

# **O-DB-DOCKER**

Lab and Exercise Guide

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## 1 Preface

## 1.1 About O-DB-DOCKER

Oracle has long supported the use of Docker to install its products, including the latest versions of the Oracle database.

In theory, a simple "docker run" instantiates a corresponding container from a docker image. But why isn't the database container ready in a few seconds?? Where does Oracle Database Image come from and what happens if the container is stopped again? The functional scope as well as the size of the Oracle database container presuppose that one or the other thoughts about the use and operation are made in advance. This includes topics such as data persistence, licensing and other operational aspects.

With a focus on the current versions of Oracle Database and Oracle Unified Directory the following topics will be discussed:

- Docker overview with focus on images, containers and volumes.
- Structure of Oracle Docker Images
- Operating an Oracle Docker Database Container
- Various use cases for Oracle database docker containers such as Oracle Enterprise, User Security, Test and Engineering databases, Migration and more.
- Other topics such as high availability, backup & recovery and licensing.

Within the scope of this training, basics and extended know-how in the area of Oracle database and Docker will be elaborated. The theory will be accompanied by demos and practical exercises.

#### 1.2 Disclaim

This guide has been created with utmost care, but does not claim to be complete. It was compiled as part of the preparation for the O-DB-DOCKER workshop. The author assumes no responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and timeliness of the content. The use of the available content is at your own risk.

#### 1.3 Document information

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## 1.4 Revision History

Version	Date	Visa	Comment
0.1	2019.10.12	soe	Initial release O-DB-DOCKER workshop
0.2	2019.10.17		Add Lab requirements
0.3 - 0.8	2019.11.10		Add initial version of Lab exercises
1.0			First official release of O-DB-DOCKER workshop

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact us via stefan.oehrli@trivadis.co m.

## 2 Workshop Introduction

## 2.1 Requirements Workshop Environment

During the workshop O-DB-DOCKER Oracle-Databases in Docker-Containers there will be the possibility to explore different topics with practical examples. Each participant will be provided with a compute node in the Oracle Cloud for the duration of the O-DB-DOCKER training. Alternatively, participants can perform the exercises in their own local VM or Docker environment. Participants are free to choose which environment they want to use for the workshop. Although the setup of the local VM respectively local Docker environment is not part of the workshop itself. The following summary gives a short overview of the different requirements for the three workshop environments.

Detailed information on the workshop environment, documents, instructions etc. are available prior to the training via DOAG2019 O-DB-DOCKER.

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## 2.2 Skills and Knowledge

The different exercises of the workshop allow a step-by-step introduction to the topic Oracle databases in Docker containers. The following knowledge of the participants is recommended:

- Oracle database basics like installation, configuration and basic database administration
- Docker basics (see also Get Started, Part 1: Orientation and setup)
- Practical experience with shell scripts, SSH and the command line.

## 2.3 Compute Node in the Oracle Cloud

The Compute Node in the Oracle Cloud will be specially prepared for this workshop and will be available for practical work for the duration of the training. Each compute node is configured as follows:

- Host name: oI7dockerXX.trivadislabs.com (See host overview provided by the teacher.)
- Internal IP address: 10.0.0.2
- External IP address: See host overview provided by the teacher.
- VM shape: VM.Standard2.2
  - CPU: 2.0 GHz Intel® Xeon® Platinum 8167M (2 Cores)
  - Memory: 30GBDisk: ca 256GB
- Software:
  - Oracle Enterprise Linux 7.7
  - Docker Engine / Community Edition
  - Predefined Docker Images
  - Miscellaneous Oracle binaries and Git client

The following figure gives an overview of the OCI compute instance and access via SSH. Detailed installation and configuration guide can be found in Appendix A.

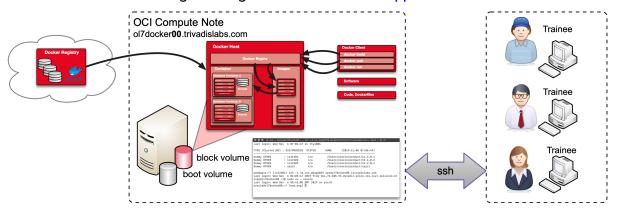


Figure. 1: OCI Compute Instance Architecture



Access to the compute nodes is exclusively via SSH and Private Keys. Workshop participants must ensure that they meet the following requirements:

- SSH client for remote access, e.g. Putty, MobaXterm or similar.
- SCP Client to copy files remotely, e.g. WinSCP, Putty or similar.
- Text editor for customizing / developing docker files, scripts etc. e.g. MS Visual Studio Code, UltraEdit, Notepad++ or similar
- It must also be ensured that access to a public IP address or host name is possible via an SSH key.

The following optional points are recommended:

 GitHub account to access and download the source code. Simple download does not require an account.

## 2.4 Local Vagrant VM

As with compute nodes, all exercises can be performed directly in a Local VM. Appropriate vagrant scripts for building a VM are available in the Git Repository oehrlis/o-db-docker. The following requirements must be met in order to set up this VM with Vagrant:

- Virtualbox
- Vagrant
- Local clone of the Git repository oehrlis/o-db-docker
- Oracle Binaries for Oracle 19c and current RU.
- Sufficient hard disk space for the VM and the Docker Images approx. 50GB
- If necessary, additional tools to access and work with the VM, e.g. SSH client, text editor, etc.

Setting up a local VM is not part of the workshop. Participants who wish to work with a VM must configure it in advance. Detailed installation and configuration guide can be found in Appendix B.

#### 2.5 Local Docker Environment

As a third option, the exercises can also be performed in a local docker environment. This is especially useful for working on Linux or MacOS notebooks. In order to perform the workshop locally, the following requirements must be met:

- Installing the Docker Community Edition. See also About Docker Community
- Local clone of the Git repository oehrlis/o-db-docker and oracle/docker-images)
- Oracle Binaries for Oracle 19c and current RU.
- Sufficient hard disk space for the VM and the Docker Images approx. 50GB

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 If necessary, additional tools to access and work with the VM, e.g. SSH client, text editor, git client etc.

Building a local Docker environment is not part of the workshop. Participants who wish to work with a local Docker installation must configure it in advance. detailed installation and configuration guide can be found in Appendix C.

## 3 Workshop Exercises

#### 3.1 Overview of Exercises

The exercises are grouped in individual directories and can generally be performed independently of each other. Each exercise contains at least a short description of the tasks (1x??en-Exercise.md) as well as a solution (1x??en-Solution.md). In addition, scripts, docker files, etc. are part of every exercise. For exercises where software (Oracle Binaries, Patch) or code from other Git repositories is required, we refer to it accordingly.

ID	Topic	Description	Duration
01	Get known the Environment	Log in and get to know the workshop environment.	10
02	Simple docker image to get warm	Build simple Docker images.	10
03	Docker Image Size	Build different version of an Oracle Instant Client Docker images.	15
04	Local Software Repository	Setup a local Software Repository	15
05	Simples DB Docker Image	Build simple DB images. Identify challenges.	20
06	Oracle Docker Image	Build a Docker DB images using the Oracle build scripts.	20
07	OraDBA Docker Image	Build a Docker DB images using the OraDBA build scripts.	20
80	Simple DB Docker Container	Run a simple DB container.	30
09	Accessing database Docker container	Access and work with the DB container.	10
10	Oracle Unified Audit Setup and Test	Setup a DB Container with Unified Audit and do some tests.	15

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ID	Topic	Description	Duration
11	Oracle RU with datapatch	Patch a Docker DB Container using datapatch.	30
12	Oracle Enterprise User Security	Setup Oracle Enterprise User Security with OUD.	30
13	Oracle PDB	Plugin an Oracle PDB.	20
14	Oracle RAC with Docker	Setup and Build a RAC Docker environment.	30
15	Additional Exercises	Ideas for additional exercises.	n/a

## 3.2 Access Workshop Hosts

The workshop hosts are running as a compute instance in the Oracle Cloud. Each system is accessible via public IP address or its hostname. you have to use a SSH client of your choice for access (e.g. Putty, MochaXterm, SSH etc.)

• Start a Putty session from command line. Replace NN with the number of you host.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7dockerNN.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7dockerNN.ppk
```

• Start a SSH session from command line

```
ssh opc@ol7dockerNN.trivadislabs.com -i keys/id_rsa_ol7dockerNN
```

The instructor supplements the following table with the relevant information for the O-DB-DOCKER course. A compute instance will be assigned to each participant.

ID	Hostname	IP Address	User	Key's	Comment
00	ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com	n/a	орс	public, OpenSSH, Putty	Trainer
01	ol7docker01.trivadislabs.com	n/a	орс	public, OpenSSH, Putty	
02	ol7docker02.trivadislabs.com	n/a	орс	public, OpenSSH, Putty	
03	ol7docker03.trivadislabs.com	n/a	орс	public, OpenSSH, Putty	
04	ol7docker04.trivadislabs.com	n/a	орс	public, OpenSSH, Putty	
05	ol7docker05.trivadislabs.com	n/a	орс	public, OpenSSH, Putty	
06	ol7docker06.trivadislabs.com	n/a	орс	public, OpenSSH, Putty	
07	ol7docker07.trivadislabs.com	n/a	орс	public, OpenSSH, Putty	
80	ol7docker08.trivadislabs.com	n/a	орс	public, OpenSSH, Putty	
09	ol7docker09.trivadislabs.com	n/a	орс	public, OpenSSH, Putty	

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ID	Hostname	IP Address	User	Key's	Comment
10	ol7docker10.trivadislabs.com	n/a	орс	public, OpenSSH, Putty	

## 3.3 Exercise 1: Get known the Environment

## 3.3.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

#### 3.3.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.
- Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

- Individual preparations of the environment
- Add SSH key exchange
- · create aliases for folder and commands.
- start a own folder where you can add you notes

Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

- You have been assigned a compute instance.
- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

## 3.4 Solution 1: Get known the Environment

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- Check the different directories.

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#### 3.4.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

• Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

```
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id_rsa_ol7docker00
```

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.5 Exercise 2: Simple docker image to get warm

#### 3.5.1 Exercise Goals

Create a simple Docker image to get warm.

- Everybody can successfully build a docker image.
- Everybody can successfully run a docker container.

## 3.5.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.
- Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

• Individual preparations like SSH key exchange, create aliases etc.

Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

- You have been assigned a compute instance.
- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

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## 3.6 Solution 2: Simple docker image to get warm

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.6.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

• Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

• Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

```
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id_rsa_ol7docker00
```

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.7 Exercise 3: Docker Image Size

#### 3.7.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

• Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

#### 3.7.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.
- Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

• Individual preparations like SSH key exchange, create aliases etc.

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Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

- You have been assigned a compute instance.
- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

## 3.8 Solution 3: Docker Image Size

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.8.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

```
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id_rsa_ol7docker00
```

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.9 Exercise 4: Local Software Repository

## 3.9.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

#### 3.9.2 Tasks

Vorsausetzungen: Für diese Übung müssen die folgenden Anforderungen erfüllt sein:

• Sicherstellen des Zugriffs auf die Docker Übungs- und Entwicklungsumgebung

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## 3.10 Solution 4: Local Software Repository

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

#### 3.10.1 Detailed Solution

Es muss folgendes gemacht werden

• Sicherstellen des Zugriffs auf die Docker Übungs- und Entwicklungsumgebung

## 3.11 Exercise 5: Simples DB Docker Image

#### 3.11.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

#### 3.11.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.
- Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

• Individual preparations like SSH key exchange, create aliases etc.

Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

- You have been assigned a compute instance.
- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

## 3.12 Solution 5: Simples DB Docker Image

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

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- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.12.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

• Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

```
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id_rsa_ol7docker00
```

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.13 Exercise 6: Oracle Docker Image

## 3.13.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

• Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

## 3.13.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.
- Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

Individual preparations like SSH key exchange, create aliases etc.

Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

• You have been assigned a compute instance.

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- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

## 3.14 Solution 6: Oracle Docker Image

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eq. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

### 3.14.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

• Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

```
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id_rsa_ol7docker00
```

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.15 Exercise 7: OraDBA Docker Image

#### 3.15.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

• Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

#### 3.15.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.

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• Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

Individual preparations like SSH key exchange, create aliases etc.

Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

- You have been assigned a compute instance.
- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

## 3.16 Solution 7: OraDBA Docker Image

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- Check the different directories.

#### 3.16.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

• Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

```
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id_rsa_ol7docker00
```

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.17 Exercise 8: Simple DB Docker Container

## 3.17.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

• Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

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#### 3.17.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- · Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.
- Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

• Individual preparations like SSH key exchange, create aliases etc.

Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

- You have been assigned a compute instance.
- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

## 3.18 Solution 8: Simple DB Docker Container

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

#### 3.18.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

• Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

```
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id_rsa_ol7docker00
```

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

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## 3.19 Exercise 9: Accessing database Docker container

#### 3.19.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

## 3.19.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.
- Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

• Individual preparations like SSH key exchange, create aliases etc.

Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

- You have been assigned a compute instance.
- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

## 3.20 Solution 9: Accessing database Docker container

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- Check the different directories.

#### 3.20.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

• Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

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## ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id rsa ol7docker00

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- Check the different directories.

## 3.21 Exercise 10: Oracle Unified Audit Setup and Test

#### 3.21.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

• Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

#### 3.21.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.
- Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

• Individual preparations like SSH key exchange, create aliases etc.

Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

- You have been assigned a compute instance.
- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

## 3.22 Solution 10: Oracle Unified Audit Setup and Test

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- Check the different directories.

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#### 3.22.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

• Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

```
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id_rsa_ol7docker00
```

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.23 Exercise 11: Oracle RU with datapatch

#### 3.23.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

• Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

## 3.23.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.
- Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

• Individual preparations like SSH key exchange, create aliases etc.

Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

- You have been assigned a compute instance.
- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

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## 3.24 Solution 11: Oracle RU with datapatch

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

#### 3.24.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

• Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

• Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

```
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id_rsa_ol7docker00
```

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.25 Exercise 12: Oracle Enterprise User Security

#### 3.25.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

• Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

#### 3.25.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.
- Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

• Individual preparations like SSH key exchange, create aliases etc.

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Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

- You have been assigned a compute instance.
- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

## 3.26 Solution 12: Oracle Enterprise User Security

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

#### 3.26.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

```
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id_rsa_ol7docker00
```

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.27 Exercise 13: Oracle PDB

#### 3.27.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

• Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

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#### 3.27.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- · Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.
- Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

• Individual preparations like SSH key exchange, create aliases etc.

Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

- You have been assigned a compute instance.
- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

## 3.28 Solution 13: Oracle PDB

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

#### 3.28.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

• Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

```
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id_rsa_ol7docker00
```

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

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## 3.29 Exercise 14: Oracle RAC with Docker

#### 3.29.1 Exercise Goals

Simple exercise to get to know the environment.

Everybody can access his/her compute instance.

## 3.29.2 Tasks

- Login to your individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle.
- Check what Docker images are available.
- Check directories for workshop and software.

Additional task and further considerations:

• Individual preparations like SSH key exchange, create aliases etc.

Prerequisites: For this exercise, the following requirements must be met:

- You have been assigned a compute instance.
- You do have access to the public IP address or hostname.
- SSH Client like putty, terminal, MochaXterm is available.

## 3.30 Solution 14: Oracle RAC with Docker

The following steps are performed in this exercise:

- login via SSH client as user opc to the individual OCI compute instance eg. ol7dockerXX.
- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- Check the different directories.

#### 3.30.1 Detailed Solution

The following steps have been performed on the ol7docker00 host. If necessary, adjust the commands, filenames or the host name according to your environment.

• Start a Putty session from command line.

```
putty -ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i keys/
id_rsa_ol7docker00.ppk
```

Alternatively start a SSH session from command line

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ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -i id rsa ol7docker00

- Switch to user oracle
- Run docker images to see which images are available
- · Check the different directories.

## 3.31 Additional Exercises

A couple of ideas for additional exercises:

• Oracle Data Guard

## 4 Appendix A Setup OCI Environment

## 4.1 Requirements and Preparations

The following appendix contains a step-by-step guide on how to set up the Workshop VM in the Oracle Cloud. The different steps are performed via command line and scripts. Alternatively the OCI configurations can be done via OCI Web Console. For the sake of simplicity, we will limit this guide to the OCI command line utility.

The following prerequisites must be fulfilled:

- Oracle Cloud Infrastructure subscription and access to the OCI console see Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Documentation
- Corresponding subscription level to create different resources in OCI (Cloud Credits, up todate billing, etc.) The Oracle Cloud Free Tier does work for basic configuration. But the free OCI compute does not have enough resources to run Oracle Database Docker containers.
- Appropriate Compartment to create the different OCI resources.
- Local installation of the OCI command line tool see OCI Command Line Interface (CLI)

For the workshop O-DB-DOCKER we use a separate compartment, which is also named O-DB-DOCKER. If you follow this guide, you either have to create a compartment with an identical name or adapt the commands accordingly. The creation of a compartment is not discussed here in detail. The workshop itself is setup in Oracle Cloud region Germany Central (Frankfurt) identified as eu-frankfurt-1.

Disclaim: This guide has been created with utmost care, but does not claim to be complete. It was compiled as part of the preparation for the O-DB-DOCKER workshop. The author assumes no responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and timeliness of the content. The use of the available content is at your own risk.

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#### 4.1.1 Install OCI CLI

The installation of the OCI CLI has to be done according to the OCI documentation. Under MacOS and Linux this is fairly straightforward.

 Download and install OCI. You will have to specify an installation location, update PATH etc.

```
bash -c "$(curl -L https://raw.githubusercontent.com/oracle/oci-
cli/master/scripts/install/install.sh)"
```

 Configure oci using the following command. You will be asked for your tenancy OCID, user OCID as well region and configure a SSH key.

```
oci setup config
```

## 4.1.2 Create a Compartment

Create a compartment for O-DB-DOCKER withing the compartment Compartment\_trivadislabs.

• Get the parent compartment id. For O-DB-DOCKER we search for a parent compartment containing trivadislabs.

```
PARENT_COMP_ID=$(oci search resource free-text-search \
   --text "trivadislabs" \
   --raw-output \
   --query "data.items[*].identifier|[0]")
```

• Create the new compartment for O-DB-DOCKER.

```
oci iam compartment create \
--compartment-id $PARENT_COMP_ID \
--description "DOAG 2019 Training Day Oracle DB in Docker containers" \
--name "O-DB-DOCKER"
```

Create a Virtual Cloud Network (VCN) within the new compartment O-DB-DOCKER.

• Get the compartment id as variable COMPARTMENT\_OCID.

```
COMPARTMENT_OCID=$(oci iam compartment list \
--compartment-id-in-subtree true --all \
--raw-output --query "data [?name == 'O-DB-DOCKER'].id|[0]")
```

create a VCN vcn-o-db-docker

```
oci network vcn create \
--compartment-id $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
--cidr-block "10.0.0.0/16" \
```

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```
--display-name "vcn-o-db-docker" \
--dns-label "vcnodbdocker"
```

## 4.2 Compute Instance

In the following section we will reference to some names eg. host name, compartment name etc. To simplify the upcoming commands we define a couple of environment variables.

```
export HOST_NAME="017docker00"
export COMPARTMENT_NAME="0-DB-DOCKER"
```

## 4.2.1 Create Compute Instance

To create a compute instance we first have to get a few OCID's for different components.

• Get the compartment id as variable COMPARTMENT\_OCID.

```
COMPARTMENT_OCID=$(oci iam compartment list \
  --compartment-id-in-subtree true --all \
  --raw-output --query "data [?name == '${COMPARTMENT_NAME}'].id
  |[0]")
```

• Get the ocid of the Oracle Linux image as variable IMAGE\_OCID.

```
IMAGE_OCID=$(oci compute image list --compartment-id
   $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
   --operating-system-version "7.7" \
   --operating-system "Oracle Linux" \
   --sort-by TIMECREATED \
   --raw-output --query "data [*].id|[0]")
```

Get the ocid of the virtual cloud network (VCN) vcn-o-db-docker as variable VCN\_OCID.

```
VCN_OCID=$(oci network vcn list --compartment-id
   $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
   --raw-output \
   --query "data [?contains(\"display-name\",'o-db-docker')].id|[0]
   ")
```

• Get the ocid of the subnet as variable SUBNET\_OCID.

```
SUBNET_OCID=$(oci network subnet list \
--compartment-id $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
--vcn-id $VCN_OCID \
--sort-by DISPLAYNAME --raw-output \
--query "data [*].id|[0]")
```

Get the availability domain of the subnet as variable AV\_DOAMIN.

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```
AV_DOAMIN=$(oci network subnet list \
--compartment-id $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
--vcn-id $VCN_OCID \
--sort-by DISPLAYNAME --raw-output \
--query "data [*].\"availability-domain\"|[0]")
```

• Create a SSH key pair for the compute instance

```
cd o-db-docker/lab/oci/
ssh-keygen -b 4096 -C "DOAG 2019 Training" -f id_rsa_doag2019
```

Finally lets create the OCI compute instance using the following specification:

- ol7docker01
- VM.Standard2.2
- COMPARTMENT OCID
- AV\_DOAMIN
- IMAGE\_OCID
- SUBNET\_OCID
- SSH public key from file
- check the variables

```
echo "COMPARTMENT_OCID = $COMPARTMENT_OCID" && \
echo "HOST_NAME = $HOST_NAME" && \
echo "AV_DOAMIN = $AV_DOAMIN" && \
echo "IMAGE_OCID = $IMAGE_OCID" && \
echo "SUBNET_OCID = $SUBNET_OCID" && \
echo "SSH Key = $(cat id_rsa_doag2019.pub)"
```

• create the compute instance

```
oci compute instance launch --compartment-id $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
   --availability-domain $AV_DOAMIN \
   --display-name $HOST_NAME \
   --image-id $IMAGE_OCID \
   --subnet-id $SUBNET_OCID \
   --shape VM.Standard2.2 \
   --assign-public-ip true \
   --metadata "{\"ssh_authorized_keys\": \"$(cat id_rsa_doag2019.pub)\"}"
```

check the provisioning status

```
oci compute instance list --compartment-id $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
   --output table \
   --query "data [?contains(\"display-name\", $HOST_NAME)].{\"
        display-name\":\"display-name\", id:id,\"lifecycle-state\":\"
        lifecycle-state\"}"
```

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get the compute instance ID as variable INSTANCE\_OCID.

```
INSTANCE_OCID=$(oci compute instance list \
  --compartment-id $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
  --lifecycle-state 'RUNNING' \
  --raw-output --query "data [?contains(\"display-name\",'
   $HOST_NAME')].id|[0]")
```

## 4.2.2 Create Block Storage

Create a new block volume to use with the compute instance o-db-docker. We use the variable COMPARTMENT\_OCID and AV\_DOAMIN from the previous section. First lets check the variables.

```
echo "COMPARTMENT_OCID = $COMPARTMENT_OCID" && \
echo "AV_DOAMIN" = $AV_DOAMIN"
```

Create the block volume in the compartment O-DB-DOCKER.

```
oci bv volume create --compartment-id $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
   --availability-domain $AV_DOAMIN \
   --display-name "o-db-docker_bv00" \
   --size-in-gbs 512
```

Get the block volume OCID as variable VOLUME\_OCID.

```
VOLUME_OCID=$(oci bv volume list \
  --compartment-id $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
  --raw-output --query "data [?contains(\"display-name\",'o-db-docker_bv00')].id|[0]")
```

Assign block volume to compute instance ol7docker00.

```
oci compute volume-attachment attach \
--instance-id $INSTANCE_OCID \
--type "iscsi" \
--volume-id $VOLUME_OCID \
--device "/dev/oracleoci/oraclevdb"
```

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## Get the volume IP and volume IQN for the iscsiadm utility later on.

```
VOLUME_ATTACH_ID=$ (oci compute volume-attachment list \
--compartment-id $COMPARTMENT_OCID --raw-output \
--query "data [?\"volume-id\" == '$VOLUME_OCID'].id|[0]")

VOLUME_IP=$ (oci compute volume-attachment get \
--volume-attachment-id $VOLUME_ATTACH_ID \
--raw-output --query "data.ipv4")

VOLUME_IQN=$ (oci compute volume-attachment get \
--volume-attachment-id $VOLUME_ATTACH_ID \
--raw-output --query "data.iqn")
```

## Log into the compute instance ol7docker00 and attache the iscsi device

```
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -C "sudo iscsiadm -m node -
   o new -T $VOLUME_IQN -p $VOLUME_IP:3260"
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -C "sudo iscsiadm -m node -
   o update -T $VOLUME_IQN -n node.startup -v automatic"
ssh opc@ol7docker00.trivadislabs.com -C "sudo iscsiadm -m node -
   T $VOLUME_IQN -p $VOLUME_IP:3260 -1"
```

## 4.2.3 DNS Configuration

Optionally we add the IP of the compute instance to the DNS Zone trivadislabs.com.

• Get DNS OCID as variable DNS\_OCID.

```
DNS_OCID=$(oci dns record zone get \
  --zone-name-or-id "trivadislabs.com" \
  --query "etag" --raw-output|sed 's/.*\(ocid.*\)#.*/\1/')
```

Get IP address of compute instance as variable IP\_ADDRESS.

```
IP_ADDRESS=$(oci compute instance list-vnics \
  --instance-id $INSTANCE_OCID --raw-output \
  --query "data[].\"public-ip\"|[0]")
```

• Add DNS record u

```
oci dns record domain update \
--domain "$HOST_NAME.trivadislabs.com" \
--zone-name-or-id "trivadislabs.com" \
--force \
--items "[{\"domain\": '$HOST_NAME.trivadislabs.com',\"
    isProtected\": true,\"rdata\": \"$IP_ADDRESS\",\"recordHash\"
    : null,\"rrsetVersion\": \"4\",\"rtype\": \"A\",\"ttl\": 30}]
"
```

• remove DNS record

```
oci dns record domain delete \
--zone-name-or-id "trivadislabs.com" \
```

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```
--domain "$HOST NAME.trivadislabs.com" --force
```

## 4.3 Setup OS

#### 4.3.1 Disk Partition

```
sfdisk /dev/sdb <<EOF
0,25000
,,8e
EOF
```

```
[root@ol7docker00 ~]# lsblk
NAME MAJ:MIN RM SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
sdb 8:16 0 512G 0 disk
sdb2 8:18 0 320.5G 0 part
sdb1 8:17 0 191.5G 0 part
sda 8:0 0 46.6G 0 disk
sda2 8:2 0 8G 0 part [SWAP] |
sda3 8:3 0 38.4G 0 part / -
sdal 8:1 0 200M 0 part /boot/efi
[root@ol7docker00 ~]# fdisk -l /dev/sdb
Disk /dev/sdb: 549.8 GB, 549755813888 bytes, 1073741824 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 1048576 bytes
Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x00000000
  Device Boot Start
                             End
                                     Blocks Id System
/dev/sdb1
                  1 401624999 200812499+ 83 Linux
Partition 1 does not start on physical sector boundary.
/dev/sdb2 401625000 1073736404 336055702+ 8e Linux
  LVM
```

• Create a physical volume on /dev/sdb2 using pvcreate.

```
[root@ol7docker00 ~]$ pvcreate /dev/sdb2
 Physical volume "/dev/sdb2" successfully created.
[root@ol7docker00 ~]$ pvs
       VG Fmt Attr PSize PFree
 /dev/sdb2 lvm2 --- <320.49g <320.49g
[root@ol7docker00 ~]$ pvdisplay /dev/sdb2
 "/dev/sdb2" is a new physical volume of "<320.49 GiB"
 --- NEW Physical volume ---
 PV Name
                       /dev/sdb2
 VG Name
                       <320.49 GiB
 PV Size
                       NO
 Allocatable
 PE Size
```

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```
Total PE 0
Free PE 0
Allocated PE 0
PV UUID ONMpyt-j3RW-D4EQ-xpum-l3tR-fL7H-jgAseL
```

## • Create volume group vgora using vgcreate

```
[root@ol7docker00 ~]$ vgcreate vgora /dev/sdb2
 Volume group "vgora" successfully created
[root@ol7docker00 ~]$ vgdisplay vgora
 --- Volume group ---
 VG Name
                      vgora
 System ID
                     lvm2
 Format
 Metadata Areas
 Metadata Sequence No 1
 VG Access read/write
 VG Status
                     resizable
 MAX LV
                     Ω
                      0
 Cur LV
 Open LV
                      0
 Max PV
                      0
 Cur PV
                     1
 Act PV
                    320.48 GiB
 VG Size
 PE Size
                     4.00 MiB
 Total PE
                     82044
 Alloc PE / Size
                    0 / 0
82044 / 320.48 GiB
 Free PE / Size
 VG UUID
                    qDKwXo-M8ad-L0eL-SLld-Mbd9-v83g-bOA6e3
```

## • Create a locial volumes

```
[root@ol7docker00 ~]$ lvcreate -n vol u00 -L 100G vgora
 Logical volume "vol_u00" created.
[root@ol7docker00 ~]$ lvcreate -n vol_u01 -L 100G vgora
 Logical volume "vol u01" created.
[root@ol7docker00 ~]$ lvdisplay
 --- Logical volume ---
 LV Path
                        /dev/vgora/vol u00
 LV Name
                        vol u00
 VG Name
                        vgora
 LV UUID

BJ3T5W-xzgy-jpwr-u1vS-J13y-tHKJ-bAnXED

LV Write Access

read/write
 LV Creation host, time ol7docker00, 2019-10-23 15:14:52 +0000
 LV Status
                      available
 # open
 LV Size
                       100.00 GiB
 Current LE
                       25600
 Segments
                       inherit
 Allocation
 Read ahead sectors auto
 - currently set to 256
```

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```
Block device
                        252:0
 --- Logical volume ---
 LV Path
                        /dev/vgora/vol u01
 LV Name
                        vol u01
 VG Name
                       vgora
 LV UUID
                       c2zepi-PnVA-6Cs1-EQqB-yJmz-Wtm5-Q6eL4b
 LV Write Access read/write
 LV Creation host, time ol7docker00, 2019-10-23 15:15:06 +0000
 LV Status
                        available
 # open
 LV Size
                        100.00 GiB
                        25600
 Current LE
 Segments
 Allocation
                       inherit
 Read ahead sectors auto - currently set to 256
 Block device
                        252:1
```

#### Create the filesystem on the new volumes

```
[root@ol7docker00 ~]# mkfs.ext4 /dev/vgora/vol u00
mke2fs 1.42.9 (28-Dec-2013)
Filesystem label=
OS type: Linux
Block size=4096 (log=2)
Fragment size=4096 (log=2)
Stride=0 blocks, Stripe width=256 blocks
6553600 inodes, 26214400 blocks
1310720 blocks (5.00%) reserved for the super user
First data block=0
Maximum filesystem blocks=2174746624
800 block groups
32768 blocks per group, 32768 fragments per group
8192 inodes per group
Superblock backups stored on blocks:
    32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736,
       1605632, 2654208,
    4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872
Allocating group tables: done
Writing inode tables: done
Creating journal (32768 blocks): done
Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done
[root@ol7docker00 ~] # mkfs.ext4 /dev/vgora/vol u01
mke2fs 1.42.9 (28-Dec-2013)
Filesystem label=
OS type: Linux
Block size=4096 (log=2)
Fragment size=4096 (log=2)
Stride=0 blocks, Stripe width=256 blocks
6553600 inodes, 26214400 blocks
1310720 blocks (5.00%) reserved for the super user
First data block=0
Maximum filesystem blocks=2174746624
```

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```
800 block groups
32768 blocks per group, 32768 fragments per group
8192 inodes per group
Superblock backups stored on blocks:
32768, 98304, 163840, 229376, 294912, 819200, 884736,
1605632, 2654208,
4096000, 7962624, 11239424, 20480000, 23887872

Allocating group tables: done
Writing inode tables: done
Creating journal (32768 blocks): done
Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done
```

## • get the block device information

```
[root@ol7docker00 ~]# blkid /dev/vgora/vol_u00 /dev/vgora/
    vol_u01
/dev/vgora/vol_u00: UUID="2d8a938f-5960-4664-9091-eb9bd6132f91"
    TYPE="ext4"
/dev/vgora/vol_u01: UUID="2c74d466-221e-49d0-a644-8e1e299cabf4"
    TYPE="ext4"
```

## • create mount points

```
mkdir -p /u00 /u01
```

## • update fstab and mount the filesystems

## 4.3.2 Setup ORAbase\_init Scripts

## Download the oradba\_init script

```
DOWNLOAD="/tmp/download"

SETUP_INIT="00_setup_oradba_init.sh"

GITHUB_URL="https://github.com/oehrlis/oradba_init/raw/master/bin"
```

```
mkdir -p ${DOWNLOAD}
curl -Lsf ${GITHUB_URL}/${SETUP_INIT} -o ${DOWNLOAD}/${
    SETUP_INIT}
```

```
chmod 755 ${DOWNLOAD}/${SETUP_INIT}
${DOWNLOAD}/${SETUP_INIT}
```

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sudo -u oracle /opt/oradba/bin/20\_setup\_oudbase.sh

echo "oud\_eng:1389:1636:4444:8989:OUD:Y" \$ {ETC\_BASE}/oudtab oracle@ol7docker00:~/ [oud\_eng] . oudenv.sh

sed -i "s|. \${OUD\_BASE}/bin/oudenv.sh|. \${OUD\_BASE}/bin/oudenv.sh SILENT|" \$HOME/.bash\_profile mkdir -p /u00/app/oracle/software

sudo usermod -a -G oinstall opc # chmod 775 /u00/app/ [root@oI7docker00 u00]# chmod 775 /u00/app/oracle/ [root@oI7docker00 u00]# chmod 775 /u00/app/oracle/software/ ### Setup OS Oracle DB

nohup /opt/oradba/bin/01\_setup\_os\_db.sh > /tmp/01\_setup\_os\_db.sh 2>&1 & nohup /opt/oradba/bin/01\_setup\_os\_docker.sh > /tmp/01\_setup\_os\_docker.log 2>&1 & yum install git systemctl stop docker rm -rf /var/lib/docker docker-storage-config -s btrfs -d /dev/sdb1 systemctl start docker systemctl enable docker

git clone https://github.com/oehrlis/docker.git docker git clone https://github.com/oehrlis/odocker.git o-db-docker git clone https://github.com/oracle/docker-images.git docker-images

Generate download url file from the \*.download files which are part of the oradba/docker repository.

change to the oci working directory and remove the old download url files.

```
cd $cdl/o-db-docker/lab/oci
rm download*.url
```

• build a new download url file

```
find $cdl/docker -name *.download \
  -exec grep -i "Direct Download" {} \;| \
  sed "s/# Direct Download : //" |\
  grep -iv '^#'|grep -iv 'n/a'|sort -u>> download.url
```

Separate OTN from MOS downloads

```
grep -i "download.oracle.com" download.url >download_otn.url
grep -iv "download.oracle.com" download.url >download_mos.url
```

Start to download the patch from MOS using curl.

• Temporary create a .netrc file with MOS credentials. Replace MOS\_USER and MOS\_PASSWORD with corresponding values.

```
cd $cdl/o-db-docker/lab/oci
echo 'machine login.oracle.com login MOS_USER password
MOS_PASSWORD' >.netrc
```

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• Download the files from MOS using download mos.url.

• Wait until all curl background jobs are done:

```
ps -ef|grep curl
ps -ef|grep curl|wc -l
```

## 4.4 Configure Environment

- Disk partition
- Docker Volume
- Docker images
- Git stuff
- Download Oracle Binaries

## 4.4.1 Create Custom Image

Stop the compute instance

define my variables

```
export HOST_NAME="017docker00"
export COMPARTMENT_NAME="0-DB-DOCKER"
```

• Get the compartment id as variable COMPARTMENT\_OCID.

```
COMPARTMENT_OCID=$(oci iam compartment list \
  --compartment-id-in-subtree true --all \
  --raw-output --query "data [?name == '${COMPARTMENT_NAME}'].id
  |[0]")
```

• get the compute instance ID as variable INSTANCE\_OCID.

```
INSTANCE_OCID=$(oci compute instance list \
  --compartment-id $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
  --lifecycle-state 'RUNNING' \
  --raw-output --query "data [?contains(\"display-name\",'${
    HOST_NAME}')].id|[0]")
```

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## • stopping compute instance

```
oci compute instance action \
--action SOFTSTOP \
--instance-id ${INSTANCE_OCID}
```

## check if stoppend

```
oci compute instance list --compartment-id $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
  --output table \
  --query "data [?contains(\"display-name\",'${HOST_NAME}')].{\"
    display-name\":\"display-name\",\"lifecycle-state\":\"
    lifecycle-state\"}"
```

yum install htop Loaded plugins: langpacks, ulninfo ol7\_UEKR5 | 2.8 kB 00:00:00 ol7\_addons

## Create a custom image

```
oci compute image create \
--compartment-id $COMPARTMENT_OCID \
--display-name "${COMPARTMENT_NAME}_master" \
--instance-id ${INSTANCE_OCID}
```

http://www.nazmulhuda.info/download-from-the-otn-using-wget https://blog.pythian.com/how-to-download-oracle-software-using-wget-or-curl/ # Appendix B Setup Vagrant Environment

## 4.5 Requirements and Preparations

The following appendix contains a step-by-step guide on how to set up the workshop environment with local Virtualbox installation. The different steps are performed via command line and scripts.

The following prerequisites must be fulfilled:

- Oracle Virtual Box https://www.virtualbox.org/
- Oracle Vagrant Box https://yum.oracle.com/boxes
- Vagrant https://www.vagrantup.com/
- And binaries required to build the Docker images e.g. Oracle database software

Disclaim: This guide has been created with utmost care, but does not claim to be complete. It was compiled as part of the preparation for the O-DB-DOCKER workshop. The author assumes no responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and timeliness of the content. The use of the available content is at your own risk.

To be documented. Will be updated in an upcoming release.



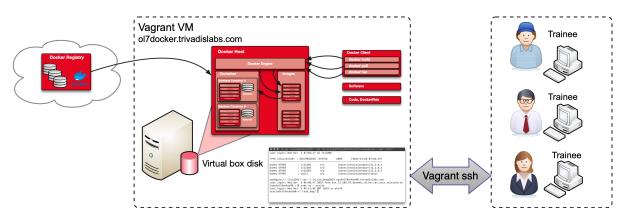


Figure. 2: Vagrant VM Workshop Architecture # Appendix C Setup local Docker Environment

## 4.6 Requirements and Preparations

The following appendix contains a step-by-step guide on how to set up the workshop environment with local Docker installation. The different steps are performed via command line and scripts.

The following prerequisites must be fulfilled:

• Docker Community Edition https://docs.docker.com/install

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To be documented. Will be updated in an upcoming release.

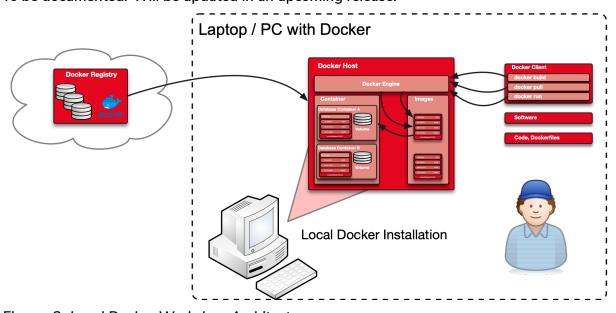


Figure. 3: Local Docker Workshop Architecture

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