

中国科学技术大学计算机学院  
《数字电路实验》报告



实验题目：贪吃蛇游戏

学生姓名：Ouedraogo Ezekiel B.

学生学号：PL19215001

完成日期：1/12/2021

计算机实验教学中心制

2020 年 10 月

## 【实验环境】

Vivado

FPGA 板子

## 【实验过程】

首先设计游戏的背景

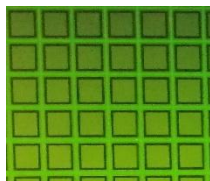
```
module cel_color(  
    input VGA_clk,  
    input displayArea,  
    input [10:0] xCount, yCount,  
    output reg cel, in_space, cel_border, out_space  
);  
    parameter CEL_SIZE = 32;  
    parameter OUT_SPACE = 1;  
    parameter IN_SPACE = 2;  
    parameter BORDER = 2;  
  
    wire [10:0] q_x = xCount/(CEL_SIZE);  
    wire [10:0] q_y = yCount/(CEL_SIZE);  
  
    wire [7:0] cel_x = xCount - q_x*CEL_SIZE;  
    wire [7:0] cel_y = yCount - q_y*CEL_SIZE;  
  
    integer i = IN_SPACE + BORDER + OUT_SPACE;  
    integer j = BORDER + OUT_SPACE;  
    integer k = OUT_SPACE;  
  
    always@(posedge VGA_clk)  
    begin  
        if(displayArea)  
        begin  
            cel <= (cel_x >= i) && (cel_y >= i) && (cel_x < CEL_SIZE -  
i) && (cel_y < CEL_SIZE - i) ? 1 : 0;  
            if(cel)  
            begin  
                in_space    <= 0;  
                cel_border <= 0;  
                out_space   <= 0;  
            end  
        else  
            begin  
                in_space    <= 0;  
                cel_border <= 0;  
                out_space   <= 0;  
            end  
        end  
    end  
end
```

```

        in_space = (cel_x >= j) && (cel_y >= j) && (cel_x <
CEL_SIZE - j) && (cel_y < CEL_SIZE - j) ? 1 : 0;
        if(in_space)
        begin
            cel_border <= 0;
            out_space <= 0;
        end
        else
        begin
            cel_border = (cel_x >= k) && (cel_y >= k) && (cel_x
< CEL_SIZE - k) && (cel_y < CEL_SIZE - k) ? 1 : 0;
            if(cel_border)
                out_space <= 0;
            else
                out_space = 1;
            end
        end
    end
end
end
endmodule

```

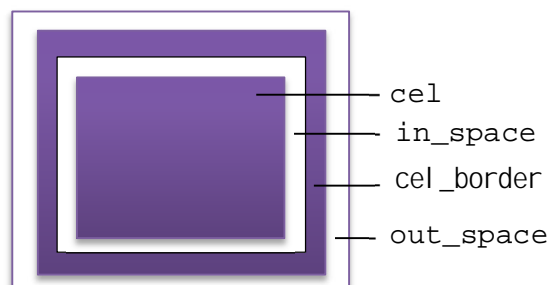
结果



分析：输入信号为 VGA\_clk, displayArea, xCount, yCount。其中

displayArea = 1 时，表示在显示区域。 xCount 和 yCount 表示位置。

看结果图可以发现背景是由很多小正方形组成的。每个正方形含四部分，如下图：



到每个变量指的部分，其输出变量为 1 否则为 0。四部分都可以设置自己的颜色。所以用模块就可以显示背景，蛇，目标和墙， 只需

要到每个背景，蛇，目标或墙时候换颜色。

其次给目标设计一个输出随机位置的模块

```
module randomGrid(  
    input VGA_clk,  
    input [10:0] max_X, min_X,  
    input [10:0] max_Y, min_Y,  
    output reg [10:0] rand_X,  
    output reg [10:0] rand_Y  
);  
always @(posedge VGA_clk)  
begin  
    rand_X <= ((rand_X + 3) % (max_X-min_X)) + min_X;  
    rand_Y <= ((rand_Y + 5) % max_Y-min_Y) + min_Y;  
end  
endmodule
```

在设计一个 VGA 控制模块

```
module VGA_gen(  
    input CLK, RESET, //clk=65MHzz  
    output displayArea,  
    output reg [10:0] xCount,yCount, //x,y pixel  
    output reg VGA_HS,VGA_VS  
);  
parameter H_CNT = 11'd1343; //136+160+1024+24=1344-1  
parameter V_CNT = 11'd805; //6+29+768+3=806-1  
  
reg h_de, v_de; //data enable  
reg [10:0] h_cnt,v_cnt;  
  
always@(posedge CLK)  
begin  
    if(RESET)  
        h_cnt <= 11'd0;  
    else if(h_cnt>=H_CNT)  
        h_cnt <= 11'd0;  
    else  
        h_cnt <= h_cnt + 11'd1;  
    end  
always@(posedge CLK)  
begin
```

```

    if(RESET)
        v_cnt <= 11'd0;
    else if(h_cnt==H_CNT)
    begin
        if(v_cnt>=V_CNT)
            v_cnt <= 11'd0;
        else
            v_cnt <= v_cnt + 11'd1;
        end
    end
end
always@(posedge CLK)
begin
    if(RESET)
        h_de <= 1'b0;
    else if((h_cnt>=296)&&(h_cnt<=1319))
        h_de <= 1'b1;
    else
        h_de <= 1'b0;
    end
end
always@(posedge CLK)
begin
    if(RESET)
        v_de <= 1'b0;
    else if((v_cnt>=35)&&(v_cnt<=802))
        v_de <= 1'b1;
    else
        v_de <= 1'b0;
    end
end
always@(posedge CLK)
begin
    if(RESET)
        VGA_HS <= 1'b1;
    else if(h_cnt<=11'd135)
        VGA_HS <= 1'b0;
    else
        VGA_HS <= 1'b1;
    end
end
always@(posedge CLK)
begin
    if(RESET)

        VGA_VS <= 1'b1;
    else if(v_cnt<=11'd5)
        VGA_VS <= 1'b0;

```

```

        else
            VGA_VS <= 1'b1;
        end
        always@(posedge CLK)
        begin
            if(h_de == 1'h0)
                xCount <= 11'h0;
            else
                xCount <= xCount + 11'h1;
            end
        always@(negedge h_de)
        begin
            if(v_de == 1'h0)
                yCount <= 11'h0;
            else
                yCount <= yCount + 11'h1;
            end
        assign displayArea = (v_de==1 && h_de==1);
    endmodule

```

最后设计游戏的基本功能

```

module Play(
    input CLK, RESET,
    input UP, LEFT, DOWN, RIGHT,
    output reg [3:0] VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B,
    output VGA_HS, VGA_VS
);

parameter SCREEN_H = 1024;
parameter SCREEN_V = 768;
parameter UNIT = 32;
parameter SNAKE_MAX_SIZE = 20;

wire VGA_clk, locked; //65 MHz
wire displayArea;
wire [10:0] xCount, yCount; //x ,y pixel
reg [3:0] direction;
reg [10:0] snakeX[0:SNAKE_MAX_SIZE];
reg [10:0] snakeY[0:SNAKE_MAX_SIZE];
reg [SNAKE_MAX_SIZE:0] snakeBody;
reg [7:0] snake_size;
reg game_over;
reg apple, border;

```

```

reg [10:0] appleX = 64;
reg [10:0] appleY = 64;
wire [10:0] rand_X;
wire [10:0] rand_Y;
reg update;
wire cel;
wire in_space;
wire cel_border;
wire out_space;
reg [27:0] count, max_count;

// generate VGA clock (65 MHz) from input clock (100 MHz)
clk_wiz_0 clk_wiz_0(
    .clk_in1 (CLK),
    .reset (RESET),
    .clk_out1 (VGA_clk),
    .locked (locked)
);

//VGA controller
VGA_gen VGA_gen(
    .CLK(VGA_clk), .RESET(~locked),
    .displayArea(displayArea),
    .xCount(xCount), .yCount(yCount),
    .VGA_HS(VGA_HS), .VGA_VS(VGA_VS)
);

//get random number to place the apple
randomGrid randomGrid(
    .VGA_clk(VGA_clk),
    .max_X(SCREEN_H-UNIT), .min_X(UNIT),
    .max_Y(SCREEN_V-UNIT), .min_Y(UNIT),
    .rand_X(rand_X),
    .rand_Y(rand_Y)
);

//color cels
cel_color cel_color(
    .VGA_clk(VGA_clk),
    .displayArea(displayArea),
    .xCount(xCount), .yCount(yCount),
    .cel(cel), .in_space(in_space), .cel_border(cel_border), .out
_space(out_space)
);

```

```

integer i,j;

always@(posedge VGA_clk or posedge RESET)
begin
    if(RESET)
    begin
        // place the snake head at display center
        i = SCREEN_H/2 - UNIT/2;
        j = SCREEN_V/2 - UNIT/2;
        snakeX[0] <= (i - i%UNIT);
        snakeY[0] <= (j - j%UNIT);

        // place apple
        i = rand_X;
        j = rand_Y;
        appleX <= (i - i%UNIT);
        appleY <= (j - j%UNIT);

        for(i = 1; i < SNAKE_MAX_SIZE; i = i + 1)
        begin
            // place the invisible snake parts outside the scanning
area
            snakeX[i] <= SCREEN_H;
            snakeY[i] <= SCREEN_V;
        end
        max_count <= 28'd65_000_000;
        snake_size <= 1;
        game_over <= 0;
    end
    else if(~game_over)
    begin
        if(update)
        begin
            for(i = 1; i < snake_size; i = i + 1)
            begin
                snakeX[i] <= snakeX[i - 1];
                snakeY[i] <= snakeY[i - 1];
            end
            case(direction)
                4'b1: snakeY[0] <= (snakeY[0] - UNIT);
                4'b10: snakeX[0] <= (snakeX[0] - UNIT);
                4'b100: snakeY[0] <= (snakeY[0] + UNIT);
                4'b1000: snakeX[0] <= (snakeX[0] + UNIT);
            end
        end
    end
end

```



```

        endcase
    end
    else
    begin
        // Detect if snake head hit the apple
        if (apple && snakeBody[0])
        begin
            i = rand_X;
            j = rand_Y;
            appleX <= (i - i%UNIT);
            appleY <= (j - j%UNIT);
            if(snake_size < SNAKE_MAX_SIZE )
                snake_size <= snake_size + 1;

            end
            // Detect if snake head hit border
            else if (border && snakeBody[0])
                game_over <= 1'b1;
            // Detect if snake head hit the snake body
            else if (|snakeBody[SNAKE_MAX_SIZE - 1 :1] &&
snakeBody[0])
                game_over <= 1'b1;

            end
        end
    end

    //check update
    always@(posedge VGA_clk or posedge RESET)
    begin
        if(RESET)
        begin
            count <= 28'd0;
            update <= 0;

            end
        else if(count >= max_count)
        begin
            count <= 28'd0;
            update <= 1;

            end
        else
        begin
            count <= count + 28'd1;
            update <= 0;

            end
        end
    end
end

```

```

//color cel
always@(posedge VGA_clk)
begin
    if(displayArea)
    begin
        if(border)
        begin
            if(cel)                {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h3;
            else if(in_space)      {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h0;
            else if(cel_border)    {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h3;
            else if(out_space)     {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h0;
            else                    {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h0;
        end
        else if(!snakeBody)
        begin
            if(cel)                {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h0;
            else if(in_space)      {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'hfff;
            else if(cel_border)    {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h0;
            else if(out_space)     {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'hfff;
            else                    {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h0;
        end
        else if(apple)
        begin
            if(cel)                {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h700;
            else if(in_space)      {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h0;
            else if(cel_border)    {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h700;
            else if(out_space)     {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h0;
            else                    {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h0;
        end
        else
        begin
            if(cel)                {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h340;
            else if(in_space)      {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h3;
            else if(cel_border)    {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h340;
            else if(out_space)     {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h70;
            else                    {VGA_R, VGA_G, VGA_B} <= 12'h0;
        end
    end
end

//init direction
always@(posedge CLK)
begin

```

```

    if(RESET)
        direction <= 4'b0;
    else if(UP)
        direction <= 4'b1;
    else if(LEFT)
        direction <= 4'b10;
    else if(DOWN)
        direction <= 4'b100;
    else if(RIGHT)
        direction <= 4'b1000;
    else
        direction <= direction;
end

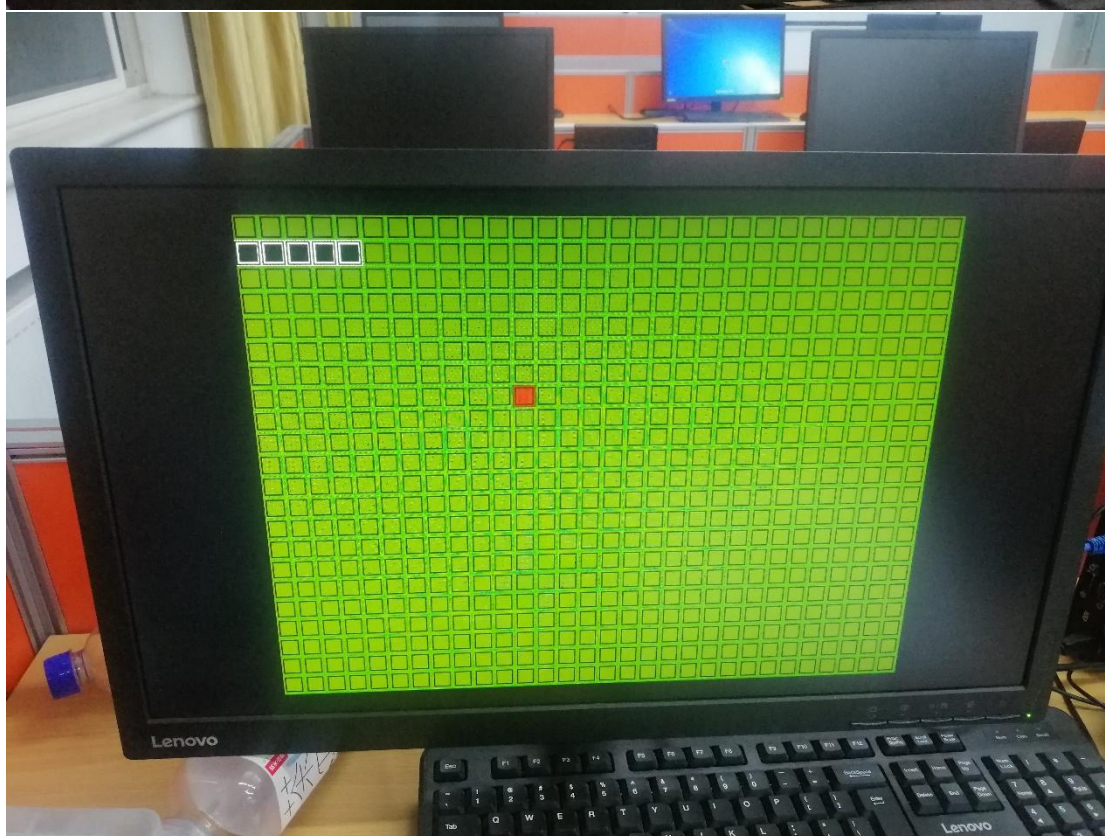
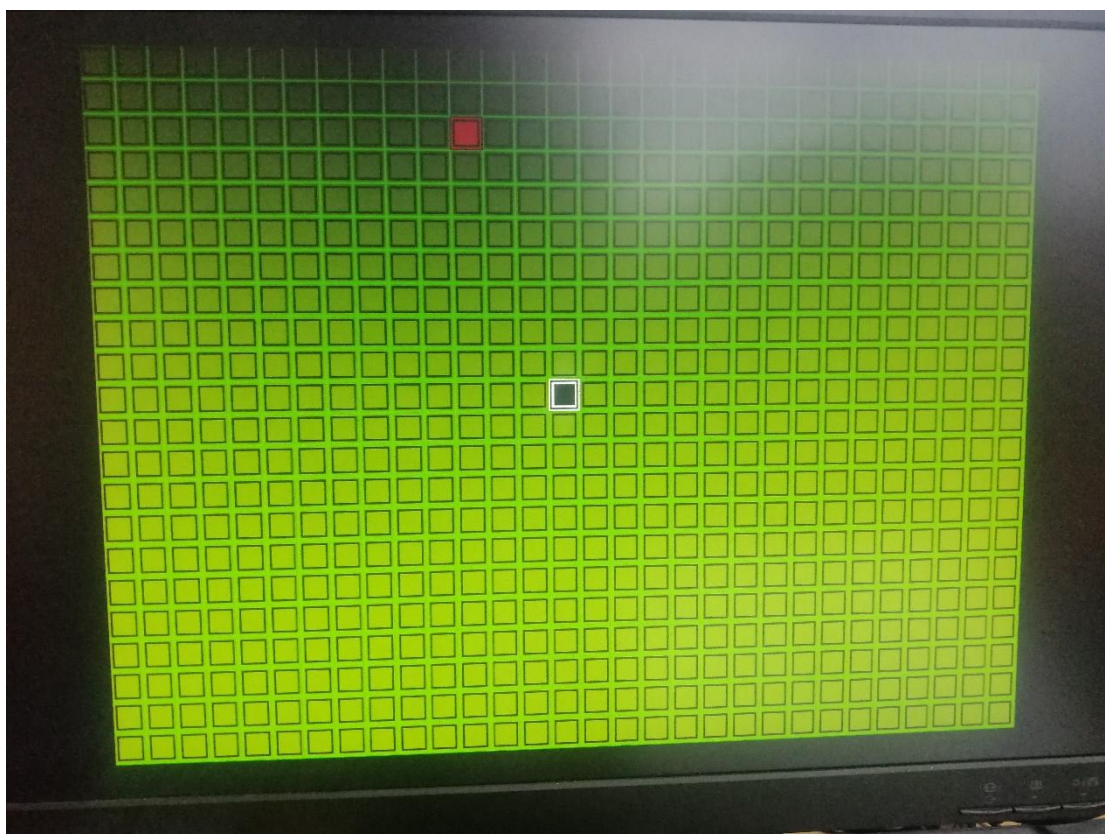
// Detect if the VGA scanning is hitting the border
always @(posedge VGA_clk)
begin
    border <= ((xCount <= UNIT) || (xCount > SCREEN_H - UNIT) ||
(yCount <= UNIT) || (yCount > (SCREEN_V - UNIT)));
end

// Detect if the VGA scanning is hitting the apple
always @(posedge VGA_clk)
begin
    apple <= ((xCount >= appleX) & (yCount >= appleY) & (xCount <
appleX + UNIT) & (yCount < appleY + UNIT));
end

// Detect if the VGA scanning is hitting the snake head or snake body
always@(posedge VGA_clk)
begin
    for(i = 0; i < SNAKE_MAX_SIZE; i = i + 1)
        snakeBody[i] <= ((xCount >= snakeX[i]) & (yCount >= snakeY[i])
& (xCount < snakeX[i] + UNIT) & (yCount < snakeY[i] + UNIT));
    end
endmodule

```

结果



XDC 文件

```

1  ## Clock signal
2  set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN E3      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { CLK }]; #IO_L12P_T1_MRCC_35 Sch=clk100mhz
3  create_clock -add -name sys_clk_pin -period 10.00 -waveform {0 5} [get_ports {CLK}];
4
5  #set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN C12     IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { CPU_RESETN }]; #IO_L3P_T0_DQS_AD1P_15 Sch=cpu_resetrn
6
7  set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN N17     IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { RESET }]; #IO_L9P_T1_DQS_14 Sch=btnc
8  set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN M18     IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { UP }]; #IO_L4N_T0_D05_14 Sch=btneu
9  set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN P17     IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { LEFT }]; #IO_L12P_T1_MRCC_14 Sch=btnl
10 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN P18     IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { DOWN }]; #IO_L9N_T1_DQS_D13_14 Sch=btnd
11 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN M17     IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { RIGHT }]; #IO_L10N_T1_D15_14 Sch=btnr
12
13 ##VGA Connector
14
15 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN A3      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_R[0] }]; #IO_L8N_T1_AD14N_35 Sch=vga_r[0]
16 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN B4      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_R[1] }]; #IO_L7N_T1_AD6N_35 Sch=vga_r[1]
17 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN C5      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_R[2] }]; #IO_L1N_T0_AD4N_35 Sch=vga_r[2]
18 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN A4      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_R[3] }]; #IO_L8P_T1_AD14P_35 Sch=vga_r[3]
19
20 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN C6      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_G[0] }]; #IO_L1P_T0_AD4P_35 Sch=vga_g[0]
21 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN A5      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_G[1] }]; #IO_L3N_T0_DQS_AD5N_35 Sch=vga_g[1]
22 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN B6      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_G[2] }]; #IO_L2N_T0_AD12N_35 Sch=vga_g[2]
23 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN A6      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_G[3] }]; #IO_L3P_T0_DQS_AD5P_35 Sch=vga_g[3]
24
25 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN B7      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_B[0] }]; #IO_L2P_T0_AD12P_35 Sch=vga_b[0]
26 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN C7      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_B[1] }]; #IO_L4N_T0_35 Sch=vga_b[1]
27 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN D7      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_B[2] }]; #IO_L6N_T0_VREF_35 Sch=vga_b[2]
28 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN D8      IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_B[3] }]; #IO_L4P_T0_35 Sch=vga_b[3]
29
30 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN B11     IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_HS }]; #IO_L4P_T0_15 Sch=vga_hs
31 set_property -dict { PACKAGE_PIN B12     IOSTANDARD LVCMOS33 } [get_ports { VGA_VS }]; #IO_L3N_T0_DQS_AD1N_15 Sch=vga_vs

```

FPGA 的上下左右按键用来控制蛇的行动。

## 【总结与思考】

该实验花的大部分时间在了设计完美的图像，所以有些的功能只是做出了最基础的比如蛇吃一个目标后增长，撞到墙游戏暂停，等。