

PVA Performance Accessibility **Best SEO PWA Practices**



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

50-89 90-100 0-49



First Contentful Paint

1.0 s

METRICS

Total Blocking Time

0 ms

Speed Index

2.0 s

▲ Largest Contentful Paint

3.3 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0

View Treemap



Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

DIAGNOSTICS

Serve images in next-gen formats — Potential savings of 2,750 KiB

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads

1/38 about:blank

Expand view

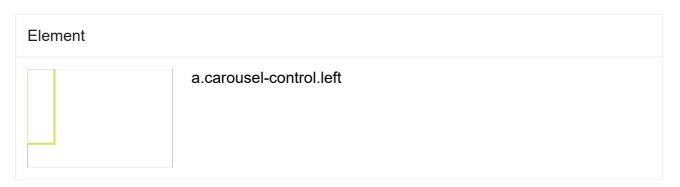
and less data consumption. <u>Learn more about modern image formats</u>.

		URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)			4,444.0 KiB	2,750.3 KiB
img.img-responsive		/img/about1.png (127.0.0.1)	830.2 KiB	755.6 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic1.jpg (127.0.0.1)	605.4 KiB	326.5 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic8.jpg (127.0.0.1)	487.3 KiB	278.8 KiB
img		/img/slide1.jpg (127.0.0.1)	450.8 KiB	229.7 KiB
img		/img/slide2.jpg (127.0.0.1)	401.8 KiB	219.3 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic7.jpg (127.0.0.1)	387.4 KiB	203.2 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic3.jpg (127.0.0.1)	341.7 KiB	180.9 KiB
img		/img/slide3.jpg (127.0.0.1)	292.7 KiB	172.7 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic4.jpg (127.0.0.1)	307.5 KiB	142.0 KiB

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
img	/img/portfolio_pic2.jpg (127.0.0.1)	155.6 KiB	102.2 KiB
img	/img/portfolio_pic5.jpg (127.0.0.1)	97.4 KiB	72.6 KiB
img	/img/portfolio_pic6.jpg (127.0.0.1)	86.3 KiB	66.7 KiB

▲ Largest Contentful Paint element — 3,320 ms

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> <u>[LCP]</u>



Phase	% of LCP	Timing
TTFB	4%	120 ms
Load Delay	0%	0 ms
Load Time	0%	0 ms
Render Delay	96%	3,200 ms

about:blank 3/38

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources — Potential savings of 480 ms

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources</u>. FCP

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	256.2 KiB	1,540 ms
/css/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1)	111.2 KiB	610 ms
fancybox/jquery.fancybox.css (127.0.0.1)	5.8 KiB	80 ms
/css/style.css (127.0.0.1)	44.5 KiB	280 ms
/css/font-awesome.css (127.0.0.1)	26.4 KiB	160 ms
/css/animate.css (127.0.0.1)	68.5 KiB	410 ms

▲ Enable text compression — Potential savings of 402 KiB

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> more about text compression. FCP LCP

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	517.3 KiB	401.7 KiB
/css/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1)	110.8 KiB	92.6 KiB
/css/animate.css (127.0.0.1)	68.1 KiB	63.2 KiB
/js/jquery-1.11.0.min.js (127.0.0.1)	94.1 KiB	61.5 KiB
/css/style.css (127.0.0.1)	44.1 KiB	35.5 KiB
/js/jquery.isotope.js (127.0.0.1)	41.8 KiB	31.4 KiB
/js/bootstrap.min.js (127.0.0.1)	34.8 KiB	25.5 KiB
/css/font-awesome.css (127.0.0.1)	26.0 KiB	20.8 KiB
/js/jquery-scrolltofixed.js (127.0.0.1)	20.0 KiB	15.8 KiB

about:blank 4/38

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings	
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	19.6 KiB	15.2 KiB	
fancybox/jquery.fancybox.pack.js (127.0.0.1)	22.6 KiB	14.2 KiB	
/js/wow.js (127.0.0.1)	11.7 KiB	8.9 KiB	
/js/jquery.easing.1.3.js (127.0.0.1)	7.9 KiB	6.0 KiB	
/js/jquery.nav.js (127.0.0.1)	6.6 KiB	4.7 KiB	
fancybox/jquery.fancybox.css (127.0.0.1)	5.4 KiB	4.0 KiB	
/js/custom.js (127.0.0.1)	3.6 KiB	2.4 KiB	

▲ Properly size images — Potential savings of 2,019 KiB

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. <u>Learn how to size images</u>.

		URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 1st Party			2,468.5 KiB	2,019.2 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic1.jpg (127.0.0.1)	605.4 KiB	522.5 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic8.jpg (127.0.0.1)	487.3 KiB	420.5 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic7.jpg (127.0.0.1)	387.4 KiB	334.1 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic3.jpg (127.0.0.1)	341.7 KiB	294.9 KiB

2. 17 1 101		about.blailit		
		URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
	img	/img/portfolio_pic4.jpg (127.0.0.1)	307.5 KiB	265.4 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic2.jpg (127.0.0.1)	155.6 KiB	134.3 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic5.jpg (127.0.0.1)	97.4 KiB	25.2 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic6.jpg (127.0.0.1)	86.3 KiB	22.3 KiB

▲ Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 247 KiB

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused CSS</u>. <u>(FCP)</u> <u>(LCP)</u>

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	ransfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party) 249).1 KiB	226.0 KiB
/css/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1)	0.8 KiB	101.8 KiB
/css/animate.css (127.0.0.1) 68	8.1 KiB	67.6 KiB
/css/style.css (127.0.0.1) 44	4.1 KiB	31.1 KiB
/css/font-awesome.css (127.0.0.1)	6.0 KiB	25.5 KiB

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings	
Torrent Scanner Chrome Extension	21.3 KiB	21.3 KiB	
<pre>chrome-extension://aegnopegbbhjeeiganiajffnalhlkkjb/css/custom.css</pre>	21.3 KiB	21.3 KiB	

▲ Minify CSS — Potential savings of 29 KiB

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify CSS. FCP LCP

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	139.3 KiB	29.1 KiB
/css/animate.css (127.0.0.1)	68.5 KiB	13.8 KiB
/css/style.css (127.0.0.1)	44.5 KiB	11.2 KiB
/css/font-awesome.css (127.0.0.1)	26.4 KiB	4.1 KiB

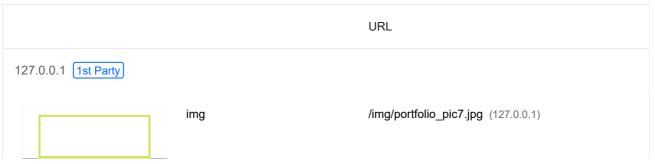
▲ Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>

Failure reason	Failure type
Pages with WebSocket cannot enter back/forward cache.	Pending browser support
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	

Image elements do not have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image</u> <u>dimensions</u> <u>CLS</u>



		URL
	img	/img/portfolio_pic1.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img	/img/portfolio_pic2.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img	/img/portfolio_pic3.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img	/img/portfolio_pic4.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img	/img/portfolio_pic8.jpg (127.0.0.1)
img		/img/slide1.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img	/img/portfolio_pic5.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img	/img/portfolio_pic6.jpg (127.0.0.1)
	img.img-responsive	/img/about1.png (127.0.0.1)

URL

Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 131 KiB

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP LCP

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (9)

		ty resources (9)
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
Price History, Tracker, Auto Coupon: Buyhatke Chrome Extension	272.8 KiB	80.2 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://ojplmecpdpgccookcobabopnaifgidhf/utility_all2.js</pre>	140.6 KiB	37.4 KiB
chrome-extension://ojplmecpdpgccookcobabopnaifgidhf/js/scrapper/commonScrapper.js	32.8 KiB	13.4 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://ojplmecpdpgccookcobabopnaifgidhf/autocoupon_html.js</pre>	48.1 KiB	8.5 KiB
chrome-extension://ojplmecpdpgccookcobabopnaifgidhf/js/main.js	7.7 KiB	5.4 KiB
chrome-extension://ojplmecpdpgccookcobabopnaifgidhf/js/plugins/draggabilly.js	12.3 KiB	5.1 KiB
chrome-extension://ojplmecpdpgccookcobabopnaifgidhf/autocouponUI.js	18.5 KiB	4.9 KiB
chrome-extension://ojplmecpdpgccookcobabopnaifgidhf/js/scrapper/categoryScrapper.	js 7.5 KiB	3.2 KiB
chrome-extension://ojplmecpdpgccookcobabopnaifgidhf/js/scrapper/wishlistScrapper.	js 5.2 KiB	2.2 KiB
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	88.1 KiB	44.2 KiB
/js/jquery.isotope.js (127.0.0.1)	41.8 KiB	20.2 KiB
/js/jquery-scrolltofixed.js (127.0.0.1)	20.0 KiB	12.3 KiB
/js/jquery.easing.1.3.js (127.0.0.1)	7.9 KiB	4.5 KiB
/js/wow.js (127.0.0.1)	11.7 KiB	3.7 KiB
/js/jquery.nav.js (127.0.0.1)	6.6 KiB	3.6 KiB
Torrent Scanner Chrome Extension	22.7 KiB	6.5 KiB

about:blank 9/38

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
chrome-extension://aegnopegbbhjeeiganiajffnalhlkkjb/js/popup.js	22.7 KiB	6.5 KiB

Ensure text remains visible during webfont load

Warnings: Lighthouse was unable to automatically check the `font-display` values for the origin https://fonts.gstatic.com.

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about font-display</u>. FCP [LCP]

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Potential Savings
Google Fonts Cdn	30 ms
v29/1Ptug8zYSwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	30 ms
127.0.0.1	0 ms
/fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff?v=4.2.0 (127.0.0.1)	0 ms

Efficiently encode images — Potential savings of 76 KiB

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode images.

		URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
127.0.0.1 [1st Party]			183.7 KiB	76.5 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic6.jpg (127.0.0.1)	86.3 KiB	38.4 KiB
	img	/img/portfolio_pic5.jpg (127.0.0.1)	97.4 KiB	38.1 KiB

about:blank 10/38

Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 158 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript</u>. <u>[LCP]</u>

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
Price History, Tracker, Auto Coupon: Buyhatke Chrome Extension	173.4 KiB	89.8 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://ojplmecpdpgccookcobabopnaifgidhf/utility_all2.js</pre>	140.6 KiB	66.2 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://ojplmecpdpgccookcobabopnaifgidhf/js/scrapper/commonScrapper.js</pre>	32.8 KiB	23.6 KiB
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	128.9 KiB	68.4 KiB
/js/jquery-1.11.0.min.js (127.0.0.1)	94.1 KiB	41.4 KiB
/js/bootstrap.min.js (127.0.0.1)	34.8 KiB	27.0 KiB

Avoid enormous network payloads — Total size was 5,131 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce payload sizes</u>. <u>LCP</u>

URL	Transfer Size
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	4,263.6 KiB
/img/about1.png (127.0.0.1)	830.5 KiB
/img/portfolio_pic1.jpg (127.0.0.1)	605.8 KiB
/img/portfolio_pic8.jpg (127.0.0.1)	487.6 KiB
/img/slide1.jpg (127.0.0.1)	451.2 KiB
/img/slide2.jpg (127.0.0.1)	402.1 KiB
/img/portfolio_pic7.jpg (127.0.0.1)	387.7 KiB
/img/portfolio_pic3.jpg (127.0.0.1)	342.0 KiB
/img/portfolio_pic4.jpg (127.0.0.1)	307.8 KiB

about:blank 11/38

URL	Transfer Size
/img/slide3.jpg (127.0.0.1)	293.0 KiB
/img/portfolio_pic2.jpg (127.0.0.1)	155.9 KiB

O Avoid non-composited animations — 6 animated elements found

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn how to avoid non-composited animations</u> <u>CLS</u>

Element	Name
div.col-lg-8.wow.fadeInLeft.delay-06s	
Effect has unsupported timing parameters	fadeInLeft
div#portfolio_wrapper.isotope.fadeInLeft.animated.wow.grid	
Unsupported CSS Property: height	height
Unsupported CSS Property: height	height
input.input-text	
Unsupported CSS Property: visibility	visibility
input.input-btn	
Unsupported CSS Property: visibility	visibility

Element		Name
	input.input-text	
Unsupported CSS Property	r: visibility	visibility
	textarea.input-text.text-area	
Unsupported CSS Property	r: visibility	visibility

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>

URL	Time Spent
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	0 ms
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	0 ms

O Avoids an excessive DOM size — 466 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. <u>(TBT)</u>

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		466
Maximum DOM Depth	p	13
Maximum Child Elements	body	19

about:blank 13/38

Avoid chaining critical requests — 17 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests</u>. FCP LCP

```
Maximum critical path latency: 324.692 ms
```

```
Initial Navigation
```

```
/index.html (127.0.0.1)
```

```
/css/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1) - 4.257 ms, 111.18 KiB
```

...fancybox/jquery.fancybox.css (127.0.0.1) - 5.407 ms, 5.76 KiB

/css/style.css (127.0.0.1)

/css?family=Raleway:800,700,400 (fonts.googleapis.com)

...v29/1Ptug8zYS....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 26.834 ms, 43.17 KiB

/css?family=Signika:400,600 (fonts.googleapis.com) - 91.377 ms, 1.08 KiB

/css/font-awesome.css (127.0.0.1)

/fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff?v=4.2.0 (127.0.0.1) - 3.64 ms, 82.18 KiB

/css/animate.css (127.0.0.1) - 6.822 ms, 68.45 KiB

...v13/cJZKeOuBr....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 20.75 ms, 15.27 KiB

...v13/MTP_ySUJH....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 22.606 ms, 15.85 KiB

/js/jquery-1.11.0.min.js (127.0.0.1) - 5.278 ms, 94.48 KiB

/js/bootstrap.min.js (127.0.0.1) - 5.622 ms, 35.12 KiB

/js/jquery-scrolltofixed.js (127.0.0.1) - 7.59 ms, 20.38 KiB

/js/jquery.nav.js (127.0.0.1) - **7.722 ms, 7.00 KiB**

/js/jquery.easing.1.3.js (127.0.0.1) - **6.738 ms, 8.26 KiB**

/js/jquery.isotope.js (127.0.0.1) - 7.852 ms, 42.20 KiB

...fancybox/jquery.fancybox.pack.js (127.0.0.1) - 7.718 ms, 22.95 KiB

/js/wow.js (127.0.0.1) - **7.544 ms, 12.03 KiB**

/js/custom.js (127.0.0.1) - **6.788 ms, 3.91 KiB**

○ JavaScript execution time — 0.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time</u>. TBT

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
127.0.0.1 1st Party	198 ms	14 ms	8 ms
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	198 ms	14 ms	8 ms

about:blank 14/38

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.4 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work [TBT]

Category	Time Spent
Other	148 ms
Script Evaluation	95 ms
Style & Layout	94 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	32 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	27 ms
Rendering	25 ms
Garbage Collection	1 ms

O Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Chegg Expert Auto Refresh Alarm Chrome Extension	241 KiB	0 ms
chrome-extension://knpgpajbeokfbgdkdkfohagfodfndfln/sound/alarm.mp3	241 KiB	0 ms
Google Fonts Cdn	77 KiB	0 ms
v29/1Ptug8zYSwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	43 KiB	0 ms
v13/MTP_ySUJHwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	16 KiB	0 ms
v13/cJZKeOuBrwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	15 KiB	0 ms
/css?family=Raleway:800,700,400 (fonts.googleapis.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
/css?family=Signika:400,600 (fonts.googleapis.com)	1 KiB	0 ms
Torrent Scanner Chrome Extension	32 KiB	0 ms
chrome-extension://aegnopegbbhjeeiganiajffnalhlkkjb/css/custom.css	21 KiB	0 ms
<pre>chrome-extension://aegnopegbbhjeeiganiajffnalhlkkjb/img/assets/ts-free- logo.png</pre>	4 KiB	0 ms

about:blank 15/38

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
<pre>chrome-extension://aegnopegbbhjeeiganiajffnalhlkkjb/img/assets/icon- key2.svg</pre>	2 KiB	0 ms
<pre>chrome-extension://aegnopegbbhjeeiganiajffnalhlkkjb/img/assets/icon- feedback.svg</pre>	2 KiB	0 ms
<pre>chrome-extension://aegnopegbbhjeeiganiajffnalhlkkjb/img/assets/icon- success.svg</pre>	1 KiB	0 ms
<pre>chrome-extension://aegnopegbbhjeeiganiajffnalhlkkjb/img/assets/icon- alert.svg</pre>	1 KiB	0 ms
<pre>chrome-extension://aegnopegbbhjeeiganiajffnalhlkkjb/img/assets/icon- sync.svg</pre>	1 KiB	0 ms
Price History, Tracker, Auto Coupon: Buyhatke Chrome Extension	1 KiB	0 ms
chrome-extension://ojplmecpdpgccookcobabopnaifgidhf/inject.js	1 KiB	0 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't $\underline{\text{directly affect}}$ the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (18)	Hide
Defer offscreen images	^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn how to defer offscreen images</u> .	
Preconnect to required origins	^
Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party of Learn how to preconnect to required origins.	rigins.
Avoid multiple page redirects	^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects. FCP LCP	
O Preload key requests	^
Consider using <link rel="preload"/> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Let how to preload key requests. FCP LCP	<u>earn</u>
Use HTTP/2	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2.	

about:blank 16/38

Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats [LCP] Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how to use modern JavaScript TBT Preload Largest Contentful Paint image If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. Learn more about preloading LCP elements. LCP Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient cache policies. User Timing marks and measures Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. Learn more about User Timing marks. Lazy load third-party resources with facades Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade. (TBT) Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. Learn more about optimal lazy loading. [LCP] Avoid large layout shifts

These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to <u>windowing</u>. <u>Learn how to improve CLS (CLS)</u>

about:blank 17/38

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more about adopting passive event listeners</u>.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. <u>Learn how to avoid document.write()</u>.

Avoid long main-thread tasks

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoid long</u> <u>main-thread tasks</u> (TBT)

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond delay</u> to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. [TBT]



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so manual testing is also encouraged.

BEST PRACTICES

[user-scalable="no"] is used in the <meta name="viewport"> element or the [maximum-scale] attribute is less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more about the viewport meta tag.</u>

Failing Elements
meta

These items highlight common accessibility best practices.

about:blank 18/38

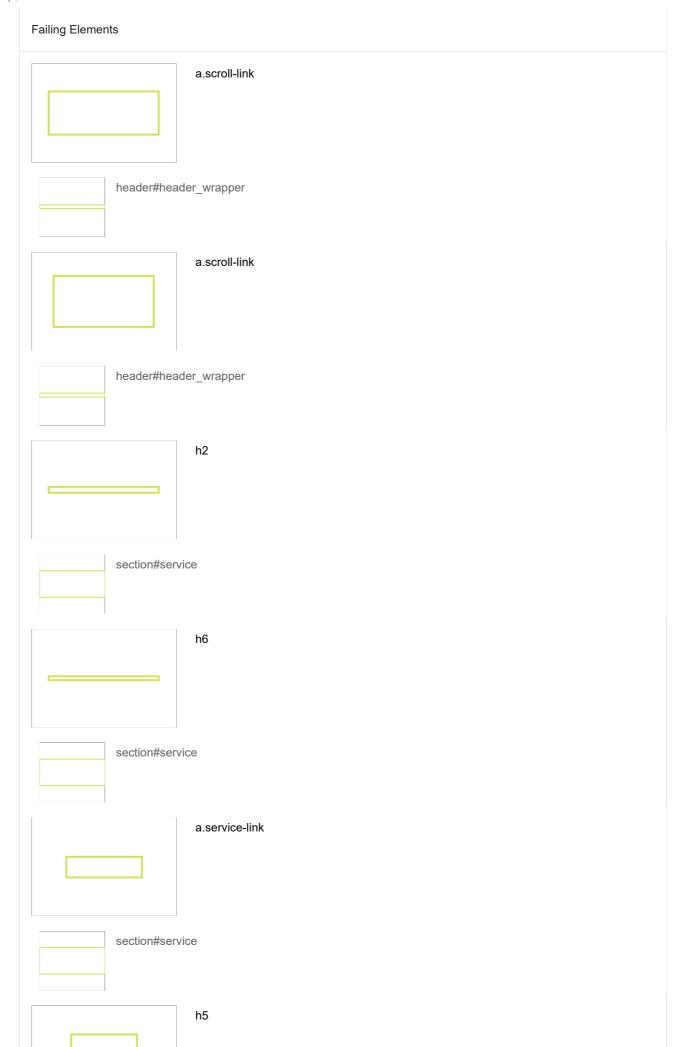
CONTRAST

▲ Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.

Failing Elements	
a.scroll-link	
header#header_wrapper	

about:blank



about:blank 20/38



Failing Elements	
footer#contact.footer_wrapper	
Links rely on color to be distinguishable.	^
Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience for users with low vision. Learn how to make links distinguishable.	
Failing Elements	
a.service-link	
div.service_block	
ese are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content. TERNATIONALIZATION AND LOCALIZATION	
html element does not have a [lang] attribute	^
If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might no announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.	t
Failing Elements	
html.csstransforms.csstransforms3d.csstransitions	

These are opportunities to improve the interpretation of your content by users in different locales.

about:blank 22/38

NAVIGATION

▲ Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about heading order</u>.



These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)

Hide

O Interactive controls are keyboard focusable

^

Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls focusable</u>.

Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state

^

Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.

about:blank 23/38

The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more allogical tab ordering.	<u>oout</u>
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and viordering.</u>	<u>sual</u>
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid for	cus traps.
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn how to direct focus to content</u> .	o new
O HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive te Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	chnology.
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom to the controls and labels</u> .	<u>stom</u>
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
hese items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an activity.</u>	ocessibility
PASSED AUDITS (11)	Hide
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document	nt <body>.</body>

about:blank 24/38

Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body.

[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA roles Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ids. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more about proper list structure. List items (<1i>) are contained within <u1>, <o1> or <menu> parent elements Screen readers require list items (<1i>) to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly. Learn more about proper list structure. Values assigned to role="" are valid ARIA roles.

misspelled, not existing ARIA role values, or abstract roles, then the purpose of the element will not be communicated to

ARIA roles enable assistive technologies to know the role of each element on the web page. If the role values are

about:blank 25/38

users of assistive technologies. Learn more about ARIA roles.

Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text.

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. <u>Learn more about the alt attribute</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (44)

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn more about access keys</u>.

[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. <u>Learn</u> how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.

button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u>.

Elements with role="dialog" or role="alertdialog" have accessible names.

ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of these elements. Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible.

O [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements</u>.

ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u>.

ARIA meter elements have accessible names

When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u>.

about:blank 26/38

ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, m it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .	aking
 Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. 	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more roles and required children elements</u> .	about
[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility funct Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.	tions.
Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents.	^
Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute.	
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unu for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .	ısable
 ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names 	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .	
ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about labeling treeitem elements.	ng it
O [aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes.	<u>values</u>
O [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid attributes.	<u>ARIA</u>

about:blank 27/38

O Buttons have an accessible name	^
When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for us rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible.	sers who
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about blocks</u> .	<u>bypass</u>
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn</u> <u>structure definition lists correctly</u>.</td><td>n how to</td></tr><tr><td>O Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can parent <d1> element to element <d1> element to element <d1> el</td><td>properly</td></tr><tr><td>O ARIA IDs are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.</td><td>s. <u>Learn</u></td></tr><tr><td>No form fields have multiple labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels.</td><td>use either</td></tr><tr><td><frame> Or <iframe> elements have a title</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more about frame titles</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn how to use the lang attrib</u></td><td><u>ute</u>.</td></tr><tr><td><html> element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text Learn more about the lang attribute.</td><td>correctly.</td></tr><tr><td>O Input buttons have discernible text.</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

about:blank 28/38

Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the input button. <u>Learn more about input buttons</u>.

<pre><input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.	the
O Form elements have associated labels	^
Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more aboform element labels</u> .	<u>ut</u>
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more about the refresh meta tag</u> .	
O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers content meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	vey
Select elements have associated label elements.	^
Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about the select element</u> .	!
O Skip links are focusable.	^
Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links.	
No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0	^
A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about the tabindex attribute</u> .	
Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <caption>.</caption>	^
The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate tab mark-up helps users of screen readers. Learn more about summary and caption.</caption>	ole
Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers

about:blank 29/38

attribute.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about table headers</u> .	S
O [lang] attributes have a valid value	^
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Lea</u> <u>how to use the lang attribute</u> .	<u>ırn</u>
	^
When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more a video captions</u> .	<u>ıbout</u>
All heading elements contain content.	^
A heading with no content or inaccessible text prevent screen reader users from accessing information on the page's structure. <u>Learn more about headings</u> .	
O Identical links have the same purpose.	^
Links with the same destination should have the same description, to help users understand the link's purpose and deci whether to follow it. <u>Learn more about identical links</u> .	de
Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing.	^
Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. <u>Learn more about touch targets</u> .	
Elements with visible text labels have matching accessible names.	^
Visible text labels that do not match the accessible name can result in a confusing experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about accessible names.</u>	
Tables use <caption> instead of cells with the [colspan] attribute to indicate a caption.</caption>	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that tables use the actual caption element inst of cells with the [colspan] attribute may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about captions</u> .	tead
elements in a large have one or more table headers.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that elements in a large table (3 or more	;

about:blank 30/38

cells in width and height) have an associated table header may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more

about table headers.



Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

▲ Does not use HTTPS — 3 insecure requests found

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

Insecure URL	Request Resolution
Google Fonts Cdn	
/css?family=Raleway:800,700,400 (fonts.googleapis.com)	Allowed
/css?family=Signika:400,600 (fonts.googleapis.com)	Allowed
v29/1Ptug8zYSwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	Allowed

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u> a <u>CSP to prevent XSS</u>

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

GENERAL

Browser errors were logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit

about:blank 31/38

Source	Description
127.0.0.1 (1st Party)	
custom.js:134	TypeError: Cannot set properties of null (setting 'onclick') at http://127.0.0.1:5501/js/custom.js:134:37

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.

Name	Version
Bootstrap	3.3.1
jQuery	1.11.0
Isotope	

Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs. Avoids third-party cookies Avoids third-party cookies will be removed in a future version of Chrome. Learn more about phasing out third-party cookies. Allows users to paste into input fields Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. Learn more about user-friendly input fields. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications</u>.

about:blank 32/38

Displays images with correct aspect ratio	^
Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. <u>Learn more about image aspect ratio</u> .	
Serves images with appropriate resolution	^
Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn ho</u> <u>to provide responsive images</u> .	<u>W</u>
Page has the HTML doctype	^
Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more about the doctype declaration</u> .	
Properly defines charset	^
A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding.	
Avoids unload event listeners	^
The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. <u>Learn more about unload event listeners</u>	
No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools	^
Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network reques failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.	
Page has valid source maps	^
Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn more about source maps .	
NOT APPLICABLE (1)	Hide
O Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded	^
Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. <u>Learn more about preloading fonts</u>	

about:blank 33/38



SFO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

Document does not have a meta description Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more about the meta description. Links do not have descriptive text — 4 links found Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn how to make links more accessible</u>. ✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1) Link destination Link Text Unattributable http://localhost:8501 Learn More Read more /privacy-policy/ (www.adaware.com) /contact.aspx (pcsoftwareinfo.com) Click here Torrent Scanner | Chrome Extension Click here chrome-extension://aegnopegbbhjeeiganiajffnalhlkkjb/faq.html

Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

CRAWLING AND INDEXING

▲ Links are not crawlable

Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable

about:blank 34/38



To appear in search results, crawlers need access to your app.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Structured data is valid

^

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data</u>.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (7)

Hide

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag With width or initial-scale

^

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. (TBT)

Document has a <title> element

^

about:blank 35/38

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.

Page has successful HTTP status code	^
Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP state	tus codes.
Page isn't blocked from indexing	^
Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to craw about crawler directives.	them. <u>Learn more</u>
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignore attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.	d with an empty alt
Document has a valid hreflang	^
hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given land Learn more about hreflang.	nguage or region.
Document avoids plugins	^
Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Lea avoiding plugins.	ırn more about
NOT APPLICABLE (4)	Hide
o robots.txt is valid	^
If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to indexed. Learn more about robots.txt.	o be crawled or
O Document has a valid rel=canonical	^
Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.	
O Document uses legible font sizes	^
Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in ord have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more about legible font sizes.	der to read. Strive to
Tap targets are sized appropriately	^

about:blank 36/38

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), or have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more about tap targets</u>.

As per <u>Chrome's updated Installability Criteria</u>, Lighthouse will be deprecating the PWA category in a future release. Please refer to the <u>updated PWA documentation</u> for future PWA testing.



PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. <u>Learn what</u> <u>makes a good Progressive Web App</u>.

INSTALLABLE

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. Learn more about manifest installability requirements.

Failure reason

Page has no manifest <link> URL

PWA OPTIMIZED

Is not configured for a custom splash screen

Failures: Manifest does not have a PNG icon of at least 512px, Manifest does not have `background_color`, Manifest does not have `theme_color`, Manifest does not have `name`.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more about splash screens.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: Manifest does not have `theme_color`, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more about theming the address bar.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

about:blank 37/38

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn how to size content for the viewport.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. TBT Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn about maskable manifest icons. ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3) Hide Site works cross-browser To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn about cross-browser compatibility. Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. Learn more about page transitions. Each page has a URL Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. Learn more about providing deep links. These checks are required by the baseline PWA Checklist but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Generated by Lighthouse 11.6.0 | File an issue

Emulated Desktop with

Lighthouse 11.6.0

Custom throttling

Single page session

devtools

Using Chromium 124.0.0.0 with

Captured at Apr 20, 2024, 5:16

PM GMT+5:30

Initial page load

about:blank 38/38