

- 2) Give the logical relational schema for the database including all constraints for all involved relations. Apply the necessary normalization (if required) to eliminate any redundancy from the relations (**13 Marks**)

**Ans:**

The logical relational schema for the database including all constraints for all involved relations and applying normalization is given below:

STORE (store\_ID, street\_address, postcode, manager\_ID)

PK: store\_ID

FK: manager\_ID references MANAGER(manager\_ID)

MANAGER (manager\_ID, first\_name, last\_name, hired\_date)

PK:manager\_ID

ORDER (order\_num, order\_date\_time, completion\_date\_time, cost\_in\_pounds, store\_ID, menu\_item\_ID)

PK: order\_num

FK: store\_ID references STORE(store\_ID)

FK: menu\_item\_ID references MENU\_ITEM(menu\_item\_ID)

MENU\_ITEM ( menu\_item\_ID, item\_name)

PK: menu\_item\_ID

FILLING (filling\_ID, filling\_name, price\_per\_gram, calories\_per\_gram, category\_ID)

PK: filling\_ID

FK: category\_ID references CATEGORY(category\_ID)

CATEGORY( category\_ID, category\_name)

PK: category\_ID

BREADTYPE ( bread\_ID, bread\_name, price\_per\_loaf, number\_of\_calories)

PK: bread\_ID

MENU\_ITEM\_FILLING (menu\_item\_ID, filling\_ID, quantity)

PK: (menu\_item\_ID, filling\_ID)

FK: menu\_item\_ID references MENU\_ITEM(menu\_item\_ID)

FK: filling\_ID references FILLING (filling\_ID)

ORDER\_BREADTYPE (order\_num, bread\_ID)

PK: (order\_num, bread\_ID)

FK: order\_num references ORDER(order\_num)

FK: bread\_ID references BREADTYPE(bread\_ID)