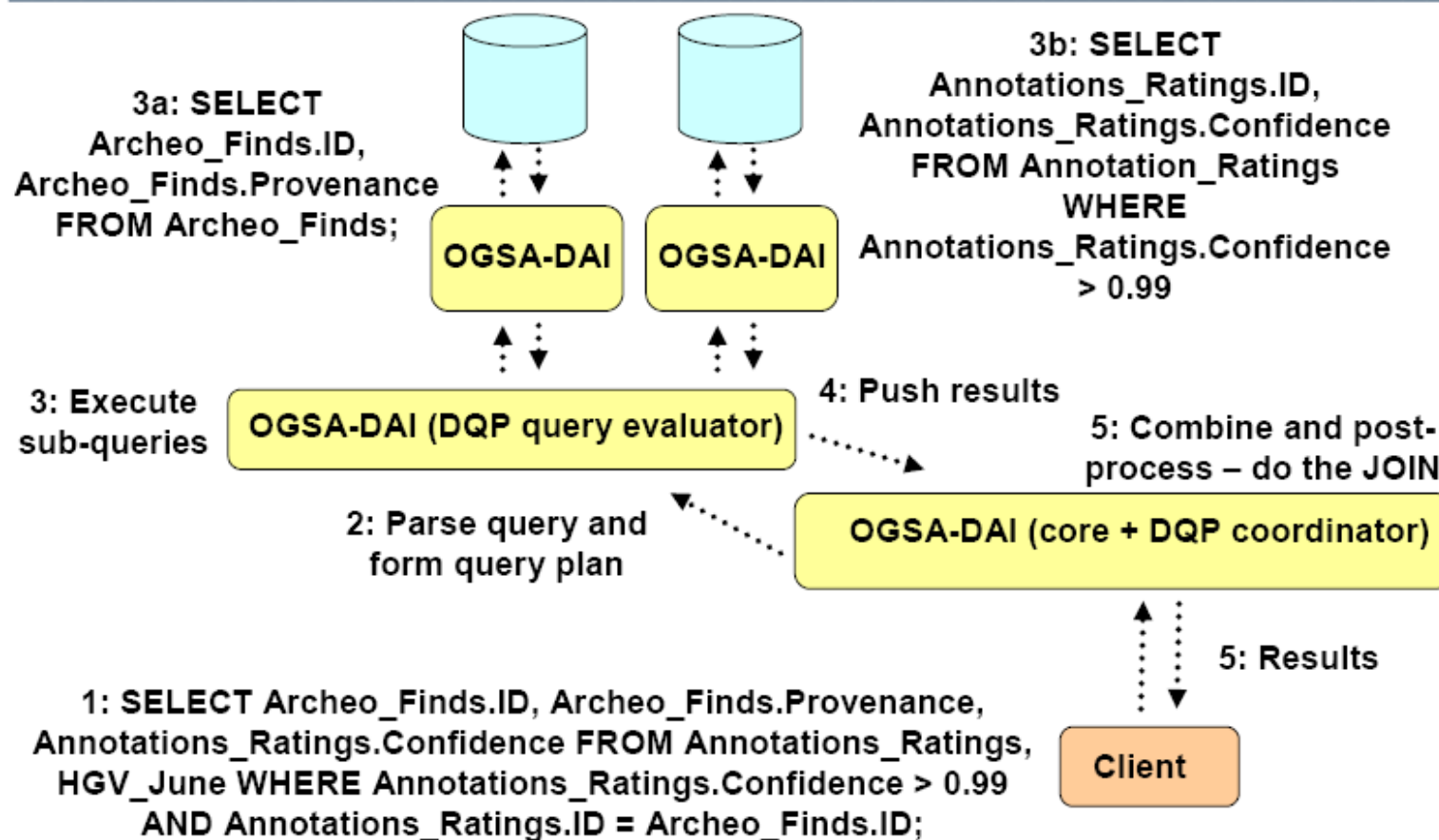
- OGSA-DAI is
  - An extensible framework that allows to
  - Access, integrate, transform and deliver
  - Distributed and heterogeneous sources of data
  - Implements part of the WS-DAI specification
- OGSA-DAI key elements are
  - Resources (Data Resource)
  - Activities (=operations or named unit of functionality)
  - Workflows (=composition of activities)
    - Pipeline workflow (A set of chained activities executed in parallel with data flowing between the activities)
    - Sequence workflow
    - Parallel workflow
- OGSA-DAI provides indirect access to data resources



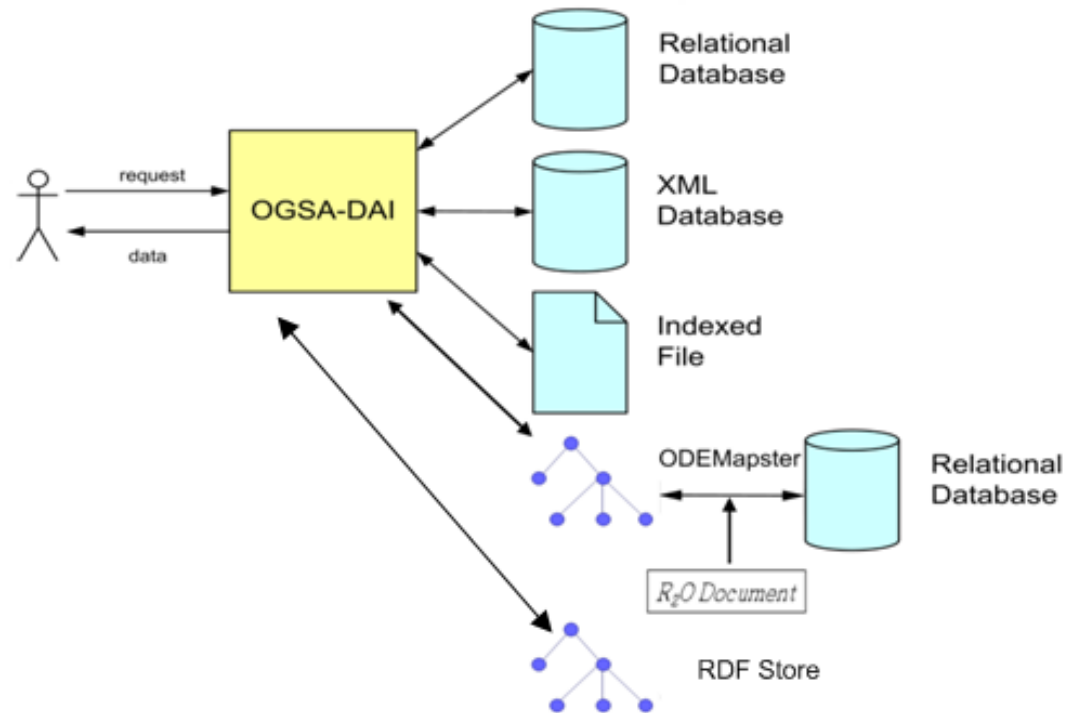


- OGSA-DQP
  - Developed by Universities of Manchester and Newcastle
  - Refactored for OGSA-DAI 3.0 by EPCC as part of the NextGrid project OGSA-DAI DQP package
- Multiple tables on multiple databases are exposed to clients as multiple tables in one “virtual database”
- Clients are unaware of the multiple databases
- Databases can be exposed
  - EITHER within one OGSA-DAI server
  - OR via multiple remote OGSA-DAI servers

## OGSA-DAI DQP



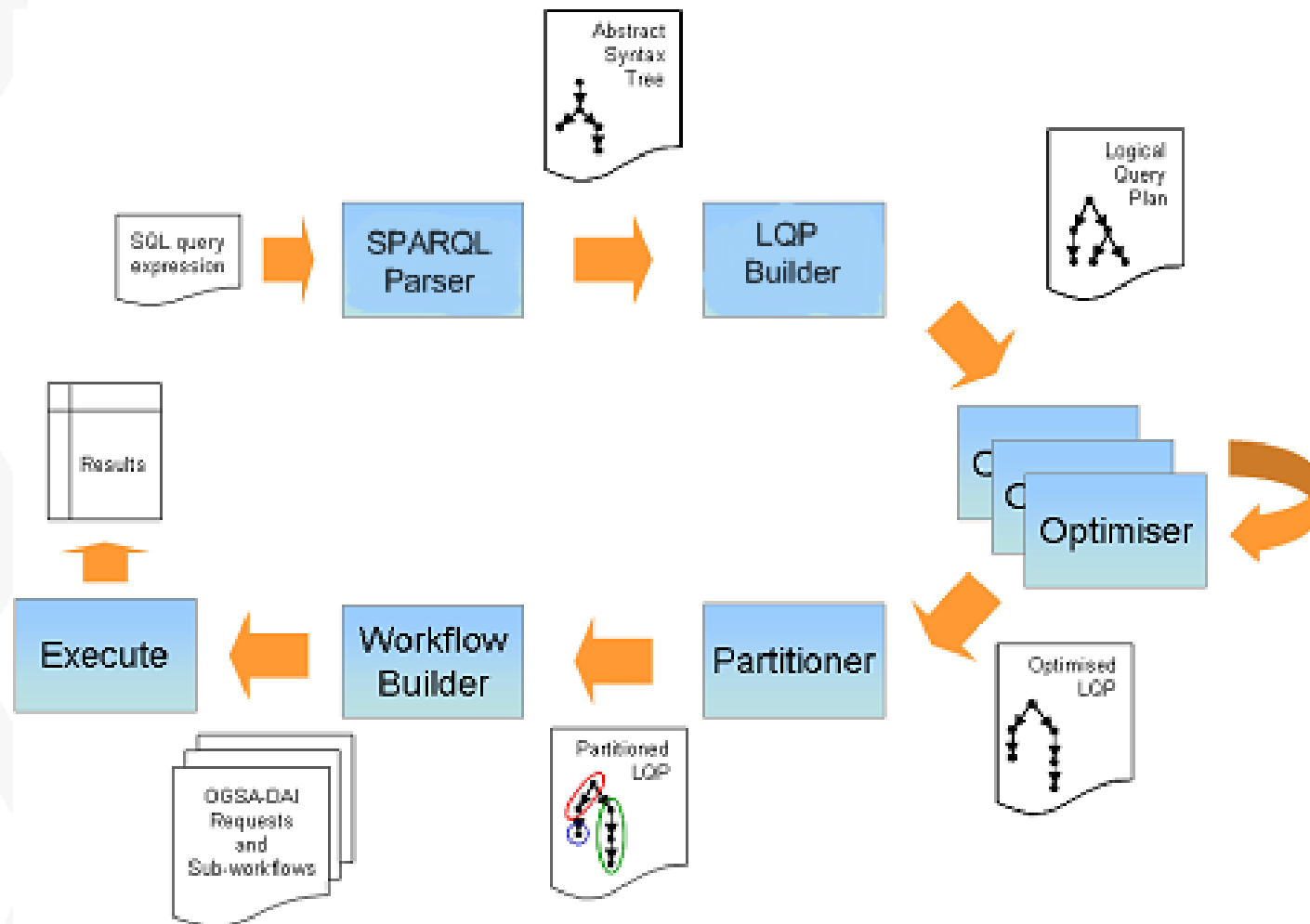
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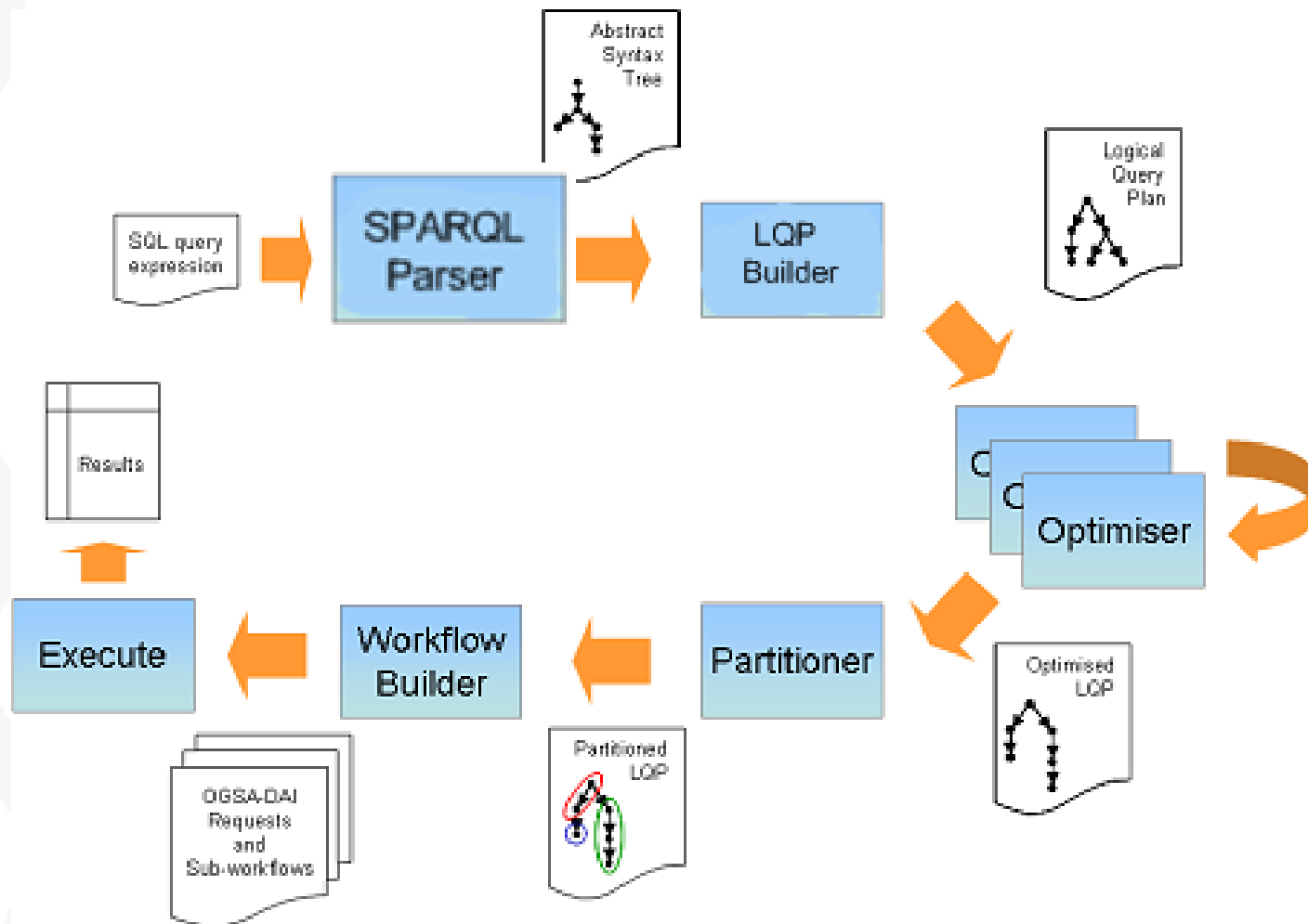
- Proposal:
  - Extend OGSA-DQP with a new query language: SPARQL
  - SPARQL is “similar” to SQL
    - Both have the same expressive power
    - It is possible to use DQP operators for SPARQL
  - Current status: optimising simple SPARQL queries

```
PREFIX p: <http://dbpedia.org/property/>
SELECT ?dbpediaResource.player ?RDFResource.club
FROM dbpediaResource: <http://dbpedia.org/sparql/>
FROM RDFResource: <http://dbpedia.org/sparql/>
WHERE{
    ?dbpediaResource.player p:cityofbirth
    <http://dbpedia.org/resource/Stryn>.
    OPTIONAL {?RDFResource.player p:currentclub  ?RDFResource.club}}
```

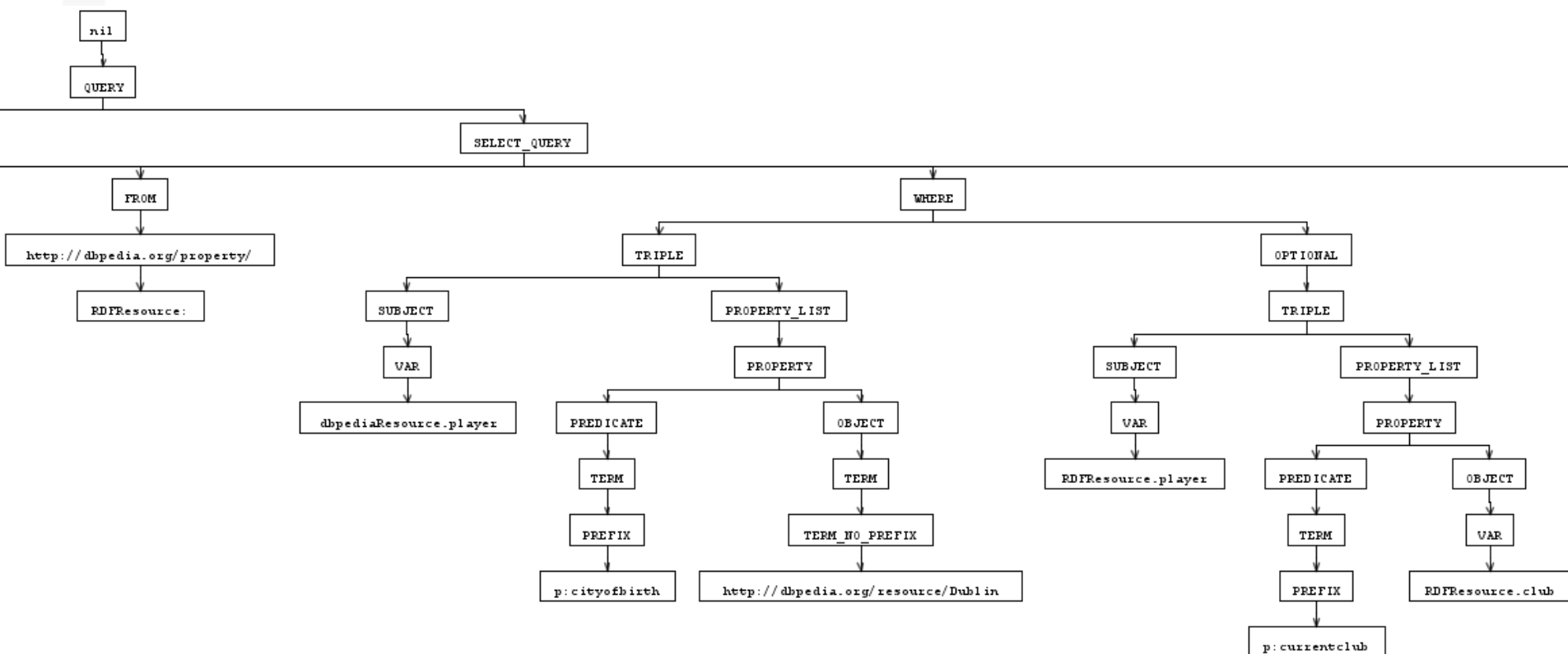
# SparqlIDQP workflow



# SparqlIDQP workflow

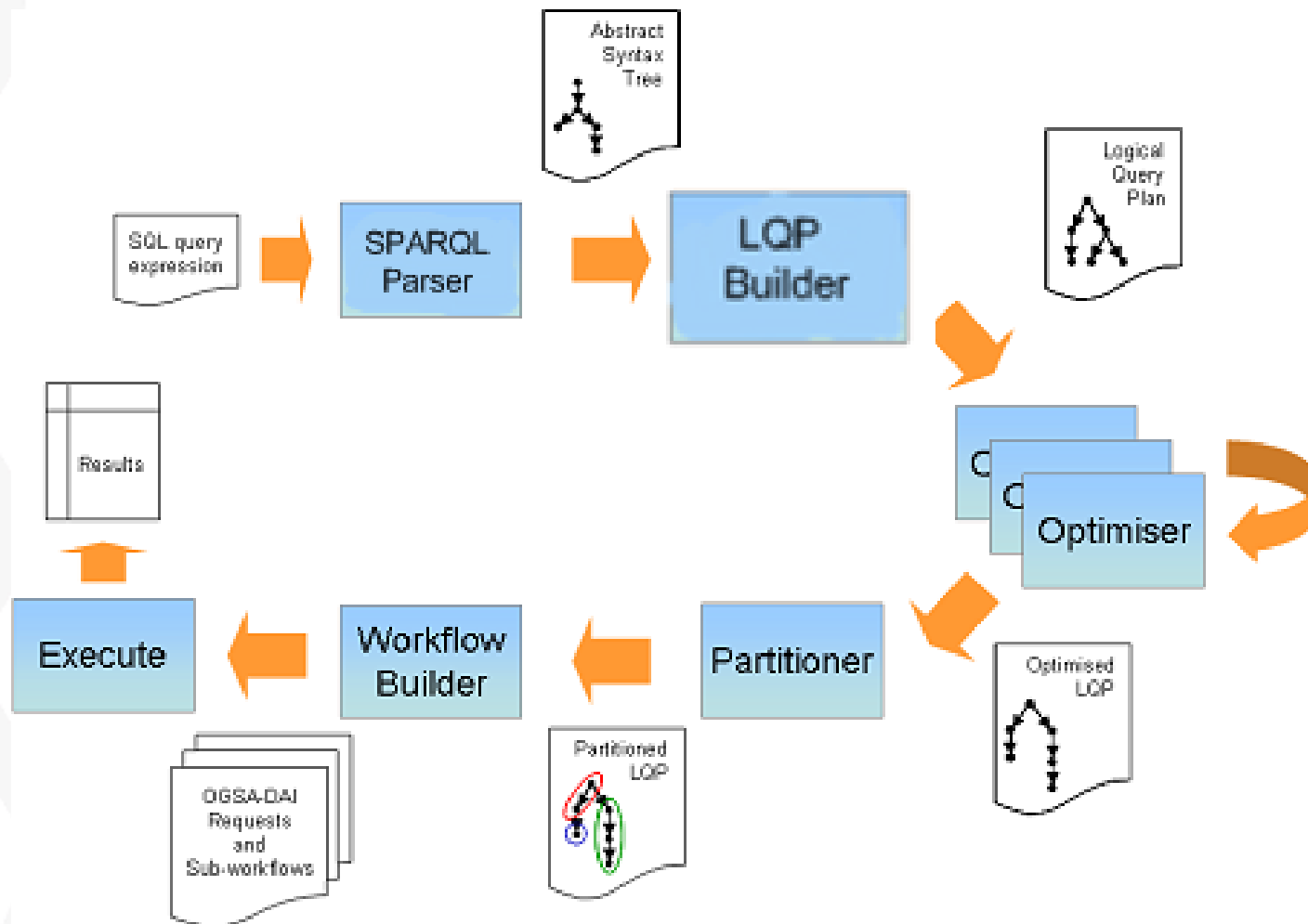


- Based on Sparql-g Grammar (which is based on the WWW Sparql recommendation)
- Use of Antlr to create an AST from the grammar

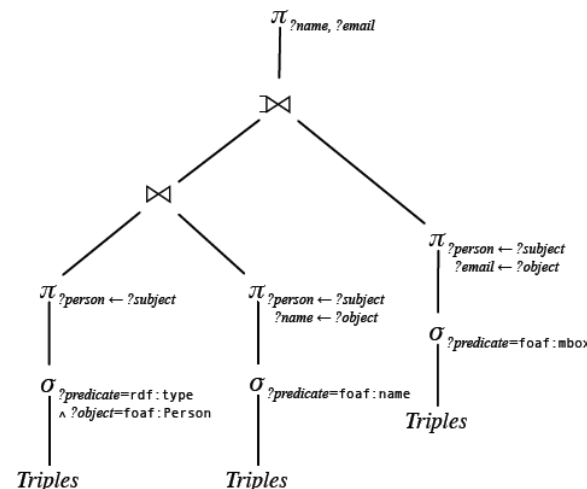




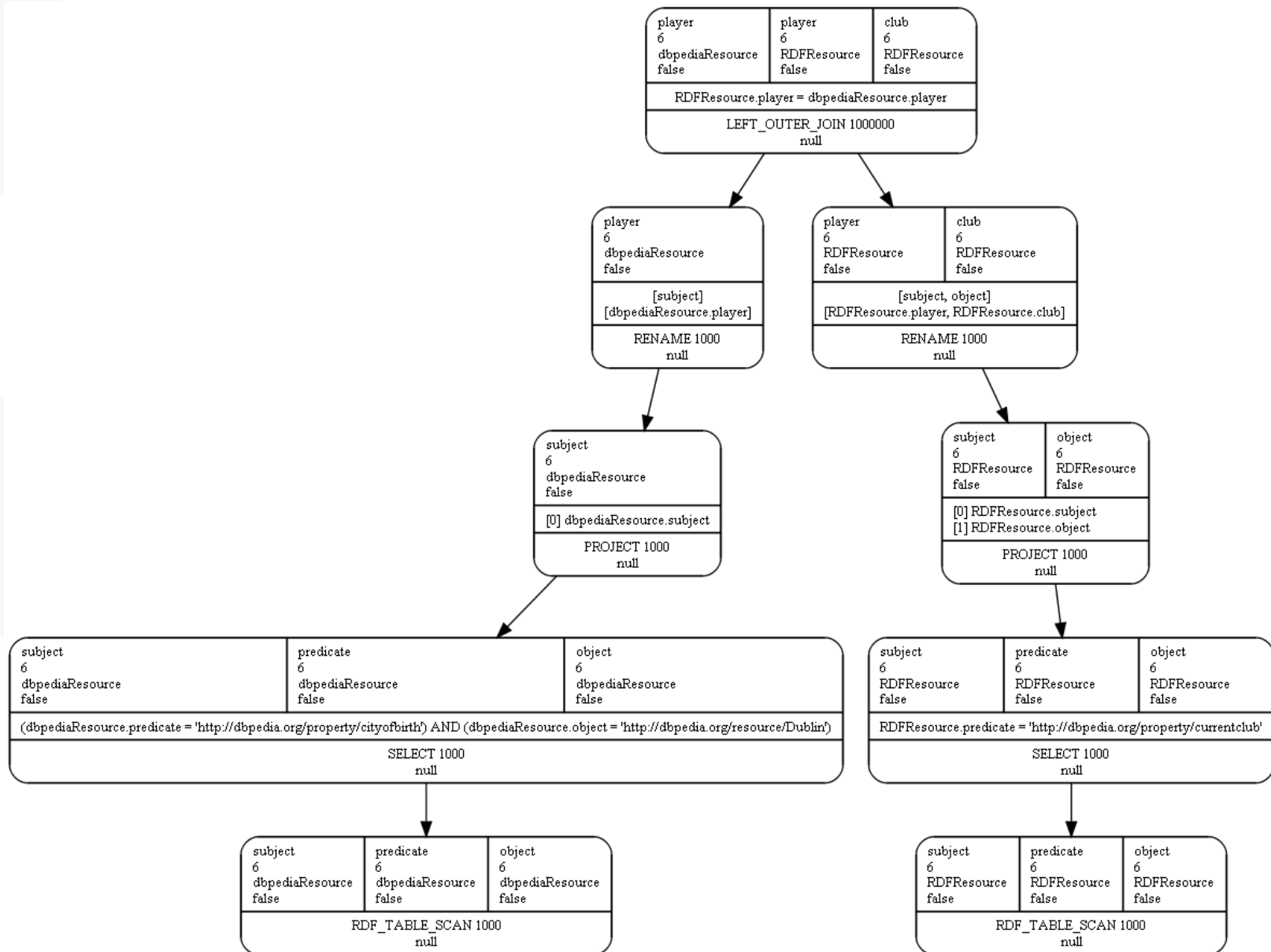
# SparqlIDQP workflow



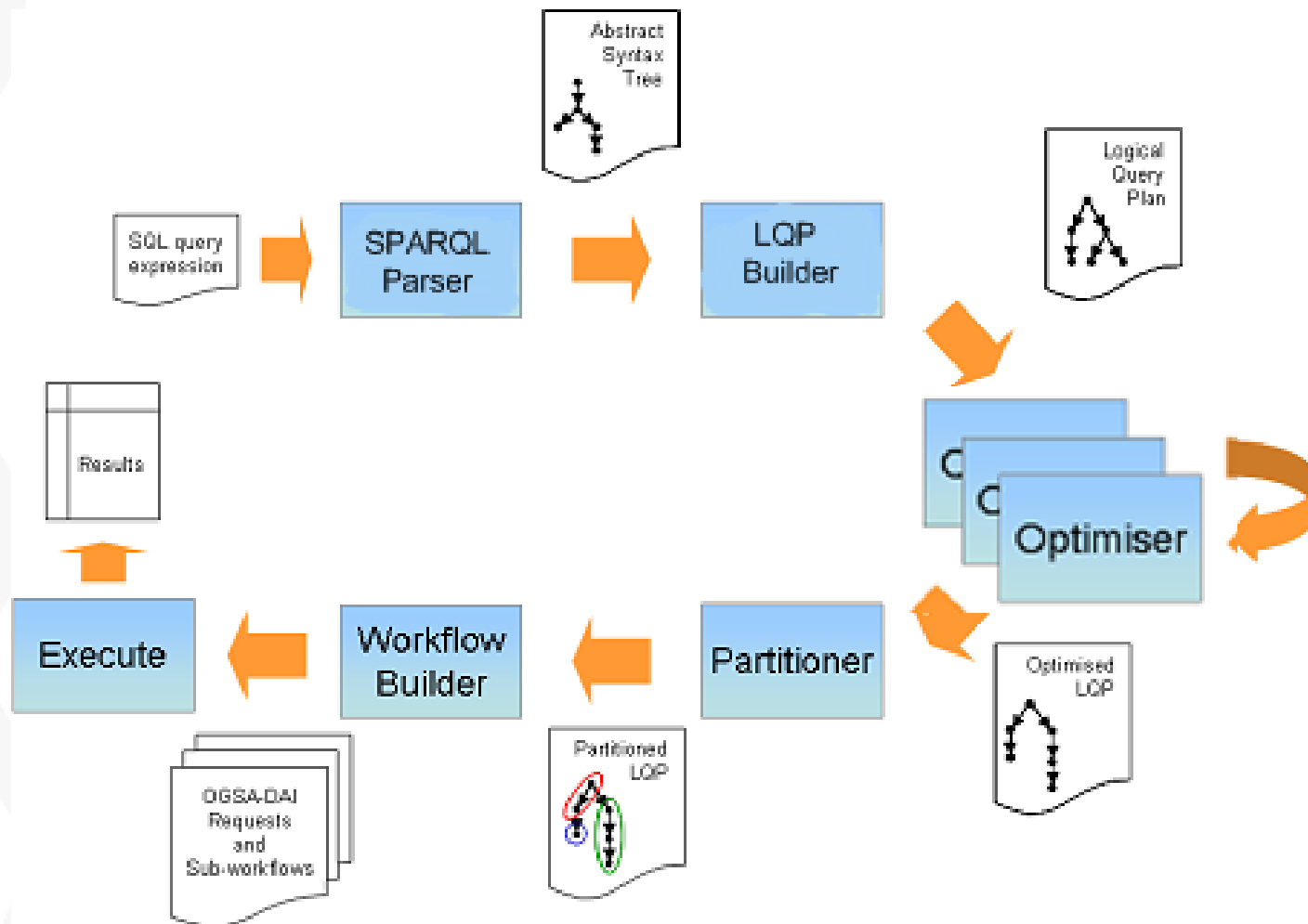
- The LQP builder crawls the AST and builds an LQP
- The Sparql LQP builder uses OGSA-DQP operators
  - RDF Table Scan Operator (not DQP)
  - DQP (SQL) Select Operator
  - DQP (SQL) Project Operator
  - DQP (SQL) Inner theta join (with an equality) for triple patterns
  - DQP (SQL) Left Outer Join for OPTIONAL



# Sparql LQP Builder Output

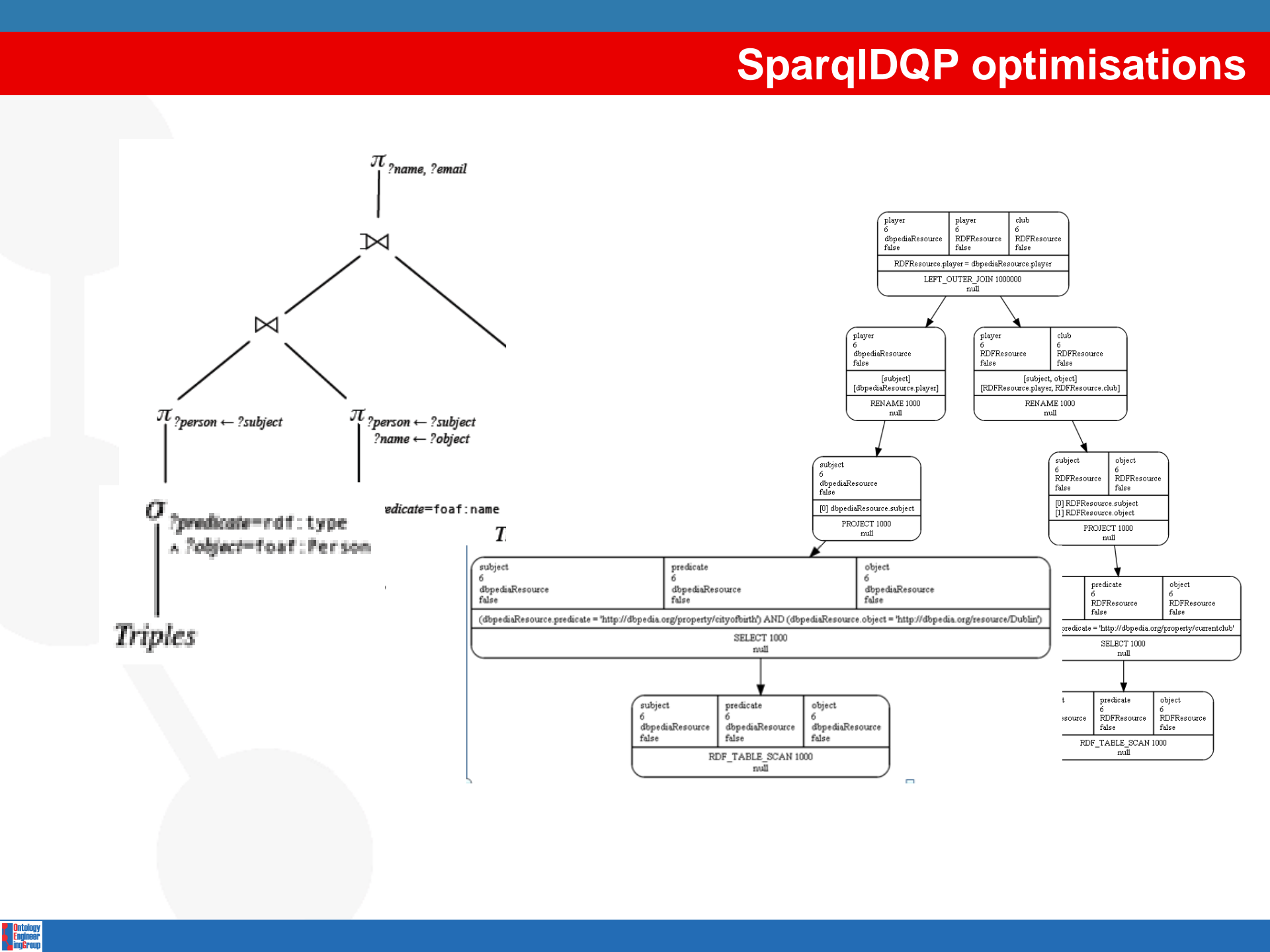
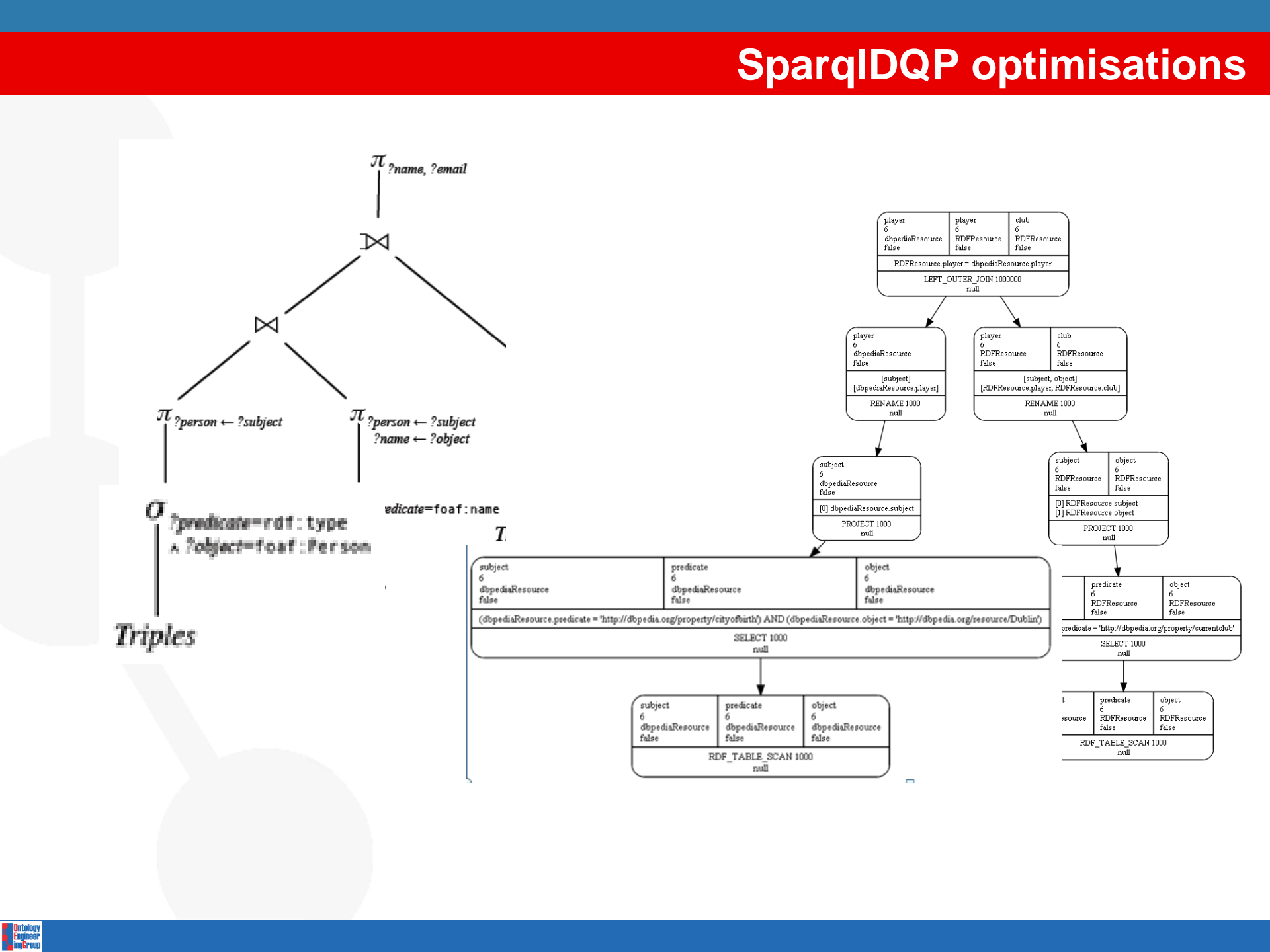


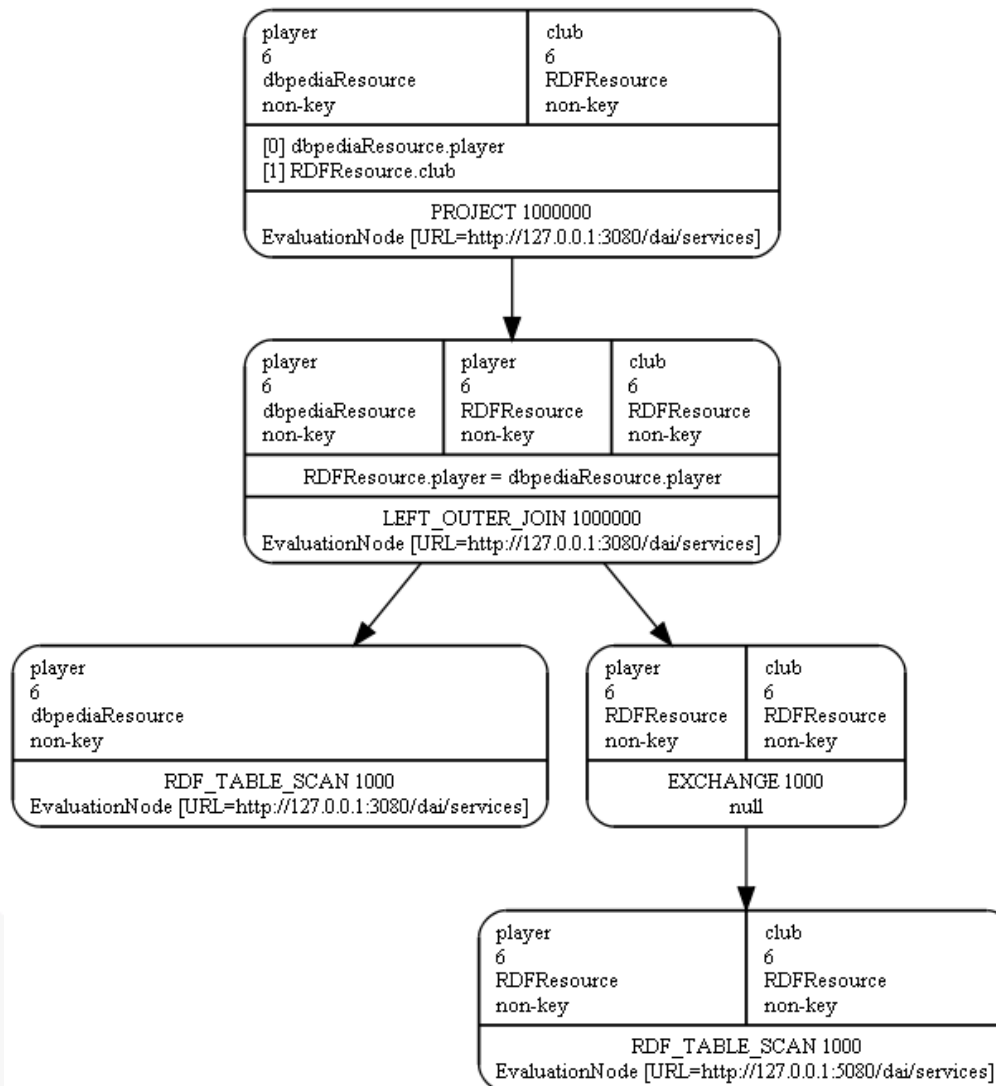
# SparqlIDQP workflow



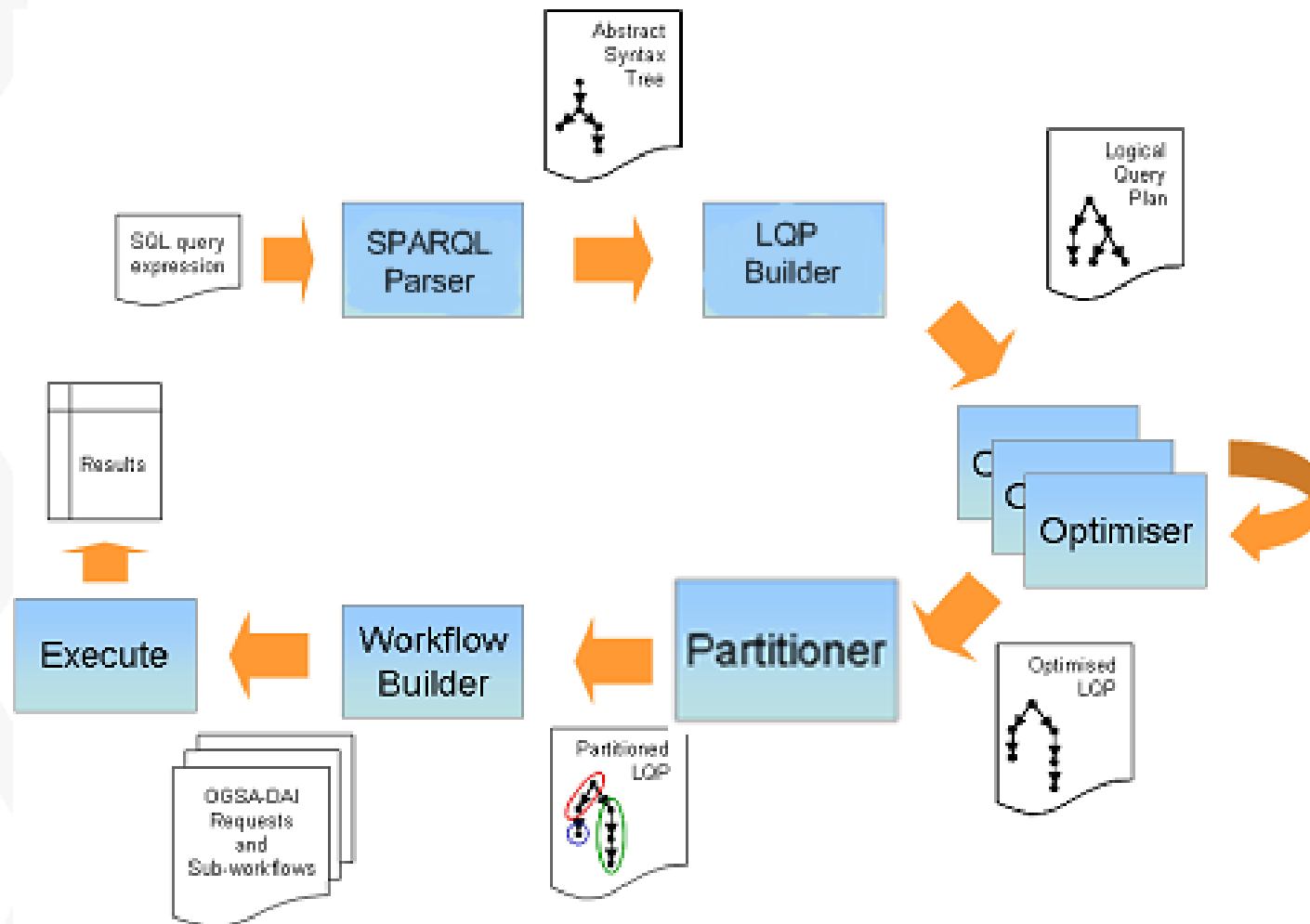
- Configuration file in which the existing optimisers are defined
  - Executed in a specific order
  - Currently running
    - Query normaliser
    - Partitioning Optimiser
    - RDF Table Scan implosion optimiser
- RDF Table Scan implosion optimiser
  - Merges the initial RDF scan, select and project

# SparqlDQP optimisations





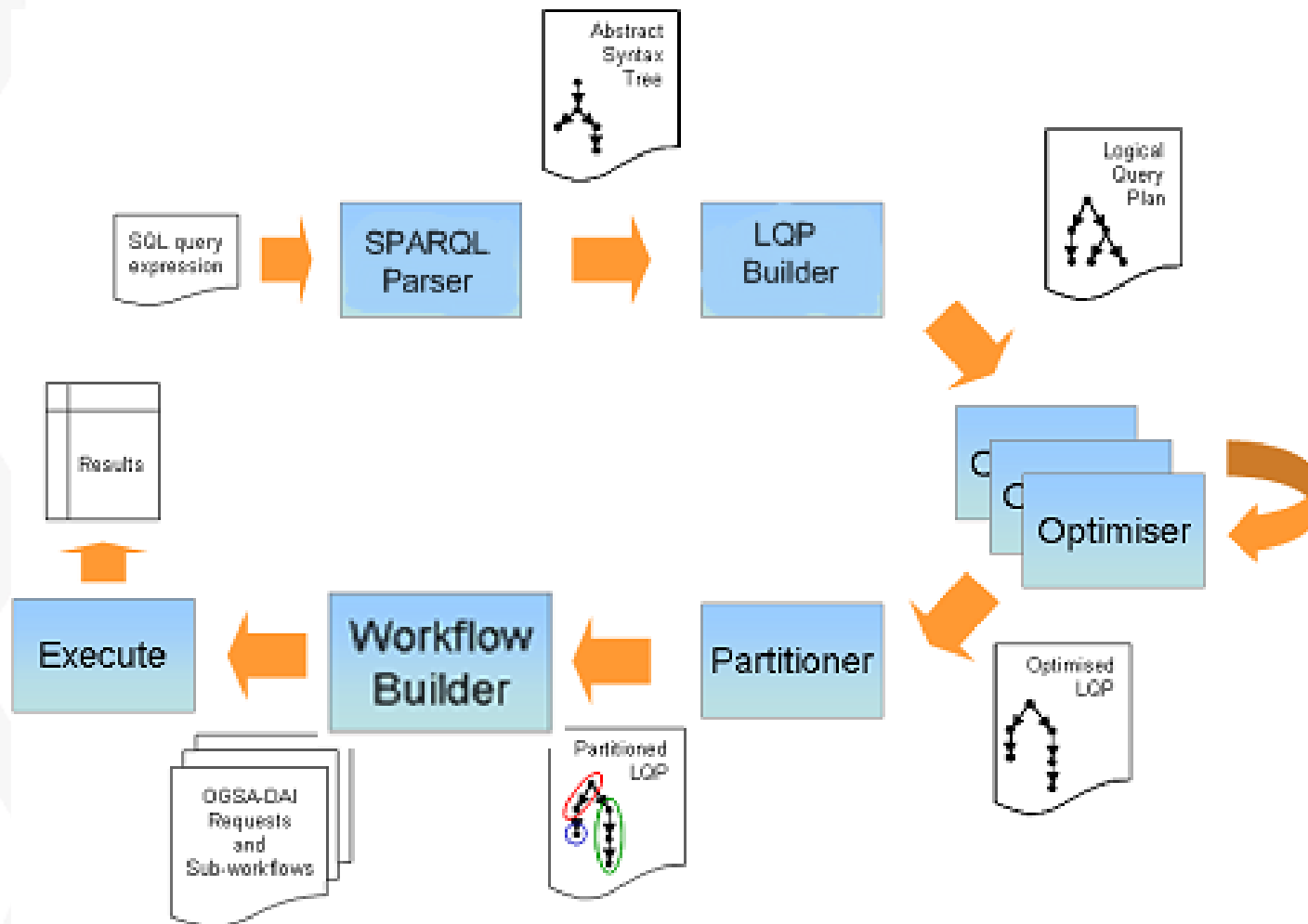
# SparqlIDQP workflow





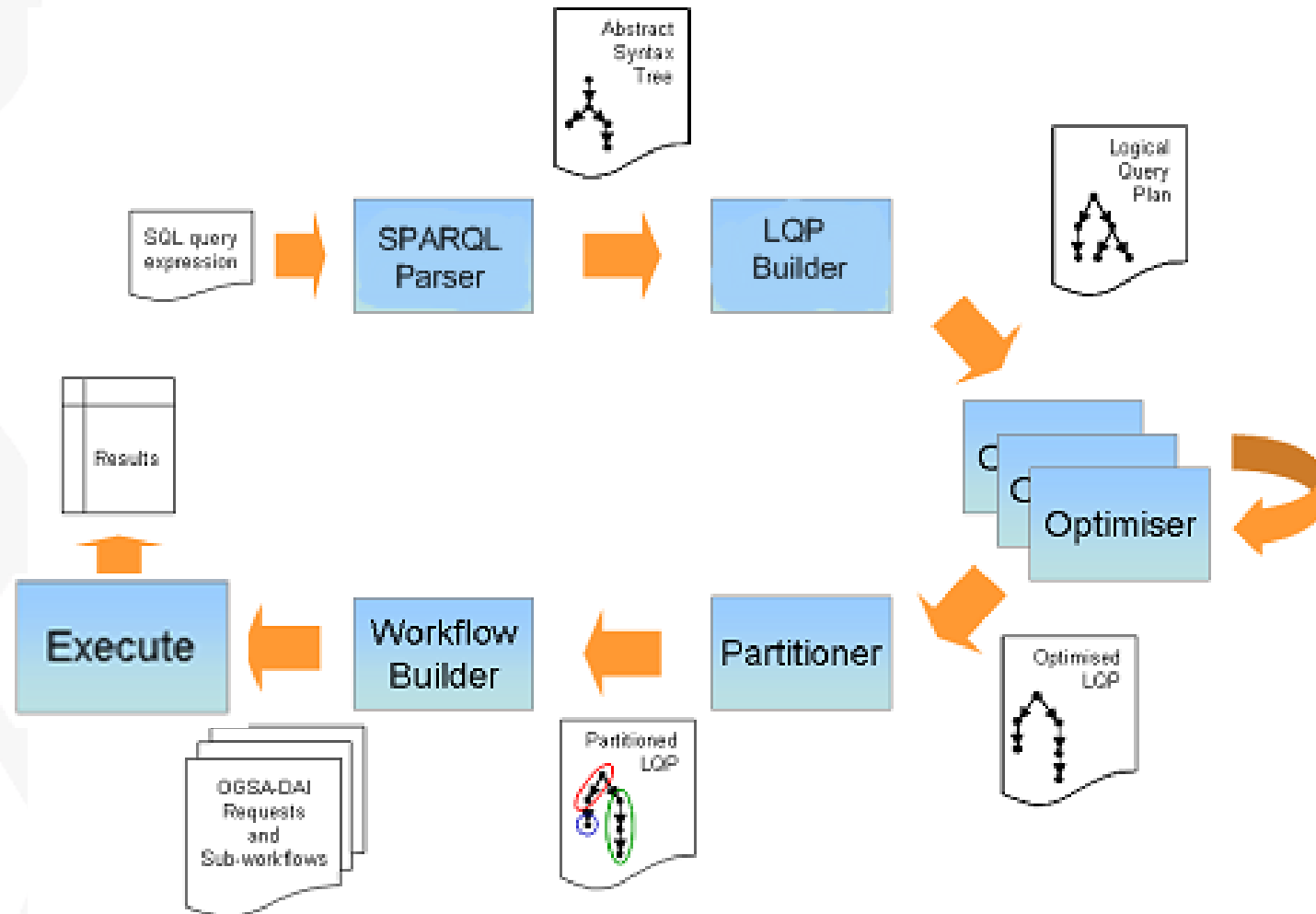
- Partitions the SparqlLQP in the available nodes
- OGSA-DQP knows all the nodes
  - IP
  - Resources in the node
  - The partitioner is included in the optimisers chain
- OGSA-DQP knowing the LQP and the nodes creates an execution plan which is distributed across these nodes
- Important:
  - OGSA-DQP for SQL has a dictionary with the SQL database statistics
  - For SPARQL there are missing key statistics for improving the optimisations

# SparqlIDQP workflow



- At this stage an executable workflow is created
  - It is created from the optimised LQP
- It uses the OGSA-DAI activity SQLQueryActivity
  - We do not modify anything from this activity
  - The Sparql LQP is sent to the SQL activity
  - And a workflow is created
  - This is possible because the RDF resource (which runs the final query) is totally integrated within OGSA-DAI & DQP
  - Result formats between activities accessing resources are the same
  - Possibility of creating data workflows combining RDF data and SQL data

# SparqlDQP execution



- Problems with the results retrieved from DBPedia: I do not get all of them, limited to a certain amount, solution on its way

(previous) query:

```
PREFIX p: <http://dbpedia.org/property/>
SELECT ?dbpediaResource.player ?RDFResource.club
FROM dbpediaResource: <http://dbpedia.org/property/>
FROM RDFResource: <http://dbpedia.org/property/>
WHERE{
    ?dbpediaResource.player p:cityofbirth
    <http://dbpedia.org/resource/Stryn>.
    OPTIONAL {?RDFResource.player p:currentclub ?RDFResource.club}}
```

Results:

player - club -

[http://dbpedia.org/resource/Jarle\\_Flo](http://dbpedia.org/resource/Jarle_Flo) - null -

[http://dbpedia.org/resource/H%C3%A5vard\\_Flo](http://dbpedia.org/resource/H%C3%A5vard_Flo) - null -

[http://dbpedia.org/resource/Tore\\_Andr%C3%A9\\_Flo](http://dbpedia.org/resource/Tore_Andr%C3%A9_Flo) - null -

[http://dbpedia.org/resource/Jostein\\_Flo](http://dbpedia.org/resource/Jostein_Flo) - Strømsgodset (director of football) -

[http://dbpedia.org/resource/Per\\_Egil\\_Flo](http://dbpedia.org/resource/Per_Egil_Flo) - null -

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- Improve the operators used by Sparql DQP
  - isURI
  - Regex
  - notBound
  - etc.
- Solve DBPedia problem
- Add statistics to SparqlDQP
- Use several RDF repositories
  - Currently only using DBPedia
  - Use Web services like <http://sameas.org/> to obtain and link several RDF repositories
- Complete the SPARQL grammar



- Study the semantics of Sparql to create new optimisers
- Create new optimisers based:
  - On SPARQL
  - How SQL optimisers work in SPARQL?
- Create data workflows using other OGSA-DAI resources
- Integrate in one single query queries to RDF stores and SQL DB?

- Solve problems with blank nodes
  - Example: query several foaf profiles
  - Blank nodes used as identifiers
  - Claudio Gutierrez's group is working in exactly this problem
  - Already contacted for information

```
PREFIX foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/>
SELECT ?person ?name ?mbox WHERE
{
  ?person foaf:name ?name .
  OPTIONAL { ?person foaf:mbox ?mbox}
}
```

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- EPCC (Edinburgh Parallel Computing Centre)
- Is a software production centre mainly
- OGSA-DAI example
  - The team is focused on a product
  - The leader of the team (Ally Hume) specifies a set of actions
  - The team executes the actions
  - Example: performance was poor in a specific type of query (median filter)
    - Yourkit4java for performance measures
    - Find the problem
    - Try to solve it
    - All the team (about 6 people working on that) was very united

- National eScience Centre
- More academic focused than EPCC
- Every week session on what papers are we going to publish, ideas, papers published and deadlines
- More research focused
  - Example: talking to people from different groups
  - EPCC focused on the poor performance of the automatic composition of data mining workflows in ADMIRE
    - There are going to be many problems there
  - NeSC focused on wow! We are getting nice results and we will publish them!

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- Created a OGSA-DAI resource for accessing RDF data
- Created a Sparql query processor
  - Which distributes and optimises queries
- Used equivalence with SQL operators
  - A complete set of test must be performed
- Found problems using blank nodes
- For optimising Sparql queries is mandatory to understand the semantics of Sparql
- Organisations: Two different ways of working
  - EPCC: production focused
  - NeSC: research/academic focused



# SparqlDQP

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5<sup>th</sup> November 2009



- Adapted SPARQL grammar for distributed SPARQL
  - `SELECT ?dbpedia.person FROM dbpedia WHERE {...}`
- Query plan similar to SQL query plans
  - SQL optimisations can be applied to them
- Current Optimisers
  - Query Normaliser
  - Partitioner
  - RDF Table Scan Implosion
- Automatic creation of data workflows
- Distribution across the OGSA-DAI nodes

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WHERE{
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    ?dbpediaResource.player p:countryofbirth <http://dbpedia.org/resource/Norway>
    OPTIONAL {?RDFResource.player p:currentclub ?RDFResource.club}}
```

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FROM RDFResource: <http://dbpedia.org/sparql>
WHERE{" +
    ?dbpediaResource.player p:cityofbirth <http://dbpedia.org/resource/Dublin>.
    OPTIONAL {?RDFResource.player p:currentclub ?RDFResource.club}}
```

- Software production Centre
  - Focused on a software product
  - High performance test