# A Novel AutoML Solution with NePS

Ömer Emre POLAT, Barbaros INAK Dropouts

Modality 1/2

# Motivation

Our main motivation was to create a versatile one click AutoML solution that can adapt to any tabular dataset using 8 different state-of the-art regression models.

NePS was chosen as an hyperparameter optimizer because it was the option which we had experience in exercises and it was transparent with the source code.

# **Used Methods**

Bayesian Hyperparameter Optimization

Successive Halving

IQR Variable Scale Outlier Detection

Standardization

# Week 1

Week 2

Week 3

Week 4

Week 5

Week 6

Week 7

Week 8

# Week 9

### VVCCICO

Week 10

Bonus

Literature

Pipeline Training Succesive Halving over 8 different Regression Data Algorithms Pre-made Outlier Data Splits Standardization Search Space Detection and Selection Dropping Selection of Final Hyperparameter Optimization Using Hyperparameter < Best Optimization NePS Algorithm(s) Top Performing Predictions Model Test Configuration Data Succesive Optimization Data Model

# Details

The pipeline consists of a main successive halving loop which works on 8 different regression algorithms such as:

- Sklearn and XGB Random Forest
- Gradient Boost
- Ada Boost
- MLP
- Bayesian Ridge
- Elastic Net
- Dart Boost

Optimization run on the given configuration space, the IQR scale and the validation split ratio. The resulting best model is then saved to be used for predictions.

## Resources Used

For development:

- 1 Ryzen 9 5900HX

(Laptop)

- Total compute estimate: 50 CPU-hours

### Workforce:

- 2 full week on average

# **Empirical Results**

space

Our Approach

y\_prop Dataset

Validation 0.1229

Test 0.1135

Processing

Validation

0.9423

Test 0.9755

0.9997 0.997

Test

Validation

Brazilian Houses

Dataset

Exam Dataset

Validation 0.9016

Test

Number of queries for test score generation: **5** 

Chosen Algorithm: XGB Random Forest

For the y\_prop dataset, our AutoML solution found the XGB Random Forest as the most optimal algorithm.

Chosen Algorithm: SKlearn Random Forest

Bike Sharing

Dataset

Halving Loop

For the Bike Sharing Dataset, our AutoML solution found the Gradient Boost as the most optimal algorithm.

Chosen Algorithm: SKlearn Random Forest

For the Brazilian Houses
Dataset, our AutoML
solution found the MLP
as the most optimal
algorithm.

Chosen Algorithm:
Gradient Boost

For the Exam Dataset, our AutoML solution found the Dart Boost as the most optimal algorithm.



