



View the Nodes page

StorageGRID

NetApp
June 10, 2022

Table of Contents

- View the Nodes page 1
 - Connection state icons 1
 - Alert icons 2
 - Viewing details for a system, site, or node 2
 - View the Overview tab 2
 - View the Hardware tab 4
 - View the Network tab 21
 - View the Storage tab 22
 - Use the Task tab to reboot a grid node 24
 - View the Objects tab 26
 - View the ILM tab 29
 - View the Load Balancer tab 30
 - View the Platform services tab 31
 - View the SANtricity System Manager tab 32


View the Nodes page

When you need more detailed information about your StorageGRID system than the Dashboard provides, you can use the Nodes page to view metrics for the entire grid, each site in the grid, and each node at a site.

Name	Type	Object data used	Object metadata used	CPU usage
StorageGRID Webscale Deployment	Grid	0%	0%	—
DC1	Site	0%	0%	—
DC1-ADM1	Primary Admin Node	—	—	6%
DC1-ARC1	Archive Node	—	—	1%
DC1-G1	Gateway Node	—	—	3%
DC1-S1	Storage Node	0%	0%	6%
DC1-S2	Storage Node	0%	0%	8%
DC1-S3	Storage Node	0%	0%	4%
DC2	Site	0%	0%	—


The Nodes table lists all the sites and nodes in your StorageGRID system. Summary information is displayed for each node. If a node has an active alert, an icon appears next to the node name. If the node is connected and has no active alerts, no icon is shown.

Connection state icons

- Not connected - Unknown** : The node is not connected to the grid for an unknown reason. For example, the network connection between nodes has been lost or the power is down. The **Unable to communicate with node** alert might also be triggered. Other alerts might be active as well. This situation requires immediate attention.






A node might appear as Unknown during managed shutdown operations. You can ignore the Unknown state in these cases.

- Not connected - Administratively down** : The node is not connected to the grid for an expected reason. For example, the node, or services on the node, has been gracefully shut down, the node is rebooting, or the software is being upgraded. One or more alerts might also be active.

If a node is disconnected from the grid, it might have an underlying alert, but only the “Not connected” icon appears. To see the active alerts for a node, select the node.

Alert icons

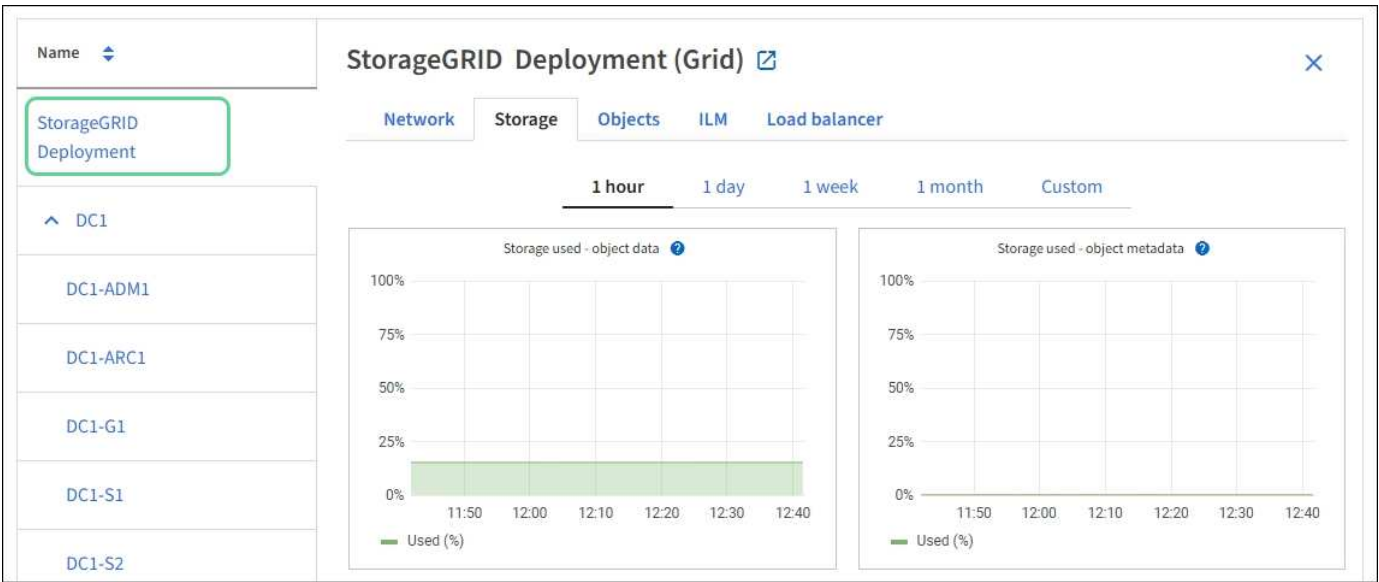
If there is an active alert for a node, one of the following icons appears next to the node name:

- **Critical** : An abnormal condition exists that has stopped the normal operations of a StorageGRID node or service. You must address the underlying issue immediately. Service disruption and loss of data might result if the issue is not resolved.
- **Major** : An abnormal condition exists that is either affecting current operations or approaching the threshold for a critical alert. You should investigate major alerts and address any underlying issues to ensure that the abnormal condition does not stop the normal operation of a StorageGRID node or service.
- **Minor** : The system is operating normally, but an abnormal condition exists that could affect the system’s ability to operate if it continues. You should monitor and resolve minor alerts that do not clear on their own to ensure they do not result in a more serious problem.

Viewing details for a system, site, or node

To view the available information, select the name of the grid, site, or node as follows:

- Select the grid name to see an aggregate summary of the statistics for your entire StorageGRID system.
- Select a specific data center site to see an aggregate summary of the statistics for all nodes at that site.
- Select a specific node to view detailed information for that node.



View the Overview tab

The Overview tab provides basic information about each node. It also shows any alerts currently affecting the node.

The Overview tab is shown for all nodes.

Node Information

The Node Information section of the Overview tab lists basic information about the grid node.

DC1-S2 (Storage Node)

Overview





Hardware

Network


Storage


Objects



Node information ?

Name:	DC1-S2		
Type:	Storage Node		
ID:	e12e3f95-da25-4c56-8ca1-ec796b3fdbd9		
Connection state:	 Connected		
Storage used:	Object data	<div><div></div></div>	26% 
	Object metadata	<div><div></div></div>	0% 
Software version:	11.6.0		
IP addresses:	10.224.1.227 - eth0 (Grid Network)		
	Show additional IP addresses 		

The overview information for a node includes the following:

- **Name:** The hostname assigned to the node and displayed in the Grid Manager.
- **Type:** The type of node — Admin Node, primary Admin Node, Storage Node, Gateway Node, or Archive Node.
- **ID:** The unique identifier for the node, which is also referred to as the UUID.
- **Connection state:** One of three states. The icon for the most severe state is shown.
 - **Unknown** : The node is not connected to the grid for an unknown reason. For example, the network connection between nodes has been lost or the power is down. The **Unable to communicate with node** alert might also be triggered. Other alerts might be active as well. This situation requires immediate attention.



A node might appear as Unknown during managed shutdown operations. You can ignore the Unknown state in these cases.
 - **Administratively down** : The node is not connected to the grid for an expected reason. For example, the node, or services on the node, has been gracefully shut down, the node is rebooting, or the software is being upgraded. One or more alerts might also be active.
 - **Connected** : The node is connected to the grid.
- **Storage used:** For Storage Nodes only.

- **Object data:** The percentage of the total usable space for object data that has been used on the Storage Node.
- **Object metadata:** The percentage of the total allowed space for object metadata that has been used on the Storage Node.
- **Software version:** The version of StorageGRID that is installed on the node.
- **HA groups:** For Admin Node and Gateway Nodes only. Shown if a network interface on the node is included in a high availability group and whether that interface is the Primary interface.
- **IP addresses:** The node's IP addresses. Click **Show additional IP addresses** to view the node's IPv4 and IPv6 addresses and interface mappings.

Alerts

The Alerts section of the Overview tab lists any alerts currently affecting this node that have not been silenced. Click the alert name to view additional details and recommended actions.

Alerts			
Alert name	Severity	Time triggered	Current values
Low installed node memory  The amount of installed memory on a node is low.	 Critical	11 hours ago 	Total RAM size: 8.37 GB

Related information

[Monitor node connection states](#)

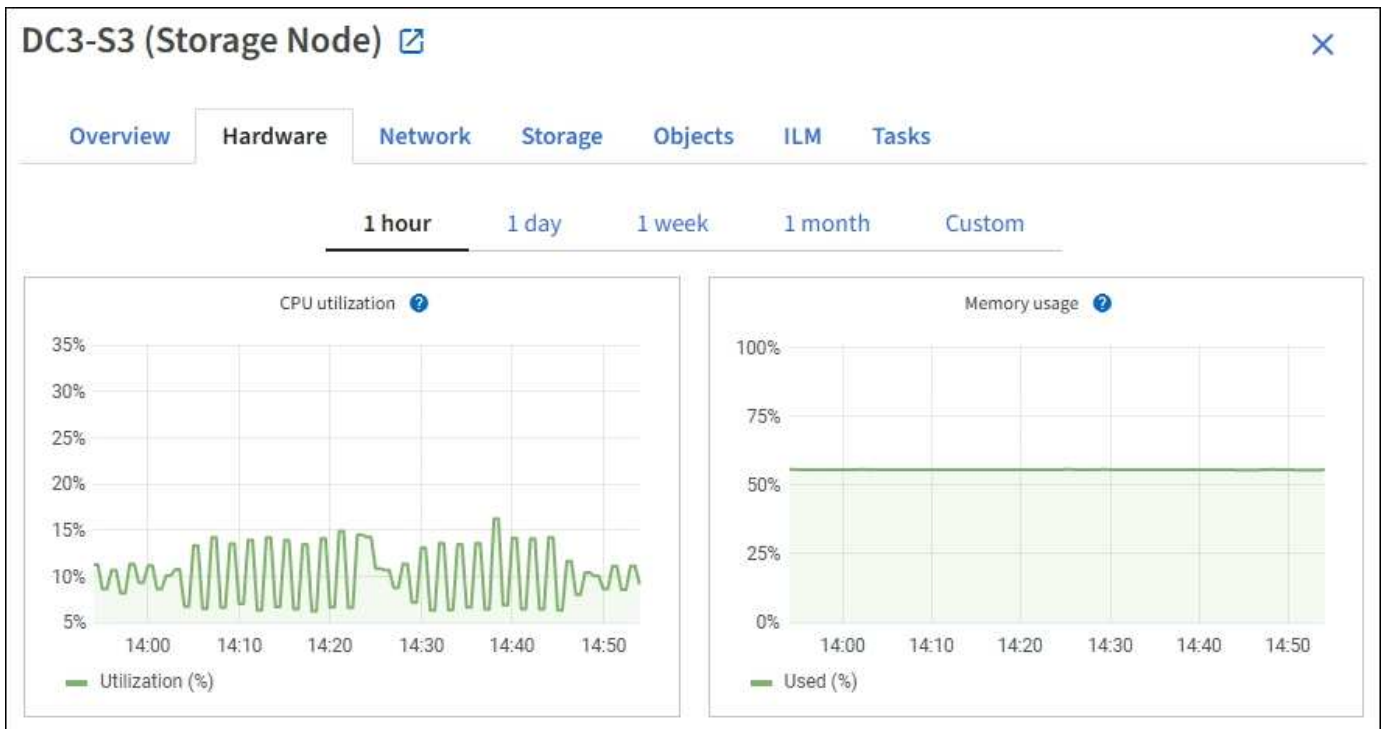
[View current alerts](#)

[View a specific alert](#)

View the Hardware tab

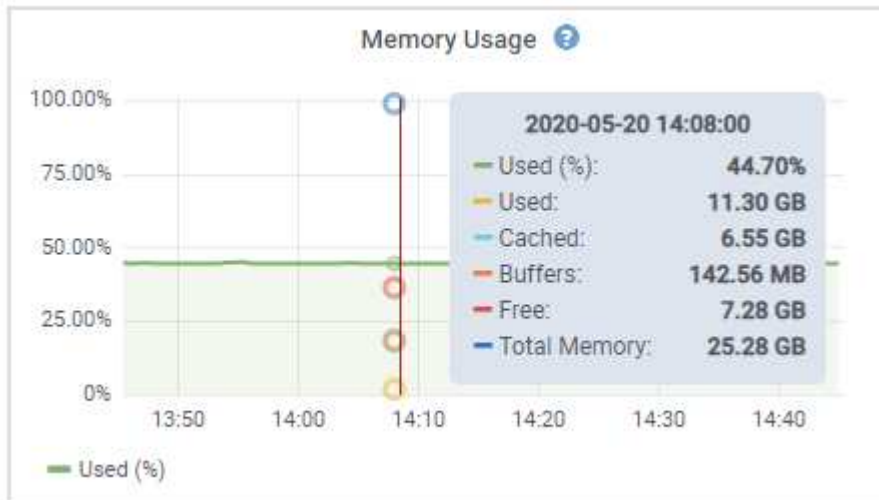
The Hardware tab displays CPU utilization and memory usage for each node, and additional hardware information about appliances.

The Hardware tab is shown for all nodes.



To display a different time interval, select one of the controls above the chart or graph. You can display the information available for intervals of 1 hour, 1 day, 1 week, or 1 month. You can also set a custom interval, which allows you to specify date and time ranges.

To see details for CPU utilization and memory usage, hover your cursor over each graph.



If the node is an appliance node, this tab also includes a section with more information about the appliance hardware.

View information about appliance Storage Nodes

The Nodes page lists information about service health and all computational, disk device, and network resources for each appliance Storage Node. You can also see memory, storage hardware, controller firmware version, network resources, network interfaces, network addresses, and receive and transmit data.

Steps

1. From the Nodes page, select an appliance Storage Node.
2. Select **Overview**.

The Node information section of the Overview tab displays summary information for the node, such as the node's name, type, ID, and connection state. The list of IP addresses includes the name of the interface for each address, as follows:

- **eth**: The Grid Network, Admin Network, or Client Network.
- **hic**: One of the physical 10, 25, or 100 GbE ports on the appliance. These ports can be bonded together and connected to the StorageGRID Grid Network (eth0) and Client Network (eth2).
- **mtc**: One of the physical 1 GbE ports on the appliance. One or more mtc interfaces are bonded to form the StorageGRID Admin Network interface (eth1). You can leave other mtc interfaces available for temporary local connectivity for a technician in the data center.

DC2-SGA-010-096-106-021 (Storage Node) [✕](#)

Overview Hardware Network Storage Objects ILM Tasks

Node information [?](#)

Name: DC2-SGA-010-096-106-021
Type: Storage Node
ID: f0890e03-4c72-401f-ae92-245511a38e51
Connection state: Connected
Storage used: Object data 7% [?](#)
Object metadata 5% [?](#)
Software version: 11.6.0 (build 20210915.1941.afce2d9)
IP addresses: 10.96.106.21 - eth0 (Grid Network)

[Hide additional IP addresses](#) [^](#)

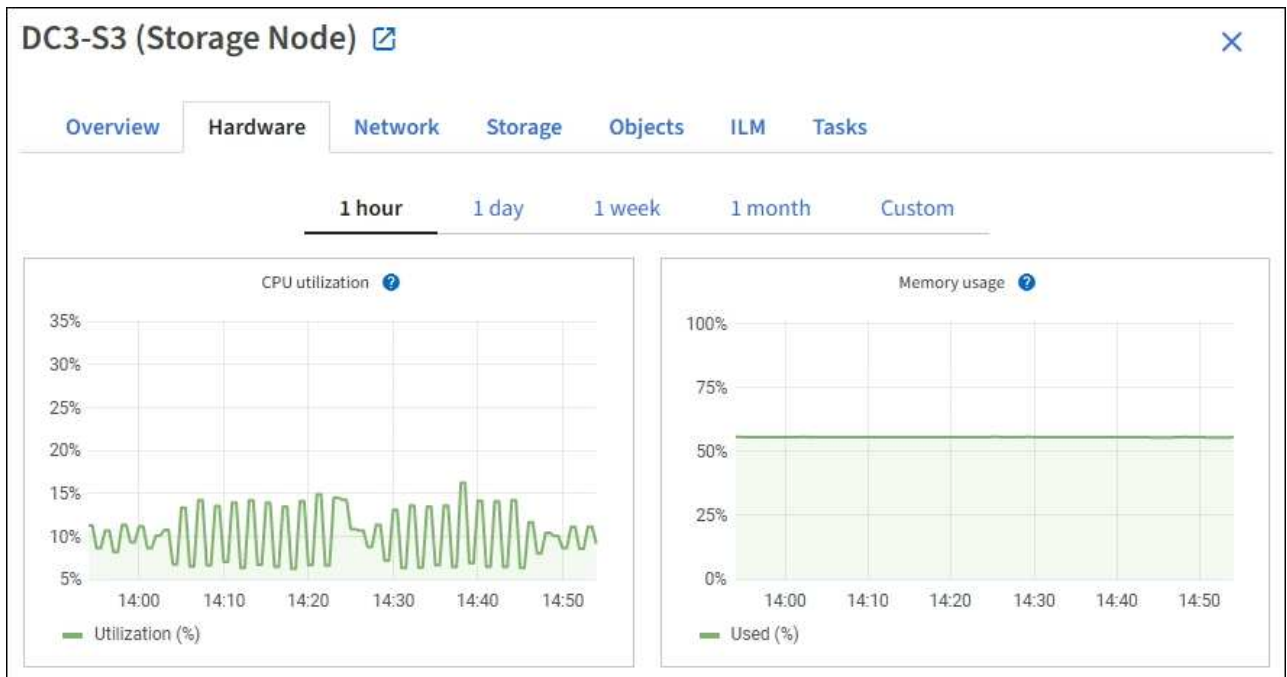
Interface ^	IP address ^
eth0 (Grid Network)	10.96.106.21
eth0 (Grid Network)	fe80::2a0:98ff:fe64:6582
hic2	10.96.106.21
hic4	10.96.106.21
mtc2	169.254.0.1

Alerts

Alert name ^	Severity ? ^	Time triggered ^	Current values
ILM placement unachievable ✕	Major	2 hours ago ?	
A placement instruction in an ILM rule cannot be achieved for certain objects.			

The Alerts section of the Overview tab displays any active alerts for the node.

3. Select **Hardware** to see more information about the appliance.
 - a. View the CPU Utilization and Memory graphs to determine the percentages of CPU and memory usage over time. To display a different time interval, select one of the controls above the chart or graph. You can display the information available for intervals of 1 hour, 1 day, 1 week, or 1 month. You can also set a custom interval, which allows you to specify date and time ranges.




- b. Scroll down to view the table of components for the appliance. This table contains information such as the model name of the appliance; controller names, serial numbers, and IP addresses; and the status of each component.



Some fields, such as Compute controller BMC IP and Compute hardware, appear only for appliances with that feature.

Components for the storage shelves, and expansion shelves if they are part of the installation, appear in a separate table below the appliance table.

StorageGRID Appliance

Appliance model: ?	SG5660	
Storage controller name: ?	StorageGRID-SGA-Lab11	
Storage controller A management IP: ?	10.224.2.192	
Storage controller WWID: ?	600a098000a4a707000000005e8ed5fd	
Storage appliance chassis serial number: ?	1142FG000135	
Storage controller firmware version: ?	08.40.60.01	
Storage hardware: ?	Nominal	
Storage controller failed drive count: ?	0	
Storage controller A: ?	Nominal	
Storage controller power supply A: ?	Nominal	
Storage controller power supply B: ?	Nominal	
Storage data drive type: ?	NL-SAS HDD	
Storage data drive size: ?	2.00 TB	
Storage RAID mode: ?	RAID6	
Storage connectivity: ?	Nominal	
Overall power supply: ?	Nominal	
Compute controller serial number: ?	SV54365519	
Compute controller CPU temperature: ?	Nominal	
Compute controller chassis temperature: ?	Nominal	

Storage shelves

Shelf chassis serial number ?	Shelf ID ?	Shelf status ?	IOM status ?
SN SV13304553	0	Nominal	N/A

Field in the Appliance table	Description
Appliance model	The model number for this StorageGRID appliance shown in SANtricity software.
Storage controller name	The name for this StorageGRID appliance shown in SANtricity software.
Storage controller A management IP	IP address for management port 1 on storage controller A. You use this IP to access SANtricity software to troubleshoot storage issues.

Field in the Appliance table	Description
Storage controller B management IP	<p>IP address for management port 1 on storage controller B. You use this IP to access SANtricity software to troubleshoot storage issues.</p> <p>Some appliance models do not have a storage controller B.</p>
Storage controller WWID	The worldwide identifier of the storage controller shown in SANtricity software.
Storage appliance chassis serial number	The chassis serial number of the appliance.
Storage controller firmware version	The version of the firmware on the storage controller for this appliance.
Storage hardware	<p>The overall status of the storage controller hardware. If SANtricity System Manager reports a status of Needs Attention for the storage hardware, the StorageGRID system also reports this value.</p> <p>If the status is “needs attention,” first check the storage controller using SANtricity software. Then, ensure that no other alarms exist that apply to the compute controller.</p>
Storage controller failed drive count	The number of drives that are not optimal.
Storage controller A	The status of storage controller A.
Storage controller B	The status of storage controller B. Some appliance models do not have a storage controller B.
Storage controller power supply A	The status of power supply A for the storage controller.
Storage controller power supply B	The status of power supply B for the storage controller.
Storage data drive type	The type of drives in the appliance, such as HDD (hard disk drive) or SSD (solid state drive).
Storage data drive size	<p>The effective size of one data drive.</p> <p>Note: For nodes with expansion shelves, use the Data drive size for each shelf instead. Effective drive size might differ by shelf.</p>
Storage RAID mode	The RAID mode configured for the appliance.

Field in the Appliance table	Description
Storage connectivity	The storage connectivity state.
Overall power supply	The status of all power supplies for the appliance.
Compute controller BMC IP	<p>The IP address of the baseboard management controller (BMC) port in the compute controller. You use this IP to connect to the BMC interface to monitor and diagnose the appliance hardware.</p> <p>This field is not displayed for appliance models that do not contain a BMC.</p>
Compute controller serial number	The serial number of the compute controller.
Compute hardware	The status of the compute controller hardware. This field is not displayed for appliance models that do not have separate compute hardware and storage hardware.
Compute controller CPU temperature	The temperature status of the compute controller's CPU.
Compute controller chassis temperature	The temperature status of the compute controller.

Column in the Storage shelves table	Description
Shelf chassis serial number	The serial number for the storage shelf chassis.
Shelf ID	<p>The numeric identifier for the storage shelf.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 99: Storage controller shelf • 0: First expansion shelf • 1: Second expansion shelf <p>Note: Expansion shelves apply to the SG6060 and SG6060X only.</p>
Shelf status	The overall status of the storage shelf.
IOM status	The status of the input/output modules (IOMs) in any expansion shelves. N/A if this is not an expansion shelf.
Power supply status	The overall status of the power supplies for the storage shelf.

Column in the Storage shelves table	Description
Drawer status	The status of the drawers in the storage shelf. N/A if the shelf does not contain drawers.
Fan status	The overall status of the cooling fans in the storage shelf.
Drive slots	The total number of drive slots in the storage shelf.
Data drives	The number of drives in the storage shelf that are used for data storage.
Data drive size	The effective size of one data drive in the storage shelf.
Cache drives	The number of drives in the storage shelf that are used as cache.
Cache drive size	The size of the smallest cache drive in the storage shelf. Normally, cache drives are all the same size.
Configuration status	The configuration status of the storage shelf.

c. Confirm that all statuses are “Nominal.”

If a status is not “Nominal,” review any current alerts. You can also use SANtricity System Manager to learn more about some of these hardware values. See the instructions for installing and maintaining your appliance.

4. Select **Network** to view information for each network.

The Network Traffic graph provides a summary of overall network traffic.



a. Review the Network Interfaces section.

Network interfaces					
Name ?	Hardware address ?	Speed ?	Duplex ?	Auto-negotiation ?	Link status ?
eth0	00:50:56:A7:66:75	10 Gigabit	Full	Off	Up

Use the following table with the values in the **Speed** column in the Network Interfaces table to determine whether the 10/25-GbE network ports on the appliance were configured to use active/backup mode or LACP mode.



The values shown in the table assume all four links are used.

Link mode	Bond mode	Individual HIC link speed (hic1, hic2, hic3, hic4)	Expected Grid/Client Network speed (eth0,eth2)
Aggregate	LACP	25	100
Fixed	LACP	25	50
Fixed	Active/Backup	25	25
Aggregate	LACP	10	40
Fixed	LACP	10	20
Fixed	Active/Backup	10	10

See the installation and maintenance instructions for your appliance for more information about configuring the 10/25-GbE ports.

- b. Review the Network Communication section.

The Receive and Transmit tables show how many bytes and packets have been received and sent across each network as well as other receive and transmit metrics.

Network communication

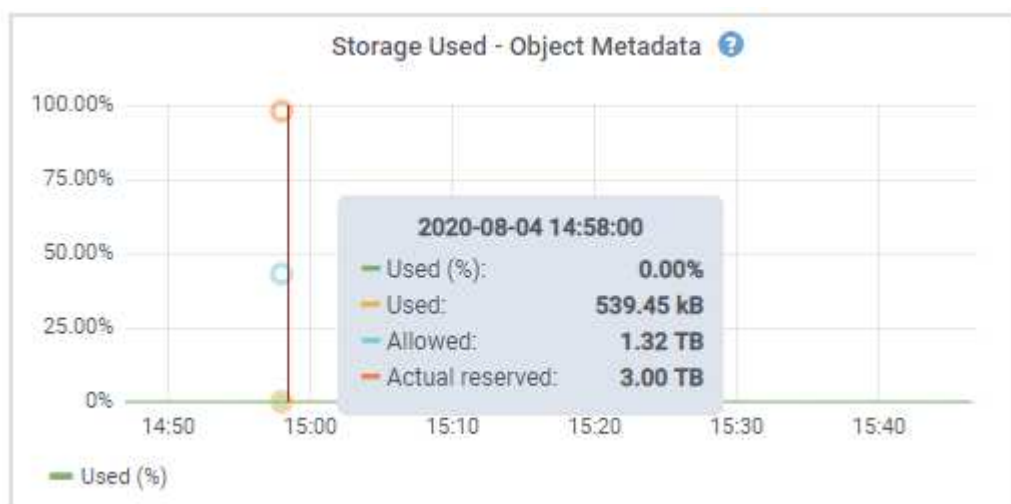
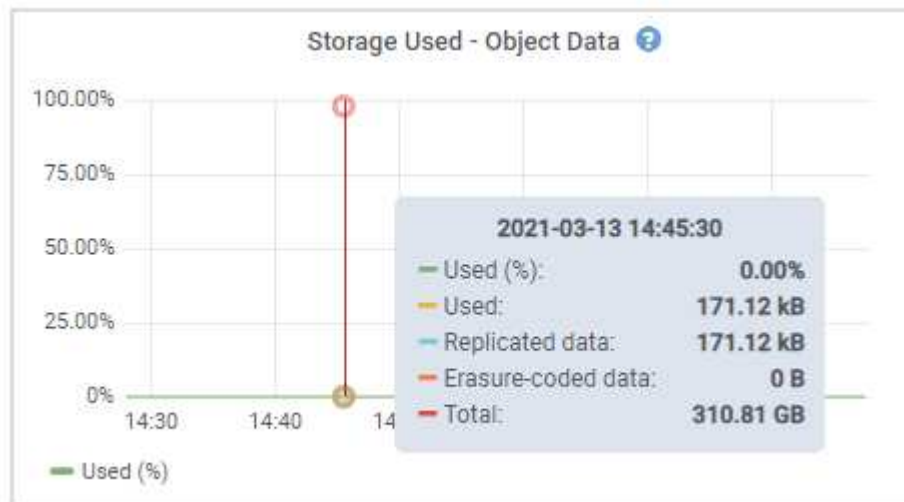
Receive

Interface ?	Data ?	Packets ?	Errors ?	Dropped ?	Frame overruns ?	Frames ?
eth0	2.89 GB	19,421,503	0	24,032	0	0

Transmit

Interface ?	Data ?	Packets ?	Errors ?	Dropped ?	Collisions ?	Carrier ?
eth0	3.64 GB	18,494,381	0	0	0	0

5. Select **Storage** to view graphs that show the percentages of storage used over time for object data and object metadata, as well as information about disk devices, volumes, and object stores.



- a. Scroll down to view the amounts of available storage for each volume and object store.

The Worldwide Name for each disk matches the volume world-wide identifier (WWID) that appears when you view standard volume properties in SANtricity software (the management software connected to the appliance's storage controller).

To help you interpret disk read and write statistics related to volume mount points, the first portion of the name shown in the **Name** column of the Disk Devices table (that is, *sdc*, *sdd*, *sde*, and so on) matches the value shown in the **Device** column of the Volumes table.

Disk devices					
Name ? ⇅	World Wide Name ? ⇅	I/O load ? ⇅	Read rate ? ⇅	Write rate ? ⇅	
croot(8:1,sda1)	N/A	0.04%	0 bytes/s	3 KB/s	
cvloc(8:2,sda2)	N/A	0.67%	0 bytes/s	50 KB/s	
sdc(8:16,sdb)	N/A	0.03%	0 bytes/s	4 KB/s	
sdd(8:32,sdc)	N/A	0.00%	0 bytes/s	82 bytes/s	
sde(8:48,sdd)	N/A	0.00%	0 bytes/s	82 bytes/s	

Volumes					
Mount point ? ⇅	Device ? ⇅	Status ? ⇅	Size ? ⇅	Available ? ⇅	Write cache status ? ⇅
/	croot	Online	21.00 GB	14.75 GB	Unknown
/var/local	cvloc	Online	85.86 GB	84.05 GB	Unknown
/var/local/rangedb/0	sdc	Online	107.32 GB	107.17 GB	Enabled
/var/local/rangedb/1	sdd	Online	107.32 GB	107.18 GB	Enabled
/var/local/rangedb/2	sde	Online	107.32 GB	107.18 GB	Enabled

Object stores						
ID ? ⇅	Size ? ⇅	Available ? ⇅	Replicated data ? ⇅	EC data ? ⇅	Object data (%) ? ⇅	Health ? ⇅
0000	107.32 GB	96.44 GB	124.60 KB	0 bytes	0.00%	No Errors
0001	107.32 GB	107.18 GB	0 bytes	0 bytes	0.00%	No Errors
0002	107.32 GB	107.18 GB	0 bytes	0 bytes	0.00%	No Errors

Related information

[SG6000 storage appliances](#)

[SG5700 storage appliances](#)

[SG5600 storage appliances](#)

View information about appliance Admin Nodes and Gateway Nodes

The Nodes page lists information about service health and all computational, disk device, and network resources for each services appliance that is used as an Admin Node or a Gateway Node. You can also see memory, storage hardware, network resources, network interfaces, network addresses, and receive and transmit data.

Steps

1. From the Nodes page, select an appliance Admin Node or an appliance Gateway Node.
2. Select **Overview**.

The Node information section of the Overview tab displays summary information for the node, such as the node's name, type, ID, and connection state. The list of IP addresses includes the name of the interface for each address, as follows:

- **adllb** and **adlli**: Shown if active/backup bonding is used for the Admin Network interface
- **eth**: The Grid Network, Admin Network, or Client Network.
- **hic**: One of the physical 10, 25, or 100 GbE ports on the appliance. These ports can be bonded together and connected to the StorageGRID Grid Network (eth0) and Client Network (eth2).
- **mtc**: One of the physical 1-GbE ports on the appliance. One or more mtc interfaces are bonded to form the Admin Network interface (eth1). You can leave other mtc interfaces available for temporary local connectivity for a technician in the data center.

10-224-6-199-ADM1 (Primary Admin Node)

Overview
Hardware
Network
Storage
Load balancer
Tasks
SANtricity System Manager

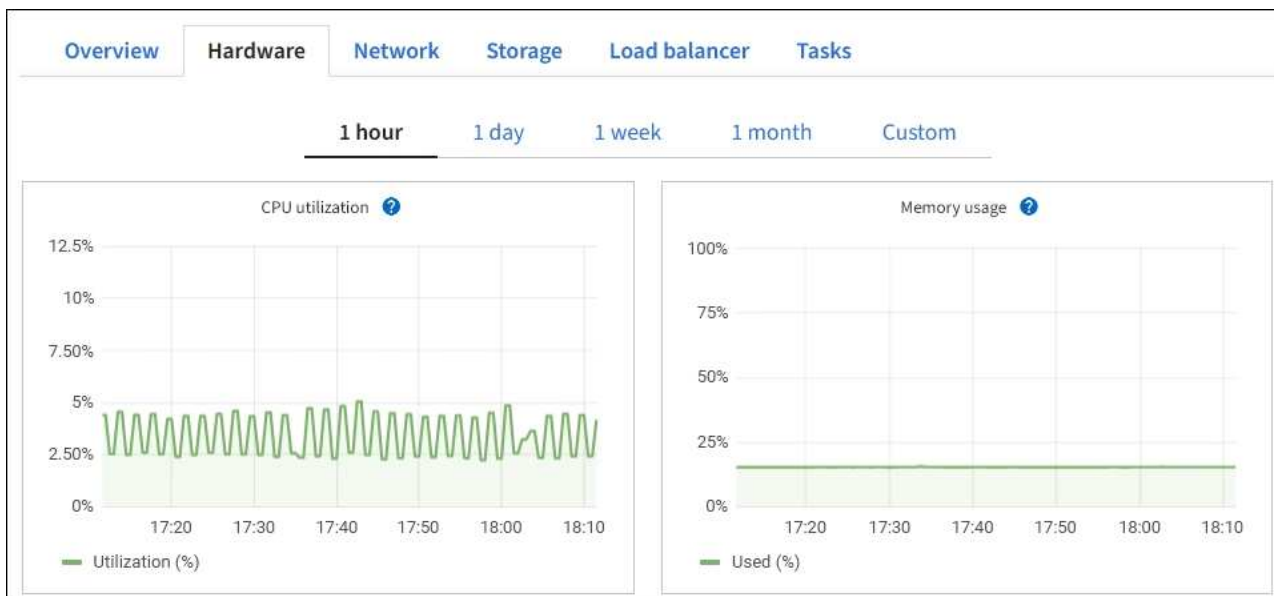
Node information

Name: 10-224-6-199-ADM1
Type: Primary Admin Node
ID: 6fdc1890-ca0a-4493-acdd-72ed317d95fb
Connection state: Connected
Software version: 11.6.0 (build 20210928.1321.6687ee3)
IP addresses: 172.16.6.199 - eth0 (Grid Network)
10.224.6.199 - eth1 (Admin Network)
47.47.7.241 - eth2 (Client Network)
[Hide additional IP addresses](#)

Interface	IP address
eth2 (Client Network)	47.47.7.241
eth2 (Client Network)	fd20:332:332:0:e42:a1ff:fe86:b5b0
eth2 (Client Network)	fe80::e42:a1ff:fe86:b5b0
hic1	47.47.7.241
hic2	47.47.7.241
hic3	47.47.7.241

The Alerts section of the Overview tab displays any active alerts for the node.

3. Select **Hardware** to see more information about the appliance.
 - a. View the CPU Utilization and Memory graphs to determine the percentages of CPU and memory usage over time. To display a different time interval, select one of the controls above the chart or graph. You can display the information available for intervals of 1 hour, 1 day, 1 week, or 1 month. You can also set a custom interval, which allows you to specify date and time ranges.



- b. Scroll down to view the table of components for the appliance. This table contains information such as the model name, serial number, controller firmware version, and the status of each component.

StorageGRID Appliance		
Appliance model: ?	SG100	
Storage controller failed drive count: ?	0	
Storage data drive type: ?	SSD	
Storage data drive size: ?	960.20 GB	
Storage RAID mode: ?	RAID1 [healthy]	
Storage connectivity: ?	Nominal	
Overall power supply: ?	Nominal	
Compute controller BMC IP: ?	10.60.8.38	
Compute controller serial number: ?	372038000093	
Compute hardware: ?	Nominal	
Compute controller CPU temperature: ?	Nominal	
Compute controller chassis temperature: ?	Nominal	
Compute controller power supply A: ?	Nominal	
Compute controller power supply B: ?	Nominal	

Field in the Appliance table	Description
Appliance model	The model number for this StorageGRID appliance.

Field in the Appliance table	Description
Storage controller failed drive count	The number of drives that are not optimal.
Storage data drive type	The type of drives in the appliance, such as HDD (hard disk drive) or SSD (solid state drive).
Storage data drive size	The effective size of one data drive.
Storage RAID mode	The RAID mode for the appliance.
Overall power supply	The status of all power supplies in the appliance.
Compute controller BMC IP	<p>The IP address of the baseboard management controller (BMC) port in the compute controller. You can use this IP to connect to the BMC interface to monitor and diagnose the appliance hardware.</p> <p>This field is not displayed for appliance models that do not contain a BMC.</p>
Compute controller serial number	The serial number of the compute controller.
Compute hardware	The status of the compute controller hardware.
Compute controller CPU temperature	The temperature status of the compute controller's CPU.
Compute controller chassis temperature	The temperature status of the compute controller.

c. Confirm that all statuses are "Nominal."

If a status is not "Nominal," review any current alerts.

4. Select **Network** to view information for each network.

The Network Traffic graph provides a summary of overall network traffic.



a. Review the Network Interfaces section.

Network interfaces						
Name ?	Hardware address ?	Speed ?	Duplex ?	Auto-negotiation ?	Link status ?	
eth0	0C:42:A1:86:B5:B0	100 Gigabit	Full	Off	Up	
eth1	B4:A9:FC:71:68:36	Gigabit	Full	Off	Up	
eth2	0C:42:A1:86:B5:B0	100 Gigabit	Full	Off	Up	
hic1	0C:42:A1:86:B5:B0	25 Gigabit	Full	On	Up	
hic2	0C:42:A1:86:B5:B0	25 Gigabit	Full	On	Up	
hic3	0C:42:A1:86:B5:B0	25 Gigabit	Full	On	Up	
hic4	0C:42:A1:86:B5:B0	25 Gigabit	Full	On	Up	
mtc1	B4:A9:FC:71:68:36	Gigabit	Full	On	Up	
mtc2	B4:A9:FC:71:68:35	Gigabit	Full	On	Up	

Use the following table with the values in the **Speed** column in the Network Interfaces table to determine whether the four 40/100-GbE network ports on the appliance were configured to use active/backup mode or LACP mode.



The values shown in the table assume all four links are used.

Link mode	Bond mode	Individual HIC link speed (hic1, hic2, hic3, hic4)	Expected Grid/Client Network speed (eth0, eth2)
Aggregate	LACP	100	400
Fixed	LACP	100	200
Fixed	Active/Backup	100	100
Aggregate	LACP	40	160
Fixed	LACP	40	80
Fixed	Active/Backup	40	40

b. Review the Network Communication section.

The Receive and Transmit tables show how many bytes and packets have been received and sent across each network as well as other receive and transmission metrics.

Network communication

Receive

Interface	Data	Packets	Errors	Dropped	Frame overruns	Frames
eth0	2.89 GB	19,421,503	0	24,032	0	0

Transmit



Interface	Data	Packets	Errors	Dropped	Collisions	Carrier
eth0	3.64 GB	18,494,381	0	0	0	0

5. Select **Storage** to view information about the disk devices and volumes on the services appliance.

Disk devices

Name ? ↕	World Wide Name ? ↕	I/O load ? ↕	Read rate ? ↕	Write rate ? ↕
croot(8:1,sda1)	N/A	0.02%	0 bytes/s	3 KB/s
cvloc(8:2,sda2)	N/A	0.03%	0 bytes/s	6 KB/s

Volumes

Mount point ? ↕	Device ? ↕	Status ? ↕	Size ? ↕	Available ? ↕	Write cache status ? ↕
/	croot	Online	21.00 GB	14.73 GB 	Unknown
/var/local	cvloc	Online	85.86 GB	84.63 GB 	Unknown

Related information

[SG100 and SG1000 services appliances](#)

View the Network tab

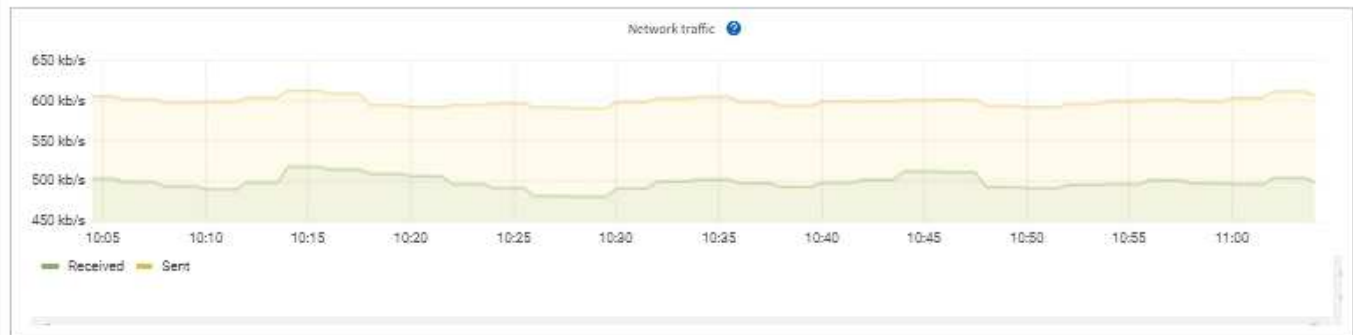
The Network tab displays a graph showing the network traffic received and sent across all of the network interfaces on the node, site, or grid.

The Network tab is shown for all nodes, each site, and the entire grid.

To display a different time interval, select one of the controls above the chart or graph. You can display the information available for intervals of 1 hour, 1 day, 1 week, or 1 month. You can also set a custom interval, which allows you to specify date and time ranges.

For nodes, the Network interfaces table provides information about each node's physical network ports. The Network communications table provides details about each node's receive and transmit operations and any driver reported fault counters.

DC1-S2 (Storage Node)

[Overview](#)[Hardware](#)[Network](#)[Storage](#)[Objects](#)[ILM](#)[Tasks](#)[1 hour](#)[1 day](#)[1 week](#)[1 month](#)[Custom](#)

Network interfaces

Name	Hardware address	Speed	Duplex	Auto-negotiation	Link status
eth0	00:50:56:A7:E8:1D	10 Gigabit	Full	Off	Up

Network communication

Receive

Interface	Data	Packets	Errors	Dropped	Frame overruns	Frames
eth0	3.04 GB	20,403,428	0	24,899	0	0

Transmit

Interface	Data	Packets	Errors	Dropped	Collisions	Carrier
eth0	3.65 GB	19,061,947	0	0	0	0

Related information

[Monitor network connections and performance](#)

View the Storage tab

The Storage tab summarizes storage availability and other storage metrics.

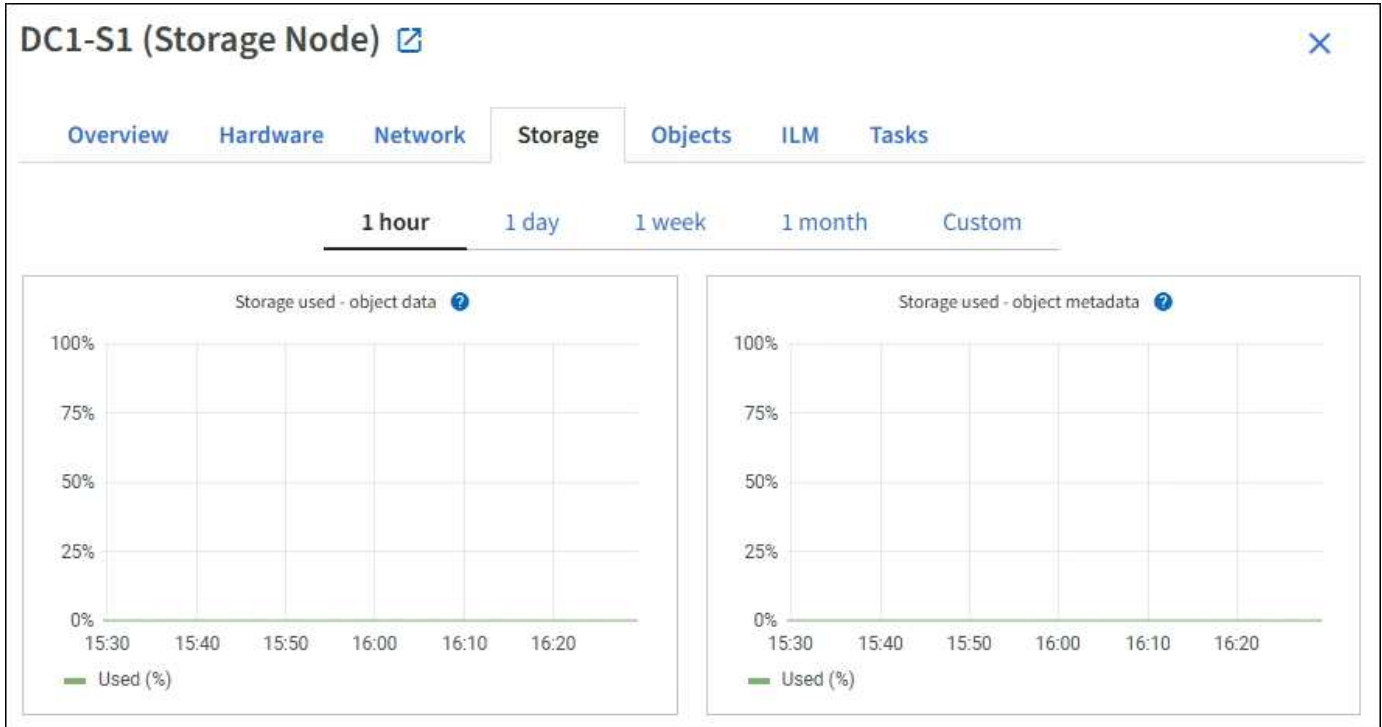
The Storage tab is shown for all nodes, each site, and the entire grid.

Storage used graphs

For Storage Nodes, each site, and the entire grid, the Storage tab includes graphs showing how much storage has been used by object data and object metadata over time.



The total values for a site or the grid do not include nodes that not have reported metrics for at least five minutes, such as offline nodes.





Disk devices, Volumes, and Object stores tables

For all nodes, the Storage tab contains details for the disk devices and volumes on the node. For Storage Nodes, the Object Stores table provides information about each storage volume.


Disk devices

Name ? ⇅	World Wide Name ? ⇅	I/O load ? ⇅	Read rate ? ⇅	Write rate ? ⇅
croot(8:1,sda1)	N/A	0.04%	0 bytes/s	3 KB/s
cvloc(8:2,sda2)	N/A	0.67%	0 bytes/s	50 KB/s
sdc(8:16,sdb)	N/A	0.03%	0 bytes/s	4 KB/s
sdd(8:32,sdc)	N/A	0.00%	0 bytes/s	82 bytes/s
sde(8:48,sdd)	N/A	0.00%	0 bytes/s	82 bytes/s

Volumes

Mount point ? ⇅	Device ? ⇅	Status ? ⇅	Size ? ⇅	Available ? ⇅	Write cache status ? ⇅
/	croot	Online	21.00 GB	14.75 GB 	Unknown
/var/local	cvloc	Online	85.86 GB	84.05 GB 	Unknown
/var/local/rangedb/0	sdc	Online	107.32 GB	107.17 GB 	Enabled
/var/local/rangedb/1	sdd	Online	107.32 GB	107.18 GB 	Enabled
/var/local/rangedb/2	sde	Online	107.32 GB	107.18 GB 	Enabled

Object stores

ID ? ⇅	Size ? ⇅	Available ? ⇅	Replicated data ? ⇅	EC data ? ⇅	Object data (%) ? ⇅	Health ? ⇅
0000	107.32 GB	96.44 GB 	124.60 KB 	0 bytes 	0.00%	No Errors
0001	107.32 GB	107.18 GB 	0 bytes 	0 bytes 	0.00%	No Errors
0002	107.32 GB	107.18 GB 	0 bytes 	0 bytes 	0.00%	No Errors

Related information

[Monitor storage capacity](#)

Use the Task tab to reboot a grid node

The Task tab allows you to reboot the selected node. The Task tab is shown for all nodes.

What you'll need

- You are signed in to the Grid Manager using a [supported web browser](#).
- You have the Maintenance or Root access permission.

- You have the provisioning passphrase.

About this task

You can use the Task tab to reboot a node. For appliance nodes, you can also use the Task tab to place the appliance into maintenance mode.

- Rebooting a grid node from the Task tab issues the reboot command on the target node. When you reboot a node, the node shuts down and restarts. All services are restarted automatically.

If you plan to reboot a Storage Node, note the following:

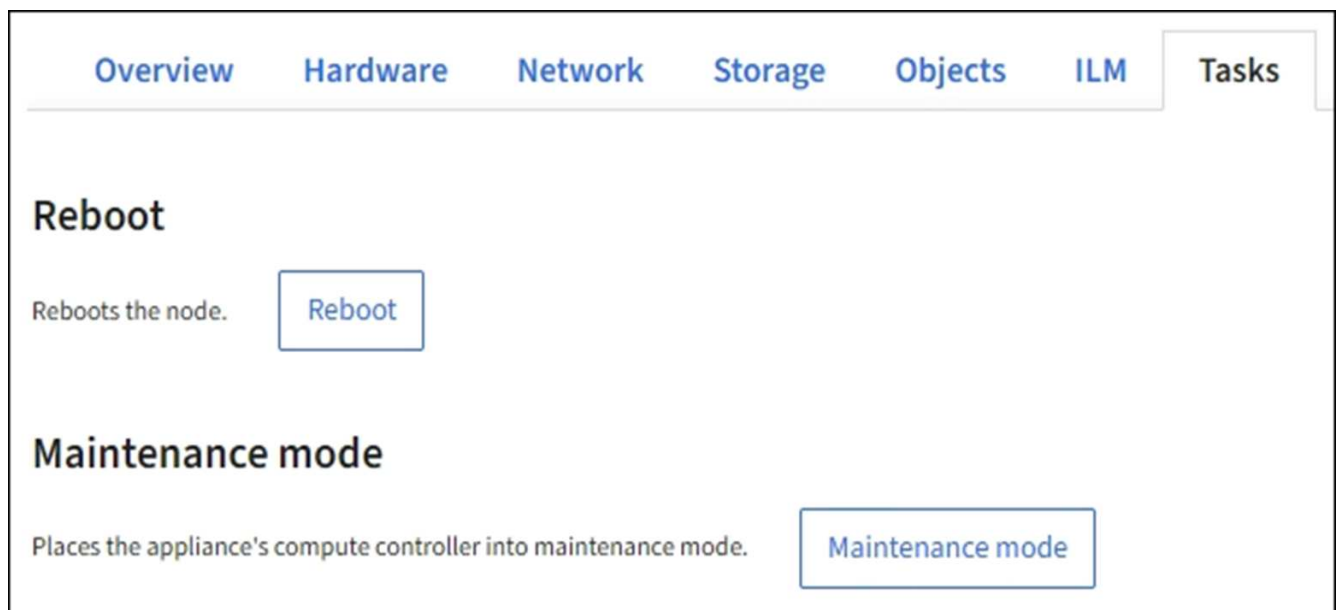
- If an ILM rule specifies an ingest behavior of Dual commit or the rule specifies Balanced and it is not possible to immediately create all required copies, StorageGRID immediately commits any newly ingested objects to two Storage Nodes on the same site and evaluates ILM later. If you want to reboot two or more Storage Nodes on a given site, you might not be able to access these objects for the duration of the reboot.
- To ensure you can access all objects while a Storage Node is rebooting, stop ingesting objects at a site for approximately one hour before rebooting the node.
- You might need to put a StorageGRID appliance into maintenance mode to perform certain procedures, such as changing the link configuration or replacing a storage controller. For instructions, see the hardware installation and maintenance instructions for the appliance.



In rare instances, placing a StorageGRID appliance into maintenance mode might make the appliance unavailable for remote access.



Steps

1. Select **NODES**.
2. Select the grid node you want to reboot.
3. Select the **Tasks** tab.



4. Select **Reboot**.

A confirmation dialog box appears.

 **Reboot node SGA-lab11** 

Reboot shuts down and restarts a node, based on where the node is installed:


- Rebooting a VMware node reboots the virtual machine.
- Rebooting a Linux node reboots the container.
- Rebooting a StorageGRID Appliance node reboots the compute controller.

Attention: When the primary Admin Node is rebooted, your browser's connection to StorageGRID will be lost temporarily.

If you are ready to reboot this node, enter the provisioning passphrase and select OK.

Provisioning passphrase

••••••••



Cancel

OK



If you are rebooting the primary Admin Node, the confirmation dialog box reminds you that your browser's connection to the Grid Manager will be lost temporarily when services are stopped.

5. Enter the provisioning passphrase, and click **OK**.
6. Wait for the node to reboot.

It might take some time for services to shut down.

When the node is rebooting, the gray icon (Administratively Down) appears on the left side of the **Nodes** page. When all services have started again and the node is successfully connected to the grid, the **Nodes** page should display a normal status (no icons to the left of the node name), indicating that no alerts are active and the node is connected to the grid.

Related information

[SG6000 storage appliances](#)

[SG5700 storage appliances](#)

[SG5600 storage appliances](#)

[SG100 and SG1000 services appliances](#)

View the Objects tab

The Objects tab provides information about [S3](#) and [Swift](#) ingest and retrieve rates.

The Objects tab is shown for each Storage Node, each site, and the entire grid. For Storage Nodes, the

Objects tab also provides object counts and information about metadata queries and background verification.

DC1-S1 (Storage Node) [🔗](#)

[Overview](#)[Hardware](#)[Network](#)[Storage](#)[Objects](#)[ILM](#)[Tasks](#)[1 hour](#)[1 day](#)[1 week](#)[1 month](#)[Custom](#)

Object counts

Total objects: [?](#) 1,295

Lost objects: [?](#) 0

S3 buckets and Swift containers: [?](#) 161

Metadata store queries

Average latency: [?](#) 10.00 milliseconds

Queries - successful: [?](#) 14,587

Queries - failed (timed out): [?](#) 0

Queries - failed (consistency level unmet): [?](#) 0

Verification

Status: [?](#) No errors

Percent complete: [?](#) 47.14%

Average stat time: [?](#) 0.00 microseconds

Objects verified: [?](#) 0

Object verification rate: [?](#) 0.00 objects / second

Data verified: [?](#) 0 bytes

Data verification rate: [?](#) 0.00 bytes / second

Missing objects: [?](#) 0

Corrupt objects: [?](#) 0

Corrupt objects unidentified: [?](#) 0

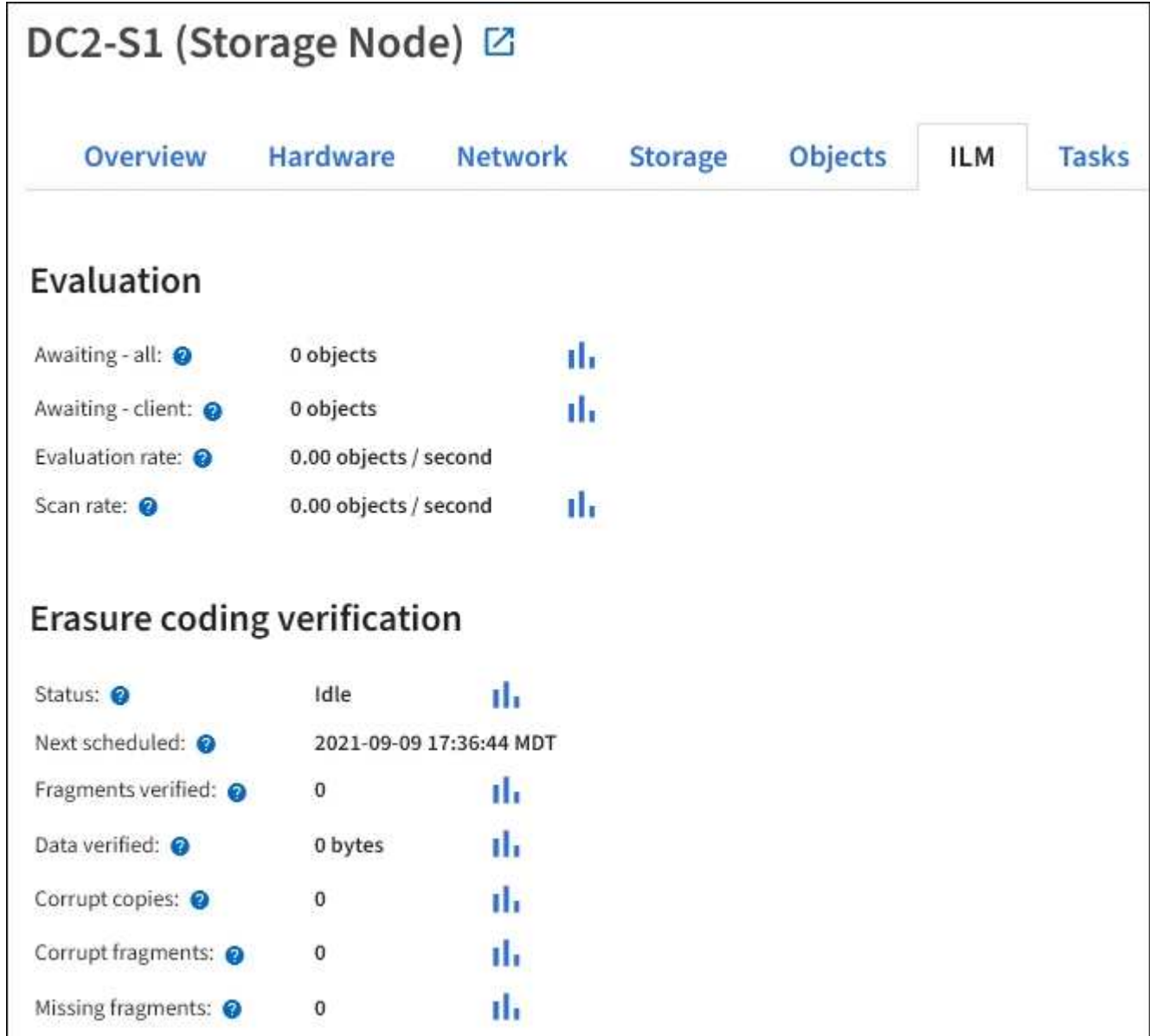
Quarantined objects: [?](#) 0

View the ILM tab

The ILM tab provides information about Information Lifecycle Management (ILM) operations.

The ILM tab is shown for each Storage Node, each site, and the entire grid. For each site and the grid, the ILM tab shows a graph of the ILM queue over time. For the grid, this tab also provides the estimated time to complete a full ILM scan of all objects.

For Storage Nodes, the ILM tab provides details about ILM evaluation and background verification for erasure coded objects.



Related information

[Monitor information lifecycle management](#)

[Administer StorageGRID](#)

View the Load Balancer tab

The Load Balancer tab includes performance and diagnostic graphs related to the operation of the Load Balancer service.

The Load Balancer tab is shown for Admin Nodes and Gateway Nodes, each site, and the entire grid. For each site, the Load Balancer tab provides an aggregate summary of the statistics for all nodes at that site. For the entire grid, the Load Balancer tab provides an aggregate summary of the statistics for all sites.

If there is no I/O being run through the Load Balancer service, or there is no load balancer configured, the graphs display “No data.”



Request traffic

This graph provides a 3-minute moving average of the throughput of data transmitted between load balancer endpoints and the clients making the requests, in bits per second.



This value is updated at the completion of each request. As a result, this value might differ from the real-time throughput at low request rates or for very long-lived requests. You can look at the Network tab to get a more realistic view of the current network behavior.

Incoming request rate

This graph provides a 3-minute moving average of the number of new requests per second, broken down by request type (GET, PUT, HEAD, and DELETE). This value is updated when the headers of a new request have been validated.

Average request duration (non-error)

This graph provides a 3-minute moving average of request durations, broken down by request type (GET, PUT, HEAD, and DELETE). Each request duration starts when a request header is parsed by the Load Balancer service and ends when the complete response body is returned to the client.

Error response rate

This graph provides a 3-minute moving average of the number of error responses returned to clients per second, broken down by the error response code.

Related information

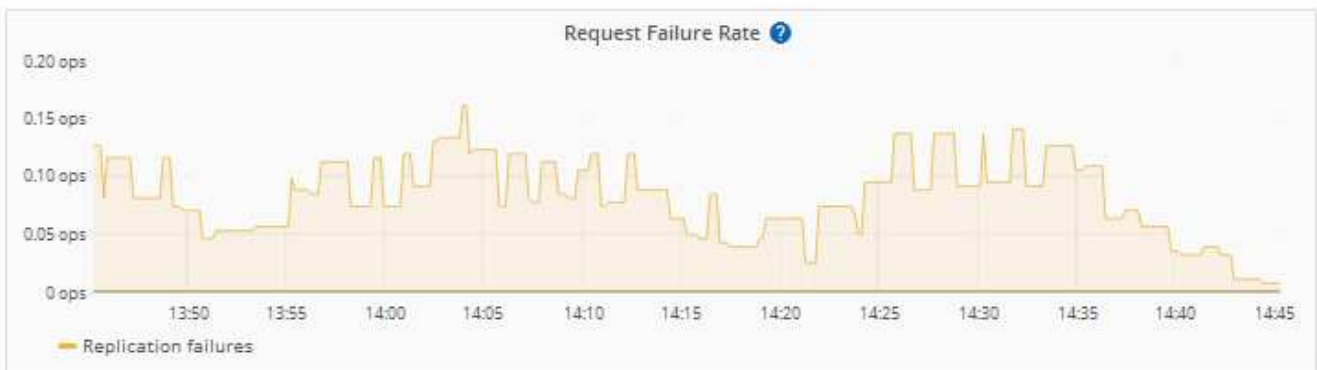
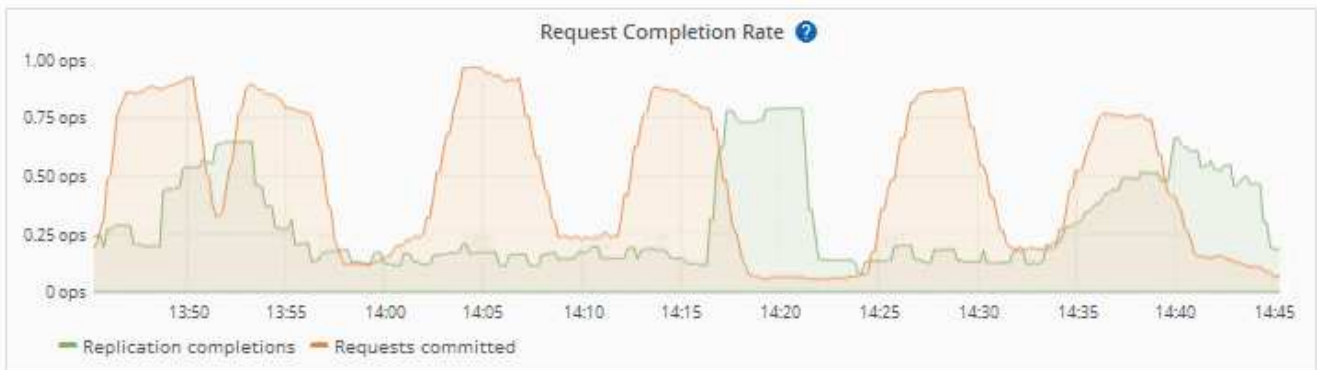
[Monitor load balancing operations](#)

[Administer StorageGRID](#)

View the Platform services tab

The Platform services tab provides information about any S3 platform service operations at a site.

The Platform services tab is shown for each site. This tab provides information about S3 platform services, such as CloudMirror replication and the search integration service. Graphs on this tab display metrics such as the number of pending requests, request completion rate, and request failure rate.

[Network](#)[Storage](#)[Objects](#)[ILM](#)[Platform services](#)[Load balancer](#)[1 hour](#)[1 day](#)[1 week](#)[1 month](#)[Custom](#)

For more information about S3 platform services, including troubleshooting details, see the [instructions for administering StorageGRID](#).

View the SANtricity System Manager tab

The SANtricity System Manager tab enables you to access SANtricity System Manager without having to configure or connect the management port of the storage appliance. You can use this tab to review hardware diagnostic and environmental information as well as issues related to the drives.

The SANtricity System Manager tab is shown for storage appliance nodes.

Using SANtricity System Manager, you can do the following:

- View performance data such as storage array level performance, I/O latency, storage controller CPU utilization, and throughput
- Check hardware component status
- Perform support functions including viewing diagnostic data, and configuring E-Series AutoSupport



To use SANtricity System Manager to configure a proxy for E-Series AutoSupport, see the instructions in administeringStorageGRID.

Administer StorageGRID

To access SANtricity System Manager through Grid Manager, you must have the Storage Appliance Administrator permission or Root Access permission.



You must have SANtricity firmware 8.70 (11.70) or higher to access SANtricity System Manager using the Grid Manager.



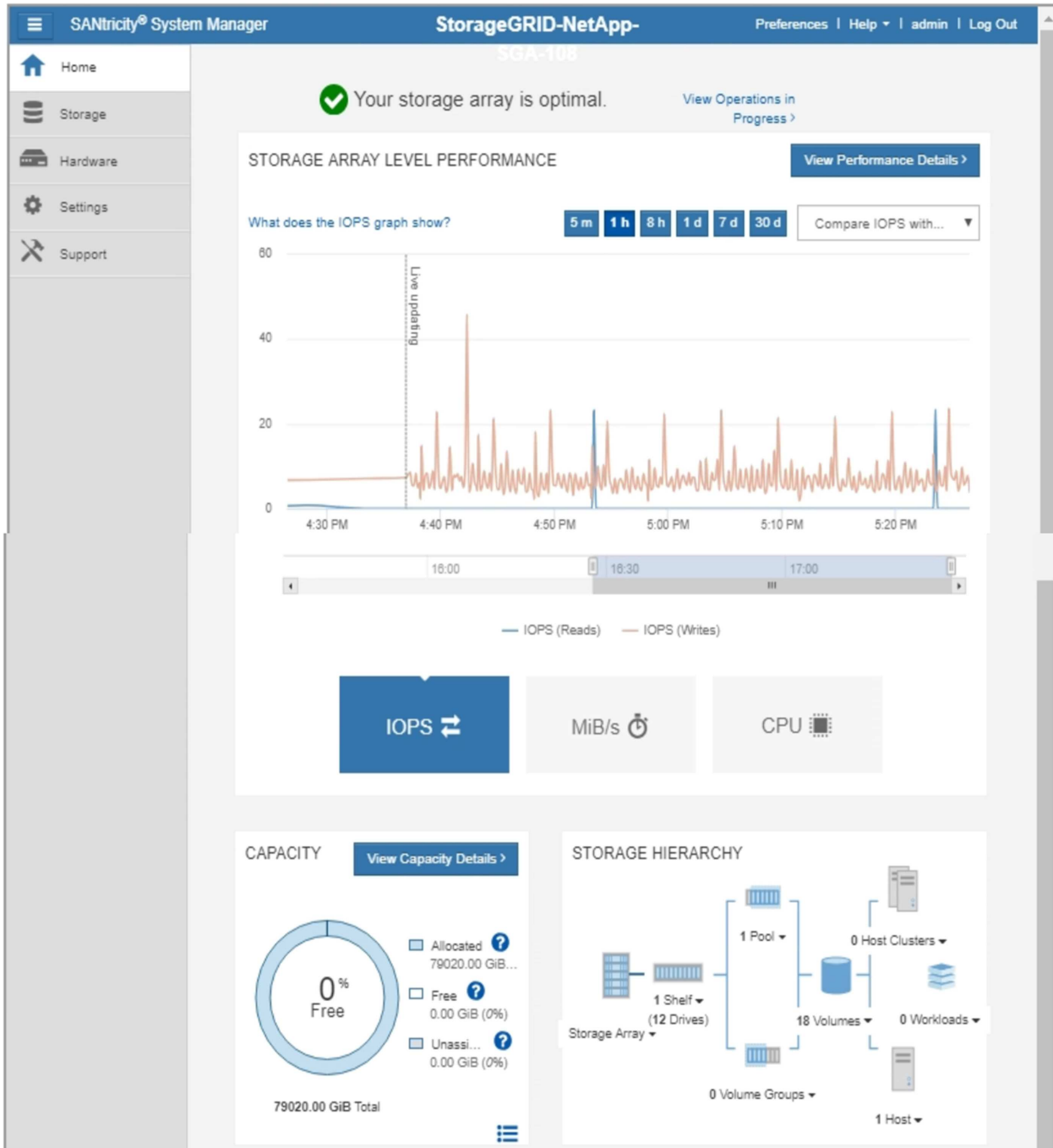
Accessing SANtricity System Manager from the Grid Manager is generally meant only to monitor appliance hardware and configure E-Series AutoSupport. Many features and operations within SANtricity System Manager such as upgrading firmware do not apply to monitoring your StorageGRID appliance. To avoid issues, always follow the hardware installation and maintenance instructions for your appliance.

The tab displays the home page of SANtricity System Manager.

Use SANtricity System Manager to monitor and manage the hardware components in this storage appliance. From SANtricity System Manager, you can review hardware diagnostic and environmental information as well as issues related to the drives.

Note: Many features and operations within SANtricity Storage Manager do not apply to your StorageGRID appliance. To avoid issues, always follow the hardware installation and maintenance instructions for your appliance model.

Open [SANtricity System Manager](#) in a new browser tab.



You can use the SANtricity System Manager link to open the SANtricity System Manager in a new browser window for easier viewing.

To see details for storage array level performance and capacity usage, hover your cursor over each graph.

For more details on viewing the information accessible from the SANtricity System Manager tab, see [NetApp E-Series and SANtricity documentation](#).

Copyright Information

Copyright © 2022 NetApp, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means-graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval system- without prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

RESTRICTED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (c)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 252.277-7103 (October 1988) and FAR 52-227-19 (June 1987).

Trademark Information

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at <http://www.netapp.com/TM> are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.