

### LEADING the CONVERSATION

Developing Guidance for Low Volume Exam Programs:
A Foundation to Address the Challenges

Dawn R. Gibas, PhD, ASA/SSSA Manny Straehle, PhD, AERE Low Volume Exam Subcommittee





### **ABOUT** the PRESENTER

#### Dawn Gibas, PhD, PSS, CPSS

**Assessment Specialist** 











### ABOUT the PRESENTER

### Manny Straehle, Ph.D., GISF

Founder and President manny@aerexperts.com







### Where is this session going to go today?

# LEADING the CONVERSATION

- Background
- Goals and Objectives
- Survey Responses
  - Discussion
- Next Steps

R.O.B.O.T. Comics



"HIS PATH-PLANNING MAY BE SUB-OPTIMAL, BUT IT'S GOT FLAIR."



### Background



CONVERSATION

Part of C/L Division

Formed 2014

Distinct Challenges

Wide Interest

#### Low Volume Exam (LVE) Subcommittee





#### LVE Committee Goals/Objectives

- What is Low Volume Exam?
- What is a "good" sample size?
- How do we properly frame inferences?
- How do we provide meaningful guidance to low volume programs??





### **Test Development Lifecycle**



1. Job Analysis



2. Item Writing



3. Review Items/Form

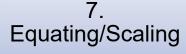




5. Item Analysis



4. Administer Exam Beta Items





8. Administration



9. Maintenance





### Gathering Insight and Information





- 25 questions on survey.
- Posted to ATP member websites and LinkedIn outlets.

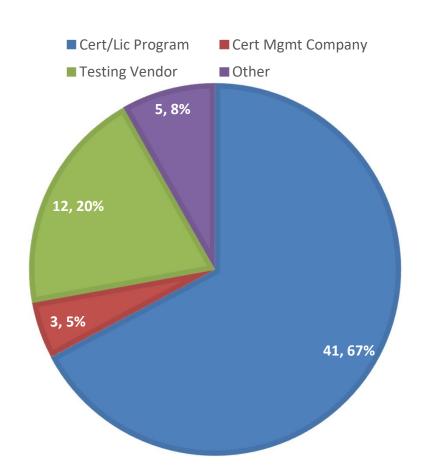


### Survey Results

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#### **■** Type of Organization?

- 67%Certification/LicensureProgram
- 20% Testing Vendor
- 5% Certification Management Co.
- 8% Other
  - Included test development, consulting, and testing organizations





### **Survey Questions and Responses**

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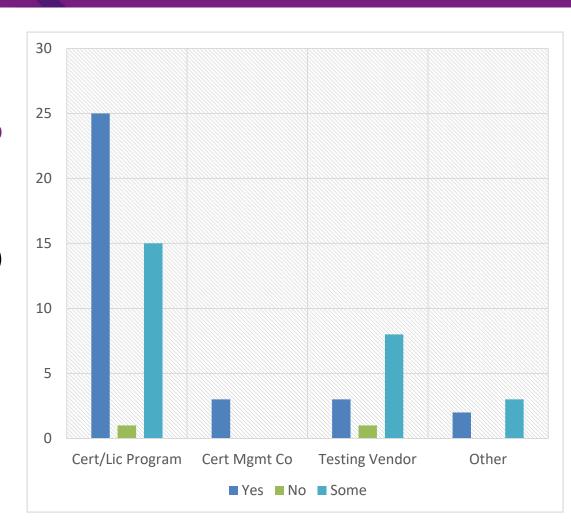
Do you consider your program(s) to be "low volume"?

Overall

- Yes: 33 (54%)

- No: 2 (3%)

- Some of each 26 (43%)





What defines a Low
Volume Exam?
List top 2 definitions
within your groups.
5 minutes



#### Survey: What defines Low Volume to you?

- As with the Low Volume Subcommittee discussions, definitions are all over the board.
- Range from <10 to ≤5000 annually.</p>
  - One response of <50 per month.</li>
- Some said they weren't sure.
- Many had definitions other than numbers:
  - Does not pay for itself.
  - Does not update exams frequently due to exposure.
  - When classical item stats cannot be trusted.
  - Pool of potential candidates is small.



### **Survey Questions and Responses**

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■ What are the annual volumes of the <u>smallest</u> low volume title and the <u>largest</u> low volume title?

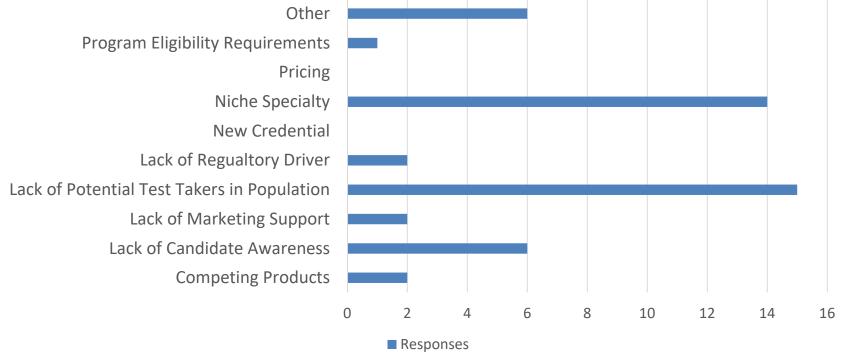
# of Candidates	Smallest Volume	Largest Volume
<25	24	7
25-50	20	3
51-100	5	13
101-150	4	8
151-250	2	3
251-500	2	4
>500	2	21



### Survey: What do you think is the main cause for your exam(s) to have low volumes?

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#### Causes for Exams to be of Low Volume





#### **Challenges and Risks**

- What are the risks inherent to low volume exam programs?
  - Confidence
  - Reliability
  - Quality
  - Security
  - Lack of Accreditation
  - Financial



### Let's talk about low volume exams...

Using the list on the next slide, what are the top 3 challenges in exam development for low volume?

5 minutes



#### Survey Questions and Responses

Rank order the areas in which you face the biggest challenges running a low volume exam from greatest to least.

- Accreditation Issues
- Administration/Test Delivery
- Executive buyin/Sponsorship
- Financial Performance
- Marketing
- Psychometrics
- Program Management

- Recertification
- SME Management/Volunteers
- Scoring
- Security
- Test
  Development/Maintenance
- Other (list)



### Rank order the areas in which you face the biggest challenges running a low volume exam from greatest to least.

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#### Top Challenge

- Financial Performance
- Budget issues

#### Second

- Test Development/Maintenance
- SMEs/Volunteers

#### Third

- Psychometrics
- Followed closely by Marketing
- Lowest Challenge was Security
  - Scoring and Accreditation issues also showed up as low challenges.



How have you overcome the major challenges?
5 minutes



### Survey: How has your organization overcome your #1 challenge?

- Many stated that they have not overcome the challenges.
- Trying to manage challenges:
  - Manage costs
    - profit/loss analysis to determine feasibility of continuing the exam or break-even point.
  - Marketing of the credential (also a challenge).
  - Use of revenue from higher volume exams or other ventures.
  - Expand geographic specific exams to larger markets, i.e., regions or national.



What deliverables would you like to see?
5 minutes



#### Survey: What would you like to see in the way of information, tools, or help on low volume exams?

- Cost effective programs
- Security risks
- Marketing/VoC
- Psychometric guidelines/metrics
- Managing programs
- Delivery





### Comments and Insight from the Low Volume Subcommittee



- Adequately define "Low Volume" and build consensus to support the definition.
- Understand and document the following for Low Volume Exams:
  - Types of analyses that can be used with low N exams.
  - Inferences and limitations that frame those inferences.
  - Risks due to small volume.
- Accessibility/ability to use tools such as CBT, IBT, IRT, etc.



#### Where to from here?



- Respond to the need for guidance to those managing low volume exams.
- Provide a framework in which to provide information and understand the inferences and confidence surrounding the data,
- Publish white paper as a start and view the document as dynamic and something to be reviewed and updated.
- Input, experiences, ideas and examples are welcome!



#### Thank you for participating!

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#### **Contact Information**

- Dawn Gibas, PhD, ASA/SSSA
  - Chair, ATP Certification and Licensure Division
  - dgibas@sciencesocieties.org
- Manny Straehle, PhD, GISF, AERE
  - manny@aerexperts.com
- Andy Dwyer, PhD, Am. Bd. Of Pediatrics
  - Chair, ATP Low Volume Exam Subcommittee
  - adwyer@abpeds.org

